"All the News That's Fit to Print."

# The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair today and tomorrow; moderate north winds, becoming variable.
For full weather report see Page 23.

VOL. LXVII...NO. 22,035. NEW YORK, FRIDAY, MAY 24, 1918.—TWENTY-FOUR PAGES. TWO CENTS In Greater New York and Within Commuting Distance. | THREE CENTS Elsewhere.

## AGREE TO GRANT ARMY AS BIG AS MAY BE NEEDED

President Authorized by Amendment to Draft Constant Stream of New Troops.

APPROVED BY COMMITTEE

Baker Puts Recommendation Before Members and Vote to Adopt It Is Unanimous.

ADDED TO THE ARMY BILL

Rule Will Be Asked to Prevent Defeat in House on a Point of Order.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, May 23.—On recommendation of Secretary Baker, who appeared before the House Committee on Military Affairs today, the committee agreed to give President Wilson authority to raise an army of practically unlimited size.

The committee unanimously adopted the language proposed by Secretary Baker and assured him that if a point of order should be made against its adoption by the House a special rule would be obtained to force its passage as part of the Army bill.

The text of the provision which Secretary Baker suggested, incorporated in the bill to be reported Saturday, reads:

"The President is hereby authorized to draft, subject to the provisions of the Selective Service act and all acts amendatory thereto, as many men, from year to year, as can be equipped, trained, and used during each fiscal year until the successful termination of the war."

This provision gives the President the extended power he sought, and with the wide authority conferred by the Overman act to co-ordinate and combine bureaus and departments, vastly enlarges his supervision of the conduct of the war.

Representative S. Hubert Dent, Chairman of the Military Committee, who was at first opposed to giving unlimited authority to the President, announced after the meeting of the committee that he would abandon his plan to limit the size of the army to 5,000,000.

As the unlimited power clause in the Army bill can be eliminated by a point of order on the ground that it is new legislation, the committee intends to obtain a special rule to prevent such a point being raised successfully. The point may not be raised if the matter is fully presented to the House. Those who are opposed to the theory of giving the President unlimited authority, say that Congress will not lose its power to prevent the President from going to an extreme not sanctioned by Congress. In case the President should call for an army of a size that may be too large in the opinion of Congress, they say, Congress could refuse an appropriation for the purpose, and thereby limit the President's action.

"We want to give the President everything he asks for," said Representative Fields of Kentucky, ranking Democratic member of the committee. "If he wants 15,000,000 men, he can have them. If he wants $100,000,000,000, he can have that. We do not intend to limit him in any way. There is no limit on the President's decision and no appeal from it, except that Congress may refuse to make the necessary appropriation. But Congress will not do this while the war is in progress, and therefore the President, to all intents and purposes, has the unlimited authority he seeks."

The policy of the Administration, acting under this unlimited authority, will be to keep calling into service and training the drafted men as fast as they can be transported to Europe. During the first ten days of May, 90,000 soldiers were sent abroad. At this rate the American Army will be augmented by nearly 300,000 each month. But with more ships being put into commission each day, the transportation facilities are increasing, and as they increase it is proposed to increase the size of the army. As long as the need for men exists and until Germany is decisively defeated it is the intention, if the bill in its present form becomes a law, to keep sending men over in a constantly increasing stream. Tentative plans of the War Department contemplate an immediate army of 3,000,000 men.

The bill, as it will be reported, carries appropriations and authorizations of about $12,500,000,000. The appropriations amount to something over $9,500,000,000 and the authorizations reach $2,500,000,000. In addition, about $8,000,000,000 for the War Department for heavy artillery is contained in the Fortifications bill, now being considered by the Appropriations Committee.

## MILLION OF OUR MEN IN FRANCE NEXT MONTH

### *London Is Deeply Interested in Caldwell's Prophecy Concerning American Army.*

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 23.—Representative Caldwell's statement that America would have a million men in France a year from the arrival of the original expeditionary force has aroused the greatest interest here, the newspapers deducing that as the first contingent of American troops landed in France in June, 1917, next month will see the realization of Mr. Caldwell's prediction.

SEA SHORE TRAIN SERVICE.
Spring Time Table of New Jersey Central's All Rail and Sandy Hook Routes will take effect on May 26th.—Advt.

### *Poles to Demand of Austria Full Integrity of Kingdom*

AMSTERDAM, May 23.—Extreme importance is attached to conferences to be held next month between Baron Burian, the Austro-Hungarian Foreign Minister, and the leaders of the Polish Party regarding the future attitude of the Poles in the Austrian Parliament.

The Polish members, it is indicated, will lay down three conditions, the first of which is a guarantee of the integrity of the Kingdom of Poland; the second, a demand for the settlement according to Polish desires of the question of the Province of Cholm, along the Polish border, which was awarded to the Ukraine in the Brest-Litovsk treaty and which Poland desires to reclaim, while the third condition is a stipulation that Galicia shall not be divided.

Whether the Poles can be induced to support the Government or will definitely join the opposition will depend upon the outcome of the conferences over these questions.

## WILSON CONSENTS TO DEFER TAX BILL

Convinced by Congress Leaders That Treasury Can Piece Out Till Next Year.

RESULT OF CONFERENCE

Leaders Also Induce McAdoo to Try to Revise His Revenue Requirements.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, May 23.—President Wilson has yielded to the united opposition of the House and Senate and has abandoned tentatively his plans for revenue legislation at this session of Congress, it was reported tonight, following a conference of Congressional leaders in revenue matters had with him at the White House.

Secretary McAdoo, while not agreeing definitely with the Congressional leaders, assured them in a later conference that he would inquire carefully into the conditions of the Treasury again and see whether it would be possible to get along until next year without another revenue-raising bill.

The conference at the White House was arranged for early this week as a result of the divergent views of the Congressional leaders and the Secretary of the Treasury. The latter insisted that there was need for a revenue bill before Congress adjourned for the Summer. The chairmen of the Revenue framing committees of Congress disagreed with Mr. McAdoo's conclusions and insisted that no practical purpose could be obtained by the enactment of a revenue bill at this session.

It was decided to refer the matter to the judgment of President Wilson. Secretary McAdoo presented his argument to the President yesterday. His opponents, Senator Simmons, Chairman of the Finance Committee; Senator Martin, Chairman of the Committee on Appropriations; Representative Claude Kitchin, Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee; Representative Swager Sherley, Chairman of the Committee on Appropriations, and Representative John Garner of Texas, a member of the Ways and Means Committee, participated in the conference with the President tonight.

In the conference of nearly two hours the financial and political situation of the country was fully presented by the Congressional leaders. They gave figures intended to show that there would be sufficient revenue at hand, or means to obtain additional money, to care for all the expenses of Government until next March. The Chairmen of the tax-levying committees and the heads of the committee providing for expenditures informed the President of the amounts of money that would be authorized by this Congress.

One of the strong arguments made was that a good revenue bill could not be written in so brief a time, and that if framed now, on the eve of election, it would be partisan and unsatisfactory both to the public and the Administration. The promise was given to the President that the Ways and Means Committee would prepare a bill during recess, hold long hearings, and have it ready for consideration by the House next December. It was pointed out that, as most of the revenue must come from excess profits and income taxes, which are made up in June, there is no reason for a bill until early next year.

These and other arguments, some of them political, it is reported, brought the President to the side of the Congressional leaders. As they left the President he was reported to have said to them that he agreed with their view if it was at all possible for Secretary McAdoo to find sufficient money to meet the mounting expenditures.

In the hope of reaching a definite conclusion on the problem, which has been perplexing Congressmen for weeks, the leaders left the White House to confer with Secretary McAdoo. They informed Mr. McAdoo of the position of the President and urged him to agree to put revenue legislation off until next December. The Secretary was told that Congress intended scaling down the estimates greatly, and he was told that his own estimates were entirely too high.

While he did not surrender his position, Mr. McAdoo promised to look carefully into the condition of the

Continued on Page Three.

Red Cross Matinee Today—Flymouth. NAZIMOVA in "A Doll's House." Spec'l Features.—Advt.

HARTSHORNE & [illegible] Members N. Y. Stock Exchange, 1 Wall St.—Advt.

## WORK OR FIGHT, WARNING TO ALL ON DRAFT ROLLS

Crowder Issues Sweeping Order Aimed at Idlers and Those in Nonuseful Pursuits.

GOES INTO EFFECT ON JULY 1

Includes Waiters, Servants, Store Clerks, Elevator Men, Those with No Occupation.

MAY BE BLOW TO BASEBALL

New Regulation Is Based on Maryland Law and Intended to Meet Man-Power Demand.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, May 23.—Idlers, unemployed and those of draft age not engaged in essential or useful employment will be rounded up for military service unless they apply themselves at once to some sort of labor that will dovetail into the plans of the Administration for winning the war. All such youth of draft age will either have to serve in the army or work.

The plans of the Administration were announced today when Major Gen. Enoch Crowder, the Provost Marshall General disclosed an amendment to the Selective Service law dealing with the matter of compelling men not engaged in useful occupation immediately to apply themselves to some form of labor contributing to the general good.

The new order is aimed at idle men of draft age hanging around pool rooms and race tracks, against men of draft age affiliated with the I. W. W. movement, men serving food or drink in hotels, public places and social clubs, elevator operators, doormen, footmen, ushers and persons connected with games, sports, and amusements.

The action will be supplemented in a few days, it is understood, by a formal appeal to be made by President Wilson to the Governors of the States urging them to set up machinery, similar to the Maryland anti-loafing law, by which all persons between the ages of 18 and 50 are compelled to engage in some useful employment.

During a visit of Governor Harrington of Maryland to the White House a few days ago the matter was discussed. The President was so interested in what the Governor told him about the successful operation of the Maryland anti-loafing law that he asked the Governor to send him a copy of it and suggested a conference between Governor Harrington and General Crowder, which was held on Tuesday.

There is no federal legislation by which persons other than those of draft age can be controlled in the matter of employment, but this can be reached through State executive and other action, as it has been done in Maryland.

**War Department Statement.**

The sweeping character of the campaign which the Administration has initiated against the idler of draft age is disclosed in the announcement issued this afternoon, which was as follows:

War Department,
Office of the Provost Marshal General, Washington.

Provost Marshal General Crowder today announced an amendment to the Selective Service Regulations which deals with the great question of compelling men not engaged in a useful occupation immediately to apply themselves to some form of labor, contributing to the general good. The idler, too, will find himself confronted with the alternative of finding suitable employment or entering the army.

This regulation provides that after July 1, any registrant who is found by a local board to be a habitual idler or not engaged in some useful occupation shall be summoned before the board, given a chance to explain, and, in the absence of a satisfactory explanation, to be inducted into the

Continued on Page Fourteen.

### *Allies Forming Big Army of Workmen Behind the Front*

PARIS, May 23.—Far-reaching plans for the organization in France of a civilian labor force to carry out engineering work behind the lines, thus releasing American soldiers for duty at the front, were announced today. Already more than 16,000 French, Italian, and other laborers free from military obligations have been engaged and put to work on some of the approximately 1,000 engineering construction and reconstruction jobs, on which Americans were being employed.

The move is the initial step in a plan long contemplated to create a civilian army behind the lines, which may eventually total a quarter of a million men, entirely, if possible, recruited from abroad. This will make it necessary to import American civilian labor. The men already procured comprise a dozen nationalities, including Chinese and Moroccans, who are being shipped to France as rapidly as the Americans need them.

## REA AND WILLARD DROPPED BY M'ADOO

But Heads of Pennsylvania and B. & O. Will Remain with the Corporations.

WINCHELL GETS NEW POST

Appointed Regional Director in South—N. D. Maher Also Named—All Freight Charges on Cash Basis.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, May 23.—There was much speculation today concerning the men whom William G. McAdoo, Director General of Railroads, would select as Federal Managers for the more important railroad systems under his plan for complete federalization of the carriers.

The best information here was that Mr. McAdoo would act quickly to effect permanent organizations for the principal systems in the East and that some announcement might be expected within a few days.

It was reported that neither Samuel Rea, President of the Pennsylvania Lines, nor Daniel Willard, President of the Baltimore & Ohio, would be named by Mr. McAdoo as a Federal Manager in charge of operation. These systems come under the jurisdiction of the Allegheny region, of which C. H. Markham, formerly President of the Illinois Central, is Director. Mr. Markham was in this city conferring with Mr. McAdoo and the members of his advisory council, and it is probable that he soon will make recommendations affecting these and other lines in the Allegheny region.

The belief was expressed that Vice Presidents in charge of operations of the Pennsylvania and of the Baltimore & Ohio would be named as the Federal Managers who will replace Mr. Rea and Mr. Willard as the executive heads of these roads. It was understood that both Mr. Rea and Mr. Willard preferred to remain as the heads of the corporations to oversee financial problems. In such capacity they would have no control over the operation of the physical properties and would receive their salaries from the railroad companies out of the rentals paid by the Government.

**Crowley May Get a Place.**

It is generally believed here that Patrick E. Crowley, Vice President and General Manager of the New York Central Lines, will be appointed Federal Manager of that system. Mr. Crowley has been considered "right-hand man" to A. H. Smith, who resigned as President of the New York Central recently to become Federal Director for the Eastern region. Mr. Crowley, it is understood, will be

Continued on Page Eight.

## *Mrs. Rose P. Stokes Convicted of Disloyalty; Illegal to Impair National Morale, Says Judge*

KANSAS CITY, Mo., May 23.—Mrs. Rose Pastor Stokes, charged with violation of the Espionage act, was convicted by a jury in the Federal Court here tonight on all three counts in the indictment against her.

After conferring with Francis M. Wilson, United States District Attorney, and Seymour Stedman of Chicago, Mrs. Stokes's counsel, Judge Valkenburg announced that he would defer sentence pending a motion for a new trial. He set June 1 as the date for hearing the motion.

Mrs. Stokes received the jury's verdict without the slightest trace of emotion. As she was leaving the courtroom she said to those about her that she intended to go on with her work regardless of the outcome of the case.

"If I keep my health," she said, "I expect to continue my work, and if I should be locked up it would make my efforts tremendously more effective."

The offense for which Mrs. Stokes was convicted carries with it a possible fine of $10,000 or imprisonment for twenty years, or both, on each count.

Pending the ruling upon the motion for a new trial, Mrs. Stokes will continue to be at liberty on bond. The specific act upon which she was indicted was the writing to The Kansas City Star of a signed communication in which she said:

"No Government which is for the profiteers can also be for the people, and I am for the people, while the Government is for the profiteers."

The first count of the indictment charged her with wilfully and knowingly attempting to cause insubordination, disloyalty, mutiny, and refusal of duty in the military and naval forces of the United States. The second count charged her with obstructing the recruiting and enlisting service of the United States, and the third accused her of making and conveying "certain false reports and false statements with the intent on her part to interfere with the operations and success of the military and naval forces of the United States and to promote the success of the enemies of the United States."

The limit to which critics of the Government may go in time of war and the line between objectionable and unobjectionable criticism were defined by the court in instructing the jury.

"Our armies and navies," the Judge said, "can operate and succeed only so far as they are supported and maintained by the folks at home and the measure of their success depends upon the intensity of their maintenance and support. Any statement made knowingly and wilfully and with intent to promote interference with the operation and success of these forces, and to promote a corresponding success of our enemies, if false and known to be false by the one who makes it, comes within the terms of this act of Congress. Anything which lowers the morale of our forces, which serves to chill enthusiasm, extinguish confidence, and retard co-operation, may very well cause insubordination, disloyalty, or mutiny."

D. W. Griffith's "Hearts of the World," 44th St. Theatre. Mat. To-day, 25c to $1. Biggest Sensation in New York.—Advt.

Today is Red Cross Day at all Wallach stores. See our three announcements on back page. Wallach Bros.—Advt.

Rally round our wounded boys—American Red Cross.—Adv.

When you think of Writing, think of WRITING.—Advt.

# *SHAKEN GERMAN ARMY STILL DELAYS; DEMORALIZED BY ALLIED AIR RAIDS, DISSENSION AT HOME, AND LACK OF MEN*

## BOMB A HOSPITAL CAMP

German Night Raiders Rain Death on Sanctuary of British Wounded.

MURDER ON BIG SCALE

Nurses Heroic as Huts Are Blown to Bits and Wards Swept by Shrapnel.

VICTIMS TOTAL HUNDREDS

Captured German Air Captain Insisted He Saw No Red Cross Signs.

By PHILIP GIBBS.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WAR CORRESPONDENTS' HEADQUARTERS, Thursday, May 23.—It seems today as though there might be a break in the spell of wonderful weather which we have had during these weeks of May. The days have been rich in sun, which poured its gold over the fields of France so that leagues of flowers in the grass have burnished petals, and the nights have not been less wonderful, these nights of white moonlight and of pale sky in which the stars shine coldly.

After the heat of the day officers and men sit outside billets or tents looking up at the stars or watching how the moon fills the fields or gardens about them with a white glamor below the deep blackness of the trees and the inky shadows on the walls.

"The moon has Pierrot's face," said an officer last night. "It seems to smile down on this poor old world with an ironical sadness."

"And no wonder," said his friend. "It looks down on some darned queer things tonight. Listen! The Gotha bird is out again on his dirty work."

There were soft little sounds in the enchanted garden of an old French château, with moonlight full across its long façade. A bat skimmed to and fro. Some little beast or bird cheeped in the grass. There was the deep breathing of cows lying beside a stream, and in a thicket close to the house a nightingale trilled its love song with passionate experiments in changing notes and rhythm. Then through the still air came another sound, at first no louder than the deep humming of a bee, but very quickly rising in volume to a great drone. It was a drone with a kind of pulsing beat, as though taking breath, and it was the unmistakable menace of a German engine.

**A Nightly Warning.**

Every night of late this noise has been heard over the British lines and at the beginning of the week the moonlit night was loud with it, and for a long time engine after engine went through the sky invisible except when, once or twice, a German airplane crossed the light of a star and was seen as though a black bat were flying there.

"London bound," said an officer standing near me. And then because he has a home in London like others of us he said beneath his breath: "Curse them!"

But some of those night birds did not go as far as London that time. Heavy crashes and the noise of gunfire told one they were making trouble in France. It was Sunday night, and a very dreadful and damnable thing was done by those German airmen who took advantage of the moon. They flew over to a place which they had seen by day many times, so that they might know it. It is one of the British hospital camps. All the huts there are marked out with the sign of the Red Cross. The Red Cross flag waves above them for any flying man to see.

The enemy should be perfectly familiar with the look and purpose of this collection of buildings and the lay of the ground in which they are placed, but in order, so they say, to destroy military works their bombing squadrons followed the line of the railway and flung their biggest bombs over this area with wanton carelessness of what might happen to men already wounded, and sheltered from further harm in the only sanctuary which this war can given them—under the Red Cross flag.

It was a tragedy of the most frightful kind and by the work of those airmen, whatever their excuse, the German people stored up for themselves one more cause of hate which, after the war, will close them around like a high wall against which the spirit of

Continued on Page Two.

Help care for those fighting for Liberty—Back up Red Cross.—Advt.

### *Reports Berlin Drafts Convicts to Fill Up Army; Also Strips Munitions Works and Border Garrisons*

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, May 23.—Secretary Lansing today received from a diplomatic representative abroad a telegram crediting the correspondent of a newspaper of a neutral country with the statement that German man power had sustained so severe a blow in the recent offensive on the western front that the German Government has been forced to take drastic measures to obtain men for the army.

How trustworthy is this statement is something that cannot be known, but the information as received was made public by the Secretary tonight for what it was worth.

The neutral correspondent asserts that the German Government has found it necessary to form convict battalions; that many men have been taken from munition factories, in some of which only women, children, and old men are left; that the garrisons along the Dutch border have been stripped of men, and that troops have been sent to the western front from Rumania. The latter troops are described as unfit for fighting on the western front because of the "soft war" in which they have been engaged in the east.

The State Department has also received a report from Finland stating that there are only 20,000 German soldiers in Finland and that these were of a very inferior type, indicating that all the available soldiers which Germany had there previously have been taken away for service on the western front.

## INCESSANT RAIDS ON WESTERN FRONT

Both Sides Are Active in Trench Assaults, but No Big Action Develops.

FOE'S GUNS KEEP POUNDING

Artillery Fire Especially Severe on the Lys Salient and Along the Avre.

LONDON, May 23.—Raids by both sides continue to be the only infantry activity along the western front, according to the official reports, which chronicle, however, lively artillery fire at various points.

Raids were made by the Germans in the Aveluy Wood sector (north of Albert) and near Hebuterne, (about midway between Albert and Arras.) A counter-raid by the British in Aveluy Wood destroyed a machine gun post.

The British also carried out successful raids in the area south of Arras.

The French troops on the Lys salient captured a few prisoners by a raid north of Bailleul and east of Locre.

Field Marshal Haig's report from British Headquarters in France tonight says:

Hostile raids were repulsed with loss during the night at Aveluy Wood and south of Hebuterne. A German machine gun post in Aveluy Wood was attacked by a party of our troops and the machine gun destroyed.

A few prisoners and a machine gun were captured last night by French troops in a successful raid north of Bailleul and east of Locre.

There is nothing further to report.

The day bulletin of the War Office reads:

The enemy rushed one of our posts in the Aveluy Wood sector last night. Two of our men are missing.

We carried out successful raids in the neighborhood of the Ayette and Leux St. Marc Wood, inflicting a number of casualties on the enemy and capturing a machine gun.

The enemy also attempted to raid our positions in the vicinity of Riez-du-Vinage. He was driven off by rifle and machine gun fire.

The hostile artillery was active last night in the Ancre Valley, south of Lens, east of Robecq, and east of the Forest of Nieppe.

PARIS, May 23.—There was intermittent shelling south of the River Avre, on the Amiens front, the French War Office announced today.

A German raid on French positions in the Bois Mongival failed. French detachments, patrolling in the Champagne, brought in a number of prisoners and some war material.

The War Office announcement tonight says:

The artillery activity was intermittent at various points south of the Avre, but no infantry action took place.

## *DOWN 3 OF OUR PLANES ON THE LYS, BERLIN SAYS*

### *Official Report Also Says That French Attacks on the Avre Have Been Repulsed.*

BERLIN, May 23, (via London.)—Three American airplanes were brought down on the Lys battlefield yesterday, according to the statement issued by the War Office today.

The bulletin also reports the re-

Continued on Page Two.

CASTLES-BY-THE-SEA Long Beach L. I. will open for the season tomorrow, Saturday evening. Telephone 318 Long Beach. Jos. L. Paul.—Advt.

## EXPECT PERSHING TO LEAD IN BATTLE

Belief at Front That He Will Command Americans When German Offensive Starts.

CANADIANS GREET OUR MEN

Fraternal Competition Begins on Northern Line—Americans There Exceed Canadians.

By CHARLES H. GRASTY.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, May 23.—A Canadian officer on a hurried visit to Paris told me today that the coming of the Americans to Picardy and Flanders had put new life into everybody, and to Lieut. Gen. Currie's corps it was like bringing over a piece of home to them. Fraternal association and competition have already begun among the North Americans. There are already more United States troops than Canadians in the northern area, but the latter are trained to the razor's edge. They rank among the élite divisions of the allied army, and all the Canadians expect their fellow-Americans to acquire the same excellence with a few weeks' experience.

The Canadians have been holding a spearhead position on the British front, and the only complaint heard from them has been that the Boche is neglecting them. Although their spearhead sticks into his ribs he shows no disposition to smash at it. The Canadians have tried every way to coax or devil him into attacks, but in various collisions around Vimy in the last year the boche has acquired a strong distaste for the Canadian style of fighting. The Americans are already getting into touch with Currie's men and their methods.

The Canadian officer said that while Foch as Generalissimo commanded all the forces it was generally expected that when the German offensive opened General Pershing would be found at the head of the American Army where the fighting was hottest and that gradually all the American units would be assembled under his personal command on the northern front. He thought Pershing and Currie two commanders who are typical of America's best in leadership.

## *OUR PICARDY GUNNERS WRECK FOE'S ARTILLERY*

### *Eight Out of Ten Batteries on That Sector Destroyed by American Gunfire.*

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, May 22, (Associated Press.)—Eight out of ten German batteries which have been active in bombarding the American positions on the Picardy front have been destroyed by the American artillerymen since their entry into this sector. Aerial photographs show that direct hits were obtained in most instances.

In addition to this, the American guns have been tearing up the enemy's rear lines and setting his ammunition dumps and billets on fire, while patrols from the American lines have been harassing the Germans nightly. The American resourcefulness on patrol has caused the foe considerable alarm, according to prisoners, who admit that the Americans have few equals in this style of fighting.

DANERSK—The most beautiful furniture of the day. Exhibition, 2 West 47th St.—Advt.

American Red Cross Second War Fund asks your help.—Advt.

## FOE'S LEADERS AT ODDS

This Is Counted As One Reason Why Attack Is Not Begun.

INFERIOR IN GUNS, TOO

And Their Failure in Air Fighting Is Shown in the Total of Daily Losses.

HAVOC BY ALLIED BOMBERS

While British, French, and Americans Cause Dismay by Incessant Trench Raids.

By WALTER DURANTY.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE FRENCH ARMIES, May 22.—Questions as to when the enemy will attack or where the blow will fall have given place to another—why doesn't he attack?

According to all available information, from statements of prisoners, reports of airmen, and other sources, the German preparations have been terminated for some days. Picked divisions have been concentrated in the rear at various points ready to be launched by forced night marches against a given sector. "Used up" divisions have been reconstituted, artillery has been placed in position, and stores of all kinds have been accumulated.

The weather is ideal for the enterprise and the moon is at full. Yet the enemy holds back his hand. Why? Is it in the hope of affecting the nerves of the allied soldiers by continued tension? The incessant and successful activities of the French, British, and Americans in trench raids and local actions would give the lie to that delusion, if the boche were foolish enough to entertain it.

Or is the German Command awaiting more perfect "registration" of the newly brought-up batteries? Hardly—there is reason to suppose that the task has been already performed.

But there are three other reasons for the German failure to put their grandiloquently expressed plans into execution. Any one of them might be sufficient. They are disagreement between the militarist chiefs and other leaders in Germany, allied air activity in all its branches, and, not least important, the weakening morale of the German troops at the front.

**Not Waiting for Austria.**

A fourth suggestion, that the enemy is waiting for Austria to launch a simultaneous drive against Italy, is hardly adequate. Every hour's respite left to the defenders here augments the difficulty of the assailants' task, and the Germans know well that any advantages that the Austrians—whose army is hardly in a fit state to accomplish much unaided—might gain over the Italians would count little in comparison with success or failure on this front. The events of 1918 prove that the Germans realize the truth of the theory that Foch, Clemenceau, and the other most clear-sighted allied leaders have been preaching since the beginning—it is the French front that is of overwhelming importance, and it is only victory or defeat in France that will really be decisive.

As regards political agreements in Germany, the happenings of the last twelve months show that they certainly exist, and that more than once the militarists—headed by the Crown Prince, who, true to Prussian tradition, appears at variance with his father—have had to bring about a virtual coup d'état to maintain their authority.

There is reason to suppose that the Kaiser only consented unwillingly to the great offensive program of March, which the militarists so confidently proclaimed would end the war in three weeks. If this is true, it is reasonable to suppose that he is now opposing a second and more tremendous hazard when circumstances are infinitely less favorable. Behind him are aligned the moderate and liberal Socialist parties, and behind them is the universal cry for peace that goes up from the war-weary German population. Probably once again the forces of reaction will get the upper hand, but the difficulties they have to overcome both impair their authority and interfere with their activities as commanders of armies in the field.

**Air Attacks Shake Foe's Morale.**

The work of the allied airmen has sufficiently demonstrated its importance as a factor to hamper the German plans. Not only are enemy observation and scouting planes brought down literally by dozens every

day, while intervention by protecting battleplanes generaly results in their sharing the same fate, but confusion and destruction are being wrought day and night by our bombardment squadrons upon every hostile depot, junction, or point of concentration of men and material. The testimony of prisoners is unanimous that the German anti-aircraft artillery is inadequate in number, batteries, and skill of gunners. That of the Allies is superb.

Moreover, if there is one thing that the air war has demonstrated, it is that an inexperienced pilot on a new machine does not stand one chance in a hundred against an expert flier on a plane he knows and has tuned up himself. Each German downed shows an increased proportion of novices, and that is why the allied successes are augmenting in steadily growing ratio.

But perhaps even more important than the material damage is the effect of these never-ceasing air attacks on the morale of the German troops. Scarcely one of the letters found recently on prisoners is without an allusion to the "horrors" of allied bomb raids. Phrases like "no sleep again tonight; three officers and sixty men were killed or wounded by air bombs," or "forced to go without food today; convoy destroyed by bombplanes," or "company bombed from cantonments last night; the men are becoming demoralized; will they never leave us in peace?" occur constantly.

**Allies Heartened by Air Success.**

One has only to visit our own trenches to appreciate instantly the moral effect of the airplanes.

"Nothing gives the men such confidence as to see a number of friendly planes overhead," say the officers; and one Captain told me that his company was roused to such a pitch of enthusiasm by witnessing two French planes bring down in flames two Germans out of three that they volunteered in a body when a few hours later he asked for six men to undertake a particularly difficult and dangerous night patrol.

It is impossible to overemphasize the importance of the moral factor. As a General declared to me six weeks ago:

"It is superiority of morale rather than of numbers or material that wins battles."

More than ever is that true in the fourth year of a war like this, when the moral and physical tension of nations and armies is strained to the uttermost.

Something must break soon. It will not be France or her allies.

## GERMANS' SPIRITS DEPRESSED.

### Much of Their Confidence Gone as They Near New Offensive.

ON THE FRENCH FRONT, May 23, (Associated Press.)—Uncertainty still exists as to when the Germans will renew their offensive and where their blow will fall, but whenever the interrupted battle is reopened the enemy will find disadvantageous changes in the situation as compared with the first stage of the struggle begun on March 21.

For one thing, the German soldiers can hardly possess confidence equal to that which inspired them at the opening of the great drive, now that they have seen the promise of decisive results that were to bring a rapid peace fall of fulfillment.

Many of their best troops have been destroyed without the armies attaining their objectives. This has depressed the remainder, causing them to question whether further sacrifices might not also be useless. A repetition of a powerful surprise attack has been rendered almost impossible, since the complete unification of the French, British, and American troops enables the allied Generalissimo to control the whole front.

The Allies are better prepared than they were before and watchful for whatever may be coming. Thus, although the German masses may be thrown against the allied front in a smashing blow at some point, the unification of command is counted upon to make possible an efficient intervention of forces to prevent any part of the line being overwhelmed. Losses of territory may be expected in the first rush, but that is to be counted as unimportant while the armies continue intact.

General Foch has taken all precautions, so that wherever the blow falls the enemy will find the French, British, Americans, and Belgians ready.

## QUIET ON OUR SECTORS.

### Germans Fire Only 35 Shells on Toul Trenches in 24 Hours.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, May 23—(Associated Press.)—The last twenty-four hours on all sectors held by American troops were extraordinarily quiet, according to all reports.

The inactivity on the Toul sector was marked, the Germans firing only 35 shells on the American lines along the entire front. No German airplanes were out and a falling barometer curtailed aerial activity.

## BRITISH PACIFISTS FAIL.

### Labor Organizations Reject Proposal to End Aid in War.

BLACKPOOL, Eng., May 23.—The Congress of the National Union of General Workers, in session here yesterday, rejected by a large majority a resolution declaring that the war was being prolonged for materialistic and capitalistic objects, and that labor should cease its support of the Government.

LONDON, May 23.—At the annual meeting of the Northumberland Miners' Council, which ended yesterday, a proposal which had been put forward by the pacifist section, urging the Government to initiate peace by negotiation was withdrawn. The movers indicated that they considered the present time inopportune to press the measure.

## TRACED AND SANK U-BOAT.

### Commander of British Destroyer Followed Torpedo's Wake.

LONDON, May 12, (Associated Press.)—The resourceful commander of a British destroyer recently accounted for a German submarine by following up the wake of a torpedo to its apparent point of launching and then dropping depth bombs. A bar to his Distinguished Service Order has been awarded to this officer.

The German torpedo, aimed at the destroyer, passed under it. The British vessel swung around and hurried to a point near where the wake of the torpedo was first seen. Depth charges were dropped and soon the bow of the submarine came out of the water.

The destroyer tried to ram the enemy boat, but the submersible suddenly listed and sank like a stone. Other bombs dropped by the destroyer brought up oil.

# ZEEBRUGGE TIGHTLY CORKED BY BRITISH

### Germans Seen Trying to Cut Way Out for Ships Through the Sea Wall.

### OSTEND BADLY BLOCKED

### Canal to Bruges So Shallow No Vessels of Any Size Are Able to Use It.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 23.—Continued observation over Zeebrugge and Ostend, so THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent learned today from a high Admiralty official, has confirmed the high hopes entertained after the two raids. Fine weather has given the British aviators admirable opportunities for photographing the two ports, and they have been able to watch every development of the situation.

The best proof of the efficiency with which the Vindictive and her consorts succeeded in bottling up the Germans is the fact that enemy craft observed at Zeebrugge three weeks ago are still there. They are "immobilized," in technical phrase, which means that they are lying at their berths in the docks off the canal, exposed to British air attacks, and that the Huns are quite powerless to get them out. They are trying hard enough.

When the Iphigenia and Intrepid forced themselves into the canal they sank between the two sea-walls, carrying the canal out into the basin of the harbor. The Germans have now been observed feverishly hacking away at one of these sea-walls.

Evidently they have found it impossible to clear away the sunken cruisers and their cargoes of concrete, and prefer to demolish part of the solid permanent work and make a new channel. Meanwhile the harbor itself shows every sign of rapidly silting up.

Another gratifying feature of the situation is the discovery that the Bruges-Ostend Canal is so shallow that no enemy craft of any size can use it, so that, though the Vindictive has not entirely blocked Ostend Harbor, no German vessel can reach it from the interior waterways.

The Admiralty has just learned of another matter to encourage it. The U-boat crews, it hears, call the Irish Sea the "Witch's Cauldron," and it takes that as an admission of the miserable life the submarines lead with the Anglo-American sea and air patrols after them.

## AIR RAID ON ZEEBRUGGE.

### British Bombs Hit Destroyers, Mole, and Seaplane Base.

LONDON, May 23.—During the period from May 20 to May 22 air force contingents of the British Navy carried out bombing operations against the Zeebrugge Mole, the seaplane base and shipping in the vicinity, according to an Admiralty statement issued today. The enemy airdrome at St. Denis-Westrem and enemy establishments at Thourout were bombed.

Two direct hits on enemy torpedo boat destroyers have been reported, according to the statement, and, according to the result of a photographic reconnoissance, one destroyer was sunk. Three enemy airplanes were driven down out of control. All the British machines returned.

### Dutch Minister Here Resigns.

THE HAGUE, May 23.—It is officially announced that the resignation of Dr. August Philips, Minister to the United States, has been accepted.

An Amsterdam dispatch of May 22 stated that Dr. Philips had requested that he be relieved of his post at Washington. It was said the Minister's request was made on medical advice.

# DOWN THREE OF OUR PLANES, BERLIN SAYS

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

pulse of frequent attacks by the French on the west bank of the Avre. The bulletin reads:

In the Kemmel region the increased artillery activity continues. On the other battlefronts fighting activity was not revived yesterday until evening, and then only on some sectors.

During the night there was lively activity on the part of the French on the western bank of the Avre. Frequent attempts by the enemy to advance were repulsed, and prisoners were taken during our reconnoitring operations.

On the Lys battlefield three American airplanes, among others, were brought down yesterday.

While there have been various reports of American airmen participating with their allies in operations on the western front, this is the first admission from a German source of any activity by our aviators as far north as the Lys sector.

## NO MOVE TO END AIR RAIDS.

### Military Authorities Would Examine Any Such Proposal, Hertling Says.

BERLIN, May 23, (via Amsterdam.)—Replying to a question as to whether air raids on towns could not be stopped by an agreement, Chancellor von Hertling said today that no definite proposals had come from the enemy.

Should this happen, he said, the military authorities would be first charged with an examination of the proposals.

## PRAISE FOR OUR SOLDIERS.

### Ambassador Sharp Tells of French Appreciation.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—The exploits of American aviators and the part taken by American soldiers in trench skirmishes have gained for them an enviable reputation for courage and resourcefulness, Ambassador Sharp reported to the State Department today in a dispatch from Paris.

He said that numerous references appeared in the French press attesting the fraternal relations between the French and English troops and the American soldiers who had taken up positions with them.

# PHILIP GIBBS'S STORY OF RAID ON HOSPITAL

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

their race will beat in vain unless there is great mercy in the world.

**Huts Filled with Wounded.**

In many of those hospital huts, in nearly all of them, were badly wounded men—men with open wounds filtered by running water, men with broken limbs suspended in slings and pulleys, men so hurt that any touch or jar makes them quiver with pain.

That night the hospital orderlies who had been tending them all day were mostly in their own sleeping places. Only the night nurses and attendants were in the wards, moving quietly about, keeping watchful eyes on the patients, listening to that sound of breathing which tells them so much about the state of each sufferer, and bending over a bed here or there to shift a man's pillow or to say a word of comfort to one who could not sleep. Then suddenly there was the noise of those German engines, as I heard them once in a hospital, like those before the crashes which followed and broke the windows.

The German flying men dropped a very great number of bombs, and each one burst in the midst of these huts. A third of the bombs were of the largest size, which made enormous explosions and left great craters in the earth. Others were smaller shrapnel bombs, which swept the wards with bullets. They did murder on a big scale.

They killed many men who had escaped from death on the battlefield and from these beds looked forward to life again. They killed many hospital orderlies who had devoted themselves to the service of their fellow-men, among whom, after each battle, there are German soldiers getting the same treatment as the British and the same kindness. They killed and maimed women whose uniforms should make them sacred in this war. The total of killed and wounded runs into some hundreds.

I am told, and I do not need to be told because I have seen the courage of these women in air raids, that the nurses were heroic and beautiful in their devotion to the wounded. Near by were bombproof shelters, but not one of them left her post to take cover. Throughout the raid, which lasted in two phases for two hours, they moved up and down the wards encouraging the patients by their words, attending to the gravest cases, lingering by the bedside of men whose nerves were agitated by this tumult and menace of death, and not showing any faintness of heart, however great their secret terror of this dreadful thing above them. There were brave hearts there in those hospitals, but no courage can cure the cruelty of this scene of blood and agony which is a part of the devilish drama of war.

**Airplane Crew Captured.**

One German airplane was brought down with its crew alive—three of them. Two had been wounded by our anti-aircraft fire. The Captain, who had been hit in the arm, spoke perfect English and claimed to have been in the German diplomatic service before the war. When he was asked why he bombed hospitals he disclaimed all knowledge of having done so, and with a shrug of the shoulders said:

"If you will insist on putting your hospitals near railways you will get them bombed."

He had followed the railway, flying low and machine-gunning as he flew before dropping his bombs for destruction on a big scale.

This German officer's defense can hardly be disproved. In all night raidings, the British as well as the enemy's, there can be no certainty of hitting the right target. But at least the British flying men take some care to avoid hospitals of which they know the whereabouts, and these Germans do not seem to have taken any care whatever. A night raid on hospitals is one of those tragedies with which all the history of four years is blackened.

# REPORT HUNDREDS KILLED OR WOUNDED

### Twice the Raiding Squadrons Sweep Over the Hospital Buildings, Spreading Death.

WITH THE BRITISH ARMY IN FRANCE, May 23, (Associated Press.)—Some hundreds of the personnel and patients of British hospitals behind the battlelines have been killed and wounded by a heavy attack by German airmen on the hospitals with bombs.

Among those on the casualty list are several sisters who, with other women nurses, stood bravely by their posts throughout a terrific deluge of explosives.

One sister was killed outright, while administering to the soldiers' wants, and another was so seriously hurt that she died soon afterward. Still another was dying today. Several more sisters were among the wounded.

Many other workers were wounded, including several medical officers.

In the neighborhood is one large American hospital and another in which there are American workers, but neither of these appears to have suffered. Last Summer several American doctors and nurses were killed and wounded when these same hospitals were raided by the Germans.

This latest horror was perpetrated Sunday night, apparently by four squadrons of German planes, which appear to have comprised more than a score of machines.

A great number of bombs were dropped, about 30 per cent. of them huge affairs which dug vast craters in the hospital grounds and the rest high-explosive shrapnel which sent their death-dealing bullets tearing in every direction through the crowded hospital tents and buildings.

The raid was divided into two phases, the first of which began soon after 10 o'clock and lasted until 11. Not satisfied with this, the enemy returned at 11:40 o'clock and heavily bombed hospitals filled with wounded men.

In one building, which was damaged most seriously, all the patients were suffering from compound fractures that made it necessary that their limbs should be strapped in the air.

Not a woman deserted her ward, but throughout the terrible bombing each one kept going her rounds and quieting the unfortunate men, who might easily have done themselves lasting harm by springing from their beds.

A three-seated airplane was brought down by gunfire while flying at a low altitude, and the occupants were made prisoners. The German Captain and the pilot sustained comparatively light shrapnel wounds, while the observer was not hurt.

When questioned why he had directed his men against hospitals, the Captain explained in a matter-of-fact way that he did not see the Red Cross signs. He said that he was seeking military objectives and had no desire to molest hospitals.

With a shrug of his shoulders, the Captain added that if the British chose to build their hospitals near railways, they must expect to get them bombed.

The Captain spoke excellent English. When asked where he had learned it, he replied that he was in the diplomatic service before the war.

*Special to The New York Times.*

CHICAGO, May 23.—Red Cross officials today stated that Unit No. 12, under the command of Major Desley, which includes about 250 Chicago doctors and nurses, is stationed with the British Army in the sector that was bombed by the Germans.

BERLIN, May 23, (via London.)—The official report from General Headquarters today contains the following:

"The enemy's aerial attacks against Belgian territory, which have increased in frequency recently, have inflicted heavy damages and losses on the civilian population, but no military damage has been caused.

"Bombs have been dropped successfully on large enemy munition depots northwest of Abbéville, which were destroyed.

"Bombs were also dropped on Paris."

# BRITISH AIR RAIDERS BOMB GERMAN STATIONS

### Hit Railway Centres in Lorraine and Belgium, Drop Missiles on Rhine Factory.

LONDON, May 23.—Railway stations in German Lorraine, a chloride factory at Mannheim, on the Rhine, and the railway near Liège, were bombed Tuesday night and Wednesday by British aviators. Three fires were caused at Mannheim and large conflagrations near Liège.

The official statement, telling of aerial operations, says:

Reconnoissances and bombing by our airplanes continued uninterruptedly Tuesday. Some 1,200 bombs were dropped on various targets, including four of the enemy's large airdromes near Ghent and Tournai and billets in the neighborhood of Armentières, Bapaume, and Bray.

A good deal of fighting again took place around our bombing machines. Sixteen German airplanes were destroyed and two driven down out of control. Two observation balloons also were destroyed. Three of our airplanes are missing.

During the night both our and the enemy's bombing airplanes were active. Over twelve tons of bombs were dropped on airdromes used by the enemy's night-flying machines and on billets at Bray and Bapaume. All our machines returned. Two German machines were brought down by gunfire behind our lines.

Two tons of bombs were dropped on a chloride factory at Mannheim, causing three large fires, and another two tons on railway stations at Thionville and Karthaus. One of our machines failed to return.

At dawn Wednesday two formations set out on a long distance raid to bombard the important railway triangle at Liège. All the machines reached their objectives and dropped twenty-two heavy bombs. Those dropped by the first formation caused three very large fires which were burning fiercely three quarters of an hour later when the second formation flew over Liège.

Other machines dropped twelve heavy bombs on the railway stations at Metz. All the machines returned.

A statement on aerial operations, issued tonight, says:

Our airplanes continued on Wednesday their artillery work, photography, and bombing. Airdromes used by the enemy's night-flying machines were reattacked, eighteen tons of bombs being dropped on these and on hostile billets.

Thirteen German machines were brought down in fighting. Two were brought down out of control and another by gunfire. Three British airplanes are missing.

Four tons of bombs were dropped on the very important electric power station at Kreusewald, east of Saarbrucken. One bomb struck the boiler-house and another caused a large cloud of steam to arise from one building. All the British machines returned.

The Metz-Sablon Railway Station was heavily bombed at 11 o'clock in the morning of Thursday. Bombs were seen to burst in the engine sheds and on the railway. The hostile gunfire was considerable, but all the machines returned safely.

After dark eleven tons of bombs were dropped on hostile airdromes, docks at Bruges and billets in the Somme area. Several direct hits were made upon a train, causing it to burst into flames.

Mannheim was again attacked. Twenty-four heavy bombs were dropped on a chlorine factory there causing two large fires. The blackened girders of buildings gutted by the fires, caused by the bombing on the preceding night, were clearly visible in the moonlight.

Commenting on the series of raids carried out by British airmen in the last week, The Daily Mail says that they show that the air service is best in cultivating the offensive spirit. It continues:

"As the British air forces develop we shall be able to reach every city of Western and Central Germany and compel the enemy to weaken his front greatly by detaching large air forces for defense at home. The German staff is well aware of this risk, which will increase greatly when the American air forces have arrived in strength later this year.

"Hence, the enemy is certain to attempt to paralyze us by negotiations. He could accomplish no more brilliant stroke than to get us to abandon raids for a promise that he would do the same, which promise would be repudiated at the first convenient moment. But the fast-growing strength of the Allies in the air will be used with increasing vigor and will play a very large part in bringing the war home to the German nation."

**French and Italians Very Busy.**

PARIS, May 23.—Tonight's report of the War Office contains the following on aerial operations:

On May 20 an enemy machine was brought down in an aerial engagement. It is confirmed that eight German machines were destroyed by our pilots, one on the 15th, another on the 16th, and six on the 19th, in addition to two machines brought down by our special guns on the 20th and 21st.

On May 20 and the night following our bombing escadrilles dropped 17,000 kilos of projectiles in the region of St. Quentin, Noyon, and Tergnier; on the stations at Peronne, Rosières, and Nesle, and on the aviation ground at Villeselve. Two big fires, caused by explosions, broke out at St. Quentin and Nesle.

On May 21 and the night of May 21-22 our airplanes dropped 30,000 kilos in the same regions, causing new fires. Cantonments and stations in the region of Ville-au-Bois, Hirson, Le Cateau, and Aul Noye received in the same period 11,000 kilos of explosives. Italian machines took part in these expeditions.

## FOE'S AIRMEN BUSY IN PICARDY

### Bombing Villages and Roads Behind Our Lines—Do Little Military Damage.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, May 23, (Associated Press.)—The marked increase in German aerial activity along the Picardy front of late has raised the question whether it may not be a prelude to new action by the enemy infantry. Whether or not this be the case, the American troops on the line are becoming eager for a chance to get at the foe.

The German aircraft have been especially active since the advent of the new moon. Villages and roads behind the American lines in Picardy have been bombed, and some of the villages visited by the hostile aviators present pitiful scenes of destruction. The military damage done has been negligible, but some civilians have been killed, most of them women and children.

The American soldiers and nurses in touch with the French population in the areas that have received visitations are offering aid and comfort to the distressed. That some American hospitals have not been damaged is no fault of the enemy, but is due to good fortune, as the Germans are apparently dropping their bombs without consideration of military objectives.

The area under bombardment from the air is that between the American front and Paris, and every night the air over this district is humming with enemy motors, while American and French anti-aircraft guns keep up an almost continuous barrage.

There was great aerial activity northwest of Toul today. American aviators participated in more than half a dozen combats, but up to an early hour tonight they had not been able to bring down an enemy machine.

One American aviator engaged three different machines, one after the other, within twenty minutes.

Two other American pilots fought half an hour with two German machines at an altitude of 5,500 meters, but failed to get telling shots home.

# DROP BOMBS IN PARIS AND AROUND CITY

### Only One Raider Out of 30 in Two Attacks Succeeds in Reaching Capital.

### ONE VICTIM DEAD, 12 HURT

### Americans in Paris Chagrined by Accounts of Aviation Investigation in This Country.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, May 23.—Detailed reports that have just arrived in a batch of New York papers, concerning the aviation investigation by the United States Senate and Department of Justice make unpleasant reading to Americans in France. They do not refrain from comparing this Washington news with the recent records of French and British aviators. The latter have destroyed a thousand German planes in two months. The latest report shows that the French and British airmen destroyed 274 enemy planes in one week. There is no reference to Americans in this report.

The comparison with the Washington Senate proceedings is particularly keen this morning because of Paris' realization of the success of French aerial protection of the city. Two nights in succession enemy fliers have made vigorous efforts to bombard Paris, coming twice each night, yet none succeeded in reaching the capital until the fourth attempt, when a few bombs were dropped. From midnight until 3 o'clock in the morning the Paris anti-aircraft guns kept up a continuous shellfire.

French censors approve an article in the Echo de Paris intimating that the French may soon follow England's example in bombing German open towns from airplanes. It explains such a course on the ground that destruction of German industrial plants justifies the risk of killing noncombatants. This hint is possibly to prepare French opinion.

PARIS, May 23.—German aviators made another attack on Paris last night, and this time one of them succeeded in reaching the city. Bombs were dropped at various places, an official statement reports.

The explosion of one of them killed a woman and injured a dozen people. A shell from a 75-millimeter defense gun fell through a roof and landed beside a cradle in which there was a sleeping infant. The missile failed to explode, and the baby was not harmed.

In addition to the aerial attack on Paris, another raid was carried out last night. It seems to have been directed against the railroad tracks north and northeast of Paris. The raiders dropped a large number of bombs, but did not cause any serious damage.

The following official announcement was given out today:

Several bodies of enemy aircraft successively made for Paris. Our lookout posts opened a very violent curtai not fire. Our airplanes took the air.

A certain number of bombs were thrown on Paris and in the Paris district. The "All clear" signal was given at 3:30 o'clock.

The German airplanes taking part in the raid numbered about thirty. They were met by a powerful barrage fire from our artillery posts acting in conjunction with our defense squadrons, fifty-four of our machines taking the air. Only one enemy machine reached the capital, where it threw down some bombs. One death and twelve injured persons have been reported.

A number of bombs were thrown on the suburbs, causing some victims.

The two raids taken together kept Paris awake virtually all night. The first alarm was sounded at 11:40 P. M., and it sent the population to their underground places of refuge, whence they were released by the "all clear" signal forty minutes later with the comfortable feeling that the ordeal for the night was over. Barely an hour later, however, the wailing of the sirens again sent the populace underground, and a curtain of fire of such intensity as the city had never before experienced was kept up without pause until nearly 4 A. M.

# FOUGHT EVERY GOTHA IN RAID ON LONDON

### British Elated by Germans' High Rate of Loss and by Results of Cologne Attack.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 23.—British airmen at present have their heads very much up. This applies equally to those on duty in France and to those on home defense.

In regard to the latter, details of last Sunday's raid on London are particularly encouraging. Not one enemy machine that succeeded in crossing the coast managed to escape being engaged by British airmen, and in addition to the five Gothas brought down on land and the two destroyed at sea other raiding machines suffered damage serious enough to put them out of commission for some time.

The percentage of loss and damage suffered by the Germans is gratifyingly high, being placed by some calculations at a point over 33 per cent.

Comparisons made by experts between the Germans' Whitsuntide raid on London and the British daylight raid on Cologne, are distinctly to the advantage of the British. There are certain characteristics of the raid on Cologne which THE NEW YORK TIMES is requested not to make public yet, which go far to justify the use of the much abused term "supremacy in the air."

In the view of experts, supremacy in the air should only be really claimed when the stage is reached where it becomes practically impossible for an enemy airplane to show itself. It is hoped that such a stage will be attainable when America's actual contribution to the allied air forces becomes commensurate with its program.

Meanwhile the British royal air force is well satisfied to have established the present measure of relative superiority. Incidentally, it may be mentioned that while examination of the Gotha engines elicits a meed of praise, there are other points in the construction of the German planes which suggest to experts here that the enemy's supply of first-class material is not inexhaustible.

AMSTERDAM, May 23. — Sunday night's air raid on London was the largest yet executed, according to a German semi-official statement, as regards the number of airplanes engaged. It was observed, says the statement, that the bombs that were dropped had good results in the city between the Admiralty Building and the West India docks.

## ZEPPELINS AGAIN OUT.

### Reported Over North Sea—War Traffic There Livelier.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COPENHAGEN, May 23.—The Ribe Stiften-Tidends reports that war traffic in the North Sea lately is livelier. Zeppelins, long absent, have again been observed. Last night two were seen going north and northwest from Malmoe, and several flying machines were heard.

In the last ten days strong cannonading has shaken houses in Ribe, but very few warships have been observed.

## DREW'S NEPHEW SHOT DOWN

### But Aviator May Be Only Wounded and a Prisoner.

*Special to The New York Times.*

CHICAGO, May 23.—A cablegram to The Chicago Daily News from Paul Ayres Rockwell, correspondent, with the American Army in France, says:

"Corporal R. Sidney Drew of New York, who enlisted in the French Aviation Corps in 1917, and recently went to the front to fly a chassing airplane, has been shot down in an aerial combat. Drew's machine fell after a battle fought well inside the German lines. His comrades hope that he was only wounded and is a prisoner, as his airplane was seen to right itself in the air and appeared to land normally. Drew is a nephew of John Drew, the actor."

GLOBE SPRINKLERS
AHEAD OF THE FIREMEN
Read This List
Packard Motor Car Co.
Fiske Rubber Co.
Baldwin Locomotive Works
National Biscuit Co.
Proctor & Gamble Co.
Marshall Field & Co.
Pennsylvania Railroad
They all rely on Globe Sprinklers for their fire protection. Why don't you?
GLOBE AUTOMATIC SPRINKLER CO.
Singer Building
Cortlandt 6700

Pineapples tender all the way through. You don't waste even the core—you eat it.
Tropiko
PINEAPPLES
"Juiciest Fruit in the World"
The name "Tropiko" is on every wrapper
If your dealer is unable to supply you, write Porto Rico Fruit Exchange, 282 Franklin St., New York City

# 4 U-BOATS BETRAYED BY GERMAN CAPTAIN

### Louis Tracy, Novelist, Tells How British Bagged Five Submarines in One Day.

### CAUGHT FIRST BY SURPRISE

### Took Commander Aboard British Boat, and, Fearing Attack, He Told Location of Others.

Some months ago Premier Lloyd George announced in the course of a speech that five German submarines had been sunk in a single day. The first detailed account of this episode, which laid the fate of four of the German U-boats to the cowardice of the Captain of the other, was given yesterday by Louis Tracy, the novelist, who is now attached to the British War Mission in this country. Mr. Tracy was speaking at the American Artists' Exhibit at the Anderson Galleries in aid of the American, British, French, Belgian Permanent Blind War Relief Fund.

"A British submarine," he said, "was lying off the coast of Ireland and had come to the surface. As she lay quietly with her officers and crew, assembled on the deck for relaxation, there suddenly appeared, not more than forty feet away, the periscope of a German U-boat, which apparently had been oblivious of the presence of the British submarine. The British craft immediately fired and disabled the U-boat, so that the British were able to capture her with her commanding officer and men. The men were kept on the German boat, but the commander was taken aboard the British submarine, where he was accorded a chaffing, but not altogether unpleasant reception. The British commander handed him some cigarettes and he was taken below and given a glass of wine. Despite these hospitalities, he seemed very much ill at ease and kept taking out his watch.

**Told Location of Other U-Boats.**

"Finally he informed the British commander that there were four other German U-boats in the vicinity. He knew that if one of these should first observe the British submarine that he, together with the British sailors, would be sent to the bottom. The British commander on securing this information immediately communicated with his home station by wireless, and British destroyers were rushed in all directions toward the spots where the German commander indicated the German U-boats were apt to be. As a result every one of the four remaining U-boats were destroyed during the afternoon, marking the largest single bag of German submarines during the war."

Among other speakers at the meeting were Eleanor Gates, who declared that only by the methods of permanent relief the fund extended could many thousands of American soldiers and the soldiers of our allies be prevented from earning such a livelihood as might be gained from selling lead pencils, and Top Serg. Sam Barre, a Pershing veteran, who has just returned from France and who also served in Mexico and in the Spanish-American War.

There will be speakers every afternoon and evening until the exhibit, which has been extended through next week, ends on Saturday night, June 1.

## WOMEN ENROLL TOMORROW.

**Women who wish to vote in the primaries next September must enroll tomorrow. Enrollment places will be open from 8 A. M. to 10 P. M. A list of all these places was printed in The Times last Sunday.**

# The War Situation

BY THE MILITARY EXPERT OF THE NEW YORK TIMES

The British situation between the front about Mont Kemmel and La Bassée has certain elements which correspond closely to their position at Cambrai after the offensive last Fall. The scale of the thing is, of course, much larger now than it was at that time, but the military positions are generally very similar.

In General Byng's attack at Cambrai he thrust forward a wedge directly at Cambrai itself, extending his positions both north and south at the same time until he crossed the St. Quentin Canal on the south and had taken Bourlon Wood on the north. Here the German lines held so that the close of the battle saw the German lines all but punctured by this wedge, the apex of which was near Cambrai.

On the present front the British line gave way south of Arras toward Amiens, while to the north the Armentières defense almost snapped. The result was that as the Arras positions held fast, there was left projecting into the German lines a blunt salient, one flank of which extends from St. Venant to La Bassée and the other from La Bassée to Bucquoy.

This salient is the key to the situation. As long as it remains intact, the march to Amiens cannot be pushed to conclusion. It is not improbable that the next German effort will be made there, the fighting at Amiens taking on for the time being at least a subsidiary character. In reality, however, any attempt to break through the Arras defense will be an integral part of the battle of Picardy, since it will open up a wider front for succeeding operations.

The method of attack on such a position then can be seen by following the history of preceding German attacks under similar conditions. When the Germans finally reacted at Cambrai they made their attacks at three points. Simultaneously they drove forward from the north, the east and the south. The plan was, of course, to hold the British in the centre and then crush in the sides, pinching off the troops which held the body of the salient. If either side gave way the damage was done as far as the elimination of the awkward position was concerned. If both sides should give way the British forces were taken. As we know, the north and the eastern sides held fast, and the southern yielded to the pressure. There was, then, nothing for the British to do but rectify their line and give up much of the ground which they had taken.

In the attack now pending, if the Germans adopt the same general policy, they will drive from before Arras, from Bucquoy, and along La Bassée Canal, which now stands before the British lines on the southern side of the wedge.

It is possible, however, that in this fight the Arras front would be left alone because of its known strength. The Germans have tested this once and found it solid. They used up seven divisions of troops to ascertain this, but it was proved to them beyond question. It is doubtful if they will care to repeat the experiment.

There remain the two fronts of Bucquoy and the canal. In both cases, they are certain to find the going hard. The British still hold behind Bucquoy a wealth of high ground that gives them good observation and excellent artillery positions. The ground in fact continues high for some distance behind their lines.

Beyond the canal the situation is somewhat different. The plain of French Flanders extends southward for three miles beyond the present battle lines, being limited by the important railroad line from Hazebrouck to La Bassee. This line parallels the salient almost exactly, curve for curve, and skirts the foothills of the heights which extend northwestward from Arras. These heights are really the key to the situation, since the Heights of Notre Dame de Lorette and Vimy Ridge itself are merely extensions of the main ridge.

The British, therefore, have every advantage of position. The terrain favors them in every way. They can retire a little before the German offensive with the knowledge that behind them still is ground that will give them advantageous positions. At the same time the retirement will have to be limited in order that disaster may not threaten. Once the Germans got behind the line of heights, the Arras defenses would be flanked and rendered untenable. This would affect the fighting all the way to the line near Montdidier, as the positions along the Ancre, which the British have clung to so tenaciously, would be turned.

There have been numerous indications from time to time that the Germans were about to begin operations, but each time the fighting has come to a standstill without the infantry attack developing. It is at present largely a feeling out process, each testing out the other's strength at various points.

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# $16,294,536 TOTAL IN RED CROSS DRIVE

## Donation of $1,000,000 by Carnegie Corporation Heads Big Pledges Here.

## CALLS WORK EDUCATIONAL

## Bethlehem Steel, Anaconda Copper, American Telephone Give $250,000 Each.

## FIND PEOPLE ENTHUSIASTIC

### Walter Stabler, Chairman of House-to-House Canvass Committee, Reports Ready Response.

New York City is within less than $9,000,000 of its quota, $25,000,000, of the Second National Red Cross War Fund of $100,000,000. The official announcement made last night showed that at noon yesterday the city had contributed a grand total of $16,294,536, which shows an average for the first three days of the drive of $5,431,512 for each day of the campaign. With three working days still to go, this means that New York City, if this average is maintained, will go "over the top" with something like $5,000,000 in excess of its allotted quota. The total announced yesterday, it was pointed out, included only partial returns from Brooklyn, Queens, Richmond, and the Bronx.

The Carnegie Corporation led all contributions yesterday with a donation of $1,000,000, and in presenting this munificent gift. Henry S. Pritchett, President of the foundation, voiced the deep regret of the venerable founder of the organization at his inability to be present and deliver in person the message to the Red Cross. Other large gifts yesterday included four of $250,000 from the Bethlehem Steel Company, the Anaconda Copper Company, the Union Carbide and Carbon Corporation, and the American Telegraph and Telephone Company. Gifts of $100,000 were made by Mrs. Edward H. Harriman, the Consolidated Gas Company, the American Locomotive Company, and the Inspiration Copper Company.

**Carnegie Donation a Surprise.**

The gift of $1,000,000 by the Carnegie Corporation was announced at the Chamber of Commerce noon meeting, at which the daily reports from the various teams, committees, and from individuals were announced. William C. Breed presided, and the announcement of the subscription by President Pritchett came as a complete surprise to everybody present except Mr. Breed who had, as it turned out, been told in advance that the corporation was going to do something very big.

The roll call of the teams, showing a total collected by them, since the beginning of the drive of $8,478,116, had just been completed when Mr. Breed addressed himself to Dr. Pritchett.

"I wonder if Dr. Pritchett has anything to say to us," Mr. Breed remarked, as he turned to the head of the foundation.

Dr. Pritchett responded by saying that he had no message from the Carnegie Foundation, but that he might be able to say a word or two for the Carnegie Corporation, which, he added, was an entirely different institution.

"This corporation," Mr. Prichett continued, "is by its charter compelled to devote the income of its large endowment to the increase and diffusion of knowledge and understanding among the people of the United States. Its trustees are today of the conviction that there is no knowledge and understanding among the people of the United States of such supreme importance as the knowledge and understanding of what this war means, and what the victory of the Allies means to liberty and civilization."

**Red Cross Second Line of Defense.**

"To promote that understanding means to promote all other understanding of right-minded and right-thinking people. We have one other conviction—that is, that, of the forces which are to bring victory, the Red Cross stands for mercy and sympathy and help to those who suffer; and it stands also as the second line of defense to succor the wounded and exhausted. And now, with these two conclusions, we feel ourselves honored to offer to the second Red Cross War Fund $1,000,000.

"I should like to say one word of a personal sort. Mr. Carnegie is in his eighty-third year, but he would have liked to come here and bring you this message himself. His health does not permit him to do it, but he feels grateful to have founded an institution that can do it, and he asks that you accept his unbounded faith and confidence in the outcome of this war which the Allies are waging for the civilization of the world."

On motion of Cleveland H. Dodge, the thanks of the entire committee and of the teams were sent to Mr. Carnegie through Mr. Pritchett.

Of equal interest was the announcement of another gift because of the identity of the donor. This came when Morgan J. O'Brien made his report as Chairman of Team 16. Judge O'Brien said he had a check for $1,500 from Cardinal Farley, and when the applause that followed subsided Judge O'Brien read the following letter from the Cardinal:

**Cardinal Farley Sends Check.**

Dear Judge O'Brien: That wonderful demonstration on Saturday last, which the President inaugurated in such an excellent and gracious manner, forecasted the success of the Second War Fund for the Red Cross. I have appealed to the clergy and Catholic people in New York to assist and I am sure my appeal will result in collections next Sunday.

I inclose herewith my check for as much as I can give. You are responsible for the fact that it is not a larger amount, having persuaded me to subscribe to other charities. However, it is all for the same cause. We must win, no matter how it hurts. May God bless all the good men and women engaged with you in this work.

JOHN CARDINAL FARLEY.

Another demonstration followed when Daniel Guggenheim of Committee 10 reported contributions from the great copper companies amounting to $425,000. Darwin P. Kingsley, Chairman of Committee 10, after reporting a $100,000 gift from the Consolidated Gas Company, told how a gift of $1 was directly responsible for another one of $5,000.

"We have one contribution to announce," he said, "and that is a gift of $1 from a wealthy lady on the west side who gives it in memory of a half hour's talk with Gilbert Colgate. Mr. Colgate desires to keep that particular dollar as a souvenir, but in its place he himself has subscribed $5,000."

There was more cheering when Lewis E. Pierson told the story of the "keg of nails." The particular keg of nails, he added, was full to the top with nails.

"The nails," he explained, "are intended for the Kaiser's coffin and with this purpose in view they were auctioned off by the committee and I take pleasure in announcing that the sale averaged $1 per nail."

**$1,000 for Bunch of Bananas.**

This same committee also auctioned off a bunch of bananas, a box of cherries, a box of oranges, and another of grapefruit. The bananas brought $1,000, the grapefruit $300, and the oranges $250. "The cherries," Mr. Pierson continued, "were purchased by an Italian, who to my personal knowledge is a day laborer with a very small reserve fund, yet this patriotic Italian paid $100 for that box of cherries and seemed to think that he had a bargain."

This same committee announced a personal gift of $50,000 from F. W. Woolworth and another of $75,000 from the Woolworth Corporation.

John D. Rockefeller, Jr., Chairman of Committee 24, reported that his team was still "carrying on."

"I am obliged to report," said Mr. Rockefeller, "that our team is running far ahead of the standard which it set for itself on Monday. We are no longer working in high, but in first speed. This so as not to discourage our close competitor, Mr. Fox's team. Therefore we beg to report $85,858.

Charles E. Coffin, Chairman of the Industrial Division, declared that the employes of 503 corporations had been canvassed up to reporting time yesterday, and of those corporations 404 had turned in a 100 per cent. report.

"The amounts given," he added, "are not large, but they have been given cheerfully and gladly from a profound sense of patriotism. These corporations have 24,582 employes, and the sum subscribed is $266,058."

**Finds People Enthusiastic.**

Walter Stabler, Chairman of the House-to-House Committee, stated that the most gratifying feature of the work of this committee was the enthusiasm of people of all classes to do their "bit" for the Red Cross. Working girls, he said, beg permission to work during their lunch hour, while men as well as women in all walks of life vie with one another in helping the canvassers. The committee reported a total collected of $127,539.

When Colonel William B. Thompson, Chairman of the Corporations Division, was called on, he asked permission to correct his statement made the day previous.

"It was said that the railroads are not contributing to the Red Cross fund," Mr. Thompson said. "That is a mistake. Many of the railroads are now giving liberally. Our work is being made easy for us by the efforts of the teams which are reporting here today. As a result, we are able to turn in $8,556,881 as the day's total. This includes the $1,000,000 from the Carnegie Corporation. Our net total, including today, is $6,478,116."

**Teams Report $1,335,948.**

The thirty-one teams reported the following total contributions for the day ending at noon yesterday:

| | |
|---|---|
| 1. Mrs. C. B. Alexander | $14,962 |
| 2. Mrs. Horace E. Andrews | 27,325 |
| 3. Earl D. Babst | 26,558 |
| 4. Mrs. George F. Baker, Jr. | 28,000 |
| 5. Mrs. Sidney Borg | 14,987 |
| 6. Mrs. J. Henry Dick | 9,624 |
| 7. William Fox | 60,588 |
| 8. Michael Friedsam | 131,001 |
| 9. Donald Geddes | 78,373 |
| 10. Daniel Guggenheim | 3,618 |
| 11. Mrs. John Henry Hammond | 31,787 |
| 12. J. Horace Harding | 52,506 |
| 13. Mrs. E. H. Harriman | 134,135 |
| 14. Percival S. Hill | 33,798 |
| 15. Darwin P. Kingsley | 29,330 |
| 16. William M. Kingsley | 23,673 |
| 17. Gates W. McGarrah | 70,882 |
| 18. J. P. Morgan | 41,660 |
| 19. Mrs. W. Fellowes Morgan | 52,020 |
| 20. Morgan J. O'Brien | 112,459 |
| 21. Lewis Pierson | 79,904 |
| 22. Mrs. John T. Pratt | 75,000 |
| 23. C. V. Rice | 16,478 |
| 24. John D. Rockefeller, Jr. | 86,358 |
| 25. Charles Sabin | 17,025 |
| 26. Jacob H. Schiff | 46,481 |
| 27. James R. Sheffield | 32,445 |
| 28. J. P. Stevens | 61,506 |
| 29. Frederick Strauss | 15,986 |
| 30. E. V. R. Thayer | 15,818 |
| 31. Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr. | 18,429 |
| Total | $1,335,948 |

**Individual Gifts Announced.**

The individual gifts of $1,000 or more, announced yesterday, follow:

| | |
|---|---|
| Mrs. E. H. Harriman | $100,000 |
| Mr. and Mrs. John T. Pratt | 75,000 |
| Arbuckle Brothers | 50,000 |
| F. W. Woolworth | 50,000 |
| B. Altman & Co. | 25,000 |
| George F. Dominick | 25,000 |
| Dunlevy Milbank | 25,000 |
| Jeremiah Milbank | 25,000 |
| Mr. and Mrs. Percy R. Pyne | 25,000 |
| Mrs. Thomas F. Ryan | 25,000 |
| Mr. and Mrs. J. Horace Harding | 20,000 |
| Mr. and Mrs. George W. Perkins | 20,000 |
| Altman Foundation | 15,000 |
| Mrs. William H. Moore | 15,000 |
| Miss Edna Barger | 10,000 |
| John E. Berwind | 10,000 |
| Mrs. Benjamin Brewster | 10,000 |
| E. C. Converse, (additional) | 10,000 |
| E. M. Fowler, memorial | 10,000 |
| Michael Friedsam | 10,000 |
| Walter Jennings | 10,000 |
| George Grant Mason | 10,000 |
| Manton B. Metcalf | 10,000 |
| Dr. William H. Nichols | 10,000 |
| Mrs. Monroe Douglas Robinson | 10,000 |
| Anne du Pont Peyton | 5,665 |

SUBSCRIPTIONS OF $5,000.

Anonymous, Anonymous, Anonymous, C. F. Bishop, F. Blumenthal Co., Estate G. C. Boldt, Mrs. H. T. Brookman, Jonathan Bulkley, S. B. Chapin & Co., Childs & Joseph, Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert Colgate, Com. Union Assur. Co. of London, H. B. Conrad & Co., Roger Dearing, C. D. Dickey, Elgin Watch Co., F. Vietor & Achelis, Mrs. H. E. Huntington, Ladenburg, Thalmann & Co., J. Lichenstein, B. Lissberger & Co., W. J. Matheson, W. S. Miller, S. C. Millett, (additional.) Parkinson & Burr, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Proctor, Bertha A. Rainey, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Sanderson, H. L. Satterlee, E. D. Swanson, H. A. C. Taylor, Wheelock, Lovejoy & Co., M. Orme Wilson, R. T. Wilson & Co.

SUBSCRIPTIONS OF $4,000.

J. S. Bache & Co., F. B. Jennings, E. Naumburg & Co., M. D. Sloane, H. M. Tilford, Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Walter.

SUBSCRIPTIONS OF $3,000.

Franklin Simon & Co., Laidlaw & Co., R. J. Schwarzenbach.

SUBSCRIPTION OF $2,750.

Macmillan Stern.

SUBSCRIPTIONS OF $2,500.

Anonymous, Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Agnew, Mrs. E. S. Auchincloss, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. D. F. Bush, De Coppet & Doremus, Fleitmann & Co., Joseph P. Grace, John P. Grier, Mrs. S. Guggenheim, Jacquelin & De Coppet, R. W. Kelly, C. F. Kelly, Manhat. Shirt Co., C. A. Munn, C. A. Peabody, Peirls, Buhler & Co., W. R. Peters, Regal Coal Co., T. F. Reynolds, Mrs. Henry Sellgman.

SUBSCRIPTION OF $2,250.

Denny, Pomeroy & Co.

SUBSCRIPTIONS OF $2,000.

Bacon & Co., Isabelle H. Bangs, H. W. Boettger, Mrs. A. M. Booth, H. W. Carman, G. D. Derry, Bayard Dominick, Elizabeth Douglas, G. G. Foster, J. Friedman & Co., S. W. Labrot, Charles Lagemann, Lamb, Findlay & Co., J. E. Liggett, W. D. N. Perine, J. H. Rosebach & Co., H. S. Rubens, S. L. Schoonmacher, Mrs. H. M. Tilford, Wardwell & Adams.

SUBSCRIPTIONS OF $1,500.

J. E. Aldred, Cardinal Farley, Harriman & Co., P. P. Herzfeld & Stern, H. B. Laidlaw, Linen Thread Co., M. J. O'Brien, John J. Riker, Benno Rosenwald, Henry Muhlander, Mrs. G. Seligman, Charles Triller, Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Whitney, Boissevain & Co., Frank Hitchcock, A. Lewisohn & Sons.

SUBSCRIPTIONS OF $1,200.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Goldman.

SUBSCRIPTIONS OF $1,000.

Am. Thermos Bottle Co., Anonymous, S. D. Allen, W. H. Aldridge, Anonymous, Mrs. E. Auchincloss, Arnstein Bros. Co., Charlotte S. Baker, Billie Burke, Butterfield-Barry Co., Mr. and Mrs. J. Breed, Bonbright & Co., Mrs. M. S. Burrell, F. C. Brown, Mrs. W. A. M. Burden, D. M. Brady, Ella F. Brawner, M. M. Belding, Bashwitz Brothers, Mrs. C. K. G. Billings, Marguerite Clark, Cohen & Lang, Henry J. Cochran, Elizabeth Curtis, J. C. Colgate, H. N. Camp, Jr., Moreau Delano, C. A. Dana, J. A. Davis, R. B. Dodson, W. C. Dickerman, Alfonso de Navarro, W. H. Erhart, Charles Engelhard, Eastman, Dillon & Co., Oppenheimer Brothers & Veith, Mrs. W. H. Osborn, W. E. Ogilvie, H. D. Parson, A. M. Polack, Mrs. W. D. Perine, Mrs. J. E. Parsons, C. H. Pforsheimer & Co., Mrs. M. F. Plant, J. E. Reynolds, Robinson & Co., Roberts, Cushman & Co., A. S. Rosenthal Co., C. E. Ruddock, Mrs. Francis Rogers, J. R. Sheppard, J. N. H. Slee, (Three in One Oil Co.,) J. R. Sheffield, Mrs. J. S. Ulman, C. H. Sanford, L. & E. Stirn, J. B. Stanchfield, L. Spiegelberg & Sons, Louis Stewart, Superior Garment Co., J. Samuels & Bros., Charles Strauss, C. Stern & Mayer, Jefferson Seligman, Miss E. F. Southmayd, Schmoll, Fils & Co., Frank Trumbull, V. B. Thayer, Cornelius Tiers, E. M. Townsend & Co., Truly Warner, Miss K. E. Turnbull, Mrs. F. F. Thompson, Van Antwerp, Bishop & Fish, E. G. Vaughan, S. Valentine Co., R. T. Wilson, J. H. Wallace, Orme Wilson, Jr., Wood & Selick, Westinghouse Electric Mfg. Export Co., Richard Young Co., F. Ziegfeld, Jr.

**Gifts by Corporations.**

The gifts received by the Corporations Divisions were as follows:

| | |
|---|---|
| Carnegie Corporation | $1,000,000 |
| Consolidated Gas Co. | 100,000 |
| Worthington Pump Co. | 50,000 |
| Barber Steamship Line | 10,000 |
| Furness-Withy Co | 10,000 |
| Todd Steamship Co. | 23,000 |
| American Agricultural Chemical Co. | 12,500 |
| Charles Pfizer & Co. | 15,000 |
| Celluloid Co. | 35,000 |
| Distillers Securities Co. | 31,000 |
| Dodge & Alcott | 1,000 |
| H. A. Metz Laboratories, Inc. | 10,000 |
| Nat. Aniline & Chemical Co., Inc. | 25,000 |
| Marden, Orth & Hastings Corp. | 1,000 |
| Maas & Waldstein Co. | 5,000 |
| Merck & Co. | 25,000 |
| Perth Amboy Chemical Works | 1,000 |
| Richards & Co. | 2,500 |
| Roessler & Hasslacher Chemical Co. | 5,000 |
| Sharp & Dohme | 1,000 |
| Stein, Hall & Co. | 1,000 |
| Union Carbide and Carbon Corp. | 250,000 |
| United States Industrial Alcohol Co. | 250,000 |
| Bethlehem Steel | 250,000 |
| Gulf States Steel | 20,000 |
| Anaconda Copper Co. | 250,000 |
| Tidewater Oil | 25,000 |
| Vacuum Oil Co. | 50,000 |
| Central Trust Co. | 92,000 |
| Chase National Bank | 75,000 |
| Mechanics and Metals Nat. Bank | 50,000 |
| Liberty National Bank | 20,000 |
| Farmers Loan and Trust Company | 25,000 |
| Bank of Manhattan | 15,000 |
| International Banking Company | 15,000 |
| International Bank | 2,500 |
| Mercantile Trust Company | 2,500 |
| F. W. Woolworth | 75,000 |
| National Biscuit Company | 15,000 |
| Oceanic Investing Company | 8,500 |
| Provident Loan | 10,000 |
| Great American | 20,000 |
| American Tobacco Company | 62,000 |
| Export Leaf Tobacco Company | 20,000 |
| American Tel. and Tel. Company | 250,000 |
| National Enamelling and Stamp. Co. | 2,000 |
| American Locomotive | 100,000 |
| Greene-Cananea | 50,000 |
| Inspiration Copper Company | 100,000 |
| Howe Sound | 8,000 |
| Mother Lode | 1,000 |

**50,000 in House Canvass.**

The number of house-to-house workers is now more than 50,000, and the supply of official badges has become exhausted. Authorized solicitors working without badges carry official documents signed by Mr. Stabler, Chairman of the House-to-House Committee, which appealed for 25,000 workers and got twice that number. Yesterday the committee inaugurated the use of official Red Cross collection boxes, and up to 8 o'clock last night more than 40,000 of these had been delivered to the canvassers. They are covering every nook and corner of the city, and the motto is "Let no one escape."

Members of the Stock Exchange took enough time off from their work yesterday to bid actively for an orchid of rare coloring, containing six flowers, which was offered by Clarence E. Chapman for the benefit of the Red Cross. The price was run up rapidly from $25, and finally was knocked down to S. C. Mabon for $682. Mr. Mabon returned the flower to do further service for the Red Cross fund. The orchid was raised in Mr. Chapman's greenhouses at his country place at Oakland, N. J.

Hundreds kicked and punched a dummy of the Kaiser at a noon-day meeting at the Liberty Tower yesterday. For the privilege of mauling the figure coins were tossed into a big American flag which was spread on Liberty Street, just outside the Chamber of Commerce Building. T. B. Duyckinck presided, and speeches were made by Chaplain Vincent O'Toole and Ensign Swinnerton of the United States Navy. Music was furnished by the Interborough Band.

**City Departments Win Emblems.**

Robert G. Newbegin, Chairman of the Conference Committee of City Employes, which is in charge of the soliciting of city and county employes for the Red Cross War Fund, announced yesterday that thus far sixteen city departments had made complete returns. In all of these every employe had subscribed. Thus, each of the sixteen departments is entitled to display the 100 per cent. victory emblem of the Red Cross. Mr. Newbegin and his associates are working now to the end that every city and county department in New York City shall make a 100 per cent. return.

Oscar S. Straus, Chairman of the Public Service Commission, has been named by the Governor as Chairman of a committee organized by the local officers of State Departments to co-operate with other organizations to raise money for the Red Cross. Yesterday the committee organized and subcommittees were named to carry on the work at high speed. Among the members of these committees are officials connected with the offices of the Attorney General, the State Controller, the Excise Department, and the State Industrial Commission.

An east side girl who has two brothers under General Pershing in France sent a dollar, and with it this note:

"I have two brothers over there fighting for America, and if I had more money I would send it."

Patsy Corizzo, a shoeblack at Far Rockaway, gave his entire receipts for last Wednesday to the Red Cross fund. He averages $8 a day, but when he announced that he was "shining for the Red Cross" his business took a big jump and his receipts for Wednesday were $9.37.

**Lambs' Day at Public Library.**

Today will be Lambs' Day at the American Red Cross booth of the State Woman's War Relief in front of the Public Library. Many prominent Lambs, led by Edwin Mordaunt, will go to the booth to help in the appeal for subscriptions from the crowd. The entertainments will begin at noon, and will last till 6 o'clock. Harrison Brock, banks, Mme. Claybourgh, and Frederick Gunster will sing; Miss Mabel Adams will play the violin. The Police Glee Club will appear at 1:30. Colonel Preston, Mrs. Edith Ellis Furness, Howard Kyle, Lieutenant Skeyhill, Channing Pollock, and Elsie Ferguson will speak. Miss Grace George will be at the booth through the afternoon to take Red Cross subscriptions.

There were placed on exhibition yesterday in the ballroom of the Ritz-Carlton Hotel twenty paintings and works of art that are to be auctioned off at the Waldorf-Astoria Monday night for the benefit of the Second War Fund of the American Red Cross. Joseph P. Day, the Chairman of the Special Features Committee of the New York Red Cross organization, will be the auctioneer. The paintings and works of art are the donation of the galleries which own them, and no matter what sum they may bring under the hammer the entire amount will be contributed toward the drive in Greater New York. Many of the paintings are valued in the thousands, and connoisseurs have pronounced them worthy of high praise.

The more valuable paintings include: "Views on Grand Canal" and "St. Mark's Square," by Guardi, contributed by the Kleinberger Gallery; "Portrait of Sir Thomas Twysden," by Michael Doll, contributed by Reinhardt Galleries; "Changing Maples," by J. Francis Murphy, contributed by Knoedler & Co.; "Rocks of Cap Martin," by Louis Granner, contributed by Louis Ralston, and a painting by Martin Rico from the Judge Henry Hilton Collection.

The galleries donating paintings and works of art, supplementary to those already mentioned, are: De Mott Galleries, Reinhardt & Son, Bourgeois Galleries, French & Co., Seligman, Rey & Co., MacBeth Galleries, Kraushaar Galleries, Mr. Rasko, who gives fifty etchings of President Wilson as one parcel for auction; Kelekian Galleries, Ehrich's Galleries, Gimpel & Wildenstein, Canessa Galleries, Lewis & Simmons, Ralston Galleries, and Henry Symons.

**The Program for Today.**

The program of today's leading events in the Red Cross Drive is as follows:

9:00 A. M. to 11:00 P. M.—Red Cross Gallery, 308 Fifth Avenue; exhibition of heroic-sized photographs of battle of Vimy Ridge; admission free.

9:00 A. M. to 11:00 P. M.—Greuze Ballroom, Hotel Ritz-Carton; exhibition of paintings and other works of art donated to War Fund of Red Cross; admission free.

12:00 M.—Meetings, with music and speakers, at City Hall Park, Madison Square Park, Public Library steps, Plaza, Fifth Avenue and Fifty-ninth Street.

4:00 P. M.—Union League Club; Red Cross meeting; speakers and music. City Hall; Trapper Allan McMullen due to arrive with team of Great Dane dogs from Albany.

12:00 M.—St. Paul's Chapel; Governor Charles S. Whitman and Cornelius N. Bliss, Jr., will speak, Police Department Glee Club, and Police Department Band.

3:00 P. M.—Whistles and church bells announce number of millions of dollars obtained for War Fund.

3:45 P. M.—Polo Grounds; first of four games between Yankees and Clevelands; 10 per cent. of gross receipts go to Red Cross.

2:30 P. M.—677 Fifth Avenue, Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt; exhibition of posters and musical entertainment; admission free.

12:30 P. M.—Chamber of Commerce; luncheons; reports of teams and Campaign Committees.

8:00 P. M.—Theatre du Vieux Colombier; Elizabeth Tyree and company in "Starting Something."

8:00 P. M.—Cooper Union; Red Cross meeting; Colonel William Boyce Thompson and Countess Terczynovitz, Alma Gluck, and St. Cecilia Club; admission free.

8:00 P. M.—Madison Square Garden; boxing carnival and patriotic concert.

8:15 P. M.—College of the City of New York, Great Hall; meeting and concert; Will H. Hays, Chairman Republican National Committee, will speak; Garde Republicaine Band; Samuel A. Baldwin, organist.

8:00 P. M. to 12:00 P. M.—Open-air rallies of Red Cross War Zone work at Madison Square, Herald Square, Times Square, Fifth Avenue and Forty-second Street, Columbus Circle, 125th Street and Seventh Avenue.

8:30 P. M.—677 Fifth Avenue, Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt; exhibition of posters and musical entertainment; admission free.

Governor Walter E. Edge of New Jersey and Supreme Court Justice Clarence J. Shearn will be the speakers at St. Paul's Chapel tomorrow, and on Monday Almet F. Jenks, Presiding Justice of the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court, and James M. Beck will make addresses.

**$33,500 Raised at Hippodrome.**

The assistance of Governor Whitman made it possible to raise about $33,500 for the Red Cross at last night's theatrical performance at the Hippodrome, the sum being the second largest which has been raised at a single theatrical performance in New York since the beginning of the drive.

Announcement has been made that the Kaiser's Cup, a gold trophy, given by the Kaiser to Wilson Marshall, a yachtsman, in 1908, would be auctioned off, with the understanding that the trophy was to be melted down. The cup, which is said to be valued at $5,000, was purchased for this sum last night by William Fox, who turned it back to the Red Cross. The cup, United States Marshal McCarthy said, would be sold again at Madison Square Garden tonight.

A complete performance of "Cheer Up" was given last night, the company having been called together for the purpose ten days after the close of the season. The performance was the first of the series of five events which are being given for the Red Cross under the auspices of the Allied Theatrical and Motion Picture Team.

A new plan to help the Red Cross will be put into force at the Waldorf-Astoria at noon today, when a dozen or more theatrical celebrities, headed by Weber and Fields, will turn waiters for two hours. All tips will go to the Red Cross. In addition to Weber and Fields, Raymond Hitchcock, Clifton Crawford, Barney Bernard, Thomas Wise, Will Rogers, William Hodge, Frank Craven, Grant Mitchell, William Courtenay, Leo Carrillo, Harry Fox, and Leon Errol will assist. On Monday the same players will serve during the lunch hour at the Café Savarin, in the Wall Street district.

## TOTAL FOR THE NATION REACHES $63,949,611

### Officials Confident of Large Oversubscription—343 National Banks Give $531,000.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—Approximately $20,000,000 was subscribed today to the American Red Cross' second $100,000,000 War Mercy Fund, bringing the subscriptions reported up to tonight to a total of $63,949,611. Three more working days of the campaign remain, and officials were confident tonight there would be a large oversubscription.

Three hundred and forty-three national banks reported to the Controller of the Currency during the day that they had made donations to the fund, their subscriptions totaling $531,000. Other banks were expected to be heard from before the end of the campaign, the total contributions from this source being reckoned at several millions.

Memphis, Tenn., was the only city reporting today to go over its quota, its subscriptions being $137,973 and its quota $125,000. Many other large cities are near the top.

Subscriptions by divisions as announced tonight follow:

| | |
|---|---|
| Atlantic, including New York City | $24,789,799 |
| Central | 9,930,000 |
| Lake | 5,464,673 |
| Gulf | 1,478,979 |
| Mountain | 1,122,886 |
| New England | 2,734,000 |
| Northern | 2,862,000 |
| Northwestern | 1,869,923 |
| Pacific | 2,103,392 |
| Pennsylvania | 2,821,248 |
| Potomac | 1,600,525 |
| Southern | 2,378,871 |
| Southwestern | 7,447,255 |
| Foreign | 728,040 |

Ty Cobb, Walter Johnson, and other members of the Detroit and Washington American League teams solicited downtown Washington for Red Cross funds tonight as part of the local campaign. Great preparations are being made for the Red Cross benefit game tomorrow between Washington and Detroit. President Wilson, who has not attended a game since 1916, has signified his intention of being present.

**Co-operate with the Red Cross.**

Announcement was made last night that the organization of "family units" to provide comforts for members of the 307th Infantry on overseas service, as described in a recent article in THE TIMES, will work in co-operation with the Red Cross, as under a recent arrangement all articles sent to soldiers and sailors abroad go through Red Cross channels.

## LOAN FLAGS FOR CHILDREN.

### Liberty Committee to Honor Pupils Who Helped in Drive.

Delegates from the New York public schools to the number of 2,320 who assisted in putting their schools "over the top" in the Liberty Loan campaign will meet in Carnegie Hall tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock to receive the honor flags and certificates. The meeting is to be known as the Schools' Liberty Loan jubilee. The delegates were elected by 640 schools. A. B. Leach, Chairman of the Metropolitan Canvass Committee of the Liberty Loan Committee will preside.

The announcement of the rally by the Publicity Committee of the Liberty Loan Committee last night said that addresses would be made either by Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo or Assistant Secretary Crosby; Arthur Somers, President of the Board of Education, and William L. Ettinger, Superintendent of Schools. Three choirs of seventy-five voices each will present a patriotic musical program. The soloists includes Mmes. Alma Gluck and Lina Cavalieri, and Lucien Muratore.

# GERMAN PEACE PLEA SHOWS NEW TONE

### Vorwaerts, Which Recently Saw Hope Only in Victory, Now Asks Conciliation.

## MAKES APPEAL TO LABOR

### Asks Allied Peoples to "Link Their Efforts with Ours" to End War.

By GEORGE RENWICK.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

AMSTERDAM, May 23.—Not long ago the Vorwärts of Berlin proclaimed that the only possible way to peace was by a German victory in the west. Having waited longer than it expected for this particular solution, it now evidently is persuaded that it would be well to qualify considerably its former utterance. It merely adopted that attitude, it says, because "decision by force of arms appeared to be more probable at the earlier date than peace by understanding."

From this it may be gathered that the Vorwärts now has considerable doubts as to the stability of the basis on which it achieved its recent change of front. Now we are given to understand that the German Social Democracy is ready at any moment to abandon its faith in a peace by victory, although it often doubted the probability of it.

The journal, therefore, appeals to the workers of the various countries whom it wishes, while doing nothing against their own countries, to decide on a common policy; and it points out what terrible things will come about if they do not.

The lengthening of the war, it declares, "will do more harm than good to democracy and socialism. A long war will make people accustomed to reaction. It means the impoverishing of the world, and destroys a rapprochement. It is insanity to believe that democratic or socialistic aims can be achieved by war. The sooner the war ends, the better will be the prospects for the building up of State and social order."

Being convinced that such arguments will appeal to the people of the Entente, it concludes by calling on them again to "link their efforts with ours," and it warns them of the evil consequences of despising the German work for peace. The article, unfortunately, does not say a word about the highly unattractive "German work for peace" in the east.

## NEW CZECH DISORDER; GERMANS, TOO, PROTEST

### Wilson Again Cheered in Prague —Teutons Resent Polish Appointments in Silesia.

AMSTERDAM, May 23.—Further reports of disorders in Bohemia are published in the Lokal-Anzeiger of Berlin. It appears that recently there were renewed demonstrations in Prague, which the police found difficulty in quelling. Thirty arrests were made.

The first demonstration in the new outbreak occurred on Wensel Square in Prague on Monday. The demonstration was a big one and reached such pitch that in the evening the police had to interfere. The Czechs sang their patriotic hymn with its additional anti-German verses and raised cheers for President Wilson and Professor Masaryk, the Bohemian delegate now in the United States.

Although Wensel Square was thereafter barred to the demonstrators by the police, the demonstrations were repeated at 10 o'clock at night, and not until midnight did the mounted and foot police succeed in restoring order.

Another feature in the turmoil between the nationalities of Austria-Hungary, which recent occurrences in Bohemia have brought to the fore, is the situation in Austrian Silesia, which lies between Moravia and Galicia. An anti-Government meeting, news of which was suppressed by the local authorities, took place a few days ago at Troppau. The malcontents in this case, among whom Count Larisch was prominent, were Germans, who raged as fiercely against the Austrian Government as do the Czechs.

Their chief grievances, as alleged, are that the Government favors the anti-German party at the expense of Germans, whom it purposely neglects, and that Polish agitators are appointed to important positions, especially in Eastern Silesia. It is alleged that the aim of these agitators is to join Silesia and Galicia with the ultimate object of joining both to Poland. The malcontents demand countermeasures, and threaten to go to the extreme length of opposition.

## ITALY THANKS RED CROSS.

### King Tells Robert P. Perkins It Has Earned the Nation's Acclaim.

ROME, Wednesday, May 22. — King Victor Emmanuel has sent the following telegram to Robert P. Perkins, head of the Red Cross Commission in Italy:

"The humanitarian work carried out among us by the American Red Cross and so worthily directed by you has earned the acclaim of the entire Italian nation. In succoring the wounded at our front and in mitigating the sufferings of citizens driven from their homes by the enemy's invasion, the American Red Cross has earned everlasting gratitude and has strengthened still more the solid basis of the trusting and cordial friendship between the two countries. It gives me pleasure to express to you these sincere sentiments of the Italian army and people and of myself. I send you also by cordial greetings."

As an additional tribute to the Red Cross Mr. Perkins was received in audience by Dowager Queen Margerita, who expressed the deepest appreciation of the work of the American organization. The splendid results that have been obtained in a material way, she told the commissioner, had only been surpassed by the moral effect in still more closely uniting the two countries and coupling all their energies for the triumph of their common ideals.

## SINKINGS AROUSE NORWAY.

### Renewal of Submarine Outrages Discussed in Parliament.

CHRISTIANIA, May 23.—The renewal of operations by German submarines against Norwegian fishing vessels, a number of which have been sunk recently was brought up for discussion in Parliament today. Foreign Minister Ihlen said in reply to a question that he had asked the German Minister why these vessels were sunk. The German Minister replied that the danger zone in the Arctic still existed.

When it was pointed out that the submarines had even fired on lifeboats the German representative said he knew nothing about it, and promised to telegraph to Berlin a request that this practice be stopped. He asked for official reports regarding these cases. Maritime tribunals will make an investigation, and their findings will be sent to Berlin.

Several members of Parliament expressed indignation at the sinkings. They asked how long Norway would continue to sell fish to the Germans while they were sinking fishing vessels.

**American Mission to Aid Serbians.**

CORFU, Wednesday, May 22.—An American mission which has been sent to assist the Serbians arrived here today on the way to Saloniki. It is headed by Major Francis Jager of the Red Cross.

## MINOTTO ADJUDGED AN ENEMY ALIEN

### Swift's Titled Son-in-Law Loses Fight and Will Be Interned Unless He Appeals.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, May 23.—Count James Minotto, son-in-law of Louis F. Swift, the packer, is an enemy alien within the purview of the law; his claim that he is a subject of Italy is not founded on fact, it being clearly proved that he is a native of Germany; therefore, he is a fit subject for internment in an enemy alien camp, as directed in President Wilson's warrant.

This is the substance of a decision rendered this afternoon by Federal Judge Carpenter following argument on a writ of habeas corpus sworn out by Count Minotto's attorneys at the time the Presidential warrant was issued. After listening to arguments by counsel for Minotto, who sought to show that, although he was born in Berlin, he was in reality a citizen of Venice, Judge Carpenter declared it was unnecessary to hear counsel for the Government.

Pending the formal entering of the court's decision tomorrow morning Count Minotto was permitted his liberty on his previous bail bond for $50,000. In the morning, however, he will be bound over to the United States Marshal without bail. The Judge gave as one reason for postponing the order that the Court of Appeals was in session and Minotto could take his case there without delay if he wished to appeal.

## WOMEN HELP MORE IN WAR.

### 1,000,000 Now Making Munitions for the British Forces.

LONDON, May 23.—Speaking today at the London Exhibition of Women's Work in Munition Production, Frederick George Kellaway, Secretary to the Minister of Munitions, said that in every one of the defensive measures taken when a raid is carried out the women have had their part, except in the actual flying of aircraft.

The development which had taken place in women's work during the last fourteen months, continued the Secretary, was quite as remarkable as its development at an earlier period of the war. In July, 1010, he stated, there ware 220,000 women engaged in munition industries, while in January, 1917, that number had been increased to 691,000, and today the number was 1,000,000.

A steady stream of trained women, the Secretary said, was being sent into the munition factories from training schools at the rate of 500 a week. Since the Ministry of Munitions had started the schools between 40,000 and 50,000 trained women had been placed in munitions industries.

## ROOSEVELT ON WAR MISSION

### Starts West Tonight to Preach Loyalty and Americanization.

Colonel Theodore Roosevelt will depart tonight for a speechmaking tour in the Middle West, which is expected to include Ohio, Michigan, Iowa, and Wisconsin. His trip will take two or more weeks and is under the auspices of the National Security League as part of its campaign of patriotism through education for combating certain misapprehensions on the war and explaining the danger of a premature peace. The Colonel was scheduled to make his first address at Wittenberg College, at Springfield, Ohio, tomorrow.

In giving an outline of the message he will carry to the West, Colonel Roosevelt emphasized these points yesterday: First—Win the war, and win it now. Second—Preparedness after war, including universal military training and other thorough measures for adequate defense.

## LEWIS FOR GIVE AND TAKE.

### Asks Whitman to Let Employes Express Choice for Governor.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 23.—Attorney General Lewis tonight sent the following letter to Governor Whitman:

"My Dear Governor:

*You Can't Afford to be Without Electricity*

A practical electric plant—easy to install—simple and economical to run.

**DELCO-LIGHT**

*Runs on Kerosene*

Adds greatly to your comfort and gives all the conveniences of the city, no matter how isolated your home may be.

*Write for booklet.*

**DOMESTIC ELECTRIC CO., Inc., 52 Park Place, New York**

See the Delco-Light plant at the National Milk and Dairy Farm Exposition at Grand Central Palace. We have purchased a few admission tickets for free distribution on written request.

**Smart Shoes for Juveniles & Young Ladies**

Every mother should be sure to have her children's feet accurately fitted, in a shoe made anatomically correct, to avoid future foot troubles. Mr. Paul Monk, an expert in children's feet and their footwear, handles the right shoe, known as

DR. POSNER'S FAMOUS SHOES FOR JUVENILES

His shop is the only one in America devoting itself exclusively to shoes for growing feet.

*We carry every size, width and shape for infants, growing boys and girls and young ladies.*

PRICES from $1.95 to $6.45

***Paul Monk, Inc.***

**JUVENILE SHOE SHOP**

**25 WEST 38th ST., N. Y.**

**BETWEEN 5th & 6th AVES.**

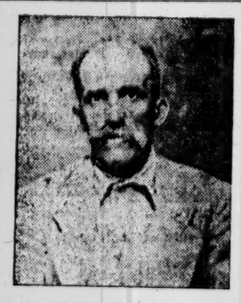
Blouse affords unusual freedom of action.
Seat and crotch exactly like your trousers.
Opens on the side. Adjusted in a jiffy.
PATENTED


***Take a Look***

at the arrows that point to the Reasons that produce the Comfort that can *only* be found in

**ROCKINCHAIR**

Athletic Underwear for Men & Boys

Disappeared, on Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock, Mr. Hilini Oxman, from Waterbury, Conn.; 4 feet 8 inches in height, 45 years of age, very light mustache, partly bald, hair very light; wore light suit of clothes; nationality Albanian. If found please notify R. H. Zemblaker, 261 West 87th St. Phone 6967 Greeley.


***After the THEATRE***

**make him some very thin cheese sandwiches and run them under a hot flame, toasting the outsides only, so that the cheese melts down into the bread. But be sure the cheese is seasoned with a few savory drops of**

**A1 SAUCE**

Illustrated Booklet

of Hotels and Boarding Houses at Delaware Water Gap and Pocono Mountains, Pa., free by calling at the

**HOTEL ADVERTISING COMPANY, 90 West St., New York.**


# ALLIED FLEETS BUSY KEEPING SEA SAFE

## Ralph D. Paine Tells Morgan Guests Naval Men Still Hope for Real Fight with Germans.

## THE SUBMARINE A PARIAH

### Guns of Every Navy Turned Upon Any Periscope Without Waiting to Learn Nationality.

Stories of American, British, and French sea fighters in action were told in the Morgan library last night to a company of guests of J. P. Morgan, including a large number of officers in the three navies, by Ralph D. Paine, the novelist, who has visited the warships under Government authorization to prepare a book called "The Fighting Fleet."

"People talk of the inactivity of the grand fleet," he said, "but the grand fleet is continually active. It is not afraid of submarines; it has gone to sea again and again to answer alarms that the German high seas fleet was coming out, and in every officer and man in the fleet there is confidence that some day they will actually catch the Germans. I asked Admiral Beatty what would happen if the Germans did come out, and he answered cheerfully, 'We're here—what, what?'"

Mr. Paine told of one of these occasions when the fleet left its base in the north of Scotland between midnight and dawn in response to a report that the Germans were abroad. "They came through a channel," he said, "which navigators had said before the war could not be traversed at night; but in the war all the fleets have learned to do the impossible. On this occasion the newly arrived American battleships had received the place of honor in the van just behind the British flagship. The fleets cruised twenty hours in a high gale, but found no Germans.

"One of the British battleships had sent up an observer in a kite balloon just before the fleet sailed, and had no time to bring him down. So for twenty hours he was towed by the battleship at the end of his long cable in a wind so high that his observation car was usually sticking out horizontally behind the balloon.

"I visited also the submarine base where American submarines are undergoing intensive training for stalking German U-boats, under the direction of Captain Nasmith, who commanded a British submarine that performed remarkable exploits in the Dardanelles and the Sea of Marmora, sinking a Turkish battleship and several transports. He is now training Americans in the very difficult work of submarine stalking.

"The submarine has no friends; other vessels shoot whenever they see a periscope without stopping to find out whether it belongs to friend or enemy, so the work is somewhat hazardous. The submarine men are resigned to a good deal of it. I met one officer who said that he didn't mind it when two destroyers of his own fleet had attacked his boat, one ramming it and the other dropping a death bomb; but he did think it was a little too much when the Admiral commended them for their energy. Among the crews of the larger ships there is a feeling that the submarine has spoiled this war."

Mr. Paine told of a German minelaying submarine which had settled on the bottom of a British harbor to discharge its mines, when on the shell of the boat there was heard a tapping which presently assumed the form of a message in the international Morse code.

"Unless you come to the surface and surrender at once," said the message, "we shall drop a depth bomb." Unable to see how the message could have been sent to him, the commander hesitated, but there came another tapping. "The bomb is being put into position." Then the German came to the surface almost under a British trawler, which, though taken by surprise, opened fire and forced the submarine to surrender; after which there came up from the depths of the harbor a diver who had been at work on a sunken wreck, had discovered the submarine, and tapped the message on her hull with his hammer, on the chance that there would be some sort of British ship at hand to take care of her when she reached the surface.

Of the American sailors in Ireland, he said that while a very larger percentage of them were of Irish blood and had gone over with a sentimental sympathy for Ireland, this had vanished because of the treatment accorded them by the population. "From the pulpit of the Cork Cathedral," he said, "the American sailors were denounced as vultures who had come to corrupt the young men and debauch the young women.

Mr. Paine saw the crew of a German submarine, whose commander destroyed her after surrendering, brought into port by the American destroyer Fanning.

"They came swarming out of an open hatch," he said, "as if violently propelled from below, like so many jacks-in-the-box. Never was a large, populous German submarine emptied so rapidly. And as they madly erupted on deck, every Hun flung his hands above his head with the most passionate sincerity and held them upraised while he bawled: 'Kamerad! Kamerad! Kamerad!'

"A gunner's mate on the forward deck of the Fanning grinned and exclaimed with pardonable emphasis: 'Kamerad, hell! What kind of a word is that to use in war? Somebody ought to tip these poor boobs off. We are sure-enough enemies.' 'They behave as if they expected us to shoot 'em in cold blood,' growled another petty officer. 'What do they think we are? Germans?'"

Among Mr. Morgan's guests were Vice Admiral Purefoy of the British Navy, Admiral Grasset and staff of the French Navy, and Rear Admirals Fiske, Gleaves, Johnston, Usher, and Burd of the United States Navy.

## CAIROLA WORE WAR MEDAL.

### Fort Lee Man Who Died in France Decorated for Gallantry.

Sergeant Raymond J. Cairola, reported in yesterday's casualty list from General Pershing as having died of wounds, was the holder of a French medal of honor, and was a son of Mr. and Mrs. Michael Cairola of Fort Lee, N. J. He was 27 years old and a well known amateur baseball player. He won the French Croix de Guerre while serving in the French Army before this country entered the war. When Congress declared war he returned to the United States and entered the American service.

Private John Nacieukowicz, reported killed in action, was a Brooklyn boy and a veteran of the old Fourteenth Infantry. He went to France in January.

Edward Harold La Mont, also reported killed, was a son of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph La Mont of Yonkers. He was 22 years old, and was a former member of the 22d Regiment of Manhattan. His mother is seriously ill and has not been informed of his death.

Private George J. Brown, another of those reported killed in action, was a son of Mrs. William Brown of 6,420 Eighteenth Avenue, Brooklyn. He was in the Signal Corps and was 22 years old. He was a graduate of St. Peter's Parochial School of Brooklyn.

"If he had to die," said his mother yesterday, "I am glad that he died for his country."

John W. Lafferty, reported seriously wounded, is a Brooklyn boy. His brother Vincent, his nearest of kin, lives at 413 Bleecker Street, this city. He went to France with the regular engineers in June of last year. He is 41 years old.

Sergeant David Silverman, reported seriously wounded, has been in the regular army for eight years, and is in the Twenty-eighth U. S. Infantry. His parents live at 2,001 Bergen Street, Brooklyn. Silverman went to France with the first of the Pershing divisions.

COHOES, N. Y., May 23.—Corporal James G. B. Lighthall, whose name appears among the killed in action in today's casualties list, was named for the late James Gordon Bennett, one of whose yachts won a race on the day Lighthall was born twenty-two years ago.

The last letter his relatives received from him was written several weeks ago from an American camp. It read in part:

"I hope I will soon be placed on the list of men to go over the top, as I wish to assist in making the world safe for democracy. If I don't return you will know that I died fighting for America and the Stars and Stripes, the greatest country and flag in the world."

Lighthall's wife and two-year-old son reside in Brattleboro, Vt.

# *86 Casualties Reported from Overseas; 14 Killed in Action, 12 Dead from Wounds*

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, May 23.—The War Department today gave out a list of 86 casualties in the American army abroad, bringing the total to 6,194. The list included the names of 14 killed in action, 12 died of wounds, 1 missing in action, 39 wounded severely, 9 wounded slightly, and 11 died of disease.

Three commissioned officers are included. Lieutenant James Palache died of wounds. Lieutenants John T. Maguire and Hugh L. Sutherland were severely wounded. This is the second time that Lieutenant Maguire has been reported wounded. On Feb. 15 last the War Department announced that Lieutenant Maguire had been slightly wounded in action on Feb. 6. He is now reported as having been severely wounded.

**SUMMARY OF ARMY CASUALTIES TO DATE.**

| Deaths. | Previously Reported. | May 23. | Total. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Killed in action | 512 | 14 | 526 |
| Died of wounds | 199 | 12 | 211 |
| Lost at sea | 238 | 0 | 238 |
| Killed by accident | 245 | 0 | 245 |
| Gas and other causes | 74 | 0 | 74 |
| Killed or prisoner | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Died of disease | 1,068 | 11 | 1,079 |
| Civilians | 7 | 0 | 7 |
| Total deaths | 2,344 | 37 | 2,381 |
| Wounded | 3,474 | 48 | 3,522 |
| Captured | 67 | 0 | 67 |
| Missing | 223 | 1 | 224 |
| Grand total | 6,108 | 86 | 6,194 |

**ARMY CASUALTIES REPORTED MAY 23.**

Army casualties made public today, including next of kin and emergency addresses, are:

**KILLED IN ACTION—14.**

**Sergeant.**

HOBBS, Clem; Mrs. A. H. Hobbs, Red Oak, Iowa.

**Corporals.**

FOSTER, John C.; Mrs. E. Melvin, Greenfield, Ill.

GUARTHA, CHARLES J.; C. W. Guartha, 331 Belmont Av., Springfield, Mass.

LIGHTHALL, JAMES G. B.; Miss Evelyn Lighthall, 508 South Saratoga St., Cohoes, N. Y.

RIMEL, HARVEY T.; S. F. Rimel, Pacific Junction, Iowa.

**Privates.**

BROGAN, WILLIAM; J. B. Brogan, Borrks Optical Co., St. Louis, Mo.

BROWNE, GEORGE J.; Mrs. Mary A. Browne, 6,420 18th Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

COYNE, JOSEPH H.; Mrs. Louisa C. Cohen, 241 North Deacon St., Brighton, Mass.

HARKINS, EDWARD S.; Mr. Moran, 41 Grove St., Salem, Mass.

HUBBELL, MAX L.; Ira Hubbell, 609 Locust St., Atlantic, Iowa.

LAMONT, EDWARD H.; Mrs. Mary Lamont, 202 Nepperham Av., Yonkers, N. Y.

MACIEJKOWICZ, JOHN; Charles Maciejkowicz, 300 Metropolitan Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

TRAGWSKI, ALBERT; Mrs. Doffilla Roswadowski, 48 Entwistle Av., Nutley, N. J.

VORASOKS, EOPIM; John Vorasoks, Volinsk, Russia.

**DIED OF WOUNDS—12.**

**Lieutenant.**

PALACHE, JAMES; Whitney Palache, Main St., Farmington, Conn.

**Sergeants.**

BROWN, WALTER L.; Mrs. W. L. Brown, 927 Celive St., El Paso, Texas.

CAIROLA, RAYMOND J.; Mr Cairola, Cont. Av. and Whitman St., Fort Lee, N. J.

**Corporals.**

DOUGLAS, MILES; S. A. Douglas, Rockford, Mich.

GREIFZU, WILLIAM C.; Jacob Oswald, 14 Main St., Colwyn, Penn.

**Privates.**

ADAMS, JOHN; Henry E. Weaver, Sterling, Ohio.

BREWER, TEDDY C.; Mrs. Etta Brewer, 118 West Railroad St., Greenfield, Ind.

BURNS, JOHN W.; Grant Burns, 1,024 Shelto St., Chicago.

CARTER, BENJAMIN L.; Mrs. Bessie Jassman, 191 Granger St. Rutland Vt.

CLARK WILLIAM; Mrs. Anna Clark R. F. D. 78, Titusville Penn.

HOWARD, FRED WINFIELD; Walter W. Howard, Chotek, Wis.

SCHOOLING, FINIS E.; Daniel Schooling, Clark, Mo.

**DIED OF DISEASE—11.**

**Sergeant.**

GOULD, PRESCOTT W.; J. A. Gould, Boylston St., Newton Upper Falls, Mass.

**Wagoner.**

CLARK, BRYANT; Mrs. Louise Clark, East Marion, N. Y.

**Cook.**

FONCANNON, ERNEST L.; William B. Foncannon, Faulkton, S. D.

**Privates.**

COLEMAN, WARREN; Mrs. Abelle Coleman, 55 K St., N. E., Washinton, D. C.

COTHERAN, JAMES; Idom Cotheran, R. F. D. 1, Bradley, S. C.

JONES, JOHN W.; Mrs. Cora E. Jones, R. F. D. 5, Box 56, Spartanburg, S. C.

HUNTER, WALTER; Mrs. Mamie Hunter, R. F. D. 2, Box 76, Laurens, S. C.

KRAFT, EMIL F.; Albert Kraft, 1,150 Churchill St., St. Paul, Minn.

MASTENBROOK, FRANK CHARLES; Mrs. Mabel Fitzgerald, 129 Columbus St., Grand Haven, Mich.

NEUMANN, HAROLD H.; F. M. Neumann, Glennie, Alcona Co., Mich.

PALMER, HARVEY T.; Mrs. Virgie Sullivan, R. F. D. 2, Hillsdale, Ore.

**SEVERELY WOUNDED—39.**

**Lieutenants.**

MAGUIRE, JOHN T.; James H. Maguire, 815 Chest St., St. Louis.

SUTHERLAND, HUGH L.; Mrs. H. L. Sutherland, Benoit, Miss.

**Sergeants.**

BROWN, HAROLD W.; James F. McCheaney, 852 Sheridan Road, Chicago.

LINVILLE, RALPH D.; M. D. Linville, Glenwood, Ia.

PADDATZ, ALBERT E.; Mrs. William Brinn, 22 N. Spring St., Meriden, Conn.

WILLIAMSON, WILLIAM O.; Nathan T. Williamson, Blanchard, Caddo Co., La.

**Corporals.**

MURPHY MICHAEL F.; G. Wickert, 427 Eleventh St., Washington, D. C.

SILVERMAN, DAVID; Mrs. Sarah Silverman, 311 Williams St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

**Mechanician.**

BARANSKI, STANISLAW; Tony Novokawski, 27 Maple St., Middletown, Conn.

**Privates.**

ABBRUZZI, MARIO; Julio Abbruzzi, Bernardsville, N. J.

ANDERSON, MACK; Cook Anderson, R. F. D. 1, Inman, S. C.

BERTOLINO, THOMAS; Ghigo Antonio, 1,215 E. 50th St., Los Angeles, Cal.

BITTNER, CHESTER O.; Oliver Bittner, 1,085 N. Illinois St., Indianapolis, Ind.

BETONT, DOMINICK; Sam Betont, Houston, Penn.

BOLT, GEORGE B.; J. H. Bolt, R. F. D. 2, Woodbine, Iowa.

BROWN, ROSS H.; Byron E. Brown, R. F. D. 3, Lookeba, Okla.

COCHRAN, RAY G.; Edward Cochran, 20 2d St., Rankin, Penn.

CONNORS, PETER; Patrick Connors, 51 Laurel St., Manchester, N. H.

COOPER, DOLPHUS C.; J. W. Cooper, R. F. D. 1, Jacksonville, N. C.

DEAKINS, JESSE S.; William A. Deakins, St. Joseph, Mo.

DEARDI, ANDREW; Rose La Penda, 73 Fairmont St., Hartford, Conn.

DE CEOCCIO, ERNEST; James Stevens, 41 Wilson St., Hartford, Conn.

GAMBEIAN, RAYMOND W.; Children's Inst., City Hall, Boston, Mass.

GARRETT, DWIGHT; Mrs. Florence Garrett, 21 Tomlinson St., Ansonia, Conn.

GULLICKSON, GUST L.; Mrs. Arthur G. Zinn, 1,728 4th Av., So. Minneapolis.

KEARNEY, FRANK; Mrs. Mary Kearney, 41 Mozart St., Boston.

KOOISTRA, CASEY; George Kooistra, 198 Kentucky Av., Paterson, N. J.

LAFFERTY, JOHN W.; Vincent Lafferty, 443 Bleecker St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

LAWSON, ELIGAH; John Lawson, Gimlet, Ky.

McHUGH, PATRICK G.; Mrs. Margaret Brown, 306 5th St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

MELLOR, GEORGE E.; Mrs. Bessie Mellor, 723 Lawrence St., Lowell, Mass.

NAVARRO, SOTERO C.; Mrs. T. Christiana, 1,421 5th St., West Berkeley, Cal.

O'HAGAN, EDWARD L.; Miss Mary O'Hagan, 29 Albion St., Lowell, Mass.

O'KEEFE, JOHN J.; Miss Margaret O'Keefe, St. Elizabeth's Hospital, Lowell, Mass.

RABORN, GEORGE; S. J. Schwinn, Schwinn & Co., Tacoma Bldg., Tacoma, Wash.

RENICK, FRED ALLEN; Mrs. Eugene P. Voigt, 4,010 Conn. St., St. Louis, Mo.

ROSE, CHAUDE P.; Mrs. Annie Rose, 519 N. Neosho St., Cherryvale, Kan.

TOMM, GEORGE E.; Charles G. Tomm, Delavan, Ill.

YOUNGHAWK, JOE; Alfred Bear, Elbwoods, N. D.

**WOUNDED SLIGHTLY—9.**

**Sergeant.**

LEWIS, WILLIAM F.; Mrs. W. H. Orf, Millpoint, W. Va.

**Corporals.**

BROWN, CORNELIUS J.; John J. Butler, Boston.

RICHARDSON, ARTHUR; Mrs. E. Richardson, 1,514 North 104th St., Chicago.

**Privates.**

COCHRAN, BRUCE; George Cochran, Grafton, N. D.

ELENBASS, MARTIN; Isaac Elenbass, Lucas, Mich.

FLYNN, JOSEPH; John J. Flynn, 1,329 S. 54th St., Philadelphia.

HARTFORD, JAMES U.; F. W. Hartford, corner Walnut and River Sts., Mittineague, Mass.

THOMPSON, CHARLES G.; Mrs. W. Thompson, Atkinson, N. H.

GLYNN, MICHAEL J.; Mrs. Mary Curley, 7 Barry Park, Dorchester, Mass.

**MISSING IN ACTION—1.**

**Private.**

SUMMA, ROCCO; Tony Summa, Mill St., Waterbury, Conn.

## LIEUT. KURTZ KILLED BY FALL.

### Death of Pilot Probably Due to Accident, Pershing Says.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—General Pershing's communiqué, transmitted today to the War Department, reported that Lieutenant Kurtz, an American pilot, had been killed accidentally within the American lines.

His bulletin, dated at 9 o'clock last night, reads:

Section A—The artillery activity has decreased. There are no new developments to report.

Section B—This morning Lieutenant Kurtz, pilot in our air service, fell within our lines and was killed. His fall, apparently, was due to accident.

## THREE AMERICANS CAPTURED.

### All Are Privates and Their Homes Are in New England.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, May 23.—Information that the following American soldiers are prisoners of war has been received by the War Department:

Doherty, Edward J., private; Mrs. J. Doherty, mother, 1,253 Center St., Newton Center, Mass.

Holst, Carl, private; Mrs. M. Holst, mother, 1,258 Commonwealth Ave., Boston.

Muldoon, James N., private; Mrs. M. J. Muldoon, 17 Upland Road, Brighton, Mass.

This information was forwarded by the American Military Attaché at London, who received it from the British Postal Censorship. All three men are reported to be unwounded. The location of the prison camps at which they are held has not been made known.

## BANK FACILITIES FOR ARMY.

### Equitable, Guaranty, and Farmers' Loan and Trust Cos. Perfect Plans.

A joint arrangement has been entered into by the Equitable Trust Company, the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, and the Guaranty Trust Company to perfect safe and economical banking facilities for the American forces in France. These organizations have been officially designated as depositories for United States Government funds in France and England, according to a statement issued yesterday, and the "service checks" to be issued by them are the only checks of this nature authorized and approved by the Government.

The agreement provides for the sale at the concentration camps in the United States of checks which may be cashed at the London and Paris offices of the companies. They will be honored also at the London office of the International Banking Corporation, which is also a Government depositary, and at the numerous branches of the Bank of France, the Credit Lyonnais, the Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris, and the Société Generale. The stamp tax imposed by France will be paid by the trust companies, so that the checks will command their full face value.

The checks will be sold on the basis of the official exchange rate agreed upon between the United States and French Governments, no commission being charged. The present cost of the checks is as follows: 50 francs, $8.85; 100 francs, $17.69; 200 francs, $35.15. They are self-identifying, which will make it practically impossible for any except the authorised holders to cash them.

The Columbia Trust Company, which is the American correspondent of the London County Westminster and Parr's Bank, Limited, of London, announced yesterday the receipt of advices that the British institution, with its 700 offices in the United Kingdom, would cash United States Army pay drafts. The same facilities will be offered at the Paris branch. The bank has also opened a forwarding mail department in London and Paris for the accommodation of the American forces, the Red Cross, the Y. M. C. A., &c., which will forward mail to any address, after arrival in England and France.

## D. S. O. FOR AN AMERICAN.

### Col. J. N. Hodges of the Engineers Honored by British.

AMERICAN HEADQUARTERS ON THE BRITISH FRONT, May 22, (Associated Press.)—Colonel J. N. Hodges of the American Engineer Corps has received an award of the British Distinguished Service Order in recognition of his services during the period from March 27 to April 3.

Colonel Hodges is one of the first American officers to receive the D. S. O. From March 27 to April 3 was the period during which the British were stemming the tide of the German offensive begun on March 21.

The latest published United States Army list gives John N. Hodges as a Captain in the First Engineers.

## WOMEN ENROLL TOMORROW.

**Women who wish to vote in the primaries next September must enroll tomorrow. Enrollment places will be open from 8 A. M. to 10 P. M. A list of all these places was printed in The Times last Sunday.**

## BRITISH AID TO OUR TROOPS

### Furnishing Clothing and Arms, Says London Paper—Convoy Success.

LONDON, May 23.—"The many-sidedness of Great Britain's contribution to the war might well be kept more than it is before the eyes of the world," says The Daily Chronicle in commenting on the statement yesterday of Sir Robert Kindersley, Chairman of the National War Savings Committee, respecting the great increase since last Fall in the assistance given by small investors toward financing the war.

"How many people, for instance," the paper continues, "realise that Great Britain is clothing American troops in France and providing nearly all their armament, except artillery?

"How many people realise that down to Jan. 12, 1917, Great Britain had advanced no less than £1,186,000,000 to her allies and £175,000,000 to her dominions; that she transports a daily average of over 7,000 personnel and more than 30,000 tons of military supplies to France; that to the end of August, 1917, her navy and mercantile marine had transported and protected across the sea some 13,000,000 of personnel with the loss of only 3,500 altogether?

"The scale of the navys' work in particular is far too little appreciated. Its burdens extend much beyond the 420,000 who now man our ships. For instance, the Royal dock yards since the beginning of the war have repaired 31,470 war vessels, exclusive of the great amount of repair work done on allied ships.

"These branches of British war effort represent a strain for which there is practically no German equivalent, and are too often left out of account in comparing the other branches of activity which affect Great Britain and Germany alike, such as the provision of man power for the army, the supply of munitions, or the manufacture of aircraft."

## WILSON SPARES DESERTER.

### Orders Death Sentence Commuted to Twenty Years in Prison.

*Special to The New York Times.*

CAMP McCLELLAN, Anniston, Ala., May 23.—The sentence of death imposed by a general court-martial here, Feb. 11, on Private George Abendachein of Company L, 115th Infantry, has been commuted to twenty years in the Federal Penitentiary at Atlanta by President Wilson upon the recommendation of Major General Morton, commander of the 20th Division. Private Abendachein, whose home is in Maryland, was tried on charges of absenting himself from his command without proper authority and escaping from confinement three times before being set at liberty by proper authority.

He deserted twice, at Laurel and again at Camp McClellan in November, 1917, and was apprehended at Parkersburg, W. Va., a few days later.

In forwarding the case for the attention of the President General Morton made the following note:

"In the foregoing case of Private George Abendachein, Company L, 115th Infantry, the sentence is approved, but the execution thereof is suspended until the pleasure of the President is known and the record of trial is forwarded. It is recommended that this sentence be mitigated to confinement at hard labor for twenty years in the Federal Penitentiary at Atlanta, Ga., and forfeiture of all pay and allowances due or to become due."

Publication of the court's finding, General Morton's recommendation, and the orders of the President bearing on the case were published at the division headquarters this morning.


**Men's Saks-Made Suits at $25**

¶ The models take in everything from the snug-fitting single-breasted styles for young fellows to the most conservative models for men of maturer years. Single and Double-breasters are shown in both 2 and 3-button effects, exhibiting variations in pockets and lapels that leave nothing to be desired.

¶ If you lean toward a Fancy Cheviot; have an affinity for Striped Suitings; if you prefer a Green or a Brown, or a snappy mixture; or if you have a tri-color striped suiting in mind it's here in this showing of Saks-made suits at twenty-five dollars.

¶ You never saw such a display of suits at the price, nor has it ever been our privilege to assemble anything like it heretofore.

Over 1,000 to Choose From

**Golf and Norfolk Suits**

Formerly $17.50 to $28

**Reduced to $12 and $16**

Quantity Limited

**Saks & Company**

Broadway at 34th Street.

Novelty Hats—Styles that are unusual as well as distinctive—Smart small hats of hemp—lisere—milan—**sailors in rough straws** with "Rumchunda" dotted and figured bands—Japanese crepe bands in batik and oriental effects—$10

Windsor Ties to match if desired.

**J. M. Gidding & Co.**

Fifth Avenue at 46th Street



**Gimbel Brothers**

32nd ST.—BROADWAY—33rd ST.

Pre-Decoration Day Sales of

***Men's Clothing***

Two Splendid Assemblages of Men's Suits at

***$19.50 and $26.50***

**At $19.50**

A big assortment of men's suits in light and dark shades. Plain blue, plain oxford greys and fancy mixtures. Sizes broken. But we can find a suit for any man 33 to 50 in regular or stouts.

**At $26.50**

Some of the suits ¼, ½ or full lined; some silk, others mohair lined, in this season's latest colors, in plain blue serge, plain brown, plain greys, fancy striped effects, checks, plaids. 34 to 50.

**And These Specials for the BOYS**

**Boys' Norfolk Suits, $8.75, $11.75, $13.75**

Splendid values in wool mixtures, mostly dark patterns; splendid school suit. Broken sizes in each lot.

**Boys' Blue Serge Norfolks, $6.50, $8.75, $11.75, $13.75**

Splendid quality serge with one pair of knickerbockers. Broken sizes in each lot.

**Boys' Khaki Military Suits, $4.95**

A splendid quality Khaki—just the right shade, consisting of coat and breeches. Sizes 5 to 14 years.

**Boys' Junior Overcoats, $3.95**

Shepherd check, some with service emblem on the sleeve. Sizes 3 to 7 years.

**Boys' Wash Suits, $1.85**

Both in the Middy and Junior Suit styles, in splendid washable colors. Sizes 3 to 8 years.

**Boys' Knickerbockers, $1.50**

For Summer wear; very serviceable; good quality; grey and tan khaki, grey and tan crash, white duck.

GIMBEL-Greenhut Sale—Fourth Floor

Brooklyn, New Jersey and Long Island Customers—Direct to GIMBELS via Tubes and Subway.



**Stern Brothers**

*West Forty-second and Forty-third Streets*

**FURS STORED**

Repaired or Remodeled
At Moderate Rates

**RUGS AND DRAPERIES**

Cleansed, Repaired and Stored
at Minimum Cost

*Estimates Furnished* *Phone Vanderbilt 3100*



**KNOX STRAW HATS**

*Incomparable new styles, in which quality has in no wise been sacrificed for price. Shown in ample variety by an interested and pleasant sales force.*

*Yacht shapes of sennit and split braid, bangkoks, leghorns and panamas.*

*Five Dollars to Three Hundred*

**KNOX**

*452 Fifth Avenue at 40th Street*
*196 Fifth Avenue at 23rd Street* *191 Broadway, Singer Building*

# RUSSIANS HERE PLAN TO RAISE AN ARMY

## Confer in Washington on Efforts to Re-establish Orderly Government.

## WILL SEEK OUR SANCTION

### Report That Kerensky Is Already Here Denied—His Lieutenants at the Conference.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, May 23.—A group of influential Russians came to Washington today with the suggestion that a movement be initiated for the overthrow of the Bolshevist régime and the restoration of Russia to a position of importance in the war. The delegation, which spent some time in conference with Boris Bakhmetieff, the Russian Ambassador, and which was later accompanied to the State Department by Baron Ginsberg, an attaché of the Russian Embassy, was headed by Apollinarius Dimitrovitch Semenovsky, who was Minister of Ways and Communications under Premier Kerensky.

Other members of the delegation who took part in the conference at the Russian Embassy were reported to be Colonel Lrkoch, a member of the Russian Commission sent to the United States by Kerensky, Whitney Wishnevietsky, a representative of the Russian labor party, of which Premier Kerensky is himself a member, and Elias Rosenthal, an attorney.

The conferences today were preliminary to the formulation of a definite plan for aiding in bringing about the restoration of Russia to a position of power and influence, as well as of law and order. It is expected that when the plan has been definitely formulated it will be submitted to the United States Government for consideration and approval. The plan, so far as it has been developed, is understood to include the raising in this country of a volunteer force of Russians to be dispatched to Siberia. It is not yet known whether the movement will be an independent one or associated with the activities of General Semenoff.

The movement, to succeed, it is believed, would have to enjoy the support of the United States Government and depend on it or the Allies for supplies of guns, munitions, rolling stock for the Siberian Railroad and food supplies for the expedition. There are also many Russians outside of the United States who might be depended upon, it was asserted today, to join any substantial movement for the restoration of Russia.

A report was current that Secretary Baker would confer with Ambassador Bakhmetieff and Semenovsky at the Embassy today. This was officially denied at the Embassy, although it was intimated that there might be conferences with the American Government when the plans under consideration reach the point where they can be definitely submitted.

# SEMENOFF SETS UP INDEPENDENT STATE

## Anti-Bolshevist General and Admiral Kolchak Said to Have Quarreled.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PEKING, May 23.—General Semenoff has established an autonomous Government in the Trans-Baikal region.

HARBIN, May 19, (Associated Press.)—Serious differences have arisen between General Semenoff, the anti-Bolshevist military leader, and Admiral Kolchak, former commander of the Russian Black Sea fleet, and recently elected Director of the Chinese Eastern Railway.

Last week the Admiral, who commands the Russian forces in Manchuria, went to the town where Semenoff has his headquarters. The General refused to call, and the Admiral took the initiative.

General Semenoff, it is declared, declined to acknowledge that the Admiral possessed any authority outside Manchuria or any control over his forces. General Semenoff is wholly dependent upon the railway administration, while Admiral Kolchak can exercise no authority outside Manchuria without the support of Semenoff's soldiers.

### FIGHTING IN PETROGRAD.

**Great Stores of Anarchist Munitions Destroyed by Bolsheviki.**

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 23.—The Morning Post's Stockholm correspondent says that, according to reliable information received from French and American men of business in Russia, violent battles were fought on April 21 at Petrograd and Moscow between the Bolsheviki and anarchists.

Great stores of ammunition and arms belonging to anarchist clubs were blown up, and many people were killed.

# MANNERHEIM RESIGNS AS FINN MILITARY CHIEF

## General Disapproves Plan of Finnish Conservatives to Invade Russian Karelia.

LONDON, May 23.—General Mannerheim, Commander in Chief of the Finnish White Guard, has resigned because of the plan of the Finnish Conservatives to invade the Russian province of Karelia, according to an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Copenhagen today.

### PUT 1,752 TO DEATH.

**Wholesale Executions in Finland by Germans and White Guards.**

LONDON, May 23.—Under the White Guard and German régime in Finland, 1,752 persons were executed up to May 1, according to a Finnish Socialist, who has escaped to Sweden and whose interview with the Folkets Dagblad is transmitted from Copenhagen by the Exchange Telegraph Company.

According to the exile, 516 were executed in Tammerfors, 148 in Tournea, 380 in Varkom, and 380 in Vasa. Prisoners taken by the German and Finnish Government forces, he says, were treated so badly that many were starved to death.

### KORNILOFF BOBS UP AGAIN.

**Now Reported South of Moscow with His Army.**

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 23.—General Korniloff is reported to be south of Moscow with his army, and by many is regarded as destined to deliver Russia from the Bolshevist tyranny. There is no foundation whatever for the rumor that he and Lenine have been assassinated.

### "WALKING DEAD MEN."

**Condition of Prisoners Exchanged by Germany Enrages Russians.**

WASHINGTON, May 23.—Arrival at Petrograd of the first contingent of 1,500 Russian prisoners to be exchanged under the recent Russo-German agreement was reported to the State Department today. The men, the dispatch said, were "veritable walking dead men."

Recent dispatches said that the Germans had demanded an agreement for the exchange of prisoners under which only Russians not fit for work would be returned to Russia, and only able-bodied Germans would be returned to Germany.

Today's dispatches to the State Department said the condition of the soldiers returning to Petrograd aroused great indignation.

### PRUSSIANS TO AWE UKRAINE.

**Berlin Orders Eichhorn to Back Skoropadsky with Bayonets.**

LONDON, May 23.—General Eichhorn, German commander in Ukrainia, has received a message from Berlin, a Reuter dispatch from Moscow reports, saying that immediately a call for assistance is made by General Skoropadsky, Prussian regiments will be sent to crush any insurrection.

### EMERY STILL IN GERMANY.

**Finnish Government Again Asks for American's Release.**

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, May 23.—The State Department today received a belated telegram from Stockholm stating that Major Henry C. Emery, who was captured by the Germans on the Aland Islands while attempting to reach Sweden from "Red" territory in Finland, after leaving Petrograd when that city was menaced by the Germans, is at Lauenburg, Pomerania, where he is permitted by the Germans to move about freely.

American Minister Morris at Stockholm in another cable to the department reports that he had received word from the "White" Finnish diplomatic agent at Stockholm that his Government has again asked Germany to release Major Emery, and that there was a hope that this soon might be accomplished.

### WOMEN ENROLL TOMORROW.

**Women who wish to vote in the primaries next September must enroll tomorrow. Enrollment places will be open from 8 A. M. to 10 P. M. A list of all these places was printed in The Times last Sunday.**

# JAPAN AND CHINA SIGN NAVAL TREATY

## Military Agreement Between the Two Countries Explained by Peking Government.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PEKING, May 23.—The Enemy Trading act, which has been promulgated, consists of eight clauses. The Chino-Japanese Naval Convention has been signed.

PEKING, May 19—(Associated Press.)—The Government, through the Chinese News Agency, has authorized the following statement regarding the military agreement between China and Japan:

In view of the circulation of false reports, it is necessary to inform the Chinese people of the facts of the negotiations. Since the conclusion of peace between the Russian Maximalists and the enemy the fear has existed in Japan and China of an eastward intrusion of German influence. On account of the propinquity of their territory, the Government recognized the necessity of a definite arrangement for joint defense. This joint defense concerns military movements in Siberia and Manchuria, and has no reference to other matters. The scheme will become null and void with the termination of the war.

On the other hand, the convention will not be enforced unless the influence of the enemy actually penetrates Siberia. It is not a treaty, but an entente, which will become a scrap of paper if there is no enemy menace. The sole reason for the non-publication of the contents is the preservation of the secret from the enemy. The convention does not involve the loss of sovereign territorial rights and Japan gains no privileges.

TOKIO, May 17—(Associated Press.)—The military agreement between Japan and China has caused increased attention to be given the question of intervention in Siberia. It is understood that both Great Britain and France are actively favoring intervention, the former because of the dangers of the spread of German influence, and both Great Britain and France because they are convinced that it would hasten the winning of the war. The General Staff is ready for any action that may be ordered, but the Government has not announced any decision in the matter.

The best opinion here is that intervention is not likely until it is favored by the United States.

LONDON, May 23.—The British Government, Reuter's Limited says it learns, has now received the main terms of the agreement between China and Japan, and they are regarded with satisfaction by the British Government. The convention, it is declared, is a purely military one, with the object of the effective co-ordination of the military forces of the Allies, when such may become necessary to combat the German menace in the Far East.


Broadway **Saks & Company** at 34th St.

Today and Saturday—A Remarkable Display of

**$5.85 Wonder Hats**

in the newest modes for present and Summer wear

No smarter hats are to be seen than those shown in this display. They represent the newest and most individual creations introduced by foremost European and American designers. Transparent Georgette Crepe Hats in Mushroom Sailor, and Charlotte Corday types; shirred and pleated brim hats, and Satin and Maline combination hats are included; tastefully trimmed with

Ostrich Novelties, Exquisite Flowers, Draperies and Ribbon Novelties

For wear with the new high-colored Summer frocks, or for any other occasion, the opportunity for selection is most unusual. *Four styles illustrated.*



R. H. Macy & Co.

*Since It Is Your Duty to Economize—*

*Your Opportunity in Clothing Lies Here*

**Men's & Young Men's**

**SPRING SUITS**

**$24.75**

We have been sowing the seeds of cash trading for sixty years. Here is the result. The best clothes at the price in the city. It is a question whether, in these vital times, you can afford to ignore them.

| | |
|---|---|
| *Fancy Mixed Worsteds* | *English Soft Roll Sacks* |
| *Fancy Unfinished Worsteds* | *Three-Button Conservatives* |
| *Mixed Cassimeres* | *Double-Breasted Suits* |
| *Blue Serges and Homespuns* | *Young Men's Sacks* |

Macy's—Fifth Floor, Broadway, Front.

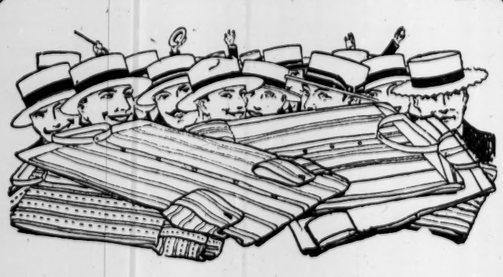
*We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other Store, but for Cash Only.*

*R. H. Macy & Co.*

Herald Square New York



R. H. Macy & Co.



*Continued—*

*SPECIAL SALE OF*

**Men's Shirts at $1.09**

—A sale born of shrewd judgment of a year ago and applied to the cash purchase of these shirts.

—A sale which, if carried over another few months, would mean advancing this price fully 50 per cent.

—A sale of Woven and Corded Madras, Mercerized Fabrics and Poplins, in a variety of patterns, with soft cuffs, coat style.

Main Floor, 35th Street

*R. H. Macy & Co.*

Herald Square New York



**Saks & Company**

Broadway at 34th Street

**Athena Underwear**

**For Particular Women**

For daintiness, comfort and wear, Athena Underwear is matchless.

Women find that it is made to fit them exactly without being stretched into shape and with no unnecessary and annoying folds of fabric at any point. The shoulder straps stay in place, there is just the right fullness over the bust, and at the hips, and the perfect fit at the waist prevents wrinkling under the corset. The patented seat and non-strain gusset provide ease and comfort to be found in no other undergarment. All sizes and qualities. Prices:

All Athena garments are made full over the bust and narrow across the back.
Cut low in front.
Straps cannot slip down.
Patent pocket-like seat stays closed and is always comfortable.

Vests and Tights

Reg. Sizes.....75c Extra Sizes.....85c

Union Suits

Reg. Sizes, 75c to $2 Extra Sizes, 85c to $2.25

*Saks & Co., sole New York distributors. Marshall Field & Co., Chicago, Makers.*

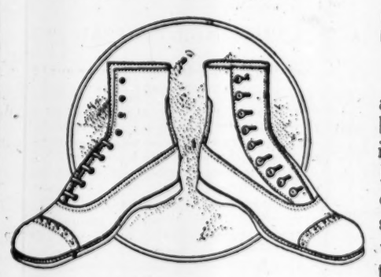


**Saks & Company**

Broadway at 34th St.

*Announce an Important*

**Sale of Children's and Misses' White Buckskin Shoes**



Smart lace and button buckskin shoes, in "Saks always Korrect" lasts—designed to insure proper development of the child's foot.

Sizes 6 to 8.....Very special $4.50

Sizes 8½ to 11.....Very special $5.00

Sizes 11½ to 2.....Very special $5.50



**FINAL REDUCTIONS**

WE HAVE a limited number of choice models that we will offer at one price—without reservation.

**Gowns**

**$25**

Suitable for every dress need and conveying the true expression of "Art in dress".

Mary Collins

9 East 57th Street



R. H. Macy & Co. Attractions Are Prices—Quality—Service.

**Macy's**

Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

*We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other Store, but for Cash Only.*

***Merry Saddles "Come Across"***

This is just to call your early attention to a large and recent importation of these celebrated London saddles.

Merry Saddles are not the easiest things to import at this time, as you well know. Here they are.

Merry Saddles are sold in no other store in this country.

Price $79.50

Macy's—Harness Dept., Fifth Floor, 34th St., Rear.

***Art-Service Reading Lamps***

It is possible among our varied reading lamps to secure the one which will meet your desk, piano or other lighting needs, without sacrificing the artistic to these requirements. Our assortment of lamps, combining design with many mechanical conveniences, is not to be surpassed in price or, we believe, in general variety, by any specialty house. Among the novelties shown is a bed lamp, fitted with dimmer device for controlling the light to as low as one candle power, and made to hang over the shoulder on the back of the bed. With shade, $3.89

Inconspicuous music lights with concentrated field, $4.74

Desk lamps in many finishes and novelty designs, fitted with ink well or clock stand or calendar holder, metal or glass shades, $3.89 to $17.89.

Macy's—Basement, Front.

***The Symbol Of Sacrifice***

**A Cross**

War only emphasizes the burden. Fortunately for us, the worry and anxiety and failures in giving our boys adequate care have been taken over by the wonderful organization of the Red Cross. They have done what we would like to do; they have done it far better than we ever could. They have simplified our crosses so that we can measure them by the standard we understand best. Do not let us fail them. It has been put up to us as a simple example in dollars and cents.

**Every Dollar We Cannot Put to a Definite Purpose Belongs to the Nation Which Made the Possession Possible**

***Silk Shirtings for Men***

Tub silk goods by the yard for the man who has his shirts made at home.

And at this time, women who can sew will find these silks advantageously priced.

Displayed in striped designs, green, black, pink, blue and helio on white ground. $1.19 a yd.

If you prefer a softer silk, in popular crepe or quality Jersey weaves, the best known lines on the market, we have them at "Lowest-in-the-City" prices.

$1.89 and $1.98 a yd.

Macy's—Second Floor, 35th St., Silk Dept.

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# The Red Cross is for those who suffer

War has not brought new sufferings, but it has enormously multiplied suffering and has caused misery to fall in new places and in horrible combinations.

The old who were protected, the children who were sheltered, the women who were cherished, have been called upon to endure to the uttermost. Upon those countries exhausted in death grips the blows have fallen hardest; upon those least able to meet them calamities have piled upon calamities. It happens that this full load of tragedy has not fallen upon us, but it happens by the same token we may help to meet it.

The Red Cross aims to be where human needs are, and to act as its individual members would, could they be present and endowed with the same means.

The Red Cross is helping our soldiers and sailors in a practical way. It is helping the comfort and the spirit of our Allies, and in both these things it is helping to shorten the war by rendering more effective the service of the armed forces of all the Allies.

But beyond its practical help it is dedicated to the alleviation of human suffering, and this war has given splendid evidence, through the Red Cross, of the spirit of the American people, the spirit of simple human kindness, toward suffering wherever encountered. The daily record of incidents which the widespread Red Cross organization meets suggests how universal is the need for help. The need is so vast that only a universal answer can cope with it.

## Children

THE spirit of the children of France makes doubly worth while the efforts of the Red Cross to save them. Major Murphy tells this story:

"I remember I was at one time outside Popering. I went there to a little home which was maintained for refugees. It was a hospital and a home. I saw soldiers — a mutilated soldier was walking across the lawn, and he was leading by the hand a little boy about eight years old who had a bandage over his eyes. That child had been blinded by a German shell, and they had to take out both of his eyes.

"He did not know he was blind. He thought it was the bandage; and even when they took the bandage off he still thought there was something tied over his eyes. He was very happy, and had no idea of the seriousness of the situation. While standing there talking to this soldier, the little fellow put his bandaged head down on the ground and turned a somersault. There is so much of that spirit over there."

IN THE ordinary course of a day's work, a Red Cross official sent in this report to the Paris headquarters:

"There arrived last week at Evian, where the repatriates from France and Belgium are received back into France, a train loaded with Belgian children.

"There were 680 of them — thin, sickly, from four to twelve years of age — children of men who refused to work for the Germans and of mothers who let their children go rather than have them starve. They poured off the train, little ones clinging to the older ones, girls all crying, boys trying to cheer. They had come all the long way alone.

"On the platform were the Red Cross workers to meet them. The children who could walk at all marched along crying, 'Meat, meat; we are going to have meat.' Their little clawlike hands were significant, but a doctor said, 'We have them in time; a few weeks of proper feeding and they will pull up.' Thirty per cent. of the older *repatries* die the first month from exhaustion. The children can and must be saved."

THESE trains that pull into Evian are laden with the too-young and the too-old for German purposes. On their arrival the repatriates are registered, washed, given fit clothing and food, and put to sleep in clean beds. Thousands and thousands of these repatriates have known the blessing of Red Cross help. The story of Gaston is typical.

Gaston is a little boy aged seven, who walks with a crutch. His father had gone to fight the Boche; his mother managed to keep the home until a certain day when the siren blew. That day Gaston and his sister were playing in the yard and ran to the cellar when they heard the first blast. They had been told to do so. When the siren ceased they went back to play in the yard.

Then something happened, and for days after he came out of the hospital Gaston couldn't for the life of him remember what it was.

The thing that dropped in the yard tore away one leg and mangled his sister.

While he was in the hospital his mother disappeared. So they put Gaston on a train for Evian.

The Red Cross nurse was helping Gaston along the road — he handled his crutch awkwardly as yet — when a woman shrieked and gathered the cripple to her bosom.

Few mothers and children among the repatriates are so blessed with fortune. Tens of thousands of them will never know the bliss of such reunions.

THE school children of France have learned to slip on their gas masks as handily as their fathers in the trenches. The regions under gas fire are growing with the increasing range of the big guns, for more and more of the shells are gas shells.

No matter how constant this menace is, or how near to the lines a town may be, the future of the French boys and girls is not neglected, and the schools go on. But the day's routine is varied by the drills, when, at a given signal, gas masks are slipped on, just as at other signals, which mean bombardment, the children run to the cellars or fall flat on the floor to protect themselves.

When the Red Cross began to help these children, it was found that many of them were mere infants, some less than one year old. The tinier children could not manage the gas masks, and for these and for the children who had been herded together in old barracks, dirty and practically unfurnished, and with no sanitary appliances, the Red Cross established a home at Toul, where hundreds of tots are brought from the dangerous districts and saved from the death which would almost certainly overtake them were they left in their homes.

THE American Red Cross is caring to-day, in one way or another, for 50,000 French children. It is the hope of the Red Cross, in co-operation with the French Government, to save the lives of 40,000 infants a year.

## Serbia

CRUSHED by the combined Austrian-German advance, the nation of Serbia was overrun; its population forced into exile or left in the hands of the invader. Serbia was no longer a vital military factor in the war. The contribution of the American Red Cross to the people of Serbia is an expression of human kindness on the part of the American people to a suffering nation.

When the Red Cross Mission went to Serbia, the Austrian atrocities had reached their zenith. The Austrians had set themselves to annihilate that nation. In some places the people were driven by soldiers with fixed bayonets into courtyards of the schools and there shot down. In others, they were tied in groups to hayricks which were then set on fire. Victims were left hanging by scores to village trees.

There is a little strip of Serbia in the neighborhood of Monastir that has been saved from the invader, and it is here the Red Cross is helping what is left of Serbia. There are 21,000 acres of fertile plain in this district, and to this district the Red Cross is sending enough seeds and farm machinery to assure the production of thousands of bushels of barley, rye, potatoes and other food produce this year.

The 50,000 Serbians huddled into this district will become self-supporting. The medical assistance, the sanitary help necessary to these women children and old men, is being provided. There is hope for at least this little remnant of a brave people.

## Roumania

COMPARABLE with Serbia is the case of Roumania. Rendered helpless by the enemy advance, Roumania, too, gave the Red Cross an opportunity not for making a nation more effective for war, but rather a chance to help a stricken people without hope of gain.

The Red Cross Mission to Roumania found conditions impossible to describe; found inhabitants picking wild grass for food. In the little village of Seltiu, a squalid shack of wood and mud was occupied by three little children. Their mother had succumbed to typhus. Their father was a soldier at the front. The eldest, a girl of ten, was acting as mother to a boy of four and a little sister of seven. The boy was lying helpless on a bag on the stone floor, his face eaten partly away by a malignant skin disease. The bones stuck out all over his tiny body. The girl was little better off. There were neither relatives, friends, nor any Government agency to give relief to these unfortunate children.

While it could, the Red Cross strove with all its might to bring relief to this stricken land. But the determination of Roumania and the help of the Red Cross was not sufficient proof against the trying conditions which Roumania faced, and the last chapter of American Red Cross help for Roumania was written when the Queen of Roumania recently cabled the Red Cross:

"At this hour in the midst of tragic events my thoughts turn with gratitude towards those who in anxious days, but when there was still hope, came to my aid. I wish once more to thank the American Red Cross for the splendid way in which it answered my appeal of a few months ago. A terrible fate has obliged Colonel Anderson, who was ready to remain in spite of adverse circumstances, to leave with all his unit. The work the American Red Cross Mission did amongst our wounded and amongst the suffering population is unforgetable to me and my people. Now that my country has to remain alone and forsaken, I wish once more to raise my voice and to thank all those who helped me, and to ask that we and our nation should not be forgotten. I ask of the great heart of America to remember Roumania, if even for a while. Strangulated, her cries will not reach it, and her tears will have to be wept in secret."

MARIE, QUEEN OF ROUMANIA.

★ ★ ★

These are the situations that, multiplied almost without limit, challenge the American Red Cross. The story of Red Cross help must necessarily be told in totals, but for each unit there is a terrible and pathetic story. Where the symbol of the American Red Cross goes there is the reminder to bruised souls that the long miles between cannot separate suffering from American sympathy.

Then there is the great faith that America, rich with a wealth greater than any, with her territory undisturbed, can and will move with the spirit of devotion of which the Red Cross is a symbol and to which it is a servant.

★ ★ ★

This is the last of a series of five announcements covering the work of the Red Cross.

Red Cross Chapters have statements showing in detail how the War Fund is being expended. Ask your Chapter for these statements.

May, 1918.

Announcement Number 5.

# The American Red Cross

This space has been contributed by
LIGGETT & MYERS TOBACCO CO.

# L COMPANY OF 69TH GAME IN FIRST FIGHT

### Capt. Merle-Smith Describes the Gallantry of His Men When Germans Attacked.

### STOOD FAST IN HAIL OF FIRE

**Several Won Crosses, and All Acted Like Veterans, He Informs Their Women Folk.**

Captain Van Santvoord Merle-Smith, commanding Company L of the old 69th Regiment, has sent a letter to the relatives of the men of his company describing the conduct of the soldiers the first time they were under German shellfire. He details graphically their coolness under the attack and mentions the names of many who distinguished themselves by gallant behavior. Four of his Sergeants, he reports, have been taken from the ranks to be commissioned as officers.

The letter is addressed to the mothers, wives, and friends of the men of the company who meet as a unit each week to exchange bits of news from the front and work for the regiment.

The letter follows:

*To the Women of Company L, 165th Infantry:*

Probably you have heard by this time from those you are interested in details of the first experience of actual warfare we have had, but it is due that I should share with you my pride in the magnificent showing your boys, brothers, and husbands made when up against the boche, and the steadiness and courage and loyalty which meant so much to me and to all in their confidence in each other.

I have not time to relate the preparation work under heartrending conditions of hardship and lack of facilities, where the loyal and efficient work of the non-commissioned officers pulled us through everything with a smile and a company pride which became at first the secret envy of men and officers of other companies, and then the outspoken admiration. All the men deserved credit, but I can only mention here Sergeants Gannon, Larkin, Collins, Mahon, Heffernon, Donahue, Dunn, Landzert, Wittlinger, and Redmond among the many who helped to develop the present company.

The first experience of the men under fire came while digging a reserve trench behind the lines. Picture the long, long line of men digging like beavers except when called to stand immovable when German airplanes passed overhead. Then in the stillness the sharp crack of a shell bursting about sixty feet in the air directly over the centre of the line, and a shower of small splinters from the back blast. It was so sudden and unexpected, this first shell, that the men gave me the impression of metaphorically feeling themselves all over to see whether they were killed. They looked a bit dazed, but nobody was hit. It was a ranging shot from a German battery on our flank; the dangerous splinters passed well over us, so the men were ordered to work, and they did it with a laugh. After three more shells the Huns began to better their range, so I withdrew the men and, well spread out in the woods, we had our lunch, watching from a safe distance the Hun shower with about 150 shrapnel and high explosive shells the position where we had been working. When the bombardment let up, back we went, the men well separated, and, although about ten shells burst over them, there was hardly a movement in the line except to bend the head toward the burst to get the fullest protection from the steel helmet. In a short three hours they had gone a long way on the road toward being veterans.

**Hail of 1,700 Shells.**

It was clear from the rate of fire that the Germans thought they had scared us off and were putting these shells over slowly to keep us away, so I kept careful watch for the German plane which undoubtedly would come over to see if we had fooled them and come back. Over it came, just as we finished the work. Quick orders, and with the smoothness of veterans equipment was hurriedly slung and we moved rapidly out. When we were about 250 yards down the road in safety, the heavens opened and about 1,700 shells of all calibres were thrown on the spot where we had been digging, covering the immediate vicinity with shell holes all along the trench. We had done our work, fooled the boche, with no casualties but a rifle stock broken by a shell splinter, and each man was secretly proud because all knew that the company had been put in the most dangerous part of the trench after the first bombardment because they could be relied upon.

The same night news came from the front line of a number of casualties in our company sector, and of the dangerous condition in which the sector had been put by heavy enemy bombardment. The orders were changed and Company L was designated to take over that sector, instead of another one.

When we marched out at 1 A. M. to relieve this other company all knew that we would have serious work ahead of us. The relief was made, and we had no more than the usual shelling for a day. The next day the boche started in with 10-inch mortar shells on the outposts and trenches. There was much danger, but report after report came to me from the officers referring to the coolness of the men, their prompt obedience to orders involving risk of death. Men in the outposts stuck to their posts, though their shelters were laid flat by shells which made craters 18 feet in diameter and 8 feet deep. Lieutenant Booth was wounded, not seriously, withdrawing men from the outposts under this fire, and has been decorated with the French Croix de Guerre. I cannot give you the detail of the work of your men, but for about seven hours each day the Huns hammered our outposts and trenches. Sections of trench were reduced to masses of craters, huge gaps were torn in our wire entanglements, and each night under machine-gun and rifle fire your men worked out in No Man's Land, repairing wire, or in the trenches, digging them anew, while the covering parties patrolled out toward the German wire to prevent attack.

The men worked there many nights until the next dawn began to show on the eastern horizon. You may well suppose that working all night and suffering heavy bombardment all day could be a considerable strain, but never once under fire or during dangerous and delicate work did I fail to receive an easy confident smile from your boys as they stood at their posts or did their work. Here showed the results of the hard, grinding training, and their confidence in the non-commissioned officers and platoon leaders. One can never realize unless one has been through it how much of the natural strain is taken off every one's mind by the knowledge that the man on post next you is surely on the job and ready to do more than his duty; that the non-commissioned officers and officers are keen and cool and know what they are talking about when they tell you such and such a place is the best for you, or when ordered to do a dangerous thing that every possible precaution is taken for your safety. And the confidence was well taken, because with all the hammering we got there were only three wounded in the company sector, and those so slightly that they were annoyed at having to go to the rear.

**Corporal Spencer Wins Cross.**

I cannot give you the details of raids from and on our sectors, though I wish I could, nor of the many little deeds of devotion to duty and bravery. Private Sandy, after having a large splinter up the side of his overcoat, calmly called his men, put them in safety, and then continued his observations of the enemy fire. Corporal Spencer, in an unprotected observation post, amid showers of splinters, noted and reported on the position of the enemy guns shelling us and the effect of our own counter-artillery fire. He was given the Croix de Guerre for his coolness and bravery, and for the result of his careful work, insuring the safety of the command. Corporal Bezaid did excellent work directing wiring parties at work under machine gun fire. There was the cool resourcefulness of Sergeants Collins, Heffernon, and Donahue, and of Acting Sergeants Convey and Redmond in various dangerous situations; the work of Sergeant Kerr and Private Barlin (or Balin?) in repairing the telephone wires under bombardment when the wire they were repairing was cut by splinters between them.

These are only a few instances among the number I know about, and there are undoubtedly many more of which I am ignorant. For instance, it does not include the men sent under shellfire daily to carry food and supplies to the front-line trenches, or the messengers who must go whatever the conditions. These are all things which in other wars would have earned citation of bravery; in this war they are merely one's duty.

Such is the stuff of which your men are made, and the above is a poor picture of experiences that have put a new look into their eyes. They are veterans, and they show it in looks and in behavior. They have gained new confidence and comradeship and many other things, and they are proud of it, for they know it is pure gold.

I only wish to report that I write this so that you may share in the intense pride I have in them, one and every man, and to share also with you my joy in seeing them all in magnificent health and spirits after my return from the hospital, where I was forced to go after we left the trenches because of a slight wound.

Please let my wife know if there is anything we can do for you over here.

VAN SANTVOORD MERLE-SMITH,
Captain N. G., 165th Infantry,
Commanding Company L.

P. S.—Sergeants Mahon, Larkin, Donahue, Collins, and Dunn have been taken from us to make officers of them, and Sergeant Sheahan has been promoted to Regimental Color Sergeant.

## GERMANS RAIL AT WILSON

**But Vorwaerts Says Red Cross Speech Points Berlin Mistakes.**

AMSTERDAM, May 23.—Commenting on President Wilson's recent speech in New York in opening the Red Cross campaign, the Berlin newspaper Vorwärts says that it is easy to pick out many parts of the address as mere German-baiting and exaggeration, but that on the whole it accurately reflects the psychological impression which the peace of Brest-Litovsk and that of Bucharest were bound to produce on the other side of the Atlantic. The Socialist organ rails at what it calls the "alleged unselfishness" of the Entente's aims, but says that doubtless President Wilson's people will believe him.

The peace made by the Central Powers in the East, the newspaper thinks, has greatly strengthened President Wilson's position. Germany is propagating the idea, says Vorwärts, that the speech was meant to offset "the British peace offensive," but it declares the trick will not work.

Other German newspapers, none of which prints the speech in full, comment in the usual abusive style on the alleged "impurity" of the President's motives. "His is a pathological case," the Kreuz-Zeitung says.

# 52 ENEMY ALIENS LEAVE FOR GEORGIA

### William Dunbar, Ensign in the Naval Reserve, Among Those Taken to Oglethorpe Prison.

### O'LEARY IS STILL MISSING

**Women in Bronxville Unite in Crusade Against Attacks on Allies.**

Fifty-two enemy aliens started for the internment prison at Fort Oglethorpe, Georgia, yesterday morning. One of the enemy subjects was "William L. Dunbar," the young German who was arrested several months ago when in command of a United States naval patrol vessel. Until his name—the name he uses is said to be assumed—appeared on the list of enemy subjects ordered interned, not a word had been given out concerning "Dunbar" since his arrest by agents of the Naval Intelligence Service last year. The man posed as an American citizen of English extraction in order to get into the navy. He held the rank of ensign in the Naval Reserve force when taken into custody.

It transpires that Dunbar has been for months a prisoner in the Mercer County, N. J., jail. The fact that he made an unsuccessful effort to get into the aviation section of the army, and failing in that got into the navy, has caused a great deal of speculation as to the action the Department of Justice would take in his case. The matter has now been settled and he will reside in the Georgia interment camp until the war ends.

Eugen Schwerdt, the German wool expert, who was one of Hugo Schmidt's chief assistants in the effort that was made to get wool from the United States, South America, South Africa, and Australia into Germany, was also of the party. Schwerdt is the man who went to Belgium more than a score of years ago, became a subject of the Belgian crown, and even permitted his son to enter the Belgian army. He won the friendship of King Albert, and as a result of that friendship was able to get his son out of the army and bring him to this country. Subsequently he sent the boy to South America to gain information needed by the Germans.

Karl Schubert, said to be a friend of Bernstorff's, and whose wife was the first German women to be arrested after Congress passed a law putting German women on the same status as men, is also among those on the way to Georgia. Josef Stulz, the Poughkeepsie chemist who married into one of the best-known and wealthiest families of that city, is another member of the southbound delegation.

Others in the party are Charles Lang, Josef Ballznec, Franz August Wildgrube, Louis Glanz, Gothilf Wenzel, Ernst Müller, Wilhelm Suhring, Georg Adolf Schmidt, Edward W. C. Muller, Edmund Fischer, Paul Degenhardt, Josef Stochlin, Hans Donecker, Johann Yeager, Ernst Brunette, Zarie Alesmann, Karl Gessert, Johann Heinrich, Johann Beckmann, Fritz Berlitz, A. E. Jacob, Fritz Schaly, Georg P. Scholl, Johann Wittenberg, Adolf Schönberg, Ernesto Perez, Hans Fleiss, Georg Kuhlmann, Josef Feoderer, Emil Ellermann, Bernhardt Mowbers, Friedrich Liebeck, Wilhelm Lübbers, Anton Yacubin, Karl Braun, Heinrich Zenter, and Karl J. Vogel.

Jeremiah A. O'Leary, the Sinn Fein agitator, was reported absent when, for a second time this week, he was called for trial in the Federal District Court yesterday. O'Leary has been missing since May 8, the day he left his home on what was supposed to be a trip to the Adirondacks. The case will be called for trial a third time on May 31. In the meantime the Secret Service is searching the country for the fugitive.

While details have not been made public, it is known that the Government is now making a thorough investigation of the Sinn Fein situation in this country, particularly in New York, where the agitators are said to have their headquarters.

Prominent women of Bronxville, who met at a luncheon given by Mrs. Casper Whitney at the Hotel Gramatan yesterday, adopted a resolution declaring that, "Since it is generally known that there is a group of persons in this village, who, while not openly antagonistic to our Government, still give evidence of a disposition to thwart the efforts of our Government by voicing utterances tending to create suspicion in American minds as to the good faith of some of our allies, it becomes the duty of every person here present to assist in creating such public opinion that these persons will cease their insidious endeavors or that they be dealt with in such a manner that they can do no more mischief."

**FIND O'LEARY'S AUTO.**

**Newburg Garage Owner Says Car Was Left by Fugitive's Brother.**

NEWBURG, N. Y., May 23.—The seventy horse power Mercer car belonging to Jeremiah O'Leary, the Irish agitator, was found in a garage here early today by James Williamson, County Detective, and Lieutenant Dickey of the Newburg police. The owner of the garage, William P. Donahue, said the car had been left with him on May 11 by Dr. Daniel O'Leary, a brother of the fugitive. The instructions, he said, were to remove the tires and jack up the car, as it would not be placed in commission again this year. The license number plates had been taken off, but were in the car. Dr. O'Leary is a practicing physician here. He said today that the car had been brought to Newburg by John O'Leary, another brother.


SHIP'S BELL, MANTEL, AUTOMOBILE and BANJO CLOCKS

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JEWELERS AND SILVERSMITHS
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Fifth Avenue, 37th and 38th Sts.

*A Distinctive, Practical, Smartly Tailored*

"War Time" Dress

(Trade mark registered—Patent applied for)

All rights to the "War Time" Dress will be fully protected

Of Serge or Wool Tricotine, in Navy or Black

*For Women and Misses*

Sold exclusively by Franklin Simon & Co.

*Endorsed by Patriotic Women of the National War Time Dress Committee*

"War Time" Serge Dress
Without adjustable throw-scarf. 19.50

"War Time" Serge Dress
Of superior quality men's wear serge with adjustable throw-scarf. 38.00

"War Time" Tricotine Dress
Of superior quality wool tricotine, with adjustable throw-scarf. 48.00

Particularly graceful are the slender lines of this dress; fine tailoring is a noticable feature and very effective is the adjustable silk fringed throw-scarf that can be worn as illustrated or as a straight stole.

*With Every War Time Dress sold, one dollar will be donated to the War Fund for the Relief of Blinded Soldiers in the United States Army*

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Franklin Simon & Co.
Fifth Avenue, 37th and 38th Sts.

Clearance Sale
TO-DAY—(FRIDAY)

Women's High-Class Coats

For Street, Dress, Travel or Motor Wear
*Also a Number of Silk Coats*

This season's most desirable models, fabrics and colors; of suede cloth, duvet de laine, wool tricotine, gabardine, men's wear serge or knit back polo cloth.

18.50

*Heretofore $29.50 to $59.50*

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FOUNDED 1856

SATISFYING customers, and merely selling them are entirely distinct operations. It is because our sales policy is standardized on the complete satisfaction idea that we retain the confidence of our patrons. Everything for Spring for men, young men and boys.

Today we shall apportion one-tenth of our sales to

The Red Cross

Your expenditures here shall be tempered with mercy towards your fellowmen who now are being nourished and cared for by that splendid organization

The Red Cross

which sacrifices without limit to succor all without regard to race, creed or color.

BROKAW BROTHERS
1457-1463 BROADWAY
AT FORTY-SECOND STREET

Lord & Taylor
38th Street FIFTH AVENUE 39th Street

*Women's, Misses', Juniors', Girls' and Infants' Cotton Dresses*

One of the Most Important Sales of the Season—Today

Important because of the large number of exclusive styles, the excellent and serviceable materials, the careful workmanship and extremely low prices.

**Cotton dresses have been adopted by the best dressers as the one fabric that meets the war-time needs in a practical and economical way.**

Months ago we set out to make this great dress sale one of the best times to secure your entire supply of summer dresses at a worth while saving.

*Women's Dresses*

*Novelty Voile Dresses*
Smart plaid, dotted and figured effects, combinations of white with novelty Voiles. Simple models with Organdie collars and cuffs. $5.50

*Novelty Voile Dresses*
Fancy flowered Voiles, checks, dots and stripes; white Voile combined with colored effects. Wide girdles; dainty collars and cuffs add to their style. $8.50

*Novelty Voile Dresses*
Plain colors, fine checks and fancy effects, in models with tunics or frilled skirts; bodices with deep white collars, in newest effects. $10.00

*Flowered Organdie Dresses*
Dainty pastel tinted effects in models with tiny net frills. Deep cape and fichu collars of net, lace and organdie. Extremely pretty styles. $12.50

*Checked Organdie Dresses*
Light colored effects, in charming model, featuring new round double collar and deep cuffs of white Organdie; skirt with knee deep hem and pleated white frills. $15.00

*Beaded Voile Dresses*
Imported cotton Voile, in fast colors; graceful tunic models, elaborately beaded. Also braid embroidered Voile Dresses, in white and light shades. $19.50

*Calico Dresses*
Dots and stripes in indigo blue on black with white. Models with deep tucks in skirts; tailored bodice effects pique trimmed. $21.50

*Voile and Taffeta Dresses, $22.50*

Third Floor.

*Misses' Dresses*
(Sizes 14-20 Years)

*Fancy Voile Dresses*
Seeded Voile, floral patterned and in dainty shades of pink, blue, gray or tan. A model with hemstitched Organdie collar and cuffs, and full skirts. $3.95

*Lawn and Voile Dresses*
Fine printed lawns, striped and flowered Voiles; also sheer Batistes; in lovely light shades and darker practical colors. Over 30 pretty models in this group. $5.00

*Dainty Summer Dresses*
White Organdies, check and plaid Ginghams, woven Voiles and tissues; many dark patterns in the collection. Wide hems, tucked skirts; sashes or velvet girdles. $6.95

Third Floor.

*Infants' Dresses*
(Sizes to and including 6 years)

*Little Children's Bloomer Dresses*
Chambray of excellent quality in pink, blue, yellow, tan or green. Quaint models with novel pockets, white collar and cuffs. $2.85

Fourth Floor.

*Girls' Dresses*
(Sizes 6 to 14 years)

*Girls' Tub Dresses*
Six new models in Parkhill Ginghams, Chambrays and pretty figured Voiles, Collars and cuffs pique trimmed; some with touches of hand embroidery. $2.50 and $3.50

Third Floor.

ESTABLISHED 1845
MARK CROSS
TRADE MARK
LONDON
ACTUAL MAKERS

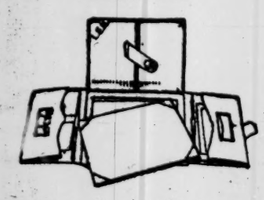
*"When Baffled—To Fight Better"*

*"One who never turned his back but marched breast foremost, Never doubted clouds would break, Never dreamed, though right were worsted, wrong would triumph."*

*The only way out of this war is THROUGH it; and we may be through it all sooner than we dare to hope. There is the supreme joy of FAITH.*

*Cigar case (at left), "book" design, lambskin lining, 2 pockets to take 6 cigars; 5½ x 4 inches (initials stamped 25c. extra). Tan pigskin, $9.00 Black pin seal, $8.50 Colored pin seal. $9.50*

*Travelling watch, folding design, glazed calfskin leather, gold-tooling border, Waterbury Ingersoll radium watch, opening 1¼-inch, diameter case 3½ x 2" inches closed.. $11.00*



*Writing case, open and closed, removable blotter pad, extension compartment underneath for papers, etc.; pockets for stationery, cards and stamps; pen holder and pencil, lock and key; 12½ x 9 inches. (Initials stamped without charge), French morocco, in colors.....$11.75*

*Bag—Specially Priced*

*"Madison" bag, for women; moirette lining, one pocket. Black scallon, sizes: 12-13-16 inches. (Initials stamped without charge).....$12-$13-$14*

*Bag—Specially Priced*

*"Windsor" bag, for men; box body, reinforced corners, double handles, linen lining, 3 pockets, black grained patent leather. Sizes: 16, 18 or 20 inches. (Initials stamped without charge).....$20.00*

*Cross "Table-Tray"*

*"Table-tray," with legs folded under, can be carried as a tray to the desired place and there made at once into a table by a slight pressure on the side springs.*

*Set as a table. When through using, pressure on side springs brings legs up into place and out of sight, a tray again! Tray of solid mahogany, unfitted. (Service extra).....$18.75*

Mark Cross

The World's Greatest Leather Stores

New York

404 Fifth Ave. At (57th Street) — 253 Broadway (Opp. City Hall)

Boston 145 Tremont St. — London 89 Regent St.

Dealers Throughout the World

# REA AND WILLARD DROPPED BY M'ADOO

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

chosen by Mr. McAdoo, if recommended by Mr. Smith.

On all of these points, however, Director General McAdoo remained silent today and refused to discuss the reports which were heard on every side.

Mr. McAdoo today announced the selection of two more Regional Directors. After June 1 the Southern region will be in charge of B. L. Winchell, who has resigned as Director of Traffic of the Union Pacific and severed all of his connections with other corporate interests. Mr. Winchell will have offices at Atlanta. He was a former President and General Manager of the Kansas City, Fort Worth & Memphis system; President of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railroad, and President of the St. Louis & San Francisco Railroad and the Chicago & Eastern Illinois Railroad.

N. D. Maher, President of the Norfolk & Western Railway, was appointed Director of the Pocahontas region, with offices at Roanoke, Va. He will have supervision over the Chesapeake & Ohio Railway east of Louisville, Ky., Columbus, and Cincinnati; the Chesapeake & Ohio Northern, the Norfolk & Western Railway, and the Virginian Railway. In addition, the Pocahontas region will include the terminals and harbor operations of all lines reaching Hampton Roads.

The selection of Federal Managers who will be in charge of the operation of the individual lines and report to the regional Directors is being studied with the greatest care by Mr. McAdoo, his regional Directors, and the members of his Advisory Council. It will be the purpose of the Railroad Administration in this way to obtain the services of the men who have been active in the operating end of the systems and men who have exhibited the spirit of co-operation with the Government officials since the railroads came under their control.

It is understood that a number of the railroad Presidents who have not been in direct charge of operations have expressed the desire to remain at the head of their corporations rather than be named as Federal Managers, as they consider that they will have work of the most vital importance to the stockholders, to perform in the former capacity. All of these questions will be taken into consideration.

**All Freight Charges in Cash.**

Another sweeping order, which will have a far-reaching effect, was issued today by Mr. McAdoo placing all transportation charges strictly upon a cash basis. It was stated frankly that this was done to make it impossible for railroads to demand cash of some shippers and extend credit to others, a practice which Mr. McAdoo believes permitted much unfair discrimination.

The new regulations will go into effect on July 1. The first intimation that such an order would be promulgated was given on May 20, and there have been protests lodged by a number of shippers, some of them affiliated with the National Shippers' Association of Chicago and other organizations. To all such protests Mr. McAdoo, however, has turned a deaf ear. As a warning to the railroads and shippers Mr. McAdoo authorized this statement by C. A. Prouty, Director of the Division of Public Service and Accounting of the Railroad Administration:

"The Director General is about issuing an order putting the payment of all transportation charges upon a cash basis, and is especially desirous that this shall result in as little inconvenience as possible to the public. The rule should be interpreted in a practical, business way. If, for example, the consignee who is financially responsible is accustomed to send for his freight in the morning, and the collection of the freight charge is effected in the afternoon, that should be treated as a cash transaction, so long as the consignee continues to pay his freight charge promptly upon presentation of the freight bill. Similar application of the rule should be made in the collection of a prepaid charge from a shipper. That is to say, payment of such a charge, if made on the day the shipment is forwarded, will be treated as a cash transaction.

"The enforcement of the cash rule will require payment by the shipper and consignee, for the most part, without opportunity for the correction of errors in the freight bill, but in all cases where a mistake is obvious or where it is plainly indicated upon the face of the bill, the agent should make the correction before exacting payment.

"The Director General is also anxious that the public shall understand that the reason for the promulgation of this order is to prevent discrimination between shippers and consignees. The extending of credit in the payment of transportation charges to one person while it is denied to another results in a preference in favor of the person to whom credit is given. While repeated attempts have been made in the past to check this evil, competitive conditions have rendered it impossible to do so. At the present time many shippers and consignees, especially large ones, enjoy with respect to many of their freight bills a credit not only of days but of weeks and sometimes of months. There seems to be no way of dealing with this except to enforce the cash rule.

"The Director General further instructs me to say that he has under consideration rules, which will be promulgated in the near future, touching upon the settlement of overcharges and claims for loss and damage, which he believes will result in the prompt and fair disposition of such matters with a minimum of inconvenience to the public."

**Rea and Willard Out.**

*Special to The New York Times.*

PHILADELPHIA, May 23.—Samuel Rea, President of the Pennsylvania Railroad, has been deposed of any connection with the operation of the line under the Government. Mr. Rea was called to Washington last Monday and told that his services as operating head of the Pennsylvania System were no longer desired. The same notice was given to Daniel Willard to step out of the operating affairs of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, of which he is President.

So far as can be learned, Director General McAdoo advanced no reason for his action. The order was conveyed through Walker D. Hines, Assistant Director General. The two Presidents will give up the operating reins when Charles H. Markham, newly appointed Director of the Allegheny Region, embracing this district, assumes control about June 1.

It was generally believed Mr. Rea would be named Federal Manager of the Pennsylvania to co-operate with Mr. Markham. The fact of Mr. Rea's long association with the operation of the Pennsylvania inspired the belief that his services would be invaluable to the Government at this time.

Mr. Rea will continue to act as the corporation's President. In this capacity he will have charge of protecting the interests of the stockholders. This includes the management of the income from property owned by the system. Control of the railroads by the Government has split the conduct of the business into two parts—operating and corporate. The Government's control extends only to the physical operation. It has no authority to dispose of property owned by the corporation, such as income from securities, rentals from buildings, &c.

It is to care for this corporate end of the business that Mr. Rea will be retained. Whereas actual appointment to this office has not taken place, it is a foregone conclusion among interests in a position to know that the Directors will ratify this program at their next meeting, June 12.

A week ago last Wednesday Mr. Rea started on an inspection trip over the lines of the system. He received word in Pittsburgh on Sunday to report to Director General McAdoo on Monday morning. Mr. Rea was thereon time, and in the ante-room he found Daniel Willard. A request for Mr. McAdoo elicited the information that the Director General was ill and could not see them. However, Mr. Hines appeared and explained that the services of neither executive were required under the Government program. At that time also it was explained that the Pennsylvania and Baltimore & Ohio systems were to be cut in half at Pittsburgh, with Charles H. Markham as Regional Director for this territory.

Much speculation has arisen as to the actual reason for the discharge of Mr. Rea, and conclusions have been drawn as to a possible similarity of some clash of authority as occurred in the case of C. W. Huntington, President of the Virginian Railway, who was relieved from duty for a supposed failure to co-operate with the national railroad program.

For years the Pennsylvania has not been on good terms with the Interstate Commerce Commission, on account of the fact that it took the lead in fighting for increases in freight rates. Mr. Rea usually opened the case for the lines and some of his comments were understood to have irritated members of the commission.

**Titus Left More Than $25,000.**

The will of ex-Police Inspector George F. Titus, who died on May 7, disposes of an estate of more than $25,000. Mrs. Julia T. Titus, the widow, receives $20,000 cash and all personal effects, and the remainder of the estate goes to Anna W. Titus, their child. They are the only heirs-at-law.

# SHORT LINES WORRY McADOO

**Counselor Payne Outlines a Scheme for Taking Them Over.**

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, May 23.—In a letter to Senator Overman of North Carolina today, John Barton Payne, General Counsel of the Division of Law of the Railroad Administration, dwelt upon the difficulty confronting the Administration in taking over the short-line railroads, authority for which was granted to the Railroad Administration under the law passed last Winter. The problem of increased rates and wages, Mr. Payne pointed out, has been perplexing, owners of the short-line railroads feeling that they ought to be allowed increases proportionate to those made in the trunk lines.

Owing to the difficulties of adjustment, Mr. Payne said, the Administration had not as yet taken over the short-line roads. In his letter Mr. Payne outlined a scheme evolved by the Railroad Administration for taking them over, and asked that Congress express its opinion of it. Mr. Payne wrote:

"I call your attention to the very great difficulties which the Railroad Administration confronts with reference to the short-line roads. You know that many people believe that the Government should take these roads and operate them. Many of them are not necessary for any Government purpose, but it is a matter of profound interest that they be continued in operation, because they serve the highest need of many local communities. What is best has been given the Director General and his staff great anxiety. I submit the following suggestions as a solution of the problem:

"(a) If the roads are taken over by the Government there will be an immediate raise in wages or all employes in keeping with the wage adjustment which has just been made with the trunk lines, and there will be a demand for an improvement in service and an improvement in general conditions on the line so as to bring the roads up to the standard of the trunk lines. This will be due to the fact that they are under Government control and that the Government should treat everybody alike.

"(B) It seems to me that the roads themselves, the communities, and the Government will be benefited if the following happens:

"(1) That the Government see that the short-line roads have a fair division of the joint rates; in many cases heretofore they have not enjoyed a fair division.

"(2) Also an increase in rates—this must be by the State Commissions—so as to keep them on a parity with the rates on the trunk lines which must be raised to meet existing conditions; also the Government will see that the roads are furnished so far as is possible with an adequate supply of cars, so that they may serve the public, and that the freight shall not be so routed as to discriminate against these lines.

"Please advise me whether, in your opinion, if the Administration adopts such a policy as is here outlined, it will not best serve the public and the Government."

Senator Overman has submitted the letter to the Committee on Railroads which will consider a reply.

Senator Cummins of the Interstate Commerce Committee offered a resolution in the Senate today calling upon the Railroad Administration to furnish the Senate a copy of the agreement between the Government and each railroad as to compensation under Government operation of roads, also the names of carriers, if any, that have failed to enter into the agreement.

# POLA RAIDERS PRISONERS.

**Pellegrini and His Men Are Safe, Italian Embassy Learns.**

WASHINGTON, May 23.—Definite announcement that Commander Pellegrini and his men, who torpedoed an Austrian battleship in the harbor of Pola May 14, were taken prisoners was contained in a cable dispatch to the Italian Embassy today from Rome.

Press dispatches have said that it was not known definitely what became of the Italian commander and his men, who entered the harbor in a small craft which they sank after torpedoing the battleship.

SUPPOSE YOU FORGET YOURSELF FOR A WHILE AND THINK OF SOMBBODY ELSE!

HELP THE RED CROSS!

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY
Building Construction

Monroe Clothes

Monroe Clothes

WILL GIVE 10% OF TO-DAY'S SALES TO THE

RED CROSS

So Buy Your Suit Today

We want to-day's business to be the largest in our history.

We will be open until 9 o'clock to-night and with your help our Red Cross donation will be a real sizeable one.

Monroe Clothes bought to-day will cost you less than they have ever been sold for—because that 10% which the Red Cross gets is *your donation*—just as direct as though you gave it in person.

And don't lose sight of the fact that Monroe Clothes at $17 are this country's greatest values—*values possible only with us*—because

—You buy direct from the maker—
—in Low Rent Upstairs Shops.

Come up to-day—and not only will you make a substantial saving on your Spring Suit—but you will also contribute to the world's worthiest cause.

Black and White Label
MONROE Clothes
$21
A distinctive Spring line of high grade Clothes that are *super values.*

Blue Label
MONROE Clothes
$25
Clothing of the finest quality fabrics—at a wonderful saving.

MANHATTAN
42nd Str. cor. B'WAY
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ALL MONROE SHOPS UPSTAIRS
OPEN EVENINGS TILL 9
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Monroe Clothes
$17
NO CHARGE FOR ALTERATIONS
SUITS-TOPCOATS
America's Largest
EVENING CLOTHES
Retail Clothiers
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED OR MONEY REFUNDED

BEST WAY TO SAVE WHEAT IS TO EAT
POST TOASTIES
Only way some folks like corn—says Bobby

Over 10,000 dealers recommend—
Faultless
SINCE 1881
Pajamas
"The NIGHT wear of a Nation"

TRIMO
PIPE WRENCHES AND TRIMO MONKEY
WRENCHES
WILL LAST YOU FOR YEARS
Made on Honor—Fully Guaranteed
Sold at about the price of others
Wood handles in 6 to 14 inch, inclusive,
Steel handles in all sizes
NEW YORK OFFICE
TRIMONEY MFG. CO. 260 CANAL ST.

Who Discovered RICORO?

"My Daughter-in-Law's Father discovered Ricoro," said the prosperous merchant.

"It was one of those family dinners that everybody dreads and nobody wants to miss.

"Afterward we wandered into the garden for a smoke.

"He gave me a cigar, which I enjoyed hugely.

"'You're spreading yourself a little, now that Mary's married off,' I said.

"'That's not an expensive cigar,' he laughed. 'They are Ricoros—only 7c.'

"'Now I understand why your daughter is such a good manager—she gets it from you,' said I."

*Sooner or later you'll discover—*

Ricoro
the Self-Made Cigar

Saratoga size, 7c
Box of 50—$3.50
Imported from Porto Rico

Ricoro isn't purely a price proposition. It's a quality smoke—a beautifully made cigar of rich tropic fragrance and gentle *mildness.* The popular prices of Ricoro are made possible because it is imported *duty free* from Porto Rico.

A dozen sizes and shapes, from 6c to 2-for-25 cents.

War Saving Stamps On sale at all United Cigar Stores

Sold only in United Cigar Stores—*"Thank you"*

UNITED CIGAR STORES

Men of experience will tell you that business efficiency is largely dependent upon good health. To keep fit when you have little time for exercise—take

PLUTO WATER
AMERICA'S PHYSIC

This natural mineral water comes straight from earth's own sources—at French Lick Springs in Indiana. There has been built a famous health resort, with a fine hotel and every outdoor sport and pleasure.

For those who cannot go to the Springs the water is concentrated and sold in bottles.

Prescribed by physicians in the treatment of kidney, liver, and stomach troubles, rheumatism, constipation and nervous disorders.

Large bottle, 35c; smaller bottle, 15c.

*Look for the little Red Devil of health on every bottle. He is there for your protection.*

(130)

21 EAST 40TH

A MERCHANT seeking to locate in the centre of the best buying public and where the character of his store will give distinction to his enterprise will find space to rent in 21 East 40th.

HARRIS & VAUGHAN, INC.
Agent. Office on Premises

For Hair and Skin Health
Cuticura is Supreme

If you use Cuticura Soap for everyday toilet purposes, with touches of Cuticura Ointment now and then as needed to soothe and heal the first signs of redness, roughness or scalp irritation you may have as clear a complexion and as good hair as it is possible to have.

Sample Each Free by Mail. Address postcard: "Cuticura, Dept. 6M, Boston." Sold everywhere. Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c.

"Turner for Concrete"

# MISS STINSON MAKES NEW FLYING RECORD

## Travels 783 Miles Without a Stop on Her Way from Chicago to New York.

## LANDS AT BINGHAMTON

### Lack of Gas Forces Her to Make Descent, Which Damages Machine —Will Complete Trip Today.

BINGHAMTON, N.Y., May 23.—Katherine Stinson, who left Chicago this morning with Government mail for New York, landed two miles north of this city at 6:50 this evening. She met with an accident while attempting a landing, the machine turning turtle just as it reached the ground. The propeller was smashed and one of the wings damaged. Miss Stinson was uninjured.

Having covered the 783 miles from Chicago to this city in ten hours, Miss Stinson bettered the distance made by Ruth Law in her record-breaking flight in the Fall of 1916 by about nine miles. She circled the city in search of a suitable landing place, and finally picked out a small plateau on a high hill north of the city. A strong wind added to the difficulties of the landing.

Hundreds of automobiles raced to the landing place and help was at hand soon after the plane came to a stop. Miss Stinson directed the work of righting the machine, apparently none the worse for her mishap.

Although keenly disappointed because of her failure to reach the metropolis, Miss Stinson was elated at having smashed two American records, one for distance and another, held by herself, for endurance.

**Will Complete Trip Today.**

After being brought by automobilists to a hotel here, she stated that repairs to her plane will be made during the night, and that she will be ready to resume her journey to New York at 8 o'clock in the morning. A new propeller will be forwarded from Elmira, and the slight damage to the machine will be repaired by local machinists.

The previous distance record, Miss Stinson stated, was held by Bounds, an American aviator. This was for 700 miles without a stop. She bettered this record by eighty-three miles today. The endurance record established by Miss Stinson in her flight from San Diego to San Francisco, on Dec. 11 of last year, was bettered by her performance of today by one hour and five minutes.

Miss Ruth Law's flight over the same route two years ago to Binghamton, Miss Stinson pointed out, was not a non-stop flight, Miss Law having landed before reaching this city.

Lack of gas forced her to land here, Miss Stinson explained. She decided to land on the side hill because it had a level appearance and she thought that the drainage would be sufficient to remove any danger of mud. In this she miscalculated, for the muddy soil proved her undoing. The wheels of the plane became imbedded and this caused it to topple over.

"You may tell the mothers of any young man in the flying service for me that there is no necessity for them to worry about their boys," Miss Stinson stated. "My flight today proves that long distances may be covered with little danger."

Interviewers were forced to shout their question to the aviatrix because the roar of the motor during her long period in the air had rendered her almost deaf.

**Left Chicago at 7:37 A. M.**

*Special to The New York Times.*

CHICAGO, May 23.—Katherine Stinson left from Grant Park at 7:37 this morning unannounced. In addition to sixty-one letters she carried a message from Frank O. Wetmore, Chairman of the Red Cross campaign here, to Secretary McAdoo, telling of the success of the drive in this city. Miss Stinson said she expected to arrive at Garden City, Long Island, about 8:30 in the evening.

Her rations for the flight consisted of three handfuls of malted milk tablets. In waving farewell to Captains Richard Peillon and L. A. Donahue of aviation headquarters, she remarked, "One handful is my breakfast, one is my luncheon, and the third is my dinner."

Miss Stinson's start was made after more than a week's delay. First, she was required to obtain a special permit from the War Department, and then she had to be sworn in as a special Post Office messenger. These commissions were received yesterday.

The morning was perfect for the flight. Miss Stinson was swathed in woolens and leather when she took the air. The only persons to see her leave were Postmaster Carlisle and a few invited guests.

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When on Nov. 20, 1916, Miss Ruth Law glided her obsolete 100-horse power "pusher" airplane to a landing on Governors Island after a flight from Chicago, it was announced that she had established an American non-stop cross country record, the world's record for women, and the second best world cross country non-stop record. Miss Law left Chicago at 8:25 A. M. (Eastern time) and reached Hornell, N. Y., at 2:10 P. M., a distance of 590 miles from Chicago. She remained in Hornell just one hour and fourteen minutes and took to the air again, making Binghamton, ninety miles further, at 4:20 P. M. She spent the night there and the next morning started away again at 7:23 7:23, and at 9:37 landed on Governors Island.

In making the non-stop trip to Hornell Miss Law broke the non-stop cross-country record that had just been made in the first Chicago-New York flight for THE NEW YORK TIMES by the late Victor Carlstrom, who flew from Chicago to Erie, Penn., a distance of 452 miles.

Carlstrom was forced to interrupt what was a record trip because of a leak in a gasoline pipe.

The only aviator said to have flown further than Miss Law was Sub-Lieutenant A. Marchal of the French Army, who on June 20 and 21 last flew from Nancy, France, to Chelm, Poland, a distance of 812.5 miles.

Miss Law had mapped out her course carefully. She was forced to alight at Hornell because of lack of fuel and as soon as her tanks were refilled she took to the air again. In describing the flight from Binghamton to Governors Island Miss Law said that she was coming down the Hudson, opposite the city, when her engine began to miss fire, warning her that her gasoline supply was becoming exhausted. Instead of coming down she used what fuel she had to go higher and when at a sufficient height she shut off the power and slid down the air to a safe landing on the island.

There was considerable disappointment at the aviation field here when it was learned that Miss Stinson had met with an accident near Binghamton. About 6 o'clock a few of the aviators were flying about the field, waiting for the expected arrival of the young aviatrix. They remained aloft for an hour or more, when word was received of her delay and they returned to the field.

Postmaster McDermott of Hempstead was at the field to receive the mail which Miss Stinson is carrying, and will return tomorrow if the trip is to be continued.

# HOOVER SAYS WORLD MUST GET FOOD HERE

## Declares the United States Will Be Last Source of Supply When the War Ends.

The world duty of the United States is to build up its food resources so as to stand ready for any demand made by the Allies on this country, said Food Administrator Herbert C. Hoover yesterday in addressing a large gathering of farmers and dairymen at the National Milk and Dairy Farm Exposition held at the Grand Central Palace.

"It is of no purpose to send millions of our best men to France if we fail to maintain the strength of their men, women, and children on our lines of communication," he said. "After the war the time will come when we will need to replenish their herds from our own cattle, and we will need to supply the whole world. The United States is the last reservoir of men, the last reservoir of ships, the last reservoir of munitions, and the last reservoir of food upon which the allied world must depend if Germany is to be defeated and if we are to be free men."

Therefore it devolved on America, Mr. Hoover said, to maintain its present great potential strength in herds, which, if once lost, could not be re-established. He declared that not only must our herds be maintained as a guarantee to our allies, but they will be vital in the world's regeneration.

Mr. Hoover, addressing yesterday more than 200 of the 1,000 east side bakers who are on strike, appealed to them to end their strike by accepting an award of mediation which in part meets their wage demands.

## WOMEN ENROLL TOMORROW.

**Women who wish to vote in the primaries next September must enroll tomorrow. Enrollment places will be open from 8 A. M. to 10 P. M. A list of all these places was printed in The Times last Sunday.**

# LAND ARMY INCORPORATES.

### Will Aim to Supply Woman Farm Workers for New York State.

With the view of organizing units of women for farm work in Westchester County, the New York State Woman's Land Army has filed a certificate of incorporation at White Plains, with principal office in the White Plains Court House. Its objects are to respond to the appeal of the Government for increased food production through self-sustaining groups or units of women for farm work, to distribute and assist in distributing such units or individual workers to such farming districts in New York State as may most need their services; to co-operate with the national organization doing similar work, and with any other public or private organizations or agencies.

The Directors are Narcissa Vanderlip of Scarborough, Florence Pratt, Ida Ogilvie, Nancy Hill, and Margaret Norrie of New York; Mabel Elehel of Albany, Kathryn Steele of Buffalo, Laura C. Burgess of Scarsdale, Lydia S. White of Mount Vernon, Florence Ferguson of Purchase, Beatrice Wigglesworth of Garden City, Lucile Thornton and Eleanor Belmont of New York, Ethel Howes of Scarsdale, and Virginia Gildersleeve of New York.

# MAYOR NAMES MAGISTRATE.

### Francis Mancuso Will Fill Vacancy Caused by Resignation.

Francis X. Mancuso, for the last thirty days a temporary Magistrate, and former Assistant District Attorney under District Attorney Swann, was appointed yesterday a permanent Magistrate by Mayor Hylan.

Magistrate Mancuso, who lives at 246 East 115th Street, and has a law office at 95 Liberty Street, will probably preside today at the Jefferson Market Court.

He was appointed to fill the unexpired term of Magistrate Edward Boyle, who resigned as a Magistrate when he was appointed a Municipal Court Justice more than a month ago.

**Georgia Negro Lynched by Mob.**

CORDELE, Ga., May 23.—James Cobb, the negro taken from the jail here by a mob shortly after midnight, was carried to the scene where he attacked and killed Mrs. Roy Simmons, seven miles east of Cordele, and hanged to a tree.

If the cost of living seems high, you know that the purchasing power of money is low—that the insurance which was adequate yesterday may barely meet the needs of your family tomorrow.

Mellor & Allen
Life Insurance
149 Broadway
New York City

IN FLANDERS FIELDS

By Lieut.-Colonel JOHN McRAE
(Died while on duty in Flanders)

IN FLANDERS fields the poppies blow
Between the crosses, row on row,
That mark our place; and in the sky
The larks, still bravely singing, fly,
Scarce heard amidst the guns below.
We are the dead. Short days ago
We lived, felt dawn, saw sunset glow,
Loved and were loved, and now we lie
In Flanders fields.

Take up our quarrel with the foe!
To you from failing hands we throw
The torch. Be yours to hold it high!
If ye break faith with us who die
We shall not sleep, though poppies grow
In Flanders fields.

—From London Punch.

In this spirit men are giving their lives--How can we hesitate to give our money? Give, give to the Red Cross! Give till your heart says Stop!

10c of Every Dollar You Spend in the Seven Brill Stores To-day Goes to the Red Cross War Fund.

Since you Must buy Summer Clothes, by all means buy to-day, and buy in a Brill Store, where the War-Time Policy of "Profits Cut to the Limit" means money saved, and where 10% of what you spend will go to the best cause in the world.

Kuppenheimer Suits, $25 to $60

BRILL SUITS FOR MEN, SPECIAL AT $20

Straw Hats Specially Priced from $2.00 to $5.00

Brill Brothers

THE KUPPENHEIMER HOUSE IN NEW YORK

279 Broadway, 44 East 14th St. | Broadway, at 49th St., 1456 B'way, at 42d St. | 47 Cortlandt St., 125th St., at 3d Ave. | 2 Flatbush Ave., Brooklyn

14th St., 125th St., 1456 Broadway and Brooklyn Stores open to-morrow night.

*Spring Style Book Now Ready—Come in or Write for One.*

RED CROSS WEEK
MAY 20-27 1918

THE SIGN THAT GLORIFIES THE DOLLAR

We have agreed to donate 10 per cent of all our sales on May 25th to the 2ND War Fund of the American Red Cross

10c OF EVERY $1.00

YOU SPEND IN ANY OF

Liggett's
RIKER-HEGEMAN
DRUG STORES

IN GREATER NEW YORK

TOMORROW

SATURDAY, MAY 25th

Will be contributed to the 2d War Fund of the

AMERICAN RED CROSS

No single agency in the world is doing more to keep up the spirit of the fighters at the front, to bring cheer to the stricken, to heal the millions of broken hearts and torn limbs, to keep alive the spirit of brotherly love, than the American Red Cross.

The American Red Cross is maintained by popular subscription only. It's your dollar and our dollar that makes this work possible.

First contribute all the cash that you can in the form of subscriptions to the American Red Cross. Then take advantage of this offer which **certain druggists in New York City who have pledged 10% of their receipts tomorrow** have been authorized to make.

There must be a lot of things sold in the drug store that you need in your home, drugs, remedies, toilet needs, soaps, tooth brushes, hair brushes, toilet powders, stationery, rubber goods or nursery supplies. Take advantage of our regular Week-end Food Specials, tea, coffee, cocoa sold at reduced prices.

YOU MIGHT JUST AS WELL *buy* and thus contribute 10c of every dollar that you spend just as surely as though you had sent it to the Red Cross yourself.

This same plan of giving ten cents of every dollar received is not alone in effect in the Liggett Stores, **but in every drug store in New York City that signifies its intention to donate 10% of its receipts by displaying the official sign which we reproduce at the heading of this announcement.**

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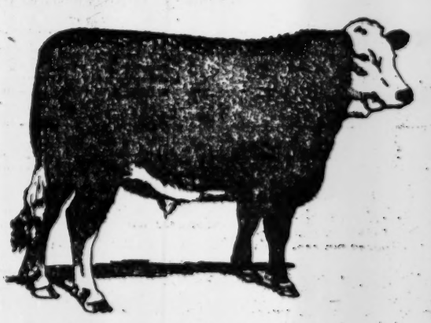
Only About Half the Steer is Beef



*Live Weight 1200 pounds
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Dressed Weight 672 pounds of Beef
56%

When Swift & Company buys a steer weighing 1200 pounds, only about 672 pounds goes to market as beef; the other 528 pounds consists of hide, fats, other by-products, and waste.

When the packer pays 15 cents a pound for a steer, he sells the meat to the retailer for about 24 cents. But the packer gets only about 6 cents a pound for the other 528 pounds.

This means that the packer gets about 16 cents a pound for all the products from a steer for which he pays 15 cents.

The difference of 1 cent per pound covers the cost of dressing, preparation of by-products, freight on beef to all parts of the United States, operation of distributing houses, and leaves a net profit of only about ¼ of a cent per pound on all dressed beef sold.

Large volume of business and utilization of parts that were formerly wasted, make this achievement possible.

Year Book of interesting and instructive facts sent on request.
Address Swift & Company,
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Swift & Company, U. S. A.

# CARDINALS MAKE GIANTS GO FOURTEEN INNINGS TO MAINTAIN STRING OF VICTORIES

The foundation stone of a business must be just like that of a building—the strongest of all.

Our boys' business like our men's is built upon Quality—boys' clothes that yield a full measure of satisfaction.

Boys' hats, shoes and fixings, too.

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Official outfits for Boy Scouts of America.

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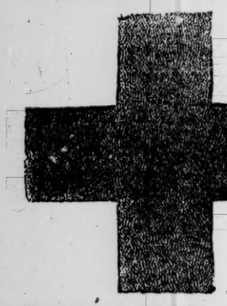

**WHEN YOU GIVE TO THIS SIGN—**

—you give mercy to temper the mercilessness of battle.

—you give gentleness to soften the torture of maiming wounds.

—you bring peace into a vast hell of pain.

If You Feel for Humanity from the Bottom of Your Heart Give to The Red Cross from the Bottom of Your Pocket!

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**ACTION COUNTS**

more than talk. Sign a check for the RED CROSS for that $100 you thought you couldn't afford.

Keep fit. You may be needed next.

These Sports Will Do It:

GOLF TENNIS SOCCER BASEBALL HANDBALL BOXING

Pity the poor worm who evades and avoids when the world rocks and humanity needs strong men and women.

Taylor new Military and Athletic Catalogue sent free on request.

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FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE RED CROSS FUND

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FIRST RACE AT 2:30 P. M.

SPECIAL RACE TRAINS

leave Penn. Station, 33rd St. and 7th Av., also from Flatbush Av., Brooklyn, at 12:30, and at intervals up to 1:55 P. M. Course also reached by Trolleys.

Grand Stand $3.30—Ladies $1.65. Including War Tax.

PACKARD TRUCKS,

3 TON, MODEL E.

2 TON, MODEL D.

USED LESS THAN 100 MILES.

DOTY-DEMOS CO., 222 WEST 65TH.


## GIANTS TRIUMPH IN FOURTEENTH INNING

### Doubles by Zimmerman and Fletcher and Holke's Single End Long Contest.

### CARDS USE THREE PITCHERS

### Tesreau and Anderson, However, Prove Equal to Task of Winning for New York.

*Special to The New York Times.*

ST. LOUIS, May 23.—It took the Giants fourteen innings to wrest a victory from the Cardinals by a score of 6 to 4 in the final game of the series today. The Cardinals expended three pitchers in a vain attempt to check the Giants, using Jakie May, Bill Doak, and Bill Sherdell, while Jeff Tesreau and Fred Anderson worked for the Giants.

McGraw's men put the winning runs over on doubles by Zimmerman and Fletcher and Holke's single.

Hendrick's men got away to a two-run lead in the first inning on a single by Smith and Walton Cruise's smash into the right field stand.

The Giants collected their first run in the second inning. Holke drew a pass. McCarty fouled to Snyder, after which the attention of the umpire was called to the fact that McCarty had batted out of turn. Rodriguez, whose place the catcher had usurped, was declared out and McCarty, ordered to bat again, singled to centre. Tesreau followed with a single to right, scoring Holke.

In the following inning McGraw's men forged ahead. Burns was hit by a pitched ball and Zimmerman singled to left, after which George and Heinie put on a double steal. Fletcher slammed a single to right, scoring both men. At this juncture May was relieved by Doak.

The Giants scored again in the sixth. Holke doubled to right and reached third when Paulette, fielding Rodriguez's bunt, threw to Baird too late to head off the runner. Rodriguez stole second, and when Snyder's throw went into centre field Holke scored. Rodriguez raced for third on the error, but Smith, who retrieved the ball, threw him out.

The Mound City crew pulled up one notch in the seventh, tallying on Paulette's double to right, Wallace's out, and Snyder's single through the box. They knotted the count in the eighth, errors by Fletcher and Rodriguez figuring in the scoring of the tying run.

Hornsby was sent up as a pinch hitter for Doak and singled to centre, and Packard was sent in to run for him. Fletcher fielded Smyth's grounder and stepped on second to force Packard, but the runner was declared safe when the ball dropped from Fletcher's hand. Smith's sacrifice advanced the runners, after which Baird hit to Fletcher and Packard was thrown out at the plate. Rodriguez booted Cruise's grounder and Smyth dashed over the plate with the run that put the teams on an even basis.

The score:

| NEW YORK, (N.) | Ab | R | H | Po | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Young,rf | 7 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Kauff,cf | 7 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Burns,lf | 6 | 1 | 3 | 4 | 0 |
| Zim'man,3b | 7 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 |
| Fletcher,ss | 6 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 5 |
| Holke,1b | 5 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| Rodrigues,2b | 5 | 0 | 1 | 5 | 1 |
| McCarthy,c | 6 | 0 | 3 | 8 | 0 |
| Tesreau,p | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 4 |
| aThorpe | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Anderson,p | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Total | 54 | 6 | 17 | 42 | 25 |

| ST. LOUIS, (N.) | Ab | R | H | Po | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Smyth,2b | 6 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 5 |
| Smith,cf | 5 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 |
| Baird,3b | 6 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Cruise,lf | 6 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 0 |
| Paulette,1b | 6 | 1 | 3 | 10 | 2 |
| Wallace,ss | 6 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 3 |
| bMeadows | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Snyder,c | 6 | 0 | 1 | 12 | 2 |
| Gonzales,rf | 6 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| cMay,p | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Doak,p | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| cHornsby | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| dPackard | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Sherdell,p | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| Total | 51 | 4 | 9 | 42 | 19 |

*Rodriguez out in second, McCarthy batted out of turn.

a Batted for Tesreau in ninth.

b Ran for Wallace in fourteenth.

c Batted for Doak in eighth.

d Ran for Hornsby in eighth.

Errors—Fletcher, Holke, Rodriguez, Wallace, Snyder.

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| New York | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2—6 |
| St. Louis | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0—4 |

Two-base hits—Holke, Paulette, Zimmerman, Fletcher. Home run—Cruise. Stolen bases—Smith, Zimmerman, (2;) Burns, (2;) Baird. Sacrifice hits—Rodriguez, Tesreau, Doak, Smith. Double plays—Paulette, Baird and Smith; Fletcher, Rodriguez and Holke. Left on bases—New York, 13; St. Louis, 7. First on errors—New York, 1; St. Louis, 3. Base on balls—Off May, 1; Sherdell, 2. Hits—Off Tesreau, 7 in 5; Anderson, 2 in 6; May, 8 in 2 1-3; Doak, 5 in 6 2-3; Sherdell, 7 in 6. Hit by pitcher—By May. (Burns.) Struck out—By Tesreau, 3; Anderson, 3; May, 3; Doak, 2; Sherdell, 3. Wild pitch—Tesreau. Winning pitcher—Anderson. Losing pitcher—Sherdell.

## PIRATES BOW TO PHILLIES.

### Mayer's Wildness Troublesome, but Pittsburgh Fails to Hit.

PITTSBURGH, May 23.—Philadelphia and Pittsburgh closed a three-game series today, the visitors winning 3 to 2. Mayer, who pitched for Philadelphia, was wild, passing eight men and hitting two, but he was effective with men on the bases.

Bancroft's error in the second gave the home team its two runs and, but for this fact, Pittsburgh would have been shut out.

The score:

| PHILADELPHIA, (N.) | Ab | R | H | Po | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Fitzgerald,rf | 5 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Bancroft,ss | 5 | 0 | 4 | 5 | 4 |
| Stock,3b | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| Luderus,1b | 3 | 1 | 1 | 14 | 2 |
| Cravath,lf | 4 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Meusel,cf | 4 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| McG'gan,2b | 4 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 5 |
| Burns,c | 3 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 3 |
| Mayer,p | 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 |
| Total | 36 | 3 | 12 | 27 | 20 |

| PITTSBURGH, (N.) | Ab | R | H | Po | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Bigbee,lf | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Mollwitz,1b | 3 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 1 |
| Carey,cf | 3 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 0 |
| Hinchman,rf | 3 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 0 |
| Cutshaw,2b | 3 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 1 |
| Caton,ss | 2 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 2 |
| McK'nie,3b | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Archer,c | 2 | 0 | 1 | 5 | 2 |
| aStengel | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Blackwell,c | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Miller,p | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Sanders,p | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Total | 28 | 2 | 4 | 27 | 9 |

a Batted for Archer in eighth.

Errors—Bancroft, 2.

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Philadelphia | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0—3 |
| Pittsburgh | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0—2 |

Two-base hits—Fitzgerald, Meusel. Three-base hit—McGaffigan. Stolen bases—Bigbee, Carey, Hinchman. Sacrifice hit—Stock. Double play—Bancroft, McGaffigan, and Luderus. Left on bases—Philadelphia, 9; Pittsburgh, 9. First base on error—Pittsburgh. Bases on balls—Off Mayer, 8; Miller, 1. Hits—Off Miller, 8 in 4 1-3; Sanders, 4 in 4 2-3. Hit by pitcher—By Mayer, (Caton, Archer,) by Miller, (Luderus.) Struck out—By Miller, 1; Sanders, 3. Passed ball—Burns. Winning pitcher—Mayer. Losing pitcher—Miller.

## BRAVES MAKE SERIES EVEN.

### Hit Eller Hard in Two Innings, Downing Matty's Men, 4 to 3.

CINCINNATI, May 23.—Boston evened up the four-game series today by hitting Eller hard in two innings. Hearn was hit safely thirteen times, but kept the blows well scattered, and his control was perfect.

His double in the eighth started the inning rally. J. Smith's two errors each cost a run, but his single in the eighth sent in the tying and winning tallies.

The score:

| BOSTON, (N.) | Ab | R | H | Po | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Rawlings,ss | 5 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 6 |
| Herzog,2b | 4 | 1 | 0 | 6 | 2 |
| Powell,cf | 4 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Wickland,rf | 2 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 |
| J. Smith,3b | 3 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 4 |
| Konetchy,1b | 4 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 2 |
| Kelly,lf | 4 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 |
| Wilson,c | 4 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| Hearn,p | 4 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 3 |
| Total | 34 | 4 | 9 | 27 | 19 |

| CINCINNATI, (N.) | Ab | R | H | Po | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Groh,3b | 4 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| L. Magee,2b | 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 4 |
| Rousch,cf | 5 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| S. Magee,lf | 5 | 0 | 2 | 4 | 0 |
| Griffith,rf | 4 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 0 |
| Chase,1b | 4 | 1 | 0 | 9 | 2 |
| Bl'kb'rne,ss | 4 | 0 | 2 | 5 | 2 |
| H. Smith,c | 4 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| Eller,p | 4 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 1 |
| Total | 38 | 3 | 13 | 27 | 10 |

Errors—J. Smith, (2.)

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Boston | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| Cincinnati | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |

Two-base hits—S. Magee, Rawlings, Hearn. Three-base hits—Powell, (2.) Stolen bases—L. Mazee, Eller. Sacrifice hits—Groh, L. Magee. Double plays—L. Magee, Chase, and Blackburne; L. Magee, Blackburne, and Chase. Left on bases—Boston, 6; Cincinnati, 10. Base on balls—Off Eller, 2. Hit by pitcher—By Eller, 1. Struck out—By Eller, 3. Passed ball—Wilson.

Baseball Today, 3:45 P. M. N. Y. Yankees vs. Cleveland. Polo Grounds. Adm. 50c.—Advt.

## BASEBALL

### YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Chicago at New York. (Wet Grounds.)

Cleveland, 1; Boston, 0.

St. Louis, 3; Washington, 2.

Detroit at Philadelphia, (Rain.)

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York, 6; St. Louis, 4. (Fourteen Innings.)

Chicago, 5; Brooklyn, 0.

Boston, 4; Cincinnati, 3.

Philadelphia, 3; Pittsburgh, 2

### STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

| | Won. | Lost. | P.C. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Boston | 19 | 12 | .613 |
| New York | 16 | 13 | .552 |
| Cleveland | 17 | 14 | .548 |
| Chicago | 14 | 12 | .538 |
| St. Louis | 15 | 13 | .536 |
| Philadelphia | 12 | 16 | .429 |
| Washington | 12 | 17 | .414 |
| Detroit | 8 | 16 | .333 |

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

| | Won. | Lost. | P.C. |
|---|---|---|---|
| New York | 23 | 7 | .767 |
| Chicago | 19 | 11 | .633 |
| Cincinnati | 18 | 15 | .545 |
| Pittsburgh | 15 | 13 | .536 |
| Philadelphia | 12 | 16 | .429 |
| Boston | 12 | 19 | .387 |
| Brooklyn | 11 | 18 | .379 |
| St. Louis | 19 | 20 | .310 |

### WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Cleveland at New York. (Game starts at 3:45.)

Chicago at Boston.

St. Louis at Philadelphia.

Detroit at Washington.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York at Chicago.

Brooklyn at St. Louis.

Boston at Pittsburgh.

Philadelphia at Cincinnati.

## WEAVER BAFFLES BROOKLYN

### Young Cub Pitcher Keeps Dodgers at Bay and Wins, 5 to 0.

CHICAGO, May 23.—The Robins were completely mystified by the pitching of Chicago's young pitcher, Weaver, here this afternoon, the recruit holding Brooklyn to four hits in a 5 to 0 shutout. Dan Griner pitched seven innings for Brooklyn, and the Cubs had no trouble in bunching hits when they needed runs. The Dodgers played perfect ball in the field, but were helpless before Weaver's twirling, Olson, Myers, Johnston and Griner getting the only hits.

The Cubs greeted Griner with a brace of hits in the first inning. Flack singled to left and Olson threw Hollocher out at first, Flack going to second. Merkle smashed a two-bagger to right, sending Flack home. In the third inning the Dodgers had a chance but failed to get a run across. Krueger walked, and went to second on Griner's single. Both runners advanced on Olson's out. O'Mara rolled to Hollocher, who threw Krueger out at theplate, Griner going to third. On an attempted double steal Griner was nipped sliding home.

In the fourth, with one out, Paskert singled to centre. Deal was out at first, Paskert going to second and scoring on Zeider's single to centre. Hollocher walked in the sixth and Mann singled to left. Merkle sent the runners along with a sacrifice. Paskert grounded to O'Mara and Hollocher was out at the plate. Mann then counted on a double steal.

The Cubs were busy again in the seventh. After Zeider walked, O'Farrell sacrificed and Weaver fanned. Flack singled to left, scoring Zeider, and went to second on the throw in. Flack went to third on Griner's wild pitch and scored on Hollocher's single.

The score:

| CHICAGO, (N.) | Ab | R | H | Po | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Flack,rf | 4 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| H'llocher,ss | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 5 |
| Mann,lf | 4 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 0 |
| Merkle,1b | 3 | 0 | 1 | 14 | 1 |
| Paskert,cf | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Deal,3b | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 |
| Zeider,2b | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| O'Farrell,c | 2 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 3 |
| Weaver,p | 3 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Total | 27 | 5 | 8 | 27 | 19 |

| BROOKLYN, (N.) | Ab | R | H | Po | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Olson,ss | 4 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| O'Mara,3b | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Daubert,1b | 4 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 1 |
| Z.Wheat,lf | 4 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Myers,cf | 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Johnston,rf | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Doolan,2b | 3 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 3 |
| Krueger,c | 2 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 3 |
| Griner,p | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 4 |
| aHickman | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Grimes,p | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 31 | 0 | 4 | 24 | 17 |

a Batted for Griner in eighth.

Error—Zeider.

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Chicago | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | . | . | 5 |
| Brooklyn | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Two-base hits—Merkle, Johnston, Olson. Stolen bases—Weaver, Mann, Paskert. Sacrifice hits—Deal, Merkle, O'Farrell. Left on bases—Brooklyn, 5; Chicago, 3. First base on error—Brooklyn. Bases on balls—Off Griner, 2; Weaver, 1. Hits—Off Griner, 8 in 7 innings; Grimes, 0 in 1; Weaver, 4 in 9. Struck out—By Weaver, 8; Griner, 2. Wild pitch—Griner. Losing pitcher—Griner.

## RED SOX GET ONLY ONE HIT.

### Morton Holds Sway from Mound and Indians Win, 1 to 0.

BOSTON, May 23.—Guy Morton held Boston to one hit today, Cleveland winning 1 to 0 and taking two out of three for the series. It is the first home series Boston has lost this year.

In the seventh Strunk sent a Texas League single over Chapman's head, too weak for Wood to catch. Chapman singled in the fourth, and, after Speaker had flied to Whiteman, Roth's double off the scoreboard in left scored Chapman with the only run of the game.

The score:

| CLEVELAND, (A.) | Ab | R | H | Po | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Miller,1b | 4 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 1 |
| Chapman,ss | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Speaker,cf | 4 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 |
| Roth,rf | 3 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 |
| W'gans,2b | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Wood,lf | 3 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 0 |
| Halt,3b | 4 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| O'Neill,c | 3 | 0 | 1 | 6 | 0 |
| Morton,p | 3 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 4 |
| Total | 31 | 1 | 8 | 27 | 8 |

| BOSTON, (A.) | Ab | R | H | Po | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Hooper,rf | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Shean,2b | 4 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 |
| Strunk,cf | 4 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Whiteman,lf | 4 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 |
| McInnis,1b | 3 | 0 | 1 | 10 | 0 |
| Thomas,3b | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| Scott,ss | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 8 |
| Agnew,c | 1 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 2 |
| Schang,c | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Jones,p | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Bush,p | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| aHoblitzel | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 28 | 0 | 1 | 17 | 10 |

a Batted for Jones in eighth.

Error—Wambegans.

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cleveland | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Boston | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Two-base hits—Roth, Morton. Sacrifice hits—Roth, Agnew. Double play—Shean to Scott. Left on bases—Cleveland, 6; Boston, 4. First base on error—Boston. Bases on balls—Off Morton, 2; Jones, 1; Bush, 1. Hits—Off Jones, 7 in 8; Bush, 1 in 1. Struck out—By Morton, 4; Jones, 4. Wild pitch—Jones. Losing pitcher—Jones.

## FOUR IN ROW FOR BROWNS.

### Ninth-Inning Rally Sends Washington to Defeat.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—St. Louis staged a ninth-inning rally here today to make it four straight victories over Washington. The score was 3 to 2.

Score:

| ST. LOUIS, (A.) | Ab | R | H | Po | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Tobin,cf | 4 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 1 |
| Austin,3b | 3 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 1 |
| Sisler,1b | 4 | 0 | 2 | 12 | 2 |
| Gedeon,2b | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 5 |
| Demmitt,rf | 3 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 1 |
| aMaisel | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Hendryx,rf | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Smith,lf | 4 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 0 |
| Nu'maker,c | 3 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 |
| Gerber,ss | 3 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 3 |
| Rogers,p | 4 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 5 |
| Total | 31 | 3 | 11 | 27 | 18 |

| WASHINGTON, (A.) | Ab | R | H | Po | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Shotton,rf | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Judge,1b | 4 | 1 | 1 | 10 | 2 |
| Foster,3b | 4 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Milan,cf | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Shanks,lf | 3 | 0 | 2 | 6 | 0 |
| Morgan,2b | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 6 |
| Lavan,ss | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| Ainsmith,c | 3 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| bSchulte | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Ayers,p | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 |
| cYingling | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 34 | 2 | 9 | 27 | 16 |

a Ran for Demmitt in the ninth.

b Batted for Ainsmith in the ninth.

c Batted for Ayers in the ninth.

Errors—Gedeon, Smith.

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| St. Louis | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 3 |
| Washington | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 |

Two-base hits—Judge, Demmitt. Three-base hit—Smith. Stolen bases—Demmitt, Smith. Sacrifice hits—Austin, Gedeon, Gerber. Double plays—Foster and Morgan; Foster, Morgan, and Judge. Left on bases—St. Louis, 7; Washington, 7. First base on error—Washington. Bases on balls—Off Ayers, 3; Rogers, 3. Struck out—By Ayers, 1; Rogers, 1.

## M'NAMARA, PAIRED WITH HAGEN, WINS

### Latter Is Low Man in Pro Four-Ball Golf Match, Which Barnes and Nicholls Lose.

Even though he had never seen the course before, Walter Hagen was low man in a professional four-ball golf match at the Apawamis Club yesterday afternoon. The North and South champion, with Tom McNamara as partner, defeated the English pair, Jim Barnes and Gil Nicholls, 3 up and 1 to play. Hagen was credited with a round in 73; Nicholls, 75; Barnes, 76, and McNamara, 78.

As far as being unfamiliar with the course goes, yesterday's play at Apawamis was also Barnes's first experience. Incidentally the Western open title holder had hard luck in that his three longest drives got him into trouble. From the seventh tee he "stung" the ball so viciously that it never stopped going until it reached the rough well into the gorge. The drive was close to 300 yards. A little later from the tenth tee his ball rolled into the pond, a hazard that in days gone by has caught hundreds of pulled second shots.

It was from the seventeenth tee, however, that the tall Briton hit a ball that made the gallery gasp. Straight down the course the sphere flew, finally stopping within a yard of the old cross bunker. The hole is 537 yards, and had Barnes's ball been a few feet shorter he probably would have been able to get home with a cleek. As it was in trying to get distance he failed to get the ball up sharply enough to clear the hazard. This drive, too, was close to the 300-yard mark.

Throughout the match Hagen and Nicholls were never far behind Barnes, and at the seventeenth hole the two first named were over the green on their second shots. Even if he was on the losing side, Nicholls flashed brilliantly on several occasions. A fifteen-foot curling putt enabled him to win the fourth hole in 3, a stroke under par, and he supplemented that with another birdie at the short fifth, holing a chip shot from off the green's edge for a 2.

At the turn the sides stood all square, but Hagen soon changed this aspect by laying an approach shot close up at the tenth and winning with a 3 there, while at the twelfth, after failing to drive the green, he chipped in with his mashie for a 2. That made the homebreds 2 up, and they always looked like winners thereafter, even though Nicholls did win the thirteenth in 3. With threes at the 217-yard sixteenth, where their opponents overdrove the green, Hagen and McNamara became dormie. The latter pair completed the job by winning the seventeenth, McNamara getting a 4.

Before the match had gone far the gallery increased to fair proportions and a fair sum was raised for the Red Cross. The best ball cards follow:

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Hagen and McNamara— | | | | | | | | | | |
| Out | 5 | 3 | 5 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 5 | 5—36 | |
| Barnes and Nicholls— | | | | | | | | | | |
| Out | 5 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 5—35 | |
| Hagen and McNamara— | | | | | | | | | | |
| In | 4 | 2 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 4—33—69 | |
| Barnes and Nicholls— | | | | | | | | | | |
| In | 5 | 4 | 3 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 4—37—72 | |

## FORDHAM SHUT OUT AGAIN.

### Mt. St. Joseph's College Gets Lone Tally in First Inning.

Fordham was blanked yesterday afternoon on Fordham Field by a 1 to 0 score for the second time in two days. The nine from Mt. St. Joseph's College of Baltimore applied the whitewash, and, as happened in the Fort Slocum game, the lone but potential tally secured in the first inning was enough to win the game.

In this frame McGuire was hit by Martin, stole second and third, and scored when Lefevre let Galligan's high peg get by him. Abbott was nailed at home in the eighth when he tried to score from second on a single, Ganon making a perfect throw. Brooks was too effective in the pinches to allow scoring, although Fordham filled the bases in the fourth.

Martin retired in favor of Halloran in the fourth with the bases filled, and Halloran allowed four hits for the rest of the game.

The score:

| ST. JOSEPH'S. | Ab | R | H | Po | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| McD'm't'tt,ss | 3 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 4 |
| McGuire,cf | 3 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Mario,3b | 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 |
| Kneisch,1b | 4 | 0 | 1 | 14 | 0 |
| Ganon,lf | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Atherton,2b | 2 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 2 |
| Hauck,c | 4 | 0 | 1 | 6 | 5 |
| Fiebe,rf | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Brooks,p | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 6 |
| Total | 25 | 1 | 5 | 27 | 20 |

| FORDHAM. | Ab | R | H | Po | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Halligan,1b | 2 | 0 | 1 | 9 | 0 |
| Shankey,rf | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Lucey,2b | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 2 |
| Coletti,lf | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Lefevre,3b | 4 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| Abbott,cf | 4 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| Dwyer,ss | 3 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| Galligan,c | 1 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 |
| Martin,p | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 4 |
| Halloran,p | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Scanlon,c | 2 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 2 |
| Total | 30 | 0 | 6 | 27 | 15 |

Errors—Lefevre, Dwyer, Galligan, McDermott, 2.

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Mt. St. Joseph's | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Fordham | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Two-base hit—McGuire. Sacrifice hits—Atherton, Halligan, Ganon. Stolen bases—McGuire 2, McDermott, Shankey, Ganon. First base on errors—Fordham, 1; Mt. St. Joseph's, 1. Left on bases—Fordham, 11; Mt. St. Joseph's, 6. Double play—Lefevre, Lucey, and Halligan. Struck out—By Martin, 4; Brooks, 3; Halloran, 3. Bases on balls—Off Martin, 5; Brooks, 6; Halloran, 1. Hit by pitchers—By Martin, (McGuire); Brooks, (Dwyer.) Passed ball—Scanlon. Hits—Off Martin, 1 in 8 and 2-3; Halloran, 4 in 5 and 1-3. Umpire—Mr. Murdock. Time of game—1:50.

## CITY COLLEGE VICTORIOUS.

### Lavender Nine Finds Cathedral College Easy and Wins by 8 to 2.

City College took the measure of the Cathedral College nine yesterday in the City College stadium by the score of 8 to 2. The Washington Heights team downed the conquerors of Columbia in easy fashion. Errors by the visitors contributed largely to their defeat, seven blunders being chalked up against them. Thomas, who was on the mound for the Lavender, held his opponents to five scattered hits.

The score by innings: :

| | | | | R. | H. | E. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cathedral | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0—2 | 8 | 3 |
| C. C. N. Y. | 0 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0..—8 | 5 | 7 |

### International League.

Newark, 10; Buffalo, 2.

Toronto, 14; Jersey City, 4.

Rochester, 4; Baltimore, 3.

Syracuse, 3; Binghamton, 1.

### American Association.

Toledo, 2; Minneapolis, 0.

Louisville, 6; Milwaukee, 5.

Columbus, 6; St. Paul, 2.


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Tan Grain
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## YALE CREWS OFF FOR RACE.

### Second 'Varsity and Freshman Eights Leave for Harvard Contests.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., May 23.—The Yale second 'Varsity and freshman crews left here this afternoon for their races Saturday on the Charles with Harvard. As usual, Yale has arranged races for both 'Varsity and freshman crews with its ancient rival, but the first 'Varsity event will take place on the Housatonic River a week later.

Practically no change has been made in the freshman eight since its losing race on the Schuylkill two weeks ago. Coxswain Carson has been elected Captain and Stroke Heminway, a 143-pound oarsman, is relied upon by Coach Mather Abbott to give the shell drive enough to get over the finish line first. The freshmen showed great possibilities in their race with Pennsylvania, but rowed that contest like an inexperienced eight and lost.

The freshmen's chances for victory at Boston are stronger than those of the second 'Varsity, which has lost Stroke Austin, who was promoted to the first eight. Price, however, of the first shell, has been sent back to 5 in the second eight. S. B. Dexeter, who has been a substitute, has been placed at stroke, although he has had little experience. Another substitute, Campbell, has been placed at 6. In his preparatory school rowing at Duluth he received the coaching of Ten Eyck. Patterson has gone into the shell at 4, displacing Borders, who has gone to 3, and another substitute, Du Pont, has displaced Rostand.

## CORNELL HAS TRIAL SPIN.

### 'Varsity and Cub Crews Prepare on Carnegie Lake for Tiger Race.

*Special to The New York Times.*

PRINCETON, N. J., May 23.—The Cornell 'Varsity and freshman crews held a trial spin over the Carnegie Lake course this afternoon, in preparation for their dual regatta with the Tigers on Saturday. They arrived here about noon, and their shells having arrived the day previous, everything was in readiness for them to commence applying the finishing touches to their development. Following the practice the oarsmen declared they found the conditions on Carnegie Lake very similar to those to which they are accustomed.

The Princeton oarsmen held their last hard workout of the season this evening, and will complete their season's work tomorrow with a very brief practice. The Ithacans will probably hold two practices tomorrow.

Coach Fitzpatrick expressed himself as satisfied with the new combination which he has had to piece out during the last two weeks. Gardner, No. 2, left colleged a little over a week ago to enter the fourth officers' training camp, Camp Grant, Illinois, and he has been replaced by Campbell, who rowed in the freshman eight last Spring. Duncan, who rowed at No. 5 in the Harvard and Childs Cup races, has been obliged to stop rowing, due to an injured knee. His place has been taken by Gregor, also a member of the freshman eight of last Spring.

Saturday's regatta will be the only one of Cornell's season, and the final one for the Tigers. The season has been a rather disappointing one for both universities, as nearly all of the experienced oarsm

# STAR HAMPTON HAS A LENGTH TO SPARE

### Jeffords's Colt Outfoots Sanford's Yurucari in Colorado Stakes at Jamaica.

### LARGE FIELDS PREVAIL

### Kilmer and Wilson Colors Are Carried to Front for First Time in Present Season.

Walter M. Jeffords had the honor of capturing the first important stake for two-year-olds of the season yesterday when his colt, Star Hampton, by Star Shoot—Dorothy Hampton, reached the finish line a length ahead of John Sanford's Yurucari in the race for the Colorado Stakes, which carried a guaranteed value of $3,000.

The event, which was won last year by August Belmont's Luculiite, brought out the best field of youngsters that have gone to the post this season, and several of the contenders already had gained winning brackets. Star Hampton's performance in running second to John Sanford's Ute recommended him to many of the spectators, but the fact that Ute had been scratched and the bearing of the Sanford colors left to Yurucari caused the latter to be installed favorite, with Star Hampton a strong second choice. P. A. Clark's Lion d'Or and the Greentree Stable's Lad's Love, both winners at the meeting, were also supported.

Robinson, on Lad's Love, was wide awake at the start and shot into the lead, of which he was deprived after the first quarter when Star Hampton took command. Yurucari had a slice of ill luck and was knocked back so that he was almost in last position as the field swept around the bend. Star Hampton, meantime, raced Lad's Love into submission and entered the home stretch with a lead of three lengths. Keogh had Yurucari in his stride by that time, and the Sanford colt ran over most of the contenders as soon as he found a straight path for home.

The lead of Star Hampton was too great to be overcome, however, and the son of Star Shoot maintained his advantage to the finish, where he had a length to spare. Yurucari beat the Casco Stable's Different Eyes by a length and a half for the place. Lad's Love was so used up from racing with the winner that he finished absolutely last.

Large fields in three of the events provided excellent sport, and, though only two favorites won, all the winners except one were well supported. Willis Sharpe Kilmer and R. T. Wilson, Jr., each had the pleasure of seeing his colors carried to the front for the first time this season. Mr. Kilmer captured the first event at five and a half furlongs with Neisweep, which was admirably handled by Jockey Knapp.

Fairy Prince was the medium of the success of Mr. Wilson. This son of Olambala had the credit of defeating the largest field of the meeting, sixteen maiden two-year-olds going to the post under selling conditions. Johnny McTaggart showed a glimpse of his old form when he guided Fairy Prince through a narrow opening on the rail and got up just in time to win from J. O. Talbott's Milda. This was the second winner for McTaggart, as he had previously captured the second race in a big field with M. F. Bronner's Election.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.—For 3-year-olds and upward, conditions, purse $600, five and a half furlongs. Time—1:07 2-5.

Neisweep, Willis Sharpe Kilmer's b. g., 3 years, 115 pounds, by Sweeper-Lady Nell, 5 to 1, 2 to 1, even. (W. Knapp)..1½

Grayson, Kentucky Stable's b. g., 3, 101, by Sir John Johnson-Melee, 8 to 5, 4 to 5, (L. Ensor).....2

Cadillac, Com. J. K. L. Ross's ch. c., 4, 117, by Toddington-Winnie G., 4 to 5, third, (L. Lyke).....3

Cabaret, Bennie's Sister, Speedster, Pepper, The Decision, Bellringer, The Brewer, Sierra, Josie A., L'Independante, and Port Bliss also ran. Casaba, Peasant, Prince Bonero, Masque, Golding, Runecraft, and Frances Crawford scratched.

SECOND RACE.—For 4-year-olds and upward, selling, purse $600, one mile and seventy yards. Time—1:47 1-5.

Election, M. F. Bonner's b. c., 4 years, 105 pounds, by Ballot-Sadie S., 13 to 5, 6 to 5, 3 to 5. (J. McTaggart).....1½

Dervish, G. W. Glick's blk. g., 6, 112, by Delhi-Coppella, 8 to 1, 4 to 1, (E. Taplin).....2

N. K. Beal, J. F. Cleaver's ch. c., 4, 112, by Glorifier-Puritan Girl, 4 to 1, third, (C. Cory).....3½

Precise, Hesse, Scorpii, Highland Lassie, Philistine, Hondo, Dr. Campbell, Starter, Kilts, Orderly, and Prim Harry also ran. Starlike scratched.

THIRD RACE.—For 3-year-olds, conditions, by subscription of $5, with $600 added, six furlongs. Time—1:13 1-5.

Abadame, G. D. Widener's br. g., 116 pounds, by Maboul III-Alley, 1 to 2 and out, (F. Robinson).....1²

Nutcracker, W. R. Coe's br. c., 113, by Thrust-Roman Slave, 1 to 2 and out, (C. Fairbrother).....2⁴

Golden Glow, F. D. Weir's b. c., 113, by All Gold-Rainy Daisy, 3 to 5, third, (C. Peak).....3⁵

Bathilde and Fidelia also ran. Lady Gertrude, Empress, Elmendorf, and Ben Gow scratched.

FOURTH RACE.—The Colorado Stakes, for 3-year-olds, by subscription of $25, starters to pay $50 additional, guaranteed value $3,000, five and a half furlongs. Time—1:08 3-5.

Star Hampton, Walter M. Jeffords's ch. c., 112 pounds, by Star Shoot-Dorothy Hampton, 16 to 5, 6 to 5, 3 to 5. (E. Ambrose).....1¹

Yurucari, John Sanford's b. c., 112, by Rockton-Kennyette, 4 to 5, 2 to 5, (W. Kelsay).....2½²

Different Eyes, Casco Stable's b. c., 112, by The Manager-Acushla, 3 to 1, third, (E. Taplin).....3⁵

Lion d'Or, Daydue, Teddy Rousseau, The Dauphin, and Lad's Love also ran. The Wanderer, Ute, and Loyal Peter scratched.

FIFTH RACE.—For 3-year-olds and upward, claiming, purse $800, six furlongs. Time—1:14.

Nominee, Mrs. R. L. Bresler's ch. c., 3 years, 106 pounds, by Voter-Love Apple, 8 to 5, 1 to 2, and out, (L. Lyke).....1nk

Poacher, Mrs. M. E. Williams's ch. g., 3, 100, by Star Shoot-Partridge, 2 to 5 and out, (C. Kummer).....2²

Ideal, R. F. Carman's ch. c., 5, 100, by The Turk-Horizon, 4 to 5, third, (J. Callahan).....3½

June Bug, Preston Lynn, and Millrace also ran. Manganese, Bellringer, Golden Glow, Whippoorwill, Jack Stuart, Prunes, Harry Burgoyne, The Masquerader, and Corydon scratched.

SIXTH RACE.—For maiden 3-year-olds, selling, by subscription of $5, with $600 added, five furlongs. Time—1:03 1-5.

Fairy Prince, R. T. Wilson, Jr.'s ch. c., 106 pounds, by Alambala-Glass Slipper, 12 to 1, 5 to 1, 2 to 1, (J. McTaggart)..1h

Milda, J. O. Talbott's b. f., 98, by Jack Atkin-Armilda, 5 to 2, 7 to 5, (J. Rodriguez).....2¹

Sherman A., Mrs. R. L. Bresler's b. c., 112, by Von Tromp-Genna, 3 to 5, third, (T. Rice).....3¹

Resist, Commander, Xalapa, Frank Shannon, Miss Leola, Chatter, Mayworth, James A. Sheridan, Plantarede, Dancing Carnival, Rossagine, The Desert, and Misanthrope also ran. Gilder, Toddler, and Title scratched.

Weather clear, track good.

### JAMAICA ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE.—For two-year-olds; claiming; five furlongs. Eddie McBride, 112 pounds; Cain Spring, 112; Littlecote, (imp.,) 112; Nan Knoehr, 112; Dottie Vandiver, 112; Lady Vulcain, 109; Diate Bud, 109; Top Rung, 108; Umbala, 108; D. C. Girl, 105; Toddler, 105; *Mine Sweeper, 103.

SECOND RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; selling; one mile and a sixteenth. Air Man, 118 pounds; Monomoy, 116; Right, 112; Judge Mingfield, 109; Minto, 108; (imp.,) 108; *Sky Pilot, 107; Game Cock, 106; Lady Gertrude, (imp.,) 104; *Austral, 87.

THIRD RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; selling; handicap; six furlongs. Gillies, 112 pounds; *The Masquerader, 111; Sands of Pleasure, 110; Ed. Cudihee, 106; Kewple O'Neil, 101; Decisive, 95.

FOURTH RACE.—The Highland Selling; for three-year-olds; six furlongs. Sitten in Time, 107 pounds; Bit, 106; Compadre, 106; Nominee, (imp.,) 106; Royce Rolls, 101; *Poacher, 98; Wood Violet, 98; Onico, 96; *Masda, 91.

FIFTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; selling; one mile and seventy yards. Sky Pilot, 120 pounds; Frederick the Great, (imp.,) 105; Phalerus, (imp.,) 100; Baccarat, 100; Golding, (imp.,) 100; Postage Stamp, 95; *Anna J., 90.

SIXTH RACE.—For two-year-olds; conditions; five furlongs. Eddie McBride, 115; Blairgowne, 115; Delaware, 109; Balustrade, 109; Crystal Ford, 109; Mad Hatter, 109; Lord Brighton, 109; American Ace, 109; Title, 109; Sundurla, 106; Di, 106.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

# SIR HENRY J. WOOD TO SUCCEED DR. MUCK

### Noted British Conductor Accepts Offer of Boston Symphony Orchestra.

LONDON, May 24.—Sir Henry Joseph Wood has accepted an offer to become conductor of the Boston Symphony Orchestra, according to this morning's Daily Telegraph, which says that he "may be relied upon to introduce to his new American public many works of the British composers."

Sir Henry will succeed Dr. Karl Muck, whose resignation as director of the Boston Symphony Orchestra was accepted on March 31, following his arrest at Boston as an enemy alien. Dr. Muck, the agitation against whom started at Providence, R. I., on Oct. 30, last, when he was accused of refusing a request to play "The Star Spangled Banner" at a concert, is now interned for the duration of the war.

Sir Henry was born in London on March 3, 1869, and when 10 years old became deputy organist at St. Mary's, Aldermanbury. He became a conductor in 1889, after giving organ recitals for several years. Since that time he has been constantly before the English public and in charge of some of the greatest orchestras of England. In addition, he has directed the presentation of notable concerts and superintended many musical festivals, the last of which was the Parsifal Tableux, given at the London Coliseum in 1913.

Sir Henry has been twice married. The first wife was Princess Olga Ourousoff of Podolia, Russia. She died in 1900. In 1911 Sir Henry was married to Miss Muriel, the daughter of Major Greatrex. He has two daughters.

# ACTORS AND AUTHORS NOW HAVE A THEATRE

### A Co-operative Organization at the Fulton Opens with a Double Bill.

One of the last deeds of the Authors' and Actors' Theatre, Inc., before their opening yesterday evening at the Fulton Theatre, was to release Edwin Milton Royle as director and take in his place Otis Skinner. The result, it may be assumed, was to increase the influence of the histrionic side of the new household. The event seems to have been somehow connected with the production of the chief item in the bill. "Her Honor, the Mayor," a comedy by Arline Van Ness Hines, is distinctly of the actor type of play. It abounds in "parts," with something doing on the stage all the time, and is conspicuously lacking in drama—which is the only means, in the theatre, of getting anything effectively done.

The things doing, moreover, are of no great novelty to the public, nor of any real credibility. Her Honor is a nice young thing who succeeds in getting herself elected as Mayor of a city in the Middle West. The women of the play, a full dozen of them, adore her and vote for her, but the men are a very bad lot, and in the smiles of feministic drama, and are bitterly opposed to her. There are, as a matter of fact, only five of them, not counting the butler: but these include an idiotically narrow-minded clergyman, a transparently villainous political boss, a jailbird relative, and a bloodthirsty district attorney, out for convictions. Her Honor spends the three acts of the "comedy" in dealing with these in a manner as high-handed and effective as it is unconvincing. They have only to make a stand before her to be knocked down. It is a form of sport in which the poor quarry hasn't the ghost of a show—a sort of game, hog pot hunting.

For some forty years before the winning of suffrage for women this kind of propaganda was familiar. But even a brief experience of the working of the real thing has brought a saddening conviction that men in politics are only too willing to make political eyes at the newly enfranchised, while it is their sisters, if anybody, who persist in voicing the cry that woman's sphere is the home. When we have a genuine "comedy" of the woman in politics we shall see the male politicians forming a flying wedge to prostrate themselves at her feet, while her dangerous enemies are of her own sex.

The leading rôle is what the French call a false good part. Laura Nelson Hall is one of the most personable and charming of our actresses and a thorough mistress of her art. But, though occupying the centre of the stage for the major part of three acts, and always triumphant, the final impression was curiously unimpressive. There are few things more fatal to an actor than to be always doing things without ever giving the impression of anything really done. In her support were many excellent artists, including Amelia Summerville, Ada Gilman, Etienne Girardot, C. H. Meredith, J. Irving Southard, Auriol Lee, and Zola Talma; but they shared in the prevailing effect of unreality.

The main piece was preceded by "The Good Men Do," which the program called "an indecorous epilogue." The scene is the hall of Shakespeare's house on the day of his death, and the action shows the bickerings of his puritanical family, who are represented as ashamed of his life as a dramatist and mainly interested in the disposition of his will.

The facts presented are faithful to the records collected in Lee's biography, and the intended effect of grim irony is successfully achieved; but the essential verity of the whole is very seriously open to question. Whatever else Shakespeare may have been, he was the leading citizen of Stratford, and a man with an uncommon faculty for making himself respected and loved.

The play is by Hubert Osborne, who wrote the romance "April," which lately departed this life at The Punch and Judy; and, like that piece, it is a product of the Harvard workshop theatre.

# ELEVATOR RUNNERS STRIKE.

### Hudson Terminal Employes Return to Work Soon After Quitting.

There was a short-lived strike of elevator operators and starters in the Hudson Terminal Buildings, 30 and 50 Church Street, yesterday. The men left their posts because of a misunderstanding. They believed they were not being considered in the readjustment of wages.

After a conference with President W. C. Fisk of the Hudson and Manhattan Railroad, the men returned to work. He explained to them that not all the questions have been settled in Washington and that in due course their affairs would be taken up.

### 'Doll's House' Matinee for Red Cross

A special matinee of "A Doll's House" will be given by Mme. Nazimova and her company at the Plymouth Theatre today for the benefit of the Red Cross. Various players will appear between the acts, including Mme. Andree Barlette of the Theatre Femina, Paris, who will read a note to the Kaiser in French.

### Not a Pulmotor That Exploded.

A dispatch from Newport News, published in THE NEW YORK TIMES of May 9, stated that the explosion of a pulmotor oxygen tank injured two naval surgeons and four enlisted men at the Naval Torpedo Station. It was not a pulmotor oxygen tank that exploded, but another device, not manufactured by the company making the pulmotor.

### Acknowledgment.

THE NEW YORK TIMES received a check for $2 on Wednesday, May 22, from Mr. and Mrs. F. P. Sawyer, 101 Sawkill Avenue, Milford, Penn., for Alma Gluck's Red Cross fund. The check has been forwarded to the American Red Cross.

# EXPECTS FOUR SHIPS A DAY FROM YARDS

### Schwab's Estimate of the Output from June 1, Following Visit to Great Lakes.

### ORDERS 100 MORE VESSELS

### Director General Starts to Carry Out His Pledge to Increase Production by 60 Per Cent.

Charles M. Schwab, Director General of the Emergency Fleet Corporation, expects the shipyards of the country to turn over to the Government four ships, averaging 4,000 tons each, every day beginning June 1, according to Dr. Charles A. Eaton, head of the National Service Section of the United States Shipping Board, who returned yesterday from a four-day inspection trip with Mr. Schwab and Charles Piez, Vice President of the Fleet Corporation. The party visited the Great Lakes region and, inspecting nine of the section's fourteen yards, found the shipworkers enthusiastic and determined to increase the output of ships.

On his trip Mr. Schwab officially put into effect his plan to increase the shipbuilding program 60 per cent., and obtained from the Middle Western shipwrights a pledge that next year they would construct 1,000,000 tons of shipping additional to the vast tonnage they have already contracted to deliver. The Director General awarded contracts for the building of more than 100 extra ships, the vessels to average 4,000 tons and their construction to start immediately.

Dr. Eaton said that Mr. Schwab authorized him to announce that from April 20 to May 20 the shipbuilders had delivered for service more than 300,000 tons of shipping, an average of about 10,000 tons daily. He said that the Fleet Corporation expected the monthly output to increase steadily from now on.

The inspection trip, Dr. Eaton said, was undertaken in order that Mr. Schwab and Mr. Piez might establish personal relation with the workers and urge them to put every ounce of energy into their tasks. The party visited three yards at Cleveland, one each at Lorain, Elyria, and Toledo, Ohio, and arrived at Detroit in time to witness the launching of two vessels. As spokesman for Mr. Schwab, Dr. Eaton said:

"In all I think we talked to about 25,000 shipworkers. We were generally introduced to the men as the three Charlies, an allusion to our all bearing the same first names, which seemed to make a great hit with the men. On three of our four days on the road, the Director General himself made seven speeches at as many meetings, and whenever he took the platform the men would go wild.

"There would be shouts of 'Give us the steel, Charlie; we'll give you the ships!' and from the crowd men who formerly worked under Mr. Schwab at South Bethlehem would push up to the front for a handshake and a bit of gossip with 'the boss.' Several times Schwab left the platform and went down among the men. When he came back his hands were black with grease where the men had gripped him, his collar and linen were splotched with dirt, and in general he looked like 'one of the boys,' as he said he felt."

Dr. Eaton said that the newspapers were doing a great deal toward speeding up the ship program, and that the spirit of constructive criticism rather than partisan faultfinding was proving a great benefit to the morale of the workers. He added:

"I can truthfully say that today there is a spirit of harmony and co-operation pervading the building of ships that extends from the highest official in Washington down to the humblest workman in the yards. It is wonderful to see this at work in the yards, where hundreds of thousands work every day actuated forward by one impulse—winning the war by ships."

The yards of the Great Lakes region, Dr. Eaton said, stood at the head of all the shipbuilding plants. They were the best equipped, he said, their management was excellent, and the quality of their production the highest yet attained. Mr. Schwab, he said, had ordered that whenever another ship was added to the number under construction the shipbuilders must lay down an additional way.

According to Dr. Eaton, conditions between employes and employers everywhere were harmonious. He said that the men had adopted a rule of arbitrating their minor differences among themselves.

# WORK IN SHIPYARDS ALL DAY SATURDAYS

### Patriotic Offer Made by Oregon Union Men Basis of Plan for Entire Industry.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, May 23.—The Shipping Board may ask the workers in all shipyards to work a full day on Saturdays during June, July, and August to speed up the shipbuilding program. It is believed that materials soon can be supplied in quantities sufficient to keep the yards working on a full-time basis. Officials of the Shipping Board and of the Emergency Fleet Corporation believe that an appreciable increase in the tonnage produced can be obtained. There are at present about 300,000 men employed in the 132 yards doing Government work.

A telegram was received today by Edward N. Hurley, Chairman of the Shipping Board, from the Executive Committee of the Metal Trades Council of Portland, Ore., proposing that the members of the union voluntarily work a full day on Saturdays for "straight time." While the offer will be accepted, the Shipping Board will not take advantage of the willingness of the men to sacrifice a part of their wages, and will pay time and one-half for the overtime.

The telegram from the Oregon union contained this resolution:

Resolved, That we, the Metal Trades Council, in meeting assembled, recognizing the great need of our country for ships, and, actuated only by pure patriotic motives, do hereby submit to a vote of the local unions of the metal trades a proposition to waive the Saturday half holiday for the months of June, July, and August, 1918, and to agree to work on those Saturdays for straight time, if desired, it being understood that in waiving these holidays, already guaranteed us by the Macy award, we are not permanently surrendering any rights under that agreement. It is earnestly hoped and expected that this action will meet the approval and be concurred in by all union men and women of the entire country.

Chairman Hurley wired this reply:

"Each and every member of the Metal Trades Council of Portland, Ore., is to be congratulated on the broad patriotic stand they have taken in offering to work Saturday half holidays during the months of June, July, and August, and if necessary to agree to work on these Saturdays at straight time. At a meeting of the Shipping Board today, I was asked to send you the following resolution:

That the United States Shipping Board, Emergency Fleet Corporation, and Charles M. Schwab, Director General, desire to express to the members of the Metal Trades Council of Portland, Ore., their sincere appreciation of the patriotic and co-operative spirit shown by their action in unanimously and enthusiastically agreeing to work on Saturday half holidays during the months of June, July, and August.

"You have set a standard of patriotism on the part of labor that will make the Portland Metal Trades Council stand out as a labor organization which has only one thought in mind, and that is winning the war."

The Shipbuilding Labor Adjustment Board wired this appreciation:

"The Executive Committee of the Metal Trades Council of Portland give an inspiring demonstration of patriotic purpose in submitting to a vote of the local unions the proposition to waive the Saturday half holidays for the months of June, July, and August. Their action will appeal to every loyal American citizen and will give heart to every American soldier at the front. Express to them the commendation and congratulation of the Shipbuilding Labor Adjustment Board."

# MORE SHIPS BUILT THAN U-BOATS SINK

### Defeat of Submarine, British Experts Say, at Last Becoming Visible Reality.

### MORALE OF CREWS GONE

### Sea Made an Inferno for Underwater Pirates—Allies' Food Supplies Now Adequate.

LONDON, May 23.—The enemy is destroying British, allied, and neutral tonnage at the rate of about 3,500,000 tons yearly, while Great Britain and her allies and the neutral countries will very soon be producing tonnage at a rate of about 4,000,000 tons yearly, writes Archibald Hurd, the naval expert, in The Daily Telegraph. That favorable situation, he declares, should be reached in a few weeks, and thenceforward the upward curve in favor of the Allies should proceed in a manner to convince the Germans of their failure.

There are indications, the writer points out, that the Germans themselves realize that the submarine campaign was a political blunder. The allied navies have not been weakened, he notes, and the submarine, which brought America into the war, has not been able to interfere seriously with the transportation of American troops and material.

As a result of the elaborate preparations made by the Admiralty last year, Mr. Hurd comments, the sea is becoming an inferno for the submarine pirates, and the morale of the officers and men employed in the enemy's submarine service is steadily declining, as is shown by evidence of the most conclusive character.

The naval correspondent of The Daily News, analyzing the shipping losses for April, points out that the total of allied and neutral sinkings was hardly more than a third of that of a year ago, while there is not any likelihood, he says, that there has been any marked decrease in the shipping entering and clearing the ports of the United Kingdom.

Although the effects of blocking the bases at Zeebrugge and Ostend, and the placing of the great new minefield in the North Sea are not yet known, the Germans in the whole first quarter of 1918, the correspondent shows, sank little more shipping than they did last year in a single month, while the total losses for each quarter from April, 1917, up to the present have steadily fallen.

"We are entirely justified in believing this improvement will continue and be progressive," he writes.

Discussing the recent statement by Admiral von Capelle, the head of the German admiralty, that the number of German submarines had increased, the correspondent declares that the rate of destruction of U-boats has now passed the rate of construction, and he asks why, if the number has grown, an increased number of U-boats is doing so very much less damage.

The correspondent gives several reasons for the lower rate of sinkings. Among these is the convoy system. Another is the arming of merchantmen, while the increased number of destroyers, patrol boats, and seaplanes is also a factor. Perhaps most important of all, he thinks, is the unification of command and methods in the Mediterranean. He also points to the increased demoralization and poor training of the German crews. Admiral von Capelle's confident words, he declares, are falsified by the facts.

The Daily News in an editorial draws a comparison between the economic conditions of the allied and enemy countries where the rations have been reduced, and says that thanks largely "to the splendid and self-sacrificing efforts of America" the food problem of the Allies is merely a problem of distribution. The supplies are adequate, it declares, and promise to remain adequate for every need. "The defeat of the submarine," it adds, "is at last becoming a visible reality."

### NEW SHIPYARD DEAL.

### $9,000,000 Corporation to Take Over Greenport Plants.

GREENPORT, L. I., May 23.—It is the belief in shipbuilding circles here that the end of this week will see the transfer of several of the most extensive shipyards to an unnamed corporation. The deal is said to include the Tuthill & Thorn shipyards and the Radel plant.

Very little could be learned concerning the corporation which is to take over the shipyards, except that it is capitalized at $9,000,000. To what use the corporation intends to put the yards is also unknown, but according to one report they will be used for the construction of steel trawlers. Another report says the yards will be turned over for Government work. The Tuthill & Thorn yard is one of the oldest and best-equipped in Eastern Long Island. It has a shore frontage of 1,000 feet.

### 69,000 SEAMEN INSURED.

### Those Serving in Merchant Marine Carry War Risk Policies.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, May 23.—The extent to which officers and men in the merchant marine have enjoyed the benefits of war risk insurance is indicated by figures of this line of business carried by the Government during the last year.

More than 69,000 officers and men serving on merchant ships have been insured since last June. These risks have been mainly for men whose service took them into and through the war zone. This insurance is handled by the Seamen's Insurance Division of the War Risk Bureau, where, during the year, policies to the aggregate amount of $115,000,000 have been written. In the year claims to the amount of $180,000 have been paid.

### WAR SAVINGS PARADE.

### Whitman to Take Part in Memorial Day Celebration.

The committee in charge of the sale of war savings and thrift stamps at the New York Public Library, Fifth Avenue and Forty-second Street, announced yesterday that with yesterday's receipts the total sale of stamps from the library steps would exceed $150,000. Hundreds of persons daily visit the library to view the miscellany of war savings posters, 200 more of which were added yesterday to an already extensive collection.

Governor Whitman, it was announced, will review the War Savings parade through the east side on Memorial Day. The parade will form in Rutgers Square, pass up East Broadway to Grand Street, to Essex Street, to Avenue A, to Fourteenth Street and down Second Avenue to Rutgers Square by way of Christie and Canal Streets. Governor Whitman will address a meeting in Rutgers Square.

The National War Saving Committee yesterday invited all singers who are familiar with the chorus part of "Elijah" to attend a rehearsal on Saturday at 2 o'clock at the College of Music, 128-130 East Fifty-eighth Street "Elijah" to attend a rehearsal on Saturday at 2 o'clock at the College of Music, 128-130 East Fifty-eighth Street "Elijah" will be presented as a part of the thrift festival to be held under the direction of Lieutenant John Philip Sousa, U. S. N., on June 2, at the Polo Grounds. The soloists will be Charles Harrison, Oscar Seagle and Leon Rothier, Mmes. Schumann-Heink, Sundelius, and Alda.

### Hearing in Move to Bar German.

The Board of School Superintendents will hold a meeting today at 10 o'clock in the Board of Education Building, Park Avenue and Fifty-ninth Street, to consider a resolution offered by Superintendent J. L. Tildsley requesting the Board of Education to banish the German language study from the city high schools. Today's meeting will be for the purpose of giving the opponents of German a chance to be heard, and representatives of various patriotic organizations will be on hand.

# HOUSE VOTES "DRY" ON BEER AND WINE

### Passes Bill Calling for Prohibition of Use of Foodstuffs in Their Manufacture.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, May 23.—Power may granted to President Wilson to enforce a measure approaching complete national prohibition during the war as a result of the action of the House today in adopting a prohibition clause in the Food Stimulation bill. By a vote of 178 to 137 the House amended the bill to provide that $6,000,000 of the appropriation shall not be available unless the President shall issue a proclamation prohibiting the use of foodstuffs and fruits in the production of malt or vinous liquors for beverage purposes.

After the "dry" forces had succeeded in forcing into the bill the amendment, offered by Representative Randall, the House, by a vote of 231 to 64, passed the measure. It now goes to the Senate, where the "wets" will attempt to defeat the prohibition amendment.

The Randall amendment was accepted by the Committee of the Whole last Tuesday. Opposition to it immediately showed itself among the Administration forces, and spokesmen for the Administration were quoted as saying that the President was opposed to having the clause in the bill. Representative Candler of Mississippi, who sponsored the bill, himself a prohibitionist, fought the amendment, declaring it was not fair to the President to force him to settle a moral question.

Representative Candler would not admit on the floor that the President had formally declared his opposition to the clause, although members who had conferred with him say that he so informed them.

The Randall amendment provides that none of the $6,000,000 provided for field agent work in the Department of Agriculture shall be available unless the President shall prevent the use of foodstuff in the making of beer and wines. If this section should be acepted by the Senate, and the President approve the bill, there would be an instant closing down of the making of beer and wines, and, it is estimated, that the nation would be without any alcoholic beverages in another year. The production of whisky was stopped by the act of August, 1917, and reports show that the supply in the country will become exhausted in another year.

The Randall amendment reads:

No part of this appropriation shall be available for any purpose unless there shall have been previously issued the proclamation authorized by Section 15 of the act of Aug. 10, 1917, entitled "An Act to Provide Further for the National Security and Defense by Stimulating Agriculture and Facilitating the Transportation of Agricultural Products," such proclamation being the prohibition of the use of foods, fruits, food materials, or feeds in the production of malt or vinous liquors for beverage purposes.

The "wet" leaders are saying tonight that they are certain that the Senate will not accept the amendment and that the House conferees will recede on the clause, but obviously they are worried.

### Winter Garden to Aid Red Cross.

The entire receipts of Sunday night's performance at the Winter Garden, it is announced by the Shuberts, will be given to the Red Cross. The stars of the various Shubert attractions will be on the program, including Al Jolson, William Hodge, Charles Purcell, Clifton Crawford, William Norris, Peggy Wood, John Charles Thomas, Eugene and Willie Howard, and Harry Conor. Several ensemble numbers from "Sinbad," "Fancy Free," and "Maytime" will be offered.

Next Tuesday's performance of "Fancy Free" at the Casino Theatre will also be in aid of the Red Cross.


NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

NEW AMSTERDAM W. 42d St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tmw. & Wed. Prices 50c to $2.00, except Sat. Nights, $2.50. KLAW & ERLANGER'S RADIANT MUSICAL COMEDY
The Rainbow Girl

NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE ROOF. ZIEGFELD STARTS 11:30. NEW MIDNIGHT FROLIC

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evs. at 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. 2:15. ETHEL BARRYMORE in the new 3-Act Comedy "BELINDA" Preceded by J. M. Barrie's "THE NEW WORD."

HENRY MILLER'S THEATRE 43 St., East of B'way. 'Phone Bryant 7410. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. 2:30. BILLIE BURKE HENRY MILLER in A Marriage of Convenience

GEO. M. COHAN THEATRE. B'WAY & 43D ST. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. 2:20. THE Kiss Burglar THE SMACKING MUSICAL SUCCESS.

HUDSON Theatre, West 44th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. 2:20. NANCY LEE By Eugene Walter, with Charlotte Walker and Lewis Stone.

FULTON W. 46th St. Tel. Bryant 700. Evs. 8:15. Mat. Tomorrow 2:15. SENSATIONAL SUCCESS "HER HONOR THE MAYOR" and "THE GOOD MEN DO" PRICES 25c TO $1.00.

LIBERTY West 42d St. Evenings at 8:20. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. 2:20. GOING UP The Talk of the Town The Aviation Musical Comedy Sensation.

PARK Thea., Cols. Circle. Evenings 8:20. Mats. To-m'w., Wed. & Dec'n Day. LAST TWO WEEKS OF SEASON. 7 DAYS LEAVE Big Military-Naval Melodrama. NEXT SUNDAY EVE. Seats Now. STAGE HANDS' GAMBOL in "SEVEN DAYS LEAVE." ROLES PLAYED BY STAGE HANDS. Auspices and Benefit of Stage Women's War Relief Fund. Prices 50c to $2. No War Tax.

CORT 48 ST., E. of B'WAY. Evgs. 8:20. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. (Pop.) 2:20. WED. MATINEE POP. PRICES. "Liveliest musical show in town."—Eve. Sun. FLO-FLO

BELASCO West 44th St. Evenings 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Thurs. 2:30. DAVID BELASCO presents POLLY WITH A PAST

ELTINGE W. 42d St. Tonight 8:30. MAT. TOMORROW 2:30. Pop. Prices Mat. Wed. BUSINESS BEFORE PLEASURE With Barney Bernard & Alexander Carr.

COHAN & HARRIS W. 42 St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. A FUNNIEST AMERICAN COMEDY OF RECENT YEARS Tailor-Made Man with GRANT MITCHELL.

LYCEUM W. 45 St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Thurs. 2:30. DAVID BELASCO Presents TIGER ROSE

REPUBLIC W. 42 St. Tonight 8:30. MAT. TOMOR'W 2:30. Pop. Prices Mat. Wed. PARLOR BEDROOM and BATH with Florence Moore

STANDARD B'way & 90th St. Evs. 25c to $1. Mats. TOM'W 25c to 75c. EDITH WYNNE MATTHISON in "THE SERVANT IN THE HOUSE." Next Week—"SO LONG LETTY."

LAST 12 PERFORMANCES FRED STONE "JACK O' LANTERN" GLOBE MAT. TOM'W.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS UNDER THE DIRECTION OF SAM S. & LEE SHUBERT, INC.

WINTER GARDEN Evgs. 8. Mats. Tom'w, Tues. & Dec'n Day 2. AL JOLSON in "SINBAD" NEXT SUNDAY NIGHT—RED CROSS NIGHT—ENTIRE RECEIPTS DONATED BY THE MESSRS. LEE & J. J. SHUBERT. Most wonderful of all bills:
AL JOLSON — WILLIAM HODGE
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PEGGY WOOD — NINA VALIERIS
CHARLES PURCELL — ADA MAE WEEKS
WILLIAM NORRIS — HARRY CONOR
ENSEMBLES FROM SINBAD, FANCY FREE, MAYTIME. MARJORIE GATESON
Prices $1.00, $1.50, $2.00. No War Tax.

ASTOR 45th & B'way. Evgs. 8:20. Mats. Tom'w, Wed., Dec. Day 2:20. THE ROLLS-ROYCE OF MUSICAL COMEDIES, ROCK-A-BYE BABY with "Most Beautiful Girls of the Season — and Magically Melodious Music."—Eve. Sun.

Maxine Elliott's 39th, nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Tom'w, Wed. & Dec'n Day. MARJORIE RAMBEAU IN EYES OF YOUTH

CASINO THEA., 39th & B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w, Wed. & Dec'n Day 2:15. "A JOYOUS HIT" —Charles Darnton. —Eve. World. CLIFTON CRAWFORD in a new musical show FANCY FREE. Harry Conor, Ray Raymond, Marjorie Gateson. Highest Price Orch. Seats $2. Good Seats 50c, $1.00, $1.50.

Bijou Evs. 8:45. Mat. Tom'w, Last 3 Times. A Pair of Petticoats With Norman Trevor—Lynn Fontanne.

PRINCESS 39th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:20. A Musical Comedy Masterpiece OH, LADY! LADY!! Mats. Tom'w, Wed. & Dec. Day 2:20.

39TH ST. Theatre, near B'way. Evs. 8:15. WM. HODGE Mats. Tom'w, Wed. & Dec. Day. In His Best Comedy. A CURE FOR CURABLES

44th, W. of B'way. SHUBERT Theatre, Mats. Tom'w. Wed. & Dec'n Day 2:15. LIONEL BARRYMORE in "A GALLI-CURCI TRIUMPH."—Mail. THE Copperhead

MOROSCO 45th St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. at 2:20. BIGGEST COMEDY HIT IN NEW YORK. LOMBARDI, Ltd. With LEO CARRILLO

W. A. Brady's PLAYHOUSE W. 48th. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed., Dec. Day 2. THE LITTLE TEACHER with MARY RYAN

48TH ST. THEA., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Tom'w & Dec'n Day 2:30. THE MAN WHO STAYED AT HOME Famous "Spy" Play—Star Cast.

Broadhurst Thea., 44th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8. Mats. Tom'w & Dec'n Day 2. Lee and J. J. Shubert's Model Musical Production MAYTIME NEARING 325TH TIME. Charles Purcell, Peggy Wood & Wm. Norris.

BOOTH 45th, W. of B'way. The Stuart Walker Co. in Booth Tarkington's Comedy. SEVENTEEN Evenings 8:30. Mats. Tom'w, Wed. & Dec'n Day, 2:30. FIFTH MONTH.

FRENCH THEATRE (Formerly Garrick) Evs. 8:30. Mt. Tw 2:20 A FARMERETTE COMEDY "STARTING SOMETHING" BIG HIT! By ELIZABETH TYREE METCALFE. Followed by a one-act Red Cross Thriller. Regular box prices. No war tax.

PLYMOUTH 45 St., W. of B'way. 40 Bryant. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Today & Sat. 2:20. SPECIAL RED CROSS MATINEE TODAY. LAST 3 TIMES in Nazimova "A Doll's House" by Henrik Ibsen.

Loew's 7th Ave. At 125 St. Evs. 25c to $1. Mat. Sat. 25c to 75c. "SO LONG LETTY" Next Week—"TURN TO THE RIGHT."

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"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.

ADOLPH S. OCHS, Publisher and President.
B. C. Franck, Secretary.

NEW YORK, FRIDAY, MAY 24, 1918.

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## NEXT YEAR'S TAXES.

The argument in the affirmative for the postponement of the levy of next year's taxes until next year is the convenience of Congressmen. They are afraid equally to meet their constituents this Fall on their record on this year's taxes, or on the new taxes, which must be larger. The argument in the negative for present action is that the money is not necessary, and cannot be spent if voted. The Government has plenty of unissued bonds upon which it can borrow, and this year's experience shows that it is idle to vote funds which the productive capacity of the country cannot take up. But the proportion of bonds to taxes should be settled upon other considerations than the personal and political convenience of Congressmen, and this year's experience throws no light upon next year's expenditures. Increasingly, the Government's expenditures are of a sort not related to factory capacity, although it will continue to be a large proportion of the outgo. The army alone will need as much as this year's total expenditures. The shipbuilding program promises to take up more money than has hitherto been reckoned upon. The same is true of the airplane production, which now is entering upon its quantity stage. The expenses of the first half of the next fiscal year will approach the total of this year. There is no doubt that larger provision ought to be made. The only question is whether it should be made now or later.

Against the convenience of Congress should be set the convenience of the Treasury and the taxpayers. Congress has fallen into the habit of levying taxes retroactively. It is better that the taxes should look forward. The business on which the taxes will be collected is now being done in ignorance of what the taxes will be. It is not possible to keep the accounts according to the tax laws if the laws are not known. It is not possible to conduct business with suitable regard to economic or financial considerations unless the taxes are enacted before the taxes fall due. If it is possible for Congress to pass the new taxes promptly after the new year, it is equally possible for them to pass the taxes promptly now. In that case the Treasury and the taxpayers would be freed from the threat of such confusion as embarrassed the Treasury and business generally between October and April of this year.

Congressmen are wrong in thinking that the taxpayers' chief complaint, or the Treasury's, is the burden of the taxes. The complaint is of the bad methods of taxation, not of the amount. Everybody is prepared to pay higher taxes, but everybody wants to know what must be paid, and would be glad to have the tax law such that it could be understood by those desirous of complying with it. Business fears fixed burdens less than the certainty, if legislation is postponed now, that there will be agitation during the period of postponement for the convenience of Congress.

Congress has no prestige to support it in this matter. It confronts Secretary McADOO, who has great prestige, and who is supported by the President. Congress has much to fear and nothing to gain from a controversy with them. It is not worthy of Congress to suggest that if it is forced into legislation against its convenience it will lay taxes obnoxious to the country, or heavier than the occasion calls for. The true policy for Congress is not to remedy bad tax legislation with worse, but with better. For that there is ample opportunity. There are plenty of home and foreign examples of taxes which Congress has avoided levying, as though willfully. There is no example in all tax history of a tax bill so chaotic and burdensome as the one from which business is now suffering. The proposal to prolong the present tax, and perhaps to repeat it in another tax passed under pressure of haste in the short session, cannot be approved. Congress is no better than other slackers if it botches its job for reasons of convenience to itself.

## TRUST MR. HUGHES.

The letter of Mr. HUGHES to the Attorney General, in which it is asked that their investigation of "the "activities relating to aircraft pro- "duction" may proceed "unembarrassed by any other parallel course "of action," cannot be disregarded by the Senate, and it would be the part of wisdom for Mr. CHAMBERLAIN and others on the Military Affairs Committee who were contemplating an independent inquiry to relinquish or forego their plan. They can hardly do otherwise without losing public confidence, and this is so because there is no investigator whom the American people are more willing to trust than CHARLES EVANS HUGHES. He has a shining and unimpeachable record as a truth-seeker in dark places, and, besides, he sat with honor on the bench of the Supreme Court of the United States.

When Mr. HUGHES pledges himself to investigate aircraft production and scan the doings of all who have been connected with it, there is nothing more to be said. His competence has been convincingly proved, his energy is well known, his integrity scandal-proof. "We shall not," he says in his letter, "be able to ascer- "tain whether there has been dis- "honesty or malversation of any kind "unless we go thoroughly into all the "transactions which have been had." He promises an "adequate" report, dispassionate and impartial and "confined to the facts," which means, in his case, that no man who has blundered will be spared and no man who has defrauded the Government will be allowed to escape. And Mr. HUGHES points out that if there is an independent Senate inquiry there would be danger of bringing out something that "would at once sug- "gest to the guilty, if there be such, "where effort should be made to "block successful prosecution." This seems to be unanswerable.

It is simply a question of believing in and trusting Mr. HUGHES, and giving him a free hand. If the American people are ready to do that, what can anybody in the Senate propose that should make them draw back? Has the Senate any investigator like Mr. HUGHES, as wise, as resourceful, as keen on a scent?

## KICKING THE GRAVE.

This was the most unkindest cut of all,
For when the noble CAESAR saw him stab—

Not that the Prohibition Party much resembles the noble CAESAR, nor the Anti-Saloon League BRUTUS. Nor should we call it a stab that the league gives the expiring carcass of the party; it would be more accurate to call it a kick. The league sends out a notice to woman voters warning them against enrolling with the Prohibition Party, if they want to accomplish anything for prohibition. That last contemptuous wallop at the cadaver was certainly deserved, but seems almost unnecessary. It seems but yesterday, though it is twenty or more years ago, that the Prohibition Party was a thing seriously to be reckoned with. What killed it was the success of prohibition. As the country began to go prohibition the Prohibition Party waned and shriveled, until finally it became a bargain counter and we saw such amazing scenes as SULZER and the unknown influences behind him bidding for the control of it.

When CLINTON B. FISK, JOHN P. ST. JOHN, and JOHN BIDWELL were its standard bearers, when honest and earnest men planned and dreamed for it and thought they saw the coming realization of their dream in its constantly mounting vote, who would have expected such decay and demoralization, and, above all, who would have suspected that it would be prohibition that brought about the party's fall? Prohibition has steadily marched ahead, with its eyes fixed on the goal, disregarding utterly the pipings of the constantly dwindling wreck of a party by the roadside. And now the chief element in the prohibition struggle in this State warns all who have prohibition at heart to leave the poor thing alone.

Fallen at length
Its tower of strength,
Its sun is dimmed ere it had nooned;
Dead lies the great Ahkoond.
The great Ahkoond of Swat
Is not!

## WOMAN VOTERS SHOULD ENROLL.

Tomorrow the polls will be open all over the city for the enrollment of woman voters. This enrollment is to enable them to vote in the primaries for the nomination of candidates for Governor, State Senators, members of Congress, and the other offices to be filled at the November election. No one can vote in the primaries who is not enrolled.

The duty of participating in nominations is as great as the duty of participating in the final election. There is no way to prevent the nomination of unfit candidates and assure the nomination of good ones except by every good citizen's participation in the primaries where the nominations are made. Therefore every woman who takes her suffrage responsibilities seriously will enroll for the purpose.

The polls will be open from 8 A. M. until 10 P. M. Women who enroll will sign a statement saying that they intend "in general" to act with the Democratic, the Republican, or some other party. This does not commit them to the support of that party at the November election; it merely prevents them from voting in the primaries of any other party than the one they specify, and is intended to prevent misuse of the primaries. Any woman, however independent she may be in politics, may sign the statement with a free conscience, and unless she does sign it she is debarred from voting in the primaries.

## IN AUSTRIA.

The division of Bohemia into twelve district governments is a German electoral and administrative gerrymander, long demanded, in principle, by the "bourgeois" Austrian Germans, and a fit new ally of the repression and oppression that have prevailed, steadily or sporadically, in the Magyar-German treatment of all the irredentist nationalities since the war began. Martial law, instituted in Croatia the other day, or in Galicia, or now introduced into parts of Bohemia, is but another vain effort in this redistribution of local governments and populations to keep the majority down. The struggle is long. Amid the economic and financial exhaustion of Austria and the shadowy, fading expectation of German military success on the western front, the only possible lifesaver for the Dual Monarchy, this nagging by the German Austrians seems pitiful, ghastly, the device of distracted and feeble men. If there is ever time for discretion in Austria, it is now.

Meanwhile, the main present facts in regard to Austria are that the South Slavs and the Czecho-Slovaks are united; that not merely the Slav Socialists but the German Socialists have been attacked by the agrarian reform program of the Czecho-Slovaks and South Slavs; that Bolshevism, at least the revolutionary spirit, is spreading by the return of soldiers from Russia as it had spread before by the example of Russia.

Agrarianism, socialism, irredentism: these are three forces variously strong, but all now working together for the dissolution of the Hapsburg Monarchy. What are constitutional changes, administrative readjustments, fresh expedients to give the German Nationalists more hold over the majority, the irredentist nationalities seeking to be nations? Austria-Hungary depends for the continuance of its superfluous existence upon the sword of its German suzerain in the west—German military or political, and perhaps social, revolution.

## GIVE TO DEFEAT THE BOMBERS OF HOSPITALS.

How can anybody read the story of the American Red Cross workers going into the first-line trenches to serve coffee to soldiers about to start on patrol duty in No Man's Land and not make a contribution to the Red Cross War Fund? Not just enough to ease the conscience, but a sum that the heart speeds on its way.

The Red Cross workers are always noncombatants; they carry, not arms, but food and drinks, dry socks, and other things that sustain and cheer the soldiers when they make their hazardous dash for the trenches, while we at home are seated at well-provided and well-lighted tables, untroubled, comfortable, secure. "A "cold, rainy night recently was "marked," says a dispatch from Paris, "by activity of the Red Cross men. "The soldiers had messed at 5:30 "P. M. and would have had nothing "to eat until 6 o'clock the next morn- "ing had it not been for the Red "Cross workers." And some time between dark and dawn there were parties of American soldiers who went "over the top" to raid the enemy, that most nerve-racking and risky duty from which any man is fortunate to return on his feet and unscathed. On the cold, rainy night mentioned in the Paris dispatch the American soldiers who got back safe from the desperate venture in No Man's Land, with its black horror and traps of death, found warm drinks waiting for them and the solace of tobacco, thanks to the always thoughtful Red Cross.

If the people of New York could see what the noncombatant men and women of the Red Cross, scorning danger, working till they sink down from exhaustion, sustained only by their sense of duty, are doing for the soldiers in the trenches, for the mutilated and dying in the hospitals, and for the soul-stricken refugees behind the battlelines, if the perils and sacrifice and devotion of these Red Cross workers, these crusaders of humanity and agents of mercy, could be brought home to every thinking and sentient person in New York, the community would pour a good deal more than $25,000,000 into the War Fund.

The Germans have again bombed hospitals in France, killing and wounding women nurses.

Give all you can, and then take a chance and give more.

## THE RESTORED PICTURE.

It is good to see the reconciliation of brethren estranged. It is good to see flower-soft friendship overgrow the nettles of feud. In the dark days of 1912 the Republican Club tore from its walls the true effigy, in oil, of THEODORE ROOSEVELT, buried it contumeliously in the cellarage. He was no longer a Republican. Heretic pravity possessed him. He had forfeited his right to look upon Republicans from his frame and those orthodox walls where Mr. ROOT and Mr. TAFT and other illustrious Republicans kept him company. Down with him, down to the darkest, deepest basement or sub-basement!

Such is the fate of partisanship. Yet, whatever his divagations in 1912, Mr. ROOSEVELT was too potent, too engaging a figure, despite his little eccentricities, exuberances, and violences, to be left out of the Republican gallery. His absence could not be permanent. Even among many who have quarreled with him to the hilt, or whom he has "jumped on" in his artless, primitive method of exercise and amusement, there is a kind of admiration for his concatenation of talents, acquirements, virtues, humors, faults. He is a breathing, one might almost say a roaring, antithesis. His continual flow of antithetical expression is unconscious self-expression. The style is the man.

Back in the fold, gradually recovering good and regular standing as a member of the Republican congregation, forgiven by all but the irreconcilable resenters, fanatics of principle, or fatteners of grudge, accenting his recovered orthodoxy by miles of so amiable "criticism" of Democratic doings, why shouldn't Mr. ROOSEVELT, the old, old love in his bosom swelling, come back to the Republican Club, which had solemnly and joyfully adorned a too long vacant space with his reverently dusted portrait, restored to honor, luminous and salient on that respected wall?

The Republican civil war is over. The Restoration is come. "I shall be around at the club very soon," writes the reinstated Mr. ROOSEVELT.

Happy day! Must WILLIAM BARNES sit in darkness when the feast of the Prodigal Son is celebrated? Can't he forgive and be forgiven? A "good hater," like Dr. JOHNSON and Mr. ROOSEVELT, but what's the use of hating? It can't improve the liver or digestion, or delay morose old age. Mr. BARNES, Mr. ROOSEVELT. Mr. ROOSEVELT, you remember Mr. BARNES?

## FIRST STEP TOWARD RAISING RAILWAY RATES.

The Director General is charged with the rehabilitation of nearly twenty billions of railway capital, owned by many millions, and the basis of many other billions of credit and trade engagements. Therefore he will have sympathetic support in his task of reducing the railway deficit by operation and thus restoring the credit of the companies. It is not enough that the Government should be fair in its treatment of the railways under the President's plan of taking them over for the period of the war, and to maintain the plant in good physical condition. To restore the railways to their owners under a continuation of the conditions which prostrated them financially would be unfair treatment, whatever other good things were done. The railways must be made able to earn their dividends and interest and costs of operation, all on a fair basis in relation to all other prices. It would seem impossible to do this without an increase of rates, and there is a first step which should be taken in this direction for political as well as financial considerations.

For years the State Commissions have made sport of the Interstate Commission's rate orders. This week are published two decisions by the Supreme Court dismissing appeals from the Interstate Commission's order that the Texas Commission should cease discrimination in favor of Texas trade by making intrastate rates in conflict with interstate rates. The Director General will be on firm ground for summary procedure in all such cases, and they are multitudinous. There can be no easier or juster way of beginning with rate increases than by enforcing the Federal rates and fares over State rates and fares which are in avowed opposition to official Federal declaration of reasonableness. The railways and the Commission alike have been reluctant to join issue with State authorities, but the Director General will not hesitate with the Supreme Court at his back.

It is idle to think of another advance in rates when the States cut below existing rates in the manner of the Sinn Fein on our own soil. To raise existing rates to an equality throughout the Union is an obvious first step. The Director General cannot control the State Commissions, but he can make sure that there is no business done by his subordinate railway officials at rates other than those approved by the Supreme Court. Then the Commissions and Attorneys General can go into court, if they like, with the result against them known in advance. Every step toward putting the railways on firmer ground is reassurance of the broader financial situation. There is law enough. What is wanted is action in keeping with the spirit and need of the times, rather than the fighting over of old quarrels.

## TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

**A Chance to Right a Wrong.**

Convincing evidence should -- and therefore must—be given by the celebration of today as Italy-America Day that New York is not without full appreciation of the part played by Italy in the great war, of the sacrifices she has made, the courage her men have displayed, and the achievements of her armies. To do this will not be simply paying well-earned honor to the Italian people and the Italian Government; it will be also a demonstration that only in seeming have we failed to remember that Italy for three long years has been fighting to the full extent of her resources for the Good Cause.

We have not ever really forgotten all this. If sometimes—and too often—we have not grouped the Italian flag with those of Great Britain and France in our decorations on festival and memorial occasions, it has been only from the natural human tendency to concentrate attention on the chief features of any scene or subject and to have only a half-consciousness of details, even though important. We have been well aware, all the time, that except for the diversion of Austria's forces and a part of Germany's to the southern front, the German attack in the west would have been far more powerful than it was, and in that case the result might have been—one that we can now refuse to state or even to imagine too clearly.

And Italy had in the beginning what would have served her as an excuse for not entering the war at all, or for entering it on the side of the Central Empires. By following either of these courses she probably could have gained more in material reward than a victory of the Allies will give her. That she hesitated for a year before making the great decision was a delay that we, however it may be with others, must call short, not long, and, in evil fortune as in good, her purpose has not changed, her fidelity weakened.

It is a duty and a reparation, therefore, as well as a privilege, for us to join our fellow-citizens of Italian blood in celebrating worthily this day—in making it our day as well as theirs, as, indeed, it is.

**They've Had a Lot of Tobacco.**

That one of THE TIMES representatives in France traversed the whole American sector and on only two occasions saw a distribution to our soldiers of tobacco bought from "funds" raised here by popular contribution proves only how far from all that goes on in even one part of this colossal war can be seen by any one observer. Negative testimony has no weight in the balance as against evidence that is positive, and there is positive evidence of indisputable quality that one "smoke fund" alone—The Sun's—has not only collected and spent for tobacco a great sum of money, but that the tobacco has really crossed the Atlantic and really been distributed among the American soldiers.

Counting each cigarette or pipeful of tobacco as a "smoke," the number of "smokes" which The Sun Fund has already provided for our fighters abroad reaches the colossal total of 137,000,000. This is an average distribution of more than 13,000,000 a month for the ten months during which this fund has been in operation, and as, for a considerable part of that time, the United States had in France not more than 50,000 men, the share of each could not have been minute.

And that the distribution was effected is demonstrated by the receipt of many letters from the soldiers in the ranks and by other letters from the Quartermaster General and his assistants. So that question can be regarded as settled.

That it is an important question as well as a settled one is shown by the fact that this week—far from too soon and long after both Great Britain and France reached the same conclusion—our Government has decided to count tobacco among the necessaries of its soldiers and has made it an item in their regular rations. This was a wise and therefore a commendable action. Tobacco may not be a necessary of life, in the ordinary sense of that term, for men in either peace or war, but certainly it lightens the inevitable hardships of war as nothing else can do.

In anticipating the decision of our Government the originators of the several "smoke funds" have served well their country and earned its gratitude.

**Loyalty Saves and Serves.**

With characteristic wisdom, President SCHURMAN devoted a large part of his commencement address to the Cornell students this week to telling them stern truths as regards the spending of money in wartime—truths deserving of earnest consideration, not only from those and other youth, but from the great number of people who have more money to spend well or ill than boys and girls just out of college are apt to possess. President SCHURMAN did not preach the doctrine of "business as usual." He preached against it. He recognized the fact that business as usual is impossible when conditions are utterly unusual, and he applied the harsh name of "traitor" to those whose expenditures are now determined, not by their actual needs, but by the amount of cash in their pockets and by their inclination to spend it in luxurious living.

He dismissed—a little too brusquely, perhaps, but better so than not at all—the argument that the confinement of expenditure to necessaries works disturbance to trade and throws thousands out of employment. The disturbance of trade is unquestionable, and unquestionably it, like innumerable other consequences of war, is regrettable, but the disturbance of the luxury trades, or of the nonessential trades, is not fatal or even greatly calamitous, while the men and women employed in them will not have to look far, in wartime, to find other work, as well or higher paid and vastly more conducive to national welfare and safety.

Probably President SCHURMAN, though the brief reports of his address now at hand do not show it, dwelt upon the fact that wars are not waged with money, really, but with goods and services directly utilized in fighting the enemy. Only when money can command these has it any military importance, and it can command them only when everybody is willing to save and is compelled to serve.

### From the Netherlands Legation.

KONINKLYK GEZANTSCHAP
DER NEDERLANDEN.

*To the Editor of The New York Times:*

The Netherland Legation at Washington, D. C., presents its compliments to the editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES and begs to inform the latter that the Legation's attention has been called to the news item marked as "Special to THE NEW YORK TIMES" appearing in that paper's issue of May 22, 1918, Page 12, last column. Therein the statement is made that the United States Government has permitted three vessels of the REQUISITIONED Netherland fleet to sail for Holland with grain and that the War Trade Board has decided not to release three additional ships of the REQUISITIONED fleet, as requested by the Netherland Government. The Netherland Legation wishes to say that this statement is not correct. None of the six Netherland ships referred to belong to those requisitioned by the American Government or the Governments associated with the United States in the war.

The Legation expects the editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES to be anxious to rectify the erroneous impression which the said news item conveyed.

[Seal.]

Washington, D. C., May 22, 1918.

## ANTI-VACCINATION ERRORS.

### Dr. Keen Corrects Two Misstatements About the Armies.

*To the Editor of The New York Times:*

In connection with the action of the Buffalo Academy of Medicine, as noted in your issue of the 19th, may I call attention to the two resolutions of the New York Anti-Vivisection Society passed on Jan. 31, last?

The first one, referring to vaccination against typhoid fever, demanded that "it be left to the free will of each soldier as to whether his health and life shall be endangered by an operation which, in actual experience, has resulted in deplorably affecting the strength and availability of our National Army, and occasioned unnecessary loss to thousands of American families who have bravely offered their young manhood to our beloved country."

The statement in this resolution is not true. On the contrary the anti-typhoid vaccination has practically banished that historic scourge of armies from our own cantonments and our own army and navy, and also from all the armies in Europe. In the British Army in France 99 per cent. of the soldiers, having seen the splendid protection of this vaccination, voluntarily secure its benefits.

The second resolution "points to the provision of exemption now made by Great Britain, that power having been forced to rescind the rule of compulsion after the alarming effects of inoculation were disclosed." The statement in this resolution is also untrue, as is shown by the following cable correspondence between myself and Lieut. Gen. Goodwin, Surgeon General of all the British armies:

April 27, 1918.

Surgeon General Goodwin, War Office, London:

Has antityphoid vaccination ever been compulsory in British Army? KEEN.

London, April 29, 1918.

Professor Keen, Philadelphia:

Antityphoid inoculation has never been compulsory in British Army.

GOODWIN.
W. W. KEEN.

Philadelphia, May 20, 1918.

### A Question of French Law.

*To the Editor of The New York Times:*

The article appearing in THE TIMES, under date of May 10, over the signature of A. Tardieu, contains a statement to the effect that an indictment was found against Frank J. Godsol in 1917. This is absolutely untrue. The minutes of the proceedings of the Chamber of Deputies show that I am correct in making this statement.

A. T. SCHARPS.

New York, May 16, 1918.

*To the Editor of The New York Times:*

Referring to your question as to whether or not the word "indictment" is the proper equivalent for the procedure describing the French phrase "l'ouverture immédiate de l'instruction judiciaire," and speaking for the High Commissioner, I may state the following:

In view of the fundamental differences which exist between legal procedure in this country and in France, it is difficult, if not impossible, to translate literally legal phraseology such as above quoted. The best that can be done is to try to find an equivalent.

The essential fact is correctly emphasized in M. Tardieu's statement, namely, that it was at the instance and request of M. Albert Thomas that the charge of wrongdoing against Godsol was brought and before the appropriate French Court, for action.

POUR LE HAUT COMMISSAIRE,
Le Délégue Général.
EDOUARD DE BILLY.

Washington, May 22, 1918.

### Sure of Her Soldier.

*To the Editor of The New York Times:*

The following quotation from a letter, showing the sentiments of an American mother in sending her boy to the war, may be of interest to your readers:

"I do not worry about John. Why should I? He was well equipped mentally, spiritually, and physically for whatever is ahead of him. He takes his responsibility gravely and is ready to do his best to the limit. If he had not been ready for his duty then I would have been worried. I am proud of him." READER.

New York, May 20, 1918.

### ITALIA REDIVIVA!

Italy, Italy, changeling of wonder,
Dropt of the gods in the lap of the world;
Crooned in thy cradle by crag-riven thunder,
E'er to its echoes in new conflicts hurled;
With breath of thine Alps blow miasmas asunder
And front the new future with banners unfurled!

Cradled and buried hast thou without number
Princes and prelates and lords of emprise;
No more may thy soil foreign despots encumber,
Untrammeled thy soul shall commune with the skies.

Italy, out of thy centuries' slumber,
Unified, glorified, conqueror, rise!

From Frank and from Ostrogoth, Lombard, and Rhaetian,
Masterful purpose within thee still strains;
Genoese, Florentine, Pisan, Venetian
Commingle their passion and art in thy veins;
While iron of Roman with fire of the Grecian
Transfusing and molding thee, hardening remains.

Down from the North, where the heavy skies lower,
Threatens the Teuton's vain storming and stress.
Thine of the mountains and seas is the power,
The might of thy secular heroes no less;
From glacier and torrent, from temple and bower,
Thy spirit resurgent to rescue must press.

Cut of thy very stones, marble, and mortar,
Spell of old passions and yearnings is spun;
Borne on thy breezes and o'er thy blue water,
Voices of poet and potentate run;
Quenchless they'll carry, through ruin and slaughter,
Thy warrior sons to the doom of the Hun!

From terraced Trieste to thy tides Tyrrhenean,
With triumphs before thee and sorrows behind,
Thy glorious duty shall burst in one paean
That all the free nations in chorus shall bind,
Till into the heights of thine own empyrean
They lift the new chant of thy passionate mind!

Italy, Italy, changeling of wonder,
Dropt of the gods in the lap of the world;
Crooned in thy cradle by crag-riven thunder;
Into the caldron of strife ever hurled;
Rise, reborn Crusader, the last yoke to sunder,
Thy challenging gonfalons once more unfurled!

HERMAN MONTAGU DONNER.

# WILSON SALUTES GALLANT ITALY

## Pledges Ever-Increasing Resolution and Force on Eve of War Anniversary.

## MESSAGE READ BY LANSING

### Ambassador, Also Speaking at Celebration, Discusses Italy's Territorial Aims in War.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, May 23.—At a meeting held under the auspices of President Wilson tonight at Liberty Hut, near the Capitol, in celebration of the third anniversary of Italy's entrance into the war, this message to the Italian people from the President was read by Secretary of State Lansing:

I am sure that I am speaking for the people of the United States in sending to the Italian people warm fraternal greetings upon this the anniversary of the entrance of Italy into this great war, in which there is being fought out once for all the irrepressible conflict between free self-government and the dictation of force. The people of the United States have looked with profound interest and sympathy upon the efforts and sacrifices of the Italian people, are deeply and sincerely interested in the present and future security of Italy, and are glad to find themselves associated with a people to whom they are bound by so many personal and intimate ties in a struggle whose object is liberation, freedom, the rights of men and nations to live their own lives and determine their own fortunes, the rights of the weak, as well as of the strong, and the maintenance of justice by the irresistible force of free nations leagued together in the defense of mankind. With ever-increasing resolution and force we shall continue to stand together in this sacred common cause. America salutes the gallant Kingdom of Italy, and bids her godspeed.

WOODROW WILSON.

The President's message has been sent to the American Ambassador at Rome for presentation to the Italian Foreign Office.

### To Name Ships for Italians.

It was announced at the meeting that as a further compliment to Italy two vessels which the United States Shipping Board will launch tomorrow, the third anniversary of Italy's participation in the war, will be named after eminent Italians. One, to be launched at Seattle, will be named the Vittorio Emanuele III., after the present King of Italy. The other will be named the Garibaldi, after one of the national heroes of Italy.

President and Mrs. Wilson, Vice President and Mrs. Marshall, most of the members of the Cabinet, many other high Government officials, the Italian Ambassador and other members of the Italian Embassy, as well as other foreign diplomats were present at the celebration tonight. Secretary Lansing, Count V. Macchi di Cellere, the Italian Ambassador, and Will Irwin were the principal speakers.

In his speech Secretary Lansing said the people of Italy, as of this country, "must not doubt for a moment the outcome," and, "as sure as there is a just God in Heaven, the day will dawn when victory will crown the eagles of Rome, as in ancient days, and, side by side with the victors and sharing their glory, will be the eagles of America.

"Three years ago," he said, "Italy made her great decision. On that day, which will ever be memorable in history, she wrote across her battle flags the world 'Liberty' and unfurled them to the world. Since that hour of decision the Italians have courageously struggled against the Teutons. Today the presence of the foe defiles the soil of Italy, but we who are warring against the same enemy of mankind have confidence that the national spirit of Italy and the genius of Italy's Generals will force back the invaders.

"United with you of the Latin race are we, who could desire no prouder title than 'the Romans of the West.' If citizens of this young republic could crave no higher public virtue nor covet a more devoted patriotism than that which inspired a dweller on the 'Seven Hills' in the brave days of the old Roman republic.

"My friends of America and of Italy, we will win this war. It may be on the wasted fields of Flanders and Picardy; it may be in the valley of the Piave and amidst the snow-crowned peaks of the Alps, or it may be on the German lands beyond the Rhine. Somewhere and somehow and sometime we will win."

### Italian Ambassador's Reply.

Count di Cellere, the Italian Ambassador, responded feelingly to the address of the Secretary of State.

"I am deeply touched," he said, "by the fact that it is under the high patronage of the President of the United States that the celebration of Italy's Day is being held here in the capital of this nation, whose friendship we cherish and whose moral and material support in these fateful years we look upon as sure evidence of the victory which awaits us.

"To him goes my thankful expression of homage and gratitude, not only in my own name but in the name of my country, that knows what the President has done and is doing for the cause of humanity, for the triumph of those lofty ideals upon which the very foundation of this Commonwealth was built and rests.

"Nowhere as in Italy have the boldest elements of evil worked to disrupt the unity of the nation's will and to nullify the patriotic efforts of the Government and of the people. Nowhere has the test, consequently, been more crucial and significant, nor the spirit and the love of freedom more resiliently and convincingly triumphant. Today the whole nation stands strong and determined, facing the enemy of centuries once more entrenched in the Venetian plains, and never was her spirit higher or her attitude more defiant.

"Whatever the enemy may have to say or may desire others to believe about it, Italy is not in this war for any base and selfish motives of conquest, imperial or unlawful territorial aggrandizement. While in fact fighting for the liberation of mankind threatened with oppression and slavery, Italy is aiming at the liberation of her oppressed sons within and beyond the boundary imposed upon her by an iniquitous treaty.

"For the freedom of our country we need security on land and sea; a security which nature herself has assured us with well-defined geographic boundaries and which the violence of oppressive and barbarous nations has too long stolen from us. Now we see our duty clear; and, faithful to our duty, we will not lay down our arms until the freedom of mankind, which implies the freedom of our oppressed brothers and the security of our land, is attained.

"At the same time we look with heartfelt sympathy and a sincere spirit of co-operation upon the lawful aspirations and rights of other countries, for we have fought too long and too hard for the achievement of our national unity and independence to begrudge others the same blessings. All of those who have suffered or are suffering from the same oppression and injustice, and are with us in the hopes of redemption and are in the fight for the realization of an ideal, we hope to have with us on the day of victory and vindication."

## ITALIAN CELEBRATION HERE.

### Roosevelt at Washington Square Festa, Baker at the Metropolitan.

The third anniversary of the entrance of Italy into the war will be celebrated today. The celebration of Italy-America Day will open at 8 o'clock with the distribution of flowers from automobiles all over the city. At 11:30 o'clock 150 automobiles, laden with flowers and decorated with the colors of Italy, with banners, streamers, and green boughs, will move down Fifth Avenue from Sixty-first Street in parade formation.

In the evening a festa and mass meeting will be held in Washington Square. Members of 400 Italian societies will take part in a ceremony called "The Mystic Ceremony of Adoration to the Spirit of Victory," before an altar of victory erected in the square near the statue of Garibaldi. The meeting will be addressed by Colonel Theodore Roosevelt, Nicholas Murray Butler, Professor Oreste Ferrera, Captain Sapalli, Consul General Tritoni, and General Guglielmotti of the Italian Embassy.

A concert at the Metropolitan Opera House will conclude the day's festivities. Secretary of War Baker, Charles E. Hughes, and the Italian Ambassador will be the speakers.

Mayor Hylan issued a proclamation yesterday directing that the Italian flag be displayed on all public buildings and calling on the inhabitants of the city to appropriately decorate their buildings. The proclamation says:

PROCLAMATION.

The President of the United States has proclaimed Friday, May 24, 1918, as "Italy-America Day," to celebrate the third anniversary of Italy's entrance into the world war.

The purpose of the celebration is to afford the American people an opportunity to express in unmistakable fashion their appreciation of the splendid and heroic service rendered by Italy in the present war. An expression of cordial appreciation from the American people will be of great moral service to the Italian people in the struggles yet to come.

Italy's invaluable contribution of human and material resources in this awful conflict will long be remembered, for she has participated gallantly in three years of the hardest fighting. We rejoice in her victories, and will stand by her until complete victory crowns the efforts of the allied armies with speedy and triumphant success.

I hereby direct that on Friday, May 24, 1918, the flag of Italy shall be displayed upon public buildings in this city, and I call upon all inhabitants of the city appropriately to decorate their buildings and to display therefrom beside the flag of the United States the national colors of Italy.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused my seal to be affixed.

Done in the City of New York this 23d day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and eighteen.

JOHN F. HYLAN, Mayor.

Signor Angelo Tritoni, Consul General of Italy to the United States, and Professor Robert McN. McElroy of Princeton University were the speakers yesterday at the College of the City of New York combining Red Cross and Italian Day celebrations.

## BIG PARADE IN ROME TODAY.

### Allies Send Envoys to Mark Italy's War Anniversary.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, May 23.—The anniversary of Italy's entrance into the war has never been so solemnly and generally celebrated as it will be this year, the chief reason being that the enemy now treads Italian soil, and therefore the people wish to demonstrate their dogged determination never to lay down their arms until they have redeemed the captured towns of the mother country.

Another reason is that notabilities have been sent by the allied nations to represent them on this occasion. America has sent Hamilton Holt; Great Britain, the Prince of Wales; France, Minister Simon, and Japan is represented by her Ambassador. This sign of friendship and esteem has produced an excellent effect on the public, once again demonstrating that all the allied nations are fighting for the same ideals.

An imposing procession will pass tomorrow through the chief thoroughfares of the city, composed of Senators, Deputies, organizations, representatives of the allied armies, old followers of the national hero, Garibaldi, and a detachment of Czecho-Slovak troops fighting on the Italian front, which, when asked to take part, answered with an enthusiastic message of accord. The chief features of the demonstration will be the presence of the flags of Venice, Vincenza, Agordo, Udine, and Pordenone, all decorated with gold medals, which have waved on the firing line.

Minister Berenini has ordered that the wounded shall see the procession from the windows of the Palazzo Venezia, which formerly belonged to Austria. In the evening there will be an imposing ceremony at which all the envoys of the allied nations will be present.

The Tribuna says in commenting on the celebration of Italy Day in America:

"We see the great loyal hand of America clasped forever in cordial intimacy with the hand of Italy. Two identical civilizations based on liberty, right, and nationality find each other again today after losing sight of each other for many years. They meet in civilization on the Capitoline Hill, whence civilization sprang and was propagated all over the world. We wish that on the other side of the Atlantic, where in these days our adored flag waves over American homes, not a single word of our gratitude shall be lost, but that it shall arrive fresh and fervent as it started from Italy to cement the absolute unity of our hearts and the perpetuity of our collaboration."

## CECIL APPLAUDS ITALY.

### Asserts Faith in Her Desire to Free the Jugo-Slavs.

LONDON, May 23.—Italy will not flinch from the task of fighting shoulder to shoulder with her allies for satisfying and promoting the civilization of the world, said the Marquis Imperiali, the Italian Ambassador, in answer to a toast at a luncheon yesterday at the Mansion House to celebrate the anniversary of Italy's entry into the war. Italy, he added, was a warm advocate of the principle of nationality and would fight for it to the bitter end.

The Ambassador recalled the visit of King Victor Emmanuel to London in 1855, and said that the

# EVIDENCE READY ON IRISH PLOTTING

## "Astounding" Facts Prepared by Secretary Shortt for the British Cabinet.

## CLASH ON WILSON APPEAL

### Dublin Mayor's Refusal to Submit Document to Gen. French May Prevent Trip.

LONDON, May 23.—Evidence concerning the German plot in Ireland will be submitted to the British Cabinet today by Edward Shortt, Chief Secretary for Ireland, a Press Association dispatch from Dublin reports.

If it is thought that any part of the evidence could or should be published, compatible with the public interest, it will be done, says the dispatch, which adds:

"It can be stated on the best authority that justification for the arrests exists in the shape of astounding evidence, but publication of the same is a question affecting not merely the welfare of the prisoners, but the well-being of the empire."

In a dispatch to the Times from Dublin it is suggested that the delay in publishing the evidence of the German plot is due to the discovery of new evidence since the arrests.

Discussing the prospects of recruiting under the arrangement of which notice was given in last Saturday's proclamation, the dispatch says that few persons honestly believe that the scheme will be successful, as the atmosphere, so far as the public is concerned, is decidedly unfavorable to voluntary enlistment. The correspondent takes the view that some Irishmen might be brought to the colors by promising priority in the redistribution of land under the Land Purchase Act to returned soldiers and sailors and the dependents of those who have served.

The writer combats the idea that this would be bribery, and he submits information to show that, as regards land distribution, the men who stay home fare better than those who have served and returned. Some of the latter, he says, are eking out their military pensions by working as laborers for a few shillings weekly.

Part of the plan for voluntary recruiting in Ireland, the Dublin correspondent of The Daily News says he learns, probably will involve the complete reversal of an old War Office policy. This will mean the adoption of immediate steps to form homogeneous Irish brigades or Irish divisions in which all reasonable measures will be taken by the use of Irish emblems and the observance of Irish customs to foster the idea of a distinct nationality within the empire.

The correspondent predicts that Nationalist civilians will give only lukewarm support to the plan, and thinks that most Nationalist members of Parliament are hardly likely to accept the invitation to appear on the recruiting platform, although he admits that some of them favor supporting voluntary enlistment.

# DUBLIN MAYOR REJECTS BALFOUR CONDITION

## *Belief That Wilson Appeal Will Not Be Made—Nationalists Fear American Disapproval.*

By CHARLES N. WHEELER.

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DUBLIN, May 23.—The refusal of the Lord Mayor of Dublin to submit documents intended for President Wilson to the British Government before sailing will probably result in cancellation of the trip. Replying to the request of the British Foreign Office that any such documents intended for America be first submitted to the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, the entire Mansion House conference agreed that this was "another humiliation" which could not be endured.

What the documents contained has not been learned, but it is understood that one bears on a League of Nations and the proposed setting up of an international tribunal to which the case of Ireland shall be referred immediately.

This unexpected development may have something to do with the return of some of the Nationalist leaders to Parliament to lay the case of Ireland "before the world." So long as they remain in Ireland, it is explained, they are without full means of informing the world that they do not sympathize with the policies of the Sinn Fein. The leaders fear that, because of their compact with the Sinn Feiners on the conscription question, public opinion in America and other countries may confuse their stand with the pro-German sympathies which the Government now formally charges against the Sinn Fein leaders.

By returning to Parliament, the Nationalist leaders enjoy the freedom of privileged communications and free speech and can lay before the bar of the House the Irish situation from their viewpoint.

Some of the leaders fear that they aided, rather than injured, the British Government by remaining away at a time when, above all things, they desired the support of American opinion, and that unless they are able to get an exhaustive statement from their viewpoint before the American public they may be disgraced and discredited if the Government should reasonably prove the case against the Sinn Fein.

John Dillon, leader of the Nationalists, explained today that his party never had sympathized, and never could sympathize, with the policies of the Sinn Fein.

"Logically and inevitably," he said, "their policy will lead to rebellion and bloodshed, which no sane and farseeing man could tolerate. For the Nationalists to fail in with Sinn Fein would certainly strike a blow against Ireland in America, the very spot where we must keep our skirts clean in this trying crisis."

Dillon is more than ever convinced now that the Irish question should be settled on the dominion plan within the empire, and, at all events, that Ireland should not make it more difficult for America to carry on the war. By giving Ireland home rule on the dominion plan he is satisfied that Ireland would be in a position to aid more in the war than under any other plan and bring the Allies into a better understanding of Irish aims.

But for the fact that the withdrawal of the Nationalist candidate in the East Cavan District might be construed as approval of Sinn Fein policies, Dillon would call off the campaign immediately. He goes to Ballieborough on Sunday for a conference with the Nominating Committee, where he hopes to settle the muddle.

Though declaring that there is no way of agreeing with Sinn Fein policies for freeing Ireland, Dillon and the Mansion House conference have agreed to use the defense funds gathered for the fight on conscription for the relief of the families of the Sinn Fein leaders now interned in England. To this extent the Nationalist leaders are ready to be identified with the Sinn Fein and take the consequences.

The Sinn Feiners are preparing a big demonstration in the County of Cavan for Sunday, at which one of the principal speakers will be Father O'Flanagan of Crosna.

### Balfour Letter Checks Mayor.

DUBLIN, May 22.—At the anti-conscription conference at Mansion House today a letter was read from A. J. Balfour, the British Foreign Secretary, to the Lord Mayor of Dublin stating that passports would be granted to the Lord Mayor only if he agreed to submit to the Irish Government all documents which he intended to carry to America on his proposed trip there. It was announced that the Mayor had replied that the only document he intended to carry was one direct to President Wilson from the Mansion House conference and that he would decline to submit this to the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland.

The matter was considered in a two-hour sitting, after which the conference adjourned until tomorrow.

The document which the Lord Mayor was to take to President Wilson was a statement of the case of Ireland against conscription as framed by the conference. His departure is now delayed further, and he will not leave—if at all—before the end of next week.

The Lord Mayor in a letter to Secretary Balfour on May 15 wrote:

"I have received from you passports to proceed to America to place before the President of the United States the case against conscription being enforced in Ireland. I beg to thank you. I understand that no documents may be carried by passengers going to the United States. I would be glad if you would kindly have authority issued to enable me to convey a document which has been drawn up for presentation to President Wilson."

Mr. Balfour replied:

"I am advised by competent authorities that the document which you desire to convey to the President of the United States ought, in the first instance, to be submitted to the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland."

The Lord Mayor of Dublin sent this reply to the Foreign Secretary:

"My conference has decided that as the document is a direct communication between the conference and the President of the United States they decline to submit it to the Lord Lieutenant."

Edward Short, Chief Secretary for Ireland, left Dublin by the morning boat today for Holyhead on his way to London. His departure was entirely unexpected in official circles and his absence from Dublin Castle was known only to a few persons until this afternoon.

Several appointments made for today and tomorrow had to be canceled, and it was believed generally that the Chief Secretary's sudden journey to London came as a consequence of a series of conferences held yesterday between the heads of the military and civil departments. As compared with the activities there yesterday, the atmosphere at the Castle today was of a normal and quiet character.

John Etchingham, a local Sinn Fein leader, was arrested last night in Southern Ireland.

The members of the Sinn Fein who were deported have been informed that, if they so desired, they could have an investigation of their cases before Justices Sir Robert Younger of the High Court of Justice, and Sir John Sankey of the King's Bench Division, but it is understood that this offer has been refused in every case. The Sinn Feiners have been allowed to correspond with their relatives.

Public boards throughout the country continue to protest against the arrests. Dublin is quite normal, and reports from the country show an equally calm state of affairs.

All the newspapers in Ireland, both morning and evening, publish The Associated Press interview with John Dillon prominently, but editorially they ignore his attack on the Sinn Fein, and only emphasize his attack on the British Government. The Freeman's Journal and other leading Nationalist papers still accuse the British Cabinet of desiring "to poison American opinion against Ireland."

## WANTS LEAGUE OF GOOD-WILL.

### Daughter of John Redmond Spurns German Propaganda.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 23.—Johanna Redmond, daughter of John Redmond, in a letter to The Chronicle, suggests a League of Good-Will between Great Britain and Ireland.

"German propaganda," she says, "has been cleverly at work under the surface, spreading the seeds of hatred and dissension between Great Britain and Ireland. So wily have been their methods, so crowned with success their efforts, that we have almost claimed a religion of hatred as our own. It is not too late, however, even now, to recognize its trade mark, 'Made in Germany,' and to plant a new seed in its place—a League of Good-Will.

"Surely, such a seed should flourish and bear wholesome fruit. It has been stated, especially since the base menace of conscription has electrified this country, that the Irish people are filled with bitter hatred and ill-will toward the peoples of England. This is a mischievous falsehood.

"That the Irish people distrust and loathe the British misgovernment in Ireland, is true; and they do so with such avowed good cause that it would be superfluous to recount the reasons. But whatever the British Government has done in the past, or contemplates in future—even enforcing of such an act of injustice and despotism as conscription—the attitude of the British people in this war, their generosity and sacrifice, have gained the respect and admiration of all civilized nations of the world. It is inconceivable that Ireland, with her historic generosity of spirit, would, by condoning such hatred and ill-feeling, place a weapon of destruction in the blood-stained hands of the common enemy.

"That England's difficulty in this war has been Ireland's opportunity, is true. Now, in a new sense, it is an opportunity, not to revenge herself for her past ill-treatment or present vital wrongs, but, on the contrary, to prove herself a nation so broad-minded, actuated by such noble ideals and pity for the wronged, that in a just and noble cause she can, without detriment to her honor, hold out the hand of peace and good-will to the ancient enemy at her gates.

Now, at this momentous hour, wholeheartedly, even with pride, we must admit the alliance with England. Whatever our differences, and they are many and grievous, we are one with her in the cause of humanity, with a large, unbigoted heart.

"It is our warmest duty to learn to be tolerant and sympathetic of all that is brave and admirable in the English character, to root out harsh prejudices against it, trusting nothing but the chivalrous impulses of our own hearts, letting no threats alarm or promises allure us.

"We must take our stand, shoulder to shoulder and united, against the common foe. It is possible for us to do all this, and still remain true Irishmen and Irishwomen, with our hearts burning with love of Ireland, our brains striving for her welfare, and true to our principles of Irish nationality."

# SISTER OF PARNELL DIES IN WORKHOUSE

## *Mrs. Ricketts Had Means and Is Said to Have Been Deranged —Wrote of Brother.*

DUBLIN, May 23.—A sensation was caused in Dublin today by the death in the workhouse hospital known as the "South Dublin Union" of Mrs. Emily Ricketts, sister of the late Charles Stewart Parnell, the famous Irish patriot.

Mrs. Ricketts, who was formerly Mrs. Emily Dickinson, was admitted to the hospital early last week. The authorities say that she then gave her name as Mrs. Roberts. She was nearly 80 years of age. She died in the hospital Sunday and it was some time later when the authorities learned of her identity.

The authorities communicated with Mrs. Ricketts's brother, Jack Parnell, who said that he was at a loss to understand the reasons which prompted her to take refuge in a charitable institution, as she possessed ample means to enable her to live comfortably. One of the newspapers says:

"It is supposed that her mind was deranged and that she was not responsible for her actions at the time."

Mrs. Ricketts was a writer of considerable ability. In a recent article containing reminiscences of her famous brother, she wrote:

"It has been said that ours is the most tragic family in Ireland. This, I think, is true."

## WOMEN ENROLL TOMORROW.

**Women who wish to vote in the primaries next September must enroll tomorrow. Enrollment places will be open from 8 A. M. to 10 P. M. A list of all these places was printed in The Times last Sunday.**

# HAYS, IN PLEA, URGES WOMEN TO ENROLL

## Republican Chairman Advocates Fullest Participation in Political Activities.

## CITES PARTY'S PRINCIPLES

### Miss Hay Draws Up a List of "Don'ts" and Tells Women Not to be Political Slackers.

Will H. Hays, Chairman of the Republican National Committee, yesterday issued an urgent appeal to women to enroll tomorrow. His plea, summed up, was that as a Republican he naturally preferred to have the women enroll as Republicans, but that in any event he wanted them to enroll.

"The test of all time of the womanhood of the world is upon us," said Mr. Hays. "It is the women who are carrying the supreme burden of this war and noble and magnificent beyond expression is their conduct.

"A particular, immediate duty comes to the women in New York with the enrollment. You have received the right to participate in your own Government, a most just and proper privilege, and supremely important to you now in this crisis in the country's affairs. You can only vote in the primaries if you enroll, and enroll you should.

"I most earnestly urge the fullest participation by the women in political activities. You owe this to yourselves; you owe it to the State and nation.

**Outlines Republican Principles.**

Continuing Mr. Hays urged the women to vote "that better politics and consequent better government may result at all times," and then asked them to join the Republican Party, which, he said, "has carried the flag as it has kept step with the music of the Union which it made. I am convinced," he said in conclusion, "that the women of America can be depended upon and that they believe in those things for which the Republican Party stands for.

"First—To win the war now. Second—For a peace by victory and never a peace by compromise bargaining which would make of our children's sacrifice a sacrilege, to be made again by our grandchildren. Third—For a sane preparation now for the solution of the immeasurable problems of reconstruction which will come after the war; for a forward stepping as well as a forward looking program, touching the human and economic issues with our eyes always to the front and our feet always on solid ground."

**Miss Hay Issues Appeal.**

Miss Mary Garrett Hay, Chairman of the New York City Woman Suffrage Party, last night issued her "last appeal to women voters to enroll." In this she said that tomorrow would be a "red letter day in the political lives of women in this city when you will leave the isolation of the disfranchised women and not only openly indorse party principles, but enter into a political comradeship with men that will mean much to the community as the years go by." She wound up her appeal with this series of "Don'ts":

Don't fear to enroll in a political party because you think you may surrender your independence. You do not have to vote for every one of its candidates—you can vote a split ticket, as many citizens do.

Don't neglect the primaries and then complain because better candidates are not nominated. Don't be a howler—be a helper.

Don't hold aloof from the parties because you think women will thus have more power. Service, not power, should be your watchword.

Don't think that the parties are composed entirely of politicians. Your husbands, fathers, brothers, and sons are in them. Join with them for political betterment.

Don't forget that we won the ballot through the votes of the men. Let us try to help them to solve their problems through the parties.

Don't fail to make the record of the woman voter of the city a good one, for the eyes of the country are upon her and the disfranchised women of other States will profit or lose by what she does.

Don't forget that you can learn much from men by association with them in the parties.

Don't take advice from any one about what party you should join. Study party platforms for yourselves and make a conscientious decision.

Don't be a political slacker. A political slacker is a patriotic slacker. More and more the men are called to the front. Women must do good work in the parties that all may be well when the men return. Voting is as patriotic as sewing for the Red Cross or selling Liberty Bonds.

Don't fail to enroll on May 25. Don't fail to vote at the primaries on Sept. 3. Help the parties. Help the Government. Help democracy.

Leading members of the Woman Suffrage Party are preparing to act as election district captains tomorrow.

Miss Hay, who lives at 2 West Eighty-sixth Street, is a suffrage captain of the Second Election District in the Ninth Assembly District. Miss Hay is preparing to distribute among women voters in her election district the enrollment handbills which the Suffrage Party has been getting out, giving the addresses of the polling places. Mrs. John Blair, who lives in the Nineteenth Election District of the Fifteenth Assembly District, will do similar service in her district. Mrs. Robert T. Oliver, who is leader of the Woman Suffrage Party in the Eleventh Assembly District, is conducting an enrollment school for the women of her district. Miss Adeline Sterling, Corresponding Secretary of the New York City Woman Suffrage Party, is also acting as captain of her election district, the Thirteenth of the Thirteenth Assembly District, and is rounding up the women voters by letter, urging them to come out and do their full duty tomorrow.

### Miss Carson to Wed Lieut. Tyson.

Mr. and Mrs. William Moore Carson of 149 East Thirty-seventh Street announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Betty Carson, to Lieutenant Charles McGhee Tyson of the United States Naval Reserve Flying Corps.

Miss Carson has been prominently identified with the younger set since her début, and has taken part in many of the charitable affairs of society.

Lieutenant Tyson is a son of Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Tyson of Knoxville, Tenn., and was graduated from Princeton, class of '12.

### Griswold-Bridgman Nuptial June 15

The wedding of Miss Isabel Battell Bridgman, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry H. Bridgman, and George Griswold, son of the late George Griswold of New York and Tuxedo Park, will take place on Saturday, June 15, at Fox Hill, the country home of the bride's parents. Their engagement was announced last December.

### Miss Draper to Wed Ensign Buck.

Mr. and Mrs. George W. Draper of 270 Riverside Drive announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Beatrice Rifflard Draper, to Leonard J. Buck, son of Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Buck of Bethlehem, Penn. Mr. Buck is an ensign in the Naval Aviation Corps and is stationed at Cambridge, Mass. Miss Draper is an ardent worker for the Red Cross. The wedding will probably take place shortly.


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*Marriage and death notices, intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.*

## Born.

GLICKENHAUS.—Mr. and Mrs. M. Glickenhaus of 961 Faile St., announce the birth of a son, May 23, 1918.

GOIDEL.—Mr. and Mrs. Harry A. Goidel, 324 East 4th St., announce the birth of a daughter, on May 21, 1918.

SHANDLING.—To Mr. and Mrs. Charles Shandling, (nee Lillian Siegel,) a daughter, May 23, 1918, at Stern's Sanitarium.

SPIEGEL.—Mrs. J. L. Spiegel announces the birth of a baby girl Tuesday, May 21. She is at Cohroy Sanitarium.

## Married.

AMEY—HOFFMAN.—Miss Grace May Hoffman, daughter of Professor and Mrs. Frank Sargent Hoffman of Union College, Schenectady, New York, and Dr. Jesse Willis Amey of New York, were married May 8, 1918, in the Church of St. Cornelius, New York. The ceremony was performed by the rector, Rev. Dr. Sturgess.

COSTIKYAN—STANLEY.—On Friday, May 17, 1918, at Lincoln, N. H., by the Rev. Samuel B. Booth of Philadelphia, Mary Richmond, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Stanley, to Kevork Costikyan, Lieutenant, Infantry Reserve Corps, Army of United States.

CRUGER—VEDDER.—On Thursday, May 23, at the Chapel of the Intercession, by the Vicar, the Rev. Milo Hudson Gates, Miss Isabell Celeste, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. Nicholas Vedder, to Waldemar Cruger.

SCHULBERG—ZEEMAN.—Mr. and Mrs. Abraham H. Zeeman of 790 Riverside Drive announce the marriage of their daughter Emma to Sol Schulberg, May 22, 1918.

## Died.

APGAR.—On May 22, 1918, Camilla Swayze, widow of Ellis A. Apgar, in her 80th year. Funeral private, at her home, 127 Beach St., East Orange, N. J. Interment at Trenton, N. J.

BELDEN.—Suddenly, on Tuesday, May 21, 1918, Alfred Goodwin Belden, husband of M. Louise Belden. Funeral services at his home, 109 8th Av., Brooklyn, on Friday, May 24, at 3 P. M.

BENNER.—At Metuchen, N. J., on May 21, 1918, George W. Benner, aged 67 years. Funeral service will be held from his late residence, 24 Christi Street, Metuchen, N. J., on Friday, May 24, at 2:30 P. M.

BURGTORF.—E. August, beloved husband of Olga (nee Frech) and father of Herbert, suddenly on May 21, in his 53d year. Services at Evangelist Lutheran Zion Church, 335 East 84th St., on Friday, May 24, at 1 P. M. Interment private.

BURGTORF.—The New York Society of Accountants and Bookkeepers announces with deep regret the death of E. August Burgtorf, for many years a valued member of the Executive Board of this society. Members are requested to attend funeral services at the Evangelist Lutheran Zion Church, 335 East 84th St., on Friday at 1 o'clock. A. G. THENELL, President.
BEECHER OGDEN, Secretary.

BUSH.—John, May 21, father of John and Louis. Funeral Friday from 556 West 35th St., to St. Raphael's Church, West 41st St., 10 o'clock.

BUSSING.—Thursday, May 23, 1918, at his home, 176 West 86th St., Peter V. Bussing, beloved husband of Mary Bussing, (nee Breheny.) Funeral service and interment private.

CALLAHAN.—On Wednesday, May 22, 1918, after a brief illness, Katherine L. Callahan, beloved daughter of the late John and Ellen Callahan and sister of Sister M. Gregoria and of the late Joseph and Eleanor Callahan. Funeral from the residence of her cousin, Mrs. Charles Cortelyou, 221 Bainbridge St., Brooklyn, on Saturday, May 25, at 9:30 o'clock; thence to the Church of Our Lady of Good Counsel, Putnam and Ralph Avs., where a solemn mass of requiem will be offered for the repose of her soul. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

CHATFIELD.—Thursday, May 23, Rose, beloved wife of Thomas B. Chatfield. Funeral from 1,974 Mapes Av. Sunday, May 26, 9 A. M. sharp.

CLARK.—Mary Newbold, (nee Taylor,) wife of Clarence M. Clark, on May 22, in her 61st year, at Cedron, Queen Lane, Germantown. Funeral at her late residence, 4 P. M. Friday. Interment private. Please omit flowers.

COHEN.—Fredericka Cohen, at her residence, 355 West 121st St., on May 23. Funeral private at convenience of the family.

ECKSTEIN.—Rebecca, wife of Nathan, and beloved daughter of Samuel and Jane Woolf. Services at Congregation Rodeph Sholom Grounds, Union Field Cemetery, on Friday, May 24, at 3 P. M.

ECKSTEIN.—Washington Lodge No. 21, U. O. T. S., sorrowfully announce the death of Sister Rebecca Eckstein. The Sisters are requested to attend funeral services at Rodeph Sholom Chapel, Cypress Hills Cemetery, Friday, May 24, at 3 P. M.
RUTH S. WITTELSHOEFER, President.
NETTYE B. ADLER, Secretary.

ELLIS.—On Thursday, May 23, 1918, at her home, 155 West 82d St., Jane C., beloved daughter of the late Thomas and Margaret Ellis. Funeral private.

ELLIS.—On Thursday, May 23, 1918, at his residence, 48 West 57th St., New York City, William D. Ellis. Notice of funeral later.

FOSTER.—At Port Jervis, N. Y., May 23, Elizabeth S., wife of the late Thomas E. Foster. Funeral on Sunday at 3 P. M. at late residence, 24 Kingston Av.

FOSTER.—William H., suddenly, at Elizabeth General Hospital, May 22. Funeral 3 P. M., Saturday, May 25, in funeral chapel, Evergreen Cemetery, Elizabeth, N. J. New Haven (Conn.) and Norfolk (Va.) papers please copy.

GANS.—On Thursday, May 23, 1918, after a brief illness, at his residence, 302 Central Park West, Max Gans, in his 67th year, beloved husband of Fannie Gans, (nee Goldsmith,) and father of Florence Gumprech, (nee Gans,) and of Robert, Jonas, Moses, Ralph, Charles, and Sol Gans. Relatives, friends, and members of Centennial Lodge, No. 763, F. and A. M.; Chevra Bikur Cholim, Chevra Ahavas, Noshim Deborah Verein No. 1, and Lady Rose Society are invited to attend funeral services Sunday morning, May 26, at 10:30 o'clock, at Temple Rodeph Sholom, 83d St., and Lexington Av. Interment Union Fields Cemetery, 11:30.

HAUCK.—Leo Xavier. Funeral from THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway, 66th-67th Sts., (Frank E. Campbell's.)

HILL.—At Norwalk, Conn., May 23, 1918, after a lingering illness, Mary E. Mosman, wife of the late Congressman Ebenezer J. Hill, in her 72d year. Funeral services at her late home, 40 West Av., Norwalk, Conn., Saturday, at 2:30 P. M. Interment Riverside Cemetery, Washington (D. C.) papers please copy.

HUBBARD.—At Wilkes-Barre, Penn., on Wednesday, May 22, 1918, in his 75th year, Edwin Kingsbury Hubbard, beloved father of Kate C. Smith of Wilkes-Barre and Stephen A. Hubbard of West New Brighton, S. I. Services at his late residence, 547 South River St., Wilkes-Barre, Friday, 8 P. M. Interment Bethel Cemetery, Richmond Valley, S. I., Sunday, upon arrival of train leaving New York at 1 P. M.

JOHNSON.—On Wednesday, May 22, 1918, Eva, daughter of the late William H. and Julia Johnson. Funeral services will be held at her late residence, 109 West 82d St., tonight, Friday, at 8:30 o'clock.

JONES.—Elizabeth, on Thursday, May 23, 1918, in her 55th year, late matron of the Lincoln Hospital and Home. Funeral services will be held in the chapel of the hospital on Saturday, 1 P. M. Interment Kensico Cemetery, at the convenience of relatives.

KANITZ.—E. Herman Kanitz, suddenly. Funeral at residence, 118 West 112th St., Sunday, 10 A. M. Kindly omit flowers.

KEMPSTER.—On Wednesday, May 22, 1918, James Kempster. Funeral service at his late home, 29 West 76th St., Friday morning, May 24, at 11 o'clock.

LOUCKS.—Simeon, at the home of his daughter, Mrs. J. B. Hamilton, 507 West 184th, May 22, in his 99th year. Services Friday, 8 P. M. Interment private.

LOWENSTEIN.—May 23, in her 53d year, Ida, (nee Morgenstern,) beloved wife of Morris, and devoted mother of Bertha Schwartzbaum, Frances Stern, Alfred, and Sidney. Relatives, friends, and members of Maternity Aid and Lena Invalid Aid Society are respectfully invited to attend funeral from the Congregation Mount Zion, 39 West 119th St., Sunday, May 26, at 9:30 A. M.

MABIE.—On May 23, 1918, Anna M., at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. George W. Findley, 203 Highwood Av., Leonia, N. J. Notice of funeral hereafter.

MARTENS.—On Thursday, May 23, 1918, Sophia Martens, in her 28th year. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services at her late residence, 505 West 52d St., on Sunday, May 26, at 2 P. M.

MEEKER.—On Thursday, May 23, 1918, at his residence, 44 Linden St., Brooklyn, Dr. Lewis E. Meeker, formerly President of the Eastern District Savings Bank, in his 67th year. Services at his late residence, Saturday evening, May 25, at 8 o'clock. Interment at the convenience of the family.

MIDMER.—Suddenly, at Merrick, L. I., on May 23, 1918, Reed Midmer, aged 39 years. Notice of funeral hereafter.

MOORE.—Louise Walton Moore, beloved wife of Charles E. Moore, Thursday, May 23. Funeral Little Silver, N. J., Saturday, May 25, at 3:15 P. M.

MUELLER.—At Hoboken, after a brief illness, on Wednesday, May 22, 1918, Clara Mueller, beloved sister of Mrs. A. Schmiedeskamp and Mrs. A. Heifer. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from her late residence, 822 Hudson St., Hoboken, on Saturday morning, May 25, at 9 o'clock, thence to the Church of the Holy Innocents, 6th St. and Willow Av., Hoboken, at 9:30 o'clock.

## Died.

NEDHAM.—On May 23, 1918, Angelina Nedham, widow of Thomas S. Nedham, in her 90th year. Services at her late residence, 23 West 52d St., on Saturday evening at 8:30 o'clock.

NEW.—On May 23, 1918, Alfred N., husband of Ellen R. New, aged 47. Funeral services at his late residence, 469 Vose Av., South Orange, N. J., on Saturday, May 25, at 8 P. M. Interment at Cypress Hills Cemetery. Short distance from Mountain Station, South Orange, Lackawanna Railroad.

OLDHAM.—Olga Caroline, (nee Wellington,) wife of Rev. John L. Oldham, May 22, 1918, at St. Luke's Hospital, N. Y. Interment at Cumberland, Md., Friday, May 24.

ONUF.—Miss Marie Onuf of Park Ridge, N. J., passed away May 22, at the Barnert Hospital, N. J. Miss Onuf had been connected with some of the best laboratories in the country. Elmira, N. Y., papers please copy.

PRATT.—Suddenly, of pneumonia, on Thursday morning, May 23, 1918, Ruth, youngest daughter of John T. and Ruth Parker Pratt, 7 East 61st St., New York City, aged 1 year and 4 months. Funeral services private. Boston papers please copy.

SANDERS.—At Liberty, N. Y., on May 23, 1918, David M., son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Sanders of Brooklyn, N. Y. Funeral at West Newton, Mass., on Saturday. Cincinnati Enquirer and Commercial please copy.

SAVAGE.—At Boston, Mass., May 22, 1918, suddenly, Rev. Minot J. Savage, in his 77th year. Funeral services at the Chapel, Mt. Auburn Cemetery, Boston, Mass., on Friday, May 24, at 3 P. M. Kindly omit flowers.

SCHERZINGER.—Margaret, beloved wife of Charles A. Scherzinger. Funeral from 1,018 East 233d St., Bronx, on Saturday, May 25, at 9:30 o'clock. Requiem mass at Church of St. Frances of Rome, 10 A. M.

SHERMAN.—At Rye, N. Y., May 23, 1918, Reginald Palgrave Sherman, in his fifty-eighth year. Funeral services at Christ's Church, Rye, Sunday, May 26, at 3:15 P. M.

SMITH.—Mary E., (Christine Faber,) May 23, 1918, 39 Bainbridge St., Brooklyn. Funeral Our Lady of Victory Church, Throop Av. and McDonough St., Saturday, 9 A. M.

SMYTH.—At Newark, N. J., after a short illness, at the residence of her uncle, Benjamin Atha, Henrietta, Louise Smyth, daughter of the late John W. and Louise M. Smyth. Funeral service at 756 High St., Newark, N. J., on Sunday at 3 o'clock.

TAYLOR.—Benjamin E. Services "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," B'way, 66th St., (Frank Campbell's,) Friday, 8:30 P. M.

TODD.—Alvas Kittredge Todd, at his home at Milton, Mass., Wednesday, May 22, in his 59th year; husband of Gertrude Curtis Todd and son of Julia Kittredge and Frederick W. Todd.

VAN WINKLE.—At his residence, 67 West 5th St., Bayonne, N. J., on Thursday, May 23, 1918, George W. Van Winkle, in his 79th year. Funeral services at the Fifth Street Reformed Church, on Sunday, May 26, at 3 P. M. Interment at convenience of family.

VAN WINKLE.—At her residence, 67 West 5th St., Bayonne, N. J., on Thursday, May 23, 1918, Mary E., wife of George W. Van Winkle, in her 75th year. Funeral services at the Fifth Street Reformed Church, on Sunday, May 26, at 3 P. M. Interment at convenience of family.

WANDELL.—On Tuesday, May 21, 1918, Lilian Jenkin, beloved daughter of Elizabeth A. and the late John M. Wandell. Services will be held on Friday, 1:30 P. M., at the residence of her sister, Mrs. E. O. Wilde, 975 Summit Av., near 162d St., Bronx.

WISE.—William Wise, Jr., son of the late William Wise and husband of May L. Shute of Brooklyn, at his home in La Jolla, Cal., May 20.

ZICK.—On May 23, 1918, Grace S. Zick, widow of William G. Zick. Notice of funeral hereafter.

CARTER.—Annie, 438 St. Nicholas Av., May 24. Funeral 9:30 A. M.

COLOSI.—Frances, 546 East 13th St., May 22.

COOK.—George, 538 West 55th St., May 21, aged 54.

CURRAN.—John, 427 East 148th St., May 21. Funeral today, 9 A. M.

DOHERTY.—Ellen, 930 Amsterdam Av., May 21, aged 21.

DORN.—Frances, 6 Rivington St., May 21, aged 44.

DRUSINIG.—Francesco, 298 East 46th St., May 22, aged 45.

FAGIN.—Louis, 646 East 13th St., May 21, aged 60.

FARLEY.—Laurence, 275 East 10th St., May 21. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

GEIER.—Michael, 407 West 30th St., May 22, aged 33. Funeral tomorrow.

GERIZZO.—Herbert, 1,121 Fulton Av., Bronx, May 22.

GLUCK.—Louise, 86 East 7th St., May 21, aged 37.

GREENSPAN.—Minnie, 214 East 102d St., May 22, aged 26.

HASSELMEYER.—George, May 22. Funeral 366 Alexander Av., Bronx.

HOLTZGREEN.—Fannie, 351 East 3d St., May 21, aged 30.

HOOPER.—Cathaleen, 145 West End Av., May 22.

HUNT.—Mary, 122 East 120th St., May 21, aged 48.

ISIDORE.—Peter, 145 West 10th St., May 21, aged 25.

KAPLAN.—Samuel, 456 Cherry St., May 21, aged 22.

KITT.—John, 199 West 10th St., May 21, aged 42.

KOLEKOWSKY.—Sarah, 117 East 109th St., May 21, aged 68.

LOCKWOOD.—Mary, 212 East 46th St., May 22, aged 81.

LOWE.—James, 26 Beekman Place, May 21. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

LUCAS.—Elizabeth, 2,049 2d Av., May 21, aged 13.

McCOOL.—Robert J., 227 West 127th St., May 21.

McDERMITT.—Edward, 55 Rose St., May 22, aged 38.

MOORHEAD.—Michael, 81 Avenue D, May 21.

MURTHA.—Patrick J., 269 West 22d St., May 21. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

PIKUS.—Franciszek, 381 East 4th St., May 21, aged 44.

QUESTA.—Felix F., 338 East 120th St., May 21, aged 61.

ROSELL.—Frances C., 605 West 113th St., May 21, aged 32.

SCHERZINGER.—Margaret, 1,018 East 223d St., May 22. Funeral tomorrow.

SCHWEGLER.—George, 1,342 Franklin Av., Bronx, May 21, aged 81. Funeral private.

SIMON.—Abraham, 776 Prospect Av., Bronx, May 21.

SINNOTT.—Mary, 843 Columbus Av., May 22.

SMITH.—Mary E., 443 East 163th St., May 22. Funeral today, 9:15 A. M.

SPANNER.—Abraham, 468 East Houston St., May 21, aged 60.

STELTMAN.—William, Sr., 693 Columbus Av., May 21, aged 75.

TARRALL.—Katherine A., 1,455 Washington Av., Bronx, May 22. Funeral tomorrow.

TRAHEY.—Henry, 151 West 62d St., May 21, aged 55.

URANEK.—Emerich, 340 East 13th St., May 21, aged 56.

VAN ILLARCOM.—Garret, 322 West 30th St., May 21. Funeral private.

VON THADEN.—Nicholas, 380 East 150th St., May 22, aged 30. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

WAGNER.—Robert, 142 Hester St., May 21, aged 56.

WALSH.—Richard, 202 West 144th St., May 22, aged 43.

WEBER.—August, 1,361 Clay Av., Bronx, May 22, aged 75. Funeral today.

WELLER.—Harris B., 1,813 Crotona Av., Bronx, May 21.

WIGGINS.—Ethel, 910 8th Av., May 22.

ZAHRODKA.—William, 1,489 Avenue A, May 21, aged 54.

### Brooklyn.

BLEISTEIN.—Elizabeth, 695 Grove St., May 21, aged 62. Funeral today.

CLASS.—Warren G. F., 126 St. Mark's Av., May 22. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

COLLINS.—Richard E., 284 Sterling Place, May 21.

CROWELL.—Edward T., 23 Pulaski St., May 22. Funeral tomorrow, 9 A. M.

DICK.—Elizabeth, 568 5th St., May 21.

FLORENCE.—Frances, 844 Lafayette Av., May 22, aged 25. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

FORD.—Mary E., Trinity Hospital, May 21, aged 60.

GLAMSON.—Bridget, 104 Tiffany St., May 21. Funeral today.

HANNAN.—Helen, 4,113 7th Av., May 21. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

HANNON.—Ella, 651 Prospect Place, May 22. Funeral tomorrow, 9 A. M.

HESS.—William G., Jr., 1,100 Park Place, May 22. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.

HICKS.—Mary J., 460 East 45th St., May 21.

HUGEL.—Anthony W., 1,261 East 7th St., May 22, aged 18. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

KONZ.—Elsie L., 1,012 Forest Av., May 22, aged 25. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

KRONHEIM.—Fannie, 146 Palmetto St., May 22. Funeral May 26, 2 P. M.

LENIHAN.—Harry M., 1,068 East 14th St., May 22. Funeral tomorrow, 10:30 A. M.

LONG.—Mary, 138 Warren St., May 22, aged 84. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

LOUGHLIN.—Mary C., 1,331 St. Mark's Av., May 23. Funeral tomorrow.

McNAMARA.—Walter, Holy Family Hospital, May 21, aged 28. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

MARSH.—Agnes, 4,415 5th Av., May 21, aged 40.

MULLINS.—Johanna, 630 50th St., May 

# MINE FIELD BLOCKS UPPER NORTH SEA

### New British Decree Aims to Prevent German Egress Between Norway and Scotland.

### NARROW CHANNEL ON EAST

**But Only in Norwegian Territorial Waters—Area on Scotch Coast Intensively Patrolled.**

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, May 23.—The location of the new mine field established on May 18 by the British Government, closing off most of the northern end of the North Sea against egress by submarines and raiders, has just been disclosed in a communication received by the Washington Government.

According to a statement made by Archibald Hurd, the naval expert, in The London Daily Telegram, and cabled to this country early this morning, this new mine field, which was the greatest ever laid to foil the German submarine, embraced 121,782 square miles. This appears to be an error, as the new field, as plotted on official hydrographic charts, appears to cover only about 12,758 square miles. The field takes the form of two joined parallelograms, one of which is 140 miles long and 58 miles across, and the other about 54 miles wide by 74 miles long.

This broad protective belt of mines extends across the North Sea from the Norwegian coast almost to the Orkney Islands and the Moray Firth, on the northeastern coast of Scotland. It runs along the three-mile territorial limit on the Norwegian coast from a point opposite Bergen, to Udsire Lightship, northeast of Karmo and the Skudesnaes Fjord. The northwestern corner of the new mine field is opposite Fair Island, northeast of the Orkneys. The southwestern point of the field is opposite Kinnaird Head, at the southeastern entrance to Moray Firth.

The new mine field went into effect on May 15 and since that date shipping has entered the new mine field at its peril. The establishment of this new mine field and the successful blocking of the U-boat bases at Ostend and Zeebrugge by the British have already had a telling effect in the campaign against the submarine menace. It is part of the new policy of going after the submarine instead of waiting for the submarine to come out.

**The Official Statement.**

The limits of the new mine field are set forth in this official announcement:

"North Sea—Northern entrance.

"Prohibited area—In view of the unrestricted warfare carried on by Germany at sea, by means of mines and submarines, not only against the allied powers but also against neutral shipping, and the fact that merchant ships are constantly sunk without regard to the ultimate safety of their crews, the following prohibited area will be established in the North Sea on May 15, 1918. This area, which is bounded by lines joining the following points, is dangerous to all vessels and should be avoided:

First—Latitude 59 degrees 12 minutes 30 seconds north; longitude 4 degrees 40 minutes east.

Second—Latitude 59 degrees 20 minutes north; longitude 3 degrees 10 minutes east.

Third—Latitude 58 degrees 25 minutes north; longitude 0 degrees, 50 minutes west.

Fourth—Latitude 59 degrees 20 minutes north; longitude 0 degrees 50 minutes west.

Fifth—Latitude 60 degrees 21 minutes north; longitude 3 degrees 10 minutes east.

Sixth—Latitude 60 degrees north; longitude 4 degrees 56 minutes east.

Thence along the western limits of Norwegian territorial waters to position (1.)

The new mine field does not close the route previously left open for Dutch merchant shipping. This was a narrow zone, extending northward from the Dutch coast to Udsire Lightship, between the previously established British and German danger zones. Dutch ships can continue to follow this route, if not molested by German submarines, to Udsire Lightship, and then pass within the three-mile territorial strip of waters between the Norwegian coast and the new British mine field.

There are only two ways of passing the new mine field. One is by skirting the territorial waters of Norway. For German submarines or raiders to use these waters would violate Norwegian neutrality.

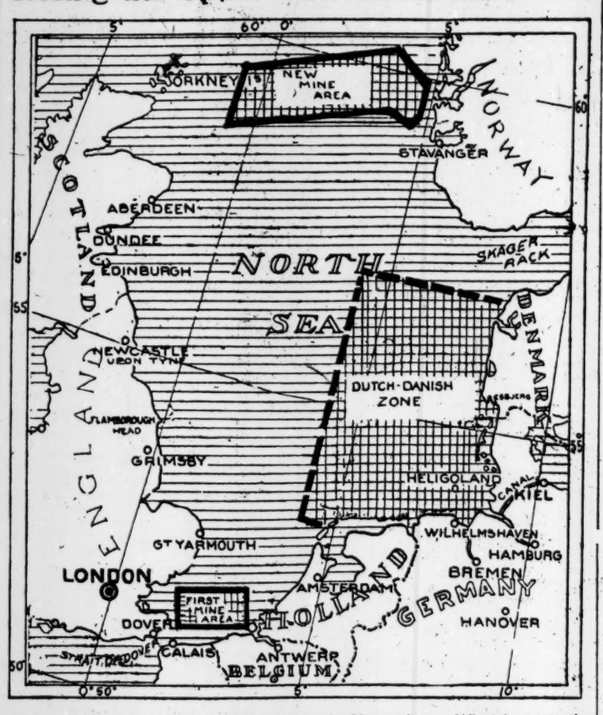
The other alternative would be to pass to the west of the new mine field and between it and the Scotch coast. This area has been provided with a more intensive patrol of destroyers since the new field was established.

**Two Other Mined Areas.**

There is also a British mine field, bottling up the southern entrance to the North Sea. This was established early in the war and was intended to protect the English Channel against the submarine menace. It extends from the Dutch coast almost to Dover and the mouth of the Thames, and is rectangular in shape. It has proved very effective.

Between this old mine area at the southern and the new one at the northern entrance to the North Sea is a third danger area established more than a year ago, covering the Dutch coast and the Jutland coast of Denmark. This third mine field was intended to curb the movements of submarines and raiders from the German naval bases on the North Sea coast of Prussia.

## Closing the Upper Gate of the North Sea




By establishing a new mine field between the Norwegian and Scotch coasts the British Admiralty seeks to prevent German submarines or raiders from leaving the North Sea. The southern portal to this sea was closed early in the war by a mine field at the entrance of the English Channel.

# USE LIBERTY MOTOR IN AIR MAIL SERVICE

### Journey from Philadelphia Is Made in 50 Minutes by New Plane.

### SPEEDIEST TRIP SO FAR

**Letters Arrive Here from Washington in Two Hours and Fifteen Minutes.**

Piloting a new airplane driven by a Liberty motor, Lieutenant Stephen Bonsal carried the mail yesterday between Belmont Park and Philadelphia in the fastest time yet made over the air route. He delivered the mail and returned at fast speed, making the round trip in three hours, or about nineteen minutes better than on any previous trip, although weather conditions were not of the best. Rain was encountered near Philadelphia, but, notwithstanding this, the new motor stood up well under the test, and both flights were made without mishap.

The aerial mail plane used in the test flights was almost double in size of those that have been in use on the "cloudland" mail service. The machine piloted by Lieutenant Bonsal was accompanied by a smaller machine flown by Lieutenant Edward Kilgore of Philadelphia. There was the promise of rain in the clouds when the two fliers left the ground at Belmont Park at shortly after 11 o'clock yesterday morning. Bonsal carried about 350 pounds of mail. The use of the airplane equipped with the Liberty motor was assigned to the mail-carrying service without notice and it was evidently intended that the flight should be in the nature of a test.

Rising in long sweeps until he was high above the Park, Lieutenant Bonsal soon attained the required altitude and then he straightened the big plane out on the course for Philadelphia. He handled the new Curtiss machine with its fast motors well, and soon it was seen that he would outstrip Lieutenant Kilgore's smaller machine. Until both disappeared from sight the crowd on the field watched them as they winged their way into the storm. Reports from Philadelphia show that the new Liberty airplane landed at 12:25, having made the trip from New York in 55 minutes.

Three minutes behind Lieutenant Bonsal came Lieutenant Kilgore. The flight of the two planes marked the institution of the precautionary plan to have two flyers on each mail trip to guard against delays, due to accident. After delivering his mail and taking on mail for New York, Lieutenant Bonsal and his attendant pilot took to the air again. He arrived at Belmont Field at 2:25, having covered the return trip in 50 minutes and delivering his mail 2 hours and 15 minutes after it had started from Washington.

On the first trip with the mails, on May 16, Lieutenant Torrey H. Webb, made the flight to Philadelphia in one hour.

## RECORD IN STATE REVENUES

**Largest Increase Comes from New Corporation Income Tax.**

ALBANY, N. Y., May 23.—The State coffers have been enriched by approximately $25,378,000 more revenue so far this year than during any preceding one, State Controller Travis announced tonight. The largest amount of this increase, the Controller shows, comes from the new 3 per cent. corporation income tax, which, with other corporation taxes, has returned more than $19,328,000. In addition, substantial increases, aggregating $4,636,307.46, have been collected from other sources, totaling nearly $54,000,000.

Comparatively few taxpayers are aware of the existence of two unusual forms of taxation which to date have netted the State over $2,282,737. These two forms—the mortgage recording and investment taxes—are in the nature of exemption duties, that is, by paying a smaller tax to the State investors escape a larger one at home. The result is that the State will receive over $3,000,000 more income in a way that would never be paid as taxes anywhere else.

## NEW B. R. T. MORTGAGE.

**Stockholders Ratify Proposed $150,000,000 Bond Issue.**

Stockholders of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, at a special meeting in Brooklyn yesterday, unanimously approved the issuance of a new consolidated and refunding mortgage to take the place of the old 4 per cent. mortgage. A total of 544,139 shares was represented at the meeting, considerably more than two-thirds of the total outstanding.

The Central Trust Company will act as Trustee of the mortgage and bonds to the amount of $150,000,000 will be issued, of which $87,654,000 are reserved to replace underlying bonds of the B. R. T. or its subsidiary companies, and the remainder may be issued for extensions, improvements, acquisition of lands, &c. The bonds may be issued in series and at such interest as the Directors may determine, and any series may be converted into stock of the company upon such terms as the Directors may approve. Any part of the bonds may be redeemed upon such terms and at such times as the Directors may determine.

President T. S. Williams announced that in the matter of the approaching maturity of $57,735,000 of notes issued for subway improvements under contracts with the city negotiations had been in progress with local banks and the United States Government for some time and an application had been made to the newly-created War Finance Corporation of Washington for assistance in meeting these maturing notes. The Finance Corporation has granted a hearing for Tuesday and no announcement of its attitude could be made at the present time.

## STEVENS OUT FOR SENATE.

**Cape May Man a Candidate for Senator Hughes's Unexpired Term.**

TRENTON, N. J., May 23.—Petitions are in circulation throughout the State to place the name of Senator Lewis T. Stevens of Cape May County in nomination at the September primaries as a candidate for the short term in the United States Senate, for the unexpired term of the late Senator Hughes, ending March 3 next.

It is reported that by running for the short term Senator Stevens feels he will in no way interfere with the candidacy of Governor Edge or Senator Colgate for the long term, beginning March 4 next.

## *ASSOCIATED PRESS CORRECTS ERROR*

### *Inadvertently Misquoted La Follette on His St. Paul Speech and So Notifies Senate.*

The Associated Press yesterday sent to Senator Atlee Pomerene, Chairman of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, which has under investigation the charge that the speech of Senator La Follette in St. Paul last September was seditious and disloyal, the following telegram:

"The Associated Press learned for the first time on May 21 that the accuracy of its account of Senator La Follette's speech in St. Paul on Sept. 20 last was challenged. Thorough investigation was made immediately, convincing us that we distributed inaccurately one important phrase, to which attention has been directed by the Senator's counsel.

"The Associated Press did not have a staff reporter at the convention addressed by the Senator and depended upon the report received by The St. Paul Pioneer Press. Our St. Paul editor obtained a duplicate copy of the account written by a reporter for that paper, and, because of the lateness of the hour, transmitted it to our members without waiting for it to be edited or revised by the writer. Our report on Sept. 20 carried quotations attributed to Senator La Follette as follows:

"'I wasn't in favor of beginning this war. We had no grievances. The German Government had interfered with our rights to travel on the high seas—as passengers on the munition ships of Great Britain. On these grievances, which were insignificant, considering the rights and consequences involved, we went to war. We had a right to ship munitions, but I was not in favor of the riding.'

"The foregoing quotations, preceded by other quoted paragraphs, were taken from the reporter's account in the manner stated. They were no written by our editor, and were not available to him until nearly 2 A. M., very late for morning papers. It is improbable that the reporter made a stenographic report. The quoted matter was not read as carefully as it should have been, for otherwise the conflicting word 'no' would have been seen. The Pioneer Press, from which our story was taken, quoted Senator La Follette as saying: 'We have grievances.'

"We cannot account for the disparity in any other way than stated. It is the recollection of the editor who filed the story that Senator La Follette in effect said: 'We had a grievance, but it was not sufficient to justify a declaration of war.'

"The error was regrettable, and The Associated Press seizes the first opportunity to do justice to Senator La Follette.

"FREDERICK ROY MARTIN,
"Assistant General Manager, The Associated Press."

## WOMEN ENROLL TOMORROW.

**Women who wish to vote in the primaries next September must enroll tomorrow. Enrollment places will be open from 8 A. M. to 10 P. M. A list of all these places was printed in The Times last Sunday.**

## LACKAWANNA STEEL GAINS.

**Extra Dividend Declared in Addition to the Regular.**

The Lackawanna Steel Company declared yesterday an extra dividend of 2½ per cent. on the common stock together with the usual quarterly payment of 1½ per cent., both payable June 29, to stockholders of record June 14. Six months ago an extra 3½ per cent. was ordered, and at this time last year 2½ per cent. was voted as a special disbursement.

Directors of the Haskell & Barker Car Company declared a quarterly dividend of $1 per share, to be paid July 1 to stockholders of record June 15. Payments heretofore have been 75 cents quarterly.

The Pittsburgh Rolls Corporation ordered an initial payment of 1 per cent. on the common stock and the regular quarterly distribution of 1¾ per cent. on the preferred, payable July 1 to stockowners on the books June 30.


The Red Cross is binding up and healing the wounds of war—it is bringing relief to the most terrible misery and suffering the world has ever known.

The work of the Red Cross is human and practical. It knows no boundaries of religion, creed or race.

It appeals to everyone who loves his fellow man.

*Contributed to the RED CROSS*
by
LEWIS & CONGER
45th STREET AND SIXTH AVENUE
NEW YORK

*Mr. Britely Says:*

"Shanley dinners, perfectly served in delightful surroundings, have a great deal to do with making life worth living in the city during the warm weather."

Vaudeville de luxe—an extensive program—bright, breezy, up-to-date. Evenings, 7 to 1.

*Acquire the pleasant habit of dropping in casually for luncheon—90c (Music) 12 to 2:30 P. M.*

SHANLEY'S
*Broadway—43rd to 44th St.*


# WORK OR FIGHT, WARNING TO ALL

**Continued from Page 1, Column 3.**

military service of the United States.

Any local board will be authorized to take action, whether it has original jurisdiction of the registrant or not; in other words, any man loafing around a poolroom in Chicago may be held to answer to a Chicago board, even though he may have registered in New York and lived there most of his life.

The regulations which apply to idle registrants will be deemed to apply also to gamblers of all descriptions and employes and attendants of bucket shops and race tracks, fortune tellers, clairvoyants, palmists, and the like, who for the purposes of the regulations, shall be considered as idlers.

The new regulaions will also affect the following classes:

(a) Persons engaged in the serving of food and drink, or either, in public places, including hotels and social clubs.

(b) Passenger elevator operators and attendants, doormen, footmen, and other attendants of clubs, hotels, stores, apartment houses, office buildings, and bathhouses.

(c) Persons, including ushers and other attendants, engaged and occupied in, and in connection with games, sports, and amusements, excepting actual performers in legitimate concerts, operas, or theatrical performances.

(d) Persons employed in domestic service.

(e) Sales clerks and other clerks employed in stores and other mercantile establishments.

Men who are engaged as above or who are idlers will not be permitted to seek relief because of the fact that they have drawn late order number or because they have been placed in class II., III., or IV. on the grounds of dependency. The fact that he is not usefully employed will outweigh both of the above conditions.

It is expected that the list of nonuseful occupations will be extended from time to time as necessity will require so as to include persons in other employments.

Temporary absences from regular employment not to exceed one week, unless such temporary absences are habitual and frequent, shall not be considered as idleness. Regular vacations will not be considered as absences in this connection.

The regulation throws a further safeguard around men not usefully employed by providing that where there are compelling domestic circumstances that would not permit change of employment by the registrant without disproportionate hardship to his dependents, or where a change from non-useful to useful employment or occupation would necessitate a removal of the registrant or his family, local boards may give consideration to the circumstances. The regulation further provides that where such a change of employment would compel the night employment of women under circumstances which a board might deem unsuitable for such employment of women, the board may take such circumstances into consideration in making its decision.

**Avoids Industrial Draft.**

Provost Marshal General Crowder, in discussing the new regulation, said:

"The war has so far disorganized the normal adjustment of industrial manpower as to prevent the enormous industrial output and national organization necessary to success. There is a popular demand for organization of man power, but no direct draft could be imposed at present. Steps to prohibit idleness and non-effective occupation will be welcomed by our people. We shall give the idlers and men not effectively employed the choice between military service and effective employment. Every man in the draft age, at least, must work or fight.

"It is enough to ask what would happen if every man in the nation turned his hand to effective work. We must make ourselves effective. We must organize for the future. We must make vast withdrawals for the army and immediately close up the ranks of industry behind the gap with an accelerating production of every useful thing in necessary measure. How is this to be done?

"The answer is plain. The first step toward the solution of the difficulty is to prohibit engagement by able-bodied men in the field of hurtful employment, idleness, or ineffectual employment, and thus induce and persuade the vast, wasted excess into useful fields.

**"March Past Crowds of Idlers."**

"The very situation we are now considering, however, offers great possibilities in improvement of the draft as well as great possibilities for the composition of the labor situation by effective administration of the draft. Considering the selective service law, we see two principal causes of deferment of the call to military service—exemption and the order numbers assigned by lot. The exemptions themselves fall into two conspicuous categories—dependency and industrial employment. One protects domestic relations, the other the economic interests of the nation. Between the two there is an inevitable hiatus, for it is demonstrably true that thousands, if not millions, of dependency exemptions have no effect on industrial protection whatever. One of the unanswerable criticisms of the draft has been that it takes men from the farms and from all useful employments and marches them past crowds of idlers and loafers away to the army. The remedy is simple—to couple the industrial basis with other grounds for exemption and to require that any man pleading exemption on any ground shall also show that he is contributing effectively to the industrial welfare of the nation."

**Fate of Baseball in Doubt.**

Secretary Baker declined to give an opinion as to the effect the new order would have upon organized baseball and professional sports, but he indicated that the case of each man affected would be settled on its merits, and that the question whether professionals in baseball, golf, tennis, and other sports were idlers or in nonessential pursuits would be decided whenever a specific case was brought up on appeal.

When Secretary Baker was informed that some of the baseball Presidents were credited with the statement that the drafting of baseball men might disrupt organized baseball, he said he was thoroughly familiar with the scope and intent of the new regulations and did not anticipate the result feared by the baseball leaders.

When he was asked as to whether a professional golfer, who might have been placed in a deferred classification by reason of dependency, would lose his classification, he said:

"It means that the local board is given discretion to determine whether his deferred classification should be taken away, and it isn't solely determined upon the fact that he is engaged as a professional golfer, but upon the existence in his community of more useful occupations open to that man in which he could go without changing the situation as to his dependents. But each case will be decided separately and on its merits."

**Warns Slackers Who Flee.**

WASHINGTON, May 23, (Associated Press.)—Slackers who leave the country to escape the draft will be prosecuted under the Seclective Service act on their return, Attorney General Gregory announced today.

"The passage of time will not prevent the bringing of prosecutions," he said. "Such nonregistrants and delinquents either must return for military service or become permanent expatriates with all future rights of United States citizenship denied them. The Government at no time hereafter will be inclined to grant any general amnesty to such men.

"I should like to be clearly understood by the general public that whoever assists another to escape from this country to evade military service, or whoever assists to maintain in a foreign country one who has fled there to escape military service, is guilty of a violation of the Espionage act and upon conviction becomes liable to the full penalties imposed thereby."

## *BASEBALL MAY STOP IF NEW ORDER STANDS*

### *Would Strip Most of the Big Teams—Tener and Owners Not Dismayed.*

PITTSBURGH, May 23.—"Everything must be done to win this war," said President John K. Tener today, upon learning of the new "work or fight" order of Provost Marshal General Crowder, "and if baseball is a sport as classified in this new order, and not a business in which there is a great investment of money, then baseball will not be behind other interests in contributing its part toward winning the war.

"If baseball is nonessential, and players of draft age have to give up playing, the clubs will try to find players that are not of draft age, and if this cannot be done there is a possibility that our ball parks will have to be closed and the season be brought to an end.

"Since the draft or conscription act has been effective we have been operating with the understanding that baseball was being encouraged by the Government, and players have been responding as they have been called under the provisions of the draft, in great numbers, and many of them have volunteered.

"Baseball also has been doing its share of war work in every way, and baseball is only too glad to comply with the new regulations, having perfect confidence that it will be not discriminated against by the Government or any department head."

PHILADELPHIA, May 23.—B. B. Johnson, President of the American League, in discussing the new draft regulations was quoted here tonight as follows:

"I do not believe the Government has any intention of wiping out baseball altogether, but if I had my way I would close every theatre, ball park, and other place of recreation in the country and make the people realize that they are in the most terrible war in the history of the world."

BOSTON, May 23.—Draft regulations requiring professional baseball players to join the army or to take up war work would strip the Boston American League club of the bulk of its leading players. The Boston Nationals would be less seriously affected from a playing standpoint, although the club would lose many men.

President Harry Frazee of the Red Sox declined today to comment on the ruling of the Provost Marshal General, but Manager Barrow was silent, although he admitted that the former world champions could not hope to keep with the procession if old-time stars should be called out.

It was his understanding while in Washington recently, President Percy D. Haughton of the Braves said, that the war would not interfere with baseball, as he was informed then, he stated, that President Wilson was in favor of continuing the sport. Mr. Haughton and players and officials alike agreed, however, that winning the war was paramount, and that all else was of no moment.

CHICAGO, May 23.—Strict enforcement of General Crowder's order would, it is said, wreck the two major league baseball clubs of Chicago. All the players of both teams except four are of draft age.

DETROIT, May 23.—"Such an order would cause us to close our park," said Frank J. Navin, President of the Detroit Baseball Club, when told today that baseball players might be included in the amendments to the draft regulations requiring men to engage in useful occupations or join the army.

"The order would leave me Donovan as pitcher, Stanage behind the bat, Spencer at first, and Jennings at short. How does that sound for a pennant winner?"

He added, however, that winning the war was more essential than winning baseball games.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., May 23.—"A most drastic order," said E. W. Dickerson, President of the Western League, in referring to the amendment to the draft regulations, which may include baseball players. "The Western League would not lose more than twenty players at the most, as forty-four are already in the service."

DALLAS, Texas, May 23.—A poll of the Texas League clubs taken this morning shows that no club will have even the nucleus of a baseball team if men between the ages of 21 and 31 are barred from playing after July 1. The Fort Worth team, the league leader, has only two players over the draft age.

Officials of the local major league clubs who were here yesterday were loath to express opinions regarding the effect of a possible drafting of baseball players for essential war work. At National League headquarters Secretary John A. Heydler said that any comment on the situation should come from President Tener, who is in Pittsburgh.

The announcement came as such a surprise to the baseball men that they are anxious for an official ruling that the Government means to break up the sport before saying anything about it.

There is no doubt that if the ruling is operated in connection with baseball all the parks will have to close. There are about 367 players in both major leagues at the present time and nearly 80 per cent. of these would come under the new ruling.

Practically all the players on the local clubs would be taken from the game. The members of the Giants who would come under the ruling are George Burns, 29; Walter Holke, 25; Lew McCarty, 30; Rariden, 30; Wilhoit, 28; Benton, 28; Perritt, 26; Schupp, 26, and Tesreau, 29.

The members of the Yankees who are within the draft age are Bodie, 31; High, 28; Peckinpaugh, 27; Walter Pipp, 25; Pratt, 28; Walters, 25; Caldwell, 30; Mogridge, 28.

The members of the Brooklyn Club within the draft age are Johnston, 29; Miller, 29; Myers, 29; Wheat, 30, and Marquard, 29.

## TURFMEN ARE HOPEFUL.

**Believe Necessity of Breeding Cavalry Horses Will Save the Sport.**

There was little concern among turfmen at the Jamaica track yesterday as to the likelihood of the announcement of Provost Marshal General Crowder affecting horse racing. A few of the younger element who make a daily practice of attending the races were upset by the new order, but the leaders of the sport depend on the value of racing as a means of improving the type of cavalry horses to prevent any radical action on the part of the authorities.

Algernon Daingerfield, Assistant Secretary of the Jockey Club, said that most of the trainers were over the draft age, while most of the jockeys, stable boys, and other employes were either under the draft age, under weight, or under height for military service. According to Mr. Daingerfield, all the jockeys included in the selective draft have filled their questionnaires.

It was pointed out that racing men had come to the front for war service in a manner not exceeded by the participant in any other sport. August Belmont, Chairman of The Jockey Club, has been commissioned a Major and has been a busy man for many months in the progress of the war. Thomas Hitchcock also is a Major and is in command of the aviation field at Mineola, while his son, Thomas Hitchcock, Jr., has been captured while flying in France. Major E. B. Cassatt, Major Ral Parr, and Lieutenant Colonel Cochran are also prominent owners who have joined the colors, while nearly every gentleman rider is in some branch of the service.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., May 23.—Fifty per cent. of the jockeys on Kentucky tracks and slightly more than 20 per cent. of all other employes of racing plants in the State will be affected by Provost Marshal General Crowder's order that all men of draft age must either "work or fight," according to figures compiled today by M. J. Winn of Louisville, Vice President of the new Louisville Jockey Club and General Manager of Churchill Downs. Mr. Winn also is interested in tracks at Juarez, Mexico; Laurel, Md., and in New York.

A census taken at Churchill Downs today showed a total of 82 out of 406 employes amenable to the new regulations. It included 16 out of an office force of 120; 34 jockeys out of a total of 67, and 32 stable hands, track laborers, special policemen, messengers, &c., out of 216 miscellaneous employes.

Racing in Kentucky, however, and Mr. Winn presumed it also would hold good on Eastern tracks, aside from the almost irreparable loss of jockeys, will be affected only to a limited extent by the new regulations.

## MERCHANTS NOT ALARMED.

**Agreeable to Crowder as an Aid to Winning the War.**

Employers of large numbers of men whose duties make them subject to reassignment to more important work under the provisions of the Provost Marshal General's ruling yesterday were inclined to accept it as something that would help win the war. Here and there business men in the first surprise that followed the news of the order expressed fear that business would be injured by the withdrawal of trained men and the introduction of inexperienced women.

Among the big department stores, such as Gimbel's, Saks, R. H. Macy's, which will suffer more than any other line of business, there was a disposition to await fuller details regarding the working of the rule. The attitude of the heads of the big stores was summed up last night by Jesse I. Straus of R. H. Macy's when he said:

"I would not wish to express an opinion in the matter just now. I prefer to wait until I have had opportunity to study the ruling."

Hotels, which are required to yield their waiters, doormen, footmen, and clerks to war work will face a big problem, proprietors said last night. Lusius M. Boomer, Managing Director of the Waldorf-Astoria, Hotel McAlpin, Hotel Claridge, and the Hotel du Pont, the latter at Wilmington, Del., was quoted as follows:

"If the Government takes all our waiters, clerks, and other attendants it will bring about a very serious situation indeed. The shortage of labor is now very grave. The news is extremely depressing. I employ more than 1,000 waiters, and I don't know what is to be done about it. The employment of women will not solve the problem: they can't be trained over night. However, we can't tell much about the rule until it has been construed through test cases.

"Like everybody else, however," Mr. Boomer added, "we care only for winning the war. Why, if the Government ordered us to shut up shop, we'd close the hotels in a minute—anything for victory."

George Gales, President of the Liggett Drug Stores Corporation said:

"The order of General Crowder will affect us seriously. We have already been hit mighty hard, hundreds of our men having joined the colors. We have employed women and girls at the soda fountains to take the places of the men who have come to war, and General Crowder's order is one more step toward the employment of many more girls and women. It is serious, but we have all got to co-operate in any way the Government sees fit to bring about victory in the war."

The quotation of Edward Wise, President of the United Cigar Stores Corporation, was:

"General Crowder's order won't affect us at all. We have replaced those of our working force now in military service—10 per cent. have gone—and as others are called will replace them, if we can; otherwise we'll work with shorter shifts. The war comes first and business afterward. We shall get along the best we can."

Mrs. Mary E. Dreier, Chairman of the New York Committee of Women in Industry of the Advisory Commission of the Council of National Defense said last night that, in her opinion, it would not be altogether easy to obtain the women to fill the vacancies caused by the removal of men from many industries.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# FIRE LOSSES IN 1917 TOTAL $250,753,640

## Underwriters Report Worst Year for United States Since the San Francisco Fire.

## FEW OF ALIEN ENEMY ORIGIN

### Say Increase Is Due to Speeding Up for War and Hasty Construction of Factories.

Losses by fire in the United States in 1917 aggregate $250,753,640, against $214,530,995 in 1916, the losses last year having exceeded any year since 1875, with the exception of the San Francisco fire in 1906. These figures were made public yesterday at the fifty-second annual meeting of the National Board of Fire Underwriters at the Hotel Astor. R. M. Bissell, President of the Hartford Fire Insurance Company and President of the National Board, presided at the meeting, which was attended by 137 prominent fire underwriters from all sections of the country, representing fire risks estimated at $55,000,000,000.

Otho E. Lane, Chairman of the board's Committee on Statistics and Origin of Fires, declared that the per capita loss rose from $2.10 in 1916 to $2.42 in 1917. It was a cause of satisfaction, he said, that the Government had finally recognized the necessity of protecting vital industries and had created a Fire Prevention Section of the War Industries Board under competent and experienced supervision. Owing to unsettled conditions no attempt was made in 1917 to secure statistics showing fire losses in European cities.

**Few Fires of Enemy Origin.**

Contrary to the general impression enemy aliens had little or no part in the losses by fire since the United States entered the war. On this point President Bissell, in his annual report, said:

"As soon as the war began it was realized that the danger of fires caused by enemy incendiaries was not to be ignored, and as was perhaps natural, many sensational rumors gained currency, among them one which mistakenly quoted the National Board of Fire Underwriters as authority for the statement that property to the value of $43,000,000 had been destroyed by fires caused by enemy aliens during the first nine months of the war.

"This published statement had the careful attention of our Actuarial Bureau, and disclosed the fact that as to nearly 95 per cent. of the fires cited there was no proof of incendiary origin, and as to nearly 90 per cent. no reason even for suspicion of such origin. This does not indicate the absence of danger from hostile alien incendiaries, but shows that their success thus far has been by no means as great as was to be expected."

The board's executive expressed the belief that the increase in fire losses was due to war conditions, which had called for the speeding up of industries, the hasty construction of new factories, congestion at plants, and overtime.

The underwriters renewed their pledge of national service "to conserve the nation's resources, and to safeguard its productive facilities from interruption by fire, in the hope of aiding and hastening victory over the common foe."

The election of officers resulted as follows: President, Frederick C. Buswell, Home Insurance Company; Vice President, Charles L. Case, London Assurance Company; Treasurer, Charles J. Holman, Commercial Union Company, and Secretary, George G. Bulkley, Springfield Fire and Marine Company; Executive Committee, C. G. Smith, Henry E. Rees, P. L. Hoadley, Frank Lock, Lyman Candee, R. D. Harvey, J. B. Levison, W. R. Hodge, A. D. Baker, and Edward Meinel.

### Baker Appoints Labor Aid.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, May 23.—Secretary Baker has appointed John R. Alpine, Vice President of the American Federation of Labor and President of the United Association of Plumbers and Steamfitters of the United States and Canada, as special adviser to the War Department's representative on the Labor Policies Board.

## COURT CALENDARS.

**BRONX COUNTY.**

**Supreme Court.**

SPECIAL TERM (Chambers)—Mitchell, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM—Mitchell, J.—Motion calendar.

Re CNY.
Blaisdell vs Rich.
Miller vs Rooney.
Blumenfeld vs Peterson.
Patnik vs Patnik.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Mitchell, J.
Defeo vs Raffaele.
TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Weeks, J.
Taub vs Wubbenhorst.
Mulligan vs Union Ry.
Brill vs Dworsky.
Tremper vs Nassau Ry.
McNeill vs Smith.
Rabinowitz vs Liquid Carbonic Co.

Highest number reached in regular order, 1,981.
PART II.—Mitchell, J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.
PART III.—Gavegan, J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I. Case on.

**Surrogate's Court.**

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.
TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S.—No day calendar.

**County Court.**

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J. No day calendar.
TRIAL TERM—Talbot, J.

Doonan vs Union Ry.
Solomon vs Int R T.
Kaufman vs Albert.
Schwartz vs Theisoff.
Gassman vs Union Ry.
Roberts vs Int R T.
Skolsky vs Rudinsky.
Fuchs vs Mullen.
Walsh vs Union RR.
Fosner vs Rella.
Rotner vs Monroe Holding Co.
Weinberg vs Lanegan Bros.
Isenhauser vs R. Carvel Co.
Weisberg vs I R T Co.

**Referees Appointed.**

SUPREME COURT — Mitchell, J. — Many vs Keiser—Israel J. P. Aiderman, Stephens vs Berg & Saul, Inc.—Charles M. O'Keeffe.
The Bronx Savings Bank vs Davis—Daniel V. Sullivan.

**Receivers Appointed.**

SUPREME COURT—Mitchell, J.—Sanford S. Bettman vs Jacob Ecker et al.—Samuel S. Bernstein.
Emma Unger vs Isabella Trainor et al.—Eugene J. Bucher.
Charles Lutz vs Herford Land Corp., et al.—Rosmer Hartvigson.
Tennent Ronalds & ano. vs Field Realty Co., et al.—Bernard Carr.

**QUEENS COUNTY.**

**Supreme Court.**

TRIAL TERM—Faber, J.—At 10 A. M.
McDonough vs O'Brien.
Remainder of calendar passed to May 27.
Highest number reached on general calendar is 2820.

**WESTCHESTER COUNTY.**

**Supreme Court.**

SPECIAL TERM—Seeger, J.—At 10 A. M.
Matthews vs Matthews.
Nelson vs Bean.
Kelly vs Sengens.
D Mayer Brewing Co vs La Porta.
Also for the hearing of motions.
TRIAL TERM—Part I., Platt, J.; Part II., Keogh, J.—At 9:45 A. M.
Trial Term calendar goes over to June 3.

**Surrogate's Court.**

AT WHITE PLAINS—Sawyer, S.

Wills for probate:
Henry Willy.
William Stanck, Admin'trator's acct'g:
Louisa A Davids.
Wilma Fairbanks, Bridget Dermody.
Sarah O'Brien, Executor's acct'g:
Elizabeth Dowling.
Jacob Mayer, Pet. for administ'n:
Timothy Leyhane, Accounting:
Howell Dobbs.

## BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 16,361 packages. Larger offerings, more reserved buying and a lower and unsettled market for all grades. Creamery, higher than extras, a pound, 44½@45c; extras, 92 score,) 44c; firsts, (88 to 91 score,) 41½@43½c; seconds, (83 to 87 score,) 37@41c; thirds, 35@38c; creamery, unsalted, higher than extras, 40@46½c; extras, 45@45½c; firsts, 42½@44½c; seconds, 39@42c; State dairy, tubs, finest, 43½@44c; good to prime, 41@43c; common to fair, 35@40c; renovated, extras, 38@38½c; firsts, 37@37½c; lower grades, 32@35c; imitation creamery, firsts, 34@34½c; ladies, current make, firsts, 31½@32½c; seconds, 30½c; lower grades, 28½@30c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 30@30½c; No. 2, 29@29½c; lower grades, 27@28½c.

EGGS.—41,741 cases. Arrivals are heavy, but they include only a small proportion of strictly high grade Northern stock; the great bulk of the offerings are of good medium and lower qualities and for these there is strong pressure to sell with a continued slow outlet and a weak and irregular market. There is a fair call for strictly high grade goods; prices for such are rated fairly steady, sales are at a wide range, and the great bulk of the Western current packings is unsalable above 32@33c. Dirties in fair demand, but the supply is liberal and holders are free sellers. Nearby white eggs contain only a small proportion of strictly fancy large, chalk-white, newlaid quality, and for these prices rule in sellers' favor with some sales a little above present quotations; the great bulk of the supply, however, is more or less defective and is still pressed for sale, a large part ranging from 39@38½c. Fresh gathered extras, a dozen, 36@37c; storage packed firsts, 34½@35½c; regular packed extra firsts, 35½@35c; regular packed firsts, 32½@34c; seconds and poorer, 28@32c; fresh gathered dirties, No. 1, storage packed, 2½@30c; No. 1, regular packed, 29@29½c; No. 2 and poorer, 27@28½c; fresh gathered checks, good to choice, dry, 27@28½c; under grades, 26@26c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby Western, fancy white, fine to fancy, 39@41c; ordinary to prime, 36@38c; gathered whites, ordinary to fine, 35@38c; Western and Southern, gathered whites, 35@37c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby henery browns, 37@39c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 33@35c; duck eggs, 29@42c.

### A PITIABLE GROUP.

*German prisoners, bringing in their wounded during a great battle in Picardy, look dismal enough in this photograph in the Rotogravure Picture Section of The New York Times next Sunday. Order today.—Advt.*

## NEW INCORPORATIONS

*Special to The New York Times.*

ALBANY, May 23.—Forty-nine new corporations, with an aggregate capital stock of $12,106,000, were chartered today. They include:

East Fourth Street Garage, Manhattan, $15,000; A. Bricken, F. Abelson, I. Friedman, 5 East 59th St.

Mang-Houst Realty Corp., Manhattan; E. Freedman, S. H. Sterberg, M. I. Phillips, 788 East 21st St.

Mandell Prescription Pharmacy, Manhattan, $5,000; A. Simell, H. Rubin, B. Spiegel, 130 Delancey St.

A. M. S. Producing Co., Manhattan, produce play, "Another Man's Shoes," $10,000; H. White, M. Klein, A. Werner, 52 West 119th St.

Haywood, Inc., Manhattan, furs and wearing apparel, $5,000; F. L., G., and J. W. Salomon, 823 East 155th St.

The Grote Transmission Co., Manhattan, auto parts, $15,000; A. W. Grote, W. B. Moth, H. S. Cook, 319 West 51st St.

Mortimer J. Gleeson, Manhattan, carpentry and contracting, $10,000; M. J., W. F., and M. J. Gleeson, Jr., Jersey City.

Electric Rolling Kitchen Corp., Brooklyn, $30,000; J. H. Fawling, B. C. Sprague, H. A. Prefothen, 238 Fort Washington Av.

Wolz Estates, Inc., Brooklyn, realty, $5,000; A. C. Good, E. and P. Wolz, 370 Neptune Av., Brooklyn.

Jordan Equipment Co., Manhattan, general merchandise, $10,000; W. E. Jordan, H. Stein, E. M. Kelly, 946 68th St., Brooklyn.

Caribbean Import and Export Corp., Manhattan, $100,000; E. Horwitz, G. T. Baird, J. J. Whitehead, 42 Broadway.

Cassi Realty Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; S. M. Lazarus, W. B. Riley, C. Cetron, 2 Rector St.

Crescent Warehouse, Manhattan, $10,000; A. and W. A. Noltemeier, A. Spada, 584 Brooms St.

2,360 2,368 Webster Avenue Corp., Manhattan, realty, $60,000; M. B. Rich, G. Colon, T. W. Stemmler, Jr., 56 West 45th St.

Technical Development Corp., Manhattan, mechanical and electrical equipments, $100,000; F. D. Hearn, J. A. Hanway, J. J. McCormack, 71 East 86th St.

F. Veith & Co., Brooklyn, curtains and lace specialties, 1,000 shares common stock, no par value; active capital $15,000; P., M., and F. Veith, Jr., 172 Cleveland St., Brooklyn.

Alpha Trading Co., Manhattan; commission merchant in metals, $16,000; H. G. Sanderson, P. A. Gage, S. C. Dugan, 610 West 152d St.

Atlantic Slate Works, Manhattan, $5,000; R. Kreis, L. and N. Schwartz, 510 West St., Brooklyn.

Dolor Realty Co., Manhattan, $225,000; E. Bloch, D. A. Berstein, E. Kempner, Hotel Plaza.

Schneider & Solomon, Manhattan, furs and skins, $40,000; B. Bernstein, S. Solomon, H. Schneider, 51 East Broadway.

Hipwood Crutch Cushion Co., Manhattan, $100,000; T. McGoldrick, A. P. Wennels, G. Hipwood, 39 Cortlandt St.

The High Frequency Corp., Manhattan, operate laboratory for coloring optical goods, $25,000; F. Kriegel, R. and I. Gordon, 561 West 174th St.

Friedberg Talking Machine Co., Brooklyn, $10,000; T. W. Guttenberg, H. Schnapp, N. Friedberg, 1,658 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn.

Owahgena Telephone Co., Cazenovia, $40,000; A. B. Carpenter, H. Burden, M. R. Joy, Cazenovia.

St. George Auto Service, Richmond, $5,000; B. Tiernan, E. V. and W. R. Rumage, Tompkinsville.

The American News Co., Manhattan, 216,000 shares common stock, no par value; active capital $10,800,000; S. S. Blood, S. Fagrelly, J. A. Marsh, 194 Riverside Drive.

Carlson Motors Co., Manhattan, $100,000; W. H. Fritchman, L. E. Ticker, J. F. Sievers, 239 West 39th St.

Simon Eisenberg, Manhattan, buttons, $10,000; S. and O. and S. Eisenberg, 46 West 17th St.

R. Armenonville Farm Corp., Manhattan, $50,000; S. Rosenbaum, A. Silver, M. Knaitel, 885 West 179th St.

Sam Kappler Cheese Co., Lee Centre, Oneida County, $40,000; L. A. and J. and S. Kappler, Lee Centre.

Majestic Paperbox Co., Manhattan, $12,000; M. and F. Fisher, N. Reinert, 132 St. Marks Place.

Merchants' Finance Co., Manhattan, stocks, bonds, and personal property, $100,000; J. M. Downes, W. J. Foster, P. F. Walsh, 99 Nassau St.

Lincoln Equipment Co., Manhattan, $5,000; S. Brand, J. and E. Weinberg, 43 West 24th St.

Trans Ocean Export and Import Bureau, Manhattan, $5,000; T. R. H. McKay, R. H. Robillard, C. Alen, 469 Manhattan Av.

M. H. Merchant Corp., Syracuse, chain tightener for motor vehicles, $75,000; L. C. Hardy, L. G. Sheldon, M. H. Merchant, Syracuse.

The Conqueror Corp., Manhattan, make chemicals, $10,000; M. T. Jones, F. J. Keller, H. E. Quick, 100 B'way.

**CAPITAL INCREASES.**

Perfect Shirt Co., Manhattan, $10,000, to $20,000.

Russo Asiatic Fur Co., Manhattan, $50,000 to $150,000.

Acme Pattern and Machine Co., Buffalo, $20,000 to $150,000.

Romanoff Caviar Co., Manhattan, $500 to $50,000.

National Graphic Arts Exposition Co., Manhattan, $5,000 to $20,000.

Burden & Co., Brooklyn, $200,000 to $400,000.

French Trading Co., Manhattan, $12,000 to $150,000.

Sodus Packing Co., Sodus, $35,000 to $75,000.

**CHANGE OF NAME.**

Stevens-Duryea Service, Manhattan, to Arrow Specialty Co.

**AUTHORIZATIONS.**

The C. A. Dunham Co., Iowa, steam traps, $20,000; representative, J. J. McKee, 1 Madison Av.

The Globe Soap Co., Ohio, $100,000; representative, L. M. Palmer, 501 West 147th St.

General Asbestos and Rubber Co., S. C., $125,000; representative, J. F. O'Brien, 58 Warren St.

**REVOCATION.**

The H. B. Black Co., Ohio.

**SURRENDER OF AUTHORITY.**

The New England Engineering Co., Conn.

**DISSOLUTIONS.**

The Alta Colonia Corp., Manhattan.
S. K. S. Broad Silk Co., Manhattan.
Fred E. West Co., Binghamton.
Thedford Transp. Co., Manhattan.
Century Building Co., Manhattan.
Gaipa & Co., Manhattan.
Sicula Fruit Co., Manhattan.
Bill and Caldwell Co., Manhattan.
Barnes Hotel Co., Schenectady.
Amory Browne Export Corp., Manhattan.
Bolivian American Trading Co., Manhattan.

### New Jersey Charters.

*Special to The New York Times.*

TRENTON, May 23.—Charters filed:

Swift Aircraft Mfg. Co., Camden, $50,000, Kenneth Robertson, John A. Davenport, Philadelphia; T. L. Bear, John F. Leavitt, Camden; John M. Meadman, Collingswood; John H. Fort, Merchantville.

Yu Eas Say Novelty Toy Co., North Bergen, $40,000; Henry V. Barowsky, North Bergen; Solomon M. Schupper, Bertha Schupper, Jersey City.

The Carbon Co., Town of Union, $100,000; Edward J. Simon, John T. Simon, Mydron D. Grove, Weehawken.

Standard Ship Supply Co., deal in ship supplies, Bayonne, $15,000; Albert Freedman, Bayonne; George W. Wenzel, Brooklyn; Henry Harfst, New York.

### Delaware Charters.

*Special to The New York Times.*

DOVER, May 23.—Charters filed:

Mineral Properties Corp., $15,000,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, F. A. Armstrong, Wilmington.

Domestic Coke Corp., $3,500,000, R. C. Hyatt, Cleveland; C. L. Rimlinger, and M. M. Clancy, Wilmington.

Guarantee Oil Assn., $1,500,000; L. L. Cowan, P. Zak, Marie McCool, Chicago.

Poland Copper Co., $1,000,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, F. A. Armstrong, Wilmington.

C. U. Snyder & Co., $1,000,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, F. A. Armstrong, Wilmington.

Louisiana Community Farms Co., $500,000; M. L. Rogers, M. L. Gatenell, L. A. Irwin, Wilmington.

Nason Coal Co., $200,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, F. A. Armstrong, Wilmington.

# COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(*) This character means *versus* or *against*.

## FEDERAL.

**Southern District.**

DISTRICT COURT—Ward, J.—In Room 1, 12th floor, Woolworth Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Admiralty.

Cornell Stbt Co (D. & W Lighter 435.
Scully Line (Barge City of Chester.
Ellerman's Line (Barge Pittston.
Dunnigan (Tug Golden Rule.
Laterra (Clyde SS Co.
Smith (Carter & Weeks S Co.
Wells (SS Sherman.
Penn RR (Lighter Climax.
Ross (Tug Dan Mc. Allister.
Atlas Cement Co (SS Coloria.
Downey (Iron Steamboat Co.
Logue (Tug John Arbuckle.
Barnum (Soc Nat Maritime.
NY C RR (SS Lancastrian.
Publicover (Proceeds Cargo Schr Blandf'd
NY CRR (Erie Bge 261
Bruhm (Munson SS Line.
Jamison (Tug Summit.
Gearhart (Tug Nanuet.

DISTRICT COURT—Hough, J.—In Room 8, 12th floor, Woolworth Bldg., at 10:30 A. M. Equity arguments.

Wotton (Jorgenson (2.)

DISTRICT COURT—Mayer, J.—In Room 227, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Jury calendar.

Schwertfeger (Scandinavian-Am Line.
Mourandi (Russian-Am Line.
Reid (Morse.
Flood (Bryn Hts RR
Bralonowski (Erie RR.
Drastal (Penn RR.
Graham (Scandinavian-Am Line.
Universal Road Mach Co (Voorhies Rubber Mfg Co.
US (Shoninger Bros. (2)
Curren (Bliss Public Co.
Max Braun Co (Postal Life Ins Co.
Gallagher (Erie RR.
Cooper (Penn RR.
Re Simko & Kozma.
Sinczier (C RR of NJ.
Chem Products of Canada (Herman & Herman.

DISTRICT COURT—Knox, J.—Room 235, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Motion calendar.

Gillette (Wolf.
Luckenbach (Cargo Carrier Co.
Dittmar (Barge Solen.
Tietjen & Lang (Oneida Stoll (Day.
Hyman (Trow.
Stephens (Am R E Co.
Barber (Motion P P Co
Boulevard (Eclipse.
Hemson (Local Bd. 113
Moore (Int Cr Co Serv.
Re Tug C W Morse.
Olsen (NY, NH & H RR.
Fitch (L V RR.
Re Hesa.
Interstate (SS Mayaro.
Matthews (P RR.
McWilliams (same.
Same (Tug Overbrook
Same (Tug Mercer, (8)
Italian Book Co (Cardelli.
Green (Ltrs Ethel and Lillian.
Fields (Tug John Arbuckle.
Same (Tug Wm A. Jamison.
Nat SS Co (US S E S A
Standard Varnish Wks (SS Bris.
Morrell & Cummings (SS Richmond.
China M S M (Robins.
MacGregor (Shubert.
Schurr (Linderman.
Weaver (Byers & Hayes.
London-Arizona (Gila.
Erie (Str Plymouth.
N E SS Co (Str Northlands.

**Eastern District.**

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—At 10:30 A. M., in Room 323, Post Office Building, Brooklyn. Common law.

Doyle (Mallory SS Co.
Girlaidis (Perpall.
Lazanskini & Lezowski (Leh Val Coal Co
DISTRICT COURT — Garvin, J. — At 10:30 A. M., in Room 312, P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn. Criminal.

US (Marciano.
Same (Brielof.
Same (Burns.
Same (McConnell.
Same (McGinn.
Same (Barton.
Same (Kiefer.
Same (Boehenck.
Same (Walker.
Same (Trofaan, D Arrone & T Arrone.
Same (Kiernan.
Same (Ackerman.
Same (Imhof.
Same (Kirburis.
Same (Casell.
Same (Crowley.
Same (Salla.
Same (Reilly.
Same (Bertha.
Same (Weiers.
Same (Delayti.
Same (Burgess.
Same (Siesta.
Same (Gallagher.
Same (Conroy.
Same (Tufano.
Same (Vasilas.
Same (Ryan.
Same (Polrere.
Same (Marzellano.
Same (Vitella.
Same (Trokar.
Same (McKinley.
Same (Jameson.
Same (Taylor.
Same (Banamonti.
Same (Lynch.
Same (Crolly.
Same (Sporterdour.
Same (Anderson.
Same (Gorman.
Same (Petersen.
Samc (Kindred.
Same (Dragone.
Same (Walker.

Bankruptcy calendar at 2 P. M.

Discharges:
Ernest J Lamay.
Philip Balsam.
Haymen Schiller.
John J Dolan.
Morris Wekselblatt.
Philip H Marks.

Compositions:
David Spevack.
Jacob Neshwits and Harry Frischer.

Motions:
Charlotte A Carey.
Gussie Nankin.
Paul Albert.
Harry Mark, trading as Arlington Button Works.
Solomon Greenspan.
Morris Berman.
Moses Kimbrig.
Sugmund Wollowitz.
Isaac Drapkin.
Isklyn Vitrified Tile Works.
Harrison Steam Laundry Co. Inc.
Camille Weldenfeld.
John Kovacs.
Andrew H. Baird.
Emil Myrus.
Stephen M Emmons.
Frederick Lundy.
At 4 P. M.:
US (Bullard.

**NEW YORK COUNTY.**

**Supreme Court.**

APPELLATE DIVISION—Recess.
APPELLATE TERM—Recess.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I. 10:15 A. M.—Litigated motions.

CNY (Amer Optical Co
Re CNY, (Westchester Av.)
Shaffer (Rothschild Realty Co.
Burns (Daunhauer.
Hatch (Heinze.
Re N E Equitable Ins Co. (O'Connell.)
Re same, (Glaser.)
Re same, (Settel.)
Tunis (Brescher.
Hirschlag (Porat Cigar Chauveau (Maxwell.
Van Dyck Estate (Natwil Holding Co.
Cchen (Cohen.
Brown (Fischer.
Chauveau (Maxwell.
Kereken (Kereken.
Kneb (US San Efflu Separating App. Inc.
Re Cons Comm Merch
Newman (Newman.
Platt (Prager.
People (Quick.
Leab (Leab.
Stevenson (Ennis.
Re Creston Av. (Tremont Av.)
White Sales Elec & Mfg Co (Whiteside.
Amer & Bristol Mfg Hoadley.
Hoffman (Hoffman.
Re Guardian Trust.
Re Tappan (Brand.
Golub (Zwerr.off.
Grober (Solomon.
Re N E Equitable Ins Co. (Alexander.)
Margulis (Silver.
Moore (Walk Mfg Co.
Parks (Bergman.
Edsall (Berkowitz.
Cannata (NY Rys.
Carbola (same.
Caraccolo (same.
Carr (same.
Curtin (same.
Blumberg (same.
Griffiths (same.
Cenci (same.
Davis (same.
De Vito (same.
Tineen (same.
Drinenewsmo.
Ellis (same.
Fecrick (same.
McCabe (same.
Rear Co (Brush.
NY Staats-Zeitung (same.
German Herold Pub Co (same.
Re Goidel, (Ulshafer.
Re same, (Wood.)
Lustrawitz (Kolomeyetz.
Cohen (Cohen.
Murray (Bongy.
Manley (Beaver.

PART II.—Platzek, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Ex parte business.

PART III.—Newburger, J.—At 10:15 A. M.

Motions:
Brown (Bailey.
Re Simon (Golden.
3d Nat Bk (Graham.
Acker (Blackstone.
58th St Cafe Co (Noonan.
Widlake (Widlake.
Cropsey (Cropsey.
Hatteen (Hatteen.
Re Sigson (Bernstein.
Corrado (Corrado.
Warch (Warch.
Roff (Cinney.
Samuels (Samuels.

PART IV.—Mullan, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.

PART V.—Hotchkiss, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.

PARTS VI., VII., and VIII.—Not in session.

TRIAL TERMS—Part II.—Blaur, J.—At 10 A. M.

Littlejohn & Bull (Deutsch.
Tremley Oil Co (Marsailles Garage Co.
Carpenter (Daniel.
Lawrence (Cowperthwait Co.
NY Waste Paper Co (Luneschloss.
Weinstock (Spielholtz.
Soffer (Herd.

PART III.—Delehanty, J.—At 10 A. M.

Meher (Steuer.
Lentz (Broadway & 165th St Rty Co.
Sheridan (Eckhoff.
D Gallagher (Belt Line Ry.
M Gallagher (same.
Loogy (Black and White Cab Co.
Goldman (Conway.
Cavo (Kalbach.
Wolk (Sherman (2.)
Copeland (Int R T.
Clark (Int R T.
Halderman (Joseph.
Goodman (NY Rys.
Todaro (Kroger.
Botelho (Siebery.
T Devlin (Union Ry.
C Devlin (same.
Glazer (NY Rys.
Gluberman (Spencer Holding Corp.
Ash (Mosneim.
Met Less Co (Harjes.
Walsh (Gilbert.
Hillson (Asphalt Const (2.)
Hamilton (Kohler.
Dietrich (Kindermann & Sons.
Bruno (Bialski.
Fitz (Rembrandt Productions.
Cooney (Knaap.
Featherstone (Dill & Collins Co.
Kornikoff (Finkelstein.
Poulos (Christ Goussios & Co.
Silverman (Whitridge.
Eisenstadt (42d St, &c, Ry.
Spanziner (Dry Dock, &c, RR.
Nachemson (3d Av Ry.
Reisz (Jaffreys & Co.
Cooke (N Y Rys.
Rothman (Bo Jersey Land Co.
Mendez (Lazarda.
Darby (Kirkbeck.
O'Connell (Watson Elevator Co.
Harrington (Ballis.
Da Vito (St'd Gas Lt. Co of NY.
Miller (Frischman & Sons.
Glynn (Gavigan.
Schmitt (N Y Rys.
Dultynek (Hudson Motor Car Co.
Stern (N Y Rys.
N Y Rys (CNY.
Brown (Berne.
Sedell (Perry & Son.
Altman (Sternberg.

PART XIV.—Tierney, J.—At 10 A. M.

Ing—Loose-Wiles Biscuit Co (Washburn.
Ing—Gordan (Lyman.
Sisson (Pape & Schaar Corp.
Dickey (Finndeisen & Kropf Mfg.
Cohn (Triangle Waist.
Sophian (Fid & Dep Co of Md.
Post & McCord (N Y Municipal Ry.
Crowley (Glascoe.
Carter & Co (Baltz Roof & Asbes Mfg.
Degnon Contr (CNY.
Tyler (Twin City Pow.
Davis (Martens.
Elberger (Castle Waist & Garment Co.
Thallon & Co (Droste & Snyder.
People, &c (Pulvermacher, (2.)
Fryer Co (Globerge.
Weiss (B, Q Co & Sub RR.

TRIAL TERM—Causes assigned from the day calendar to the various parts for trial. See Rule VII., amended Trial Term rules.

PART III.—Delehanty, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART IV.—Whitaker, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART V.—McAvoy, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on. See Rule VII., amended Trial Term rules.

PART VI.—Goff, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART VII.—Cohalan, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART VIII.—Hendrick, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.

PART IX.—Donnelly, J.—At 10 A. M.

Wolfe (NY Rys.

PART X.—Dugro, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART XI.—Recess.

PART XII.—Greenbaum, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.

PART XIII.—Ottinger, J.—At 10 A. M.

Hughes (Lawton. (2.)

PART XIV.—Tierney, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART XV.—Guy, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART XVI.—Erlanger, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART XVII.—Ford, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART XVIII.—Philbin, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

**Surrogates' Court.**

CHAMBERS—Fowler, S.—At 10:30 A. M.—Motion calendar.

Henry B. Sire.
Regina Nussbaum.
S. F. McCorkle.
E. Van Schaick.
Margaret E. Zimmerman.
F. J. Schaustal.
Peter McKay.
G. Sicieranza.
Philip J. Dwyer.
Esther Roblitscher.
Henry B. Sire.
A. M. McAdams.
Marie Warradyn.
Adelaide J. Freeborn.
Carlo Brancaccio.
Mary W. Eells.
Hugh Trainor.
Augusta Hyatt.
Rose Fitzpatrick.
T. Edwin Ward.
Warner Van Norden.
Etta Lyon.
Susie A. Hill.
Joseph Hill.
Moritz Gerber.
Samuel Schwartz.
Louis Hass.
Christian Trinks.
Dora Katz.
Clarence V. Hennessy.
Edward Hilson.
William S. Fyle.
William F. Mott.
Robert G. Dun.
Katharine P. D. Jackson.
Mary J. Schieffelin.
John E. Lurhs, Infr.
Mary W. Eels.
J. H. Wood. Jr.
Mary Sullivan.
John Herbert.
Clarence L. Crater.
Martin Carlisch.
Cecilia Dooling.
Aaron Datesgold, (2.)
Hailey L. Yetter.
James Rossi.
Abraham Wolbarst.
Amedee Dujonoquoy.
Max Well.
Briget B. Murphy.
Bridget McPartland.
John E. Domschke.
Eliza Klauber, (2.)
Elsie M. Sherlock.
Elizabeth Connell.
Marie L. Josephthal.
Wills for probate:
George Gazzolo.
Maria T. Sullivan.
Patrick Donohue.
Marks H. Julian.

TRIAL TERM—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M. No day calendar.

**City Court.**

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Allen, J.—At 10 A. M.—Litigated motions.

English & Sons (Evans Lumber Co.
Klein Bros (Brinberg.
Lefkowitz (New Amsterdam Cas Co.
Goldblatt (Longacre Const Co.
Silver & Co (Schwartz.
Yannella (Rabinowitz.
Gottlieb (Gins.
Orsetti (Bonotto.
Harkavy (Ginsberg.
Hirschhorn (Klein.
Harkavy (Ginsburg.
Winternitz (Pierce, Butler & Pierce.
Rubin (Con Gas Co.
Cohen (Hammermesch.
Greenblatt (Edzant.
Goldsmith (Gutmann.
Pleefield (Waller.
Goldfried (Weber & Helltroner.
Carpenter & Co (Culven
Weber, Early Co (Hutchinson.
Variety (Sullivan.
Walsh & Kranz Funeral Car Co (Turner
Beller (Hyman.
Clark (Ruszits Co.
A. Selka & Co (Siegelstein.
Standard Arph Co (38 W 50th St Co.
Kerling (De Laisne.
Meyer (Dalberg.
Rubinger (Quinn.
Schwartz (Kessler.
Campe Corp (Bens.
Hirschhorn (Shiffman & Co.

PART II.—Schmuck, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.

TRIAL TERMS—Part I.—Finelite, J.—At 9:45 A. M.

Glutzman (Simon.
Rubenstein (Pollak.
Dunne (Schaefer.
Eisesser (Shepard.
Blankstein (Gollubier.
Minoga (35 Ludlow St Rty Co.
Goldstein (Strauss.
Levine (NY Rys.
Kahn (Levy.
Chesler (Sklamberg.
Lubelsky (Englander.
Baruth (Zouri Drawn Metals Co.
Greenberg (Mendelowitz.
Neuman (Forest Box, &c. Co.
Ziegler (NY Rys.
Giglio (Otis Elev Co.
Francestet (Waverly Auto Express Co.
Keating (NY Rys (2.)
Munson (Barrett.
Steinberg (NY Rys.
Dieter (Wachman & Nathanson.
Zerentsch (Krajsler.
Markowitz (Hollander.
Am Litho Co (General Printing Co.
Friedman (Excelsior, &c. Co.
Hoffiin (Normandy Walk Co.
Taxioli (NY Rys.
Feingold (Sontor Con.
Frank (McCormick.
Tessert (Wadler.
Turner (Maison Maurice.
Africk (Strauss.
Ruby (Weinstein.
Schwartz (NY Rys.
Ehrlich (Lefkowitz.
Helman (NY Tel Co.
Gottler (Fitzgerald.
Flaherty (Craig.
McConville (Pure Oil.
Harris (Marrin.
Jakowitz (167 E Broadway Corp.
Kaminsky (Shidlovsky.
Dembo (Partress Laundry, (2.)
Lefkowitz (Lefkowitz.
Willing (Levy.
Marks (Central RR.
Stein (Gans.
Shulman (De Lacy.
Dreisen (Hleiberg.
Abramowitz (Pirner.
Rubin (Int R T.
Kirschner NY Rys.
Galonsky (Nagel.
Gutterner (Peter.
Lasker (Schlaper, Mack & Co.
Cohen (Wolff.
Silver (Nadler.
Stockell (42d St, &c, RR.
Fire (Kobler Voiesner Y M B Assn.
Marteno (Union Ry.
Feldstein (NY Rys.
Marcus (same.
Wasserman (same.
Salem (Lorentz.
Meisel (Vesell.

SHORT CAUSE CALENDAR—Cases will be sent to Trial Term, Part II., for trial.

Purdy (Bethlehem Truck Co.
Case on.

PART II.—Walsh, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.

PART III.—O'Dwyer, J.—At 10 A. M.—Commercial calendar.

Schubert (Leary.
Eisenberg (Lamport.
Sinzott (Mayers.
Edson (Metzger.
Cooperman (Josephson.
Rosenblatt (same.
Hofmann (Ansorge.
Marbury Prod Co (Hyron.

PART IV.—Meyer, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART V.—La Fetra, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART VI.—Valente, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART VII.—Smith, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART VIII.—Zeller, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.

**Referees Appointed.**

SUPREME COURT.—Newburger, J.—Strauss (Miller—Rudolph A. Sellgman.

SUPREME COURT—Hotchkiss, J.—Matter of L A & J Hyman, Inc—Philip J Sinnott.

SUPREME COURT—Greenbaum, J.—Matter of Curtin (Hittmeier)—A Walker Otis.

SUPREME COURT—Platzek, J.—Matter of Hoffer—Michael H Wolfe. Dime Sav B'k of Bklyn (Bastine—Harold Lippincott.

**Receiver Appointed.**

SUPREME COURT—Platzek, J.—Advance Mortgage Co (Charles M Torpey—Herbert J Goodwin.

**KINGS COUNTY.**

**Supreme Court.**

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Jenks, P. J.; Thomas, Mills, Rich, Putnam, Blackmar, Kelly, JJ.—Motion calendar at 10 A. M.

Re T F Tevlin.
Morens (Morens.
Felbel, &c (Jackman.
Wilson (London Assur Co.
Federal Parquetry Mfg Co (Hallenbeck.
O'Brien (Silk Guide.
H Dyer & Co (Higgins.
Case on.
Sullivan (Sullivan.
People, &c (Schnarr, MacMahon (Schoener.

APPELLATE TERM—Second Department—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Callaghan, J.—At 10 A. M.

Re Maltbie, (Moore & Co.)
Re Bruere, (same.)
Renda (Brasiliero.
Klein (Gardner.
Re Peoples Surety Co, (Union Bank, &c.)
Dietz (McGlynn.
Re Gravesend Nk Rd and Sheepshead Bay Road

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Yielding About
**5% to 7¾%**

Many people would doubtless be only too glad to take advantage of today's investment opportunities, did they but know just what selections to make. Such people should find of special interest our list of current investment offerings, representing various types of securities already held by a wide circle of conservative investors.

Write for List No. 1209
"Current Investment Opportunities."

**Spencer Trask & Co.**
25 Broad Street, New York
ALBANY BOSTON CHICAGO
Members New York Stock Exchange

**Kean, Taylor & Co.**
Investment Securities
New York Chicago Pittsburgh


# FINANCIAL MARKETS

## Prices Uncertain Until Near the Close—Little Public Interest Shown.

Nothing could have indicated more clearly the extent to which professional trading was dominating yesterday's session on the Stock Exchange than the manner in which the market was rushed up in the last few minutes of the day, under the leadership of a house which is always thought of in connection with activity in Steel. Up to that point prices were for the most part sagging around lower levels, but the sharp spurt in the late afternoon extinguished the losses in United States Steel common, leaving that issue ahead of its previous day's close, and helped other issues to recover at least a part of their earlier declines. Under the influence of profit-taking sales, Steel had moved back to 106⅝ in the early afternoon. From that level it moved quickly nearly 3 points higher, ending the session at the best price of the day, with a net advance of 1⅞ points.

Sentiment was influenced largely by the failure of the copper producers to persuade the War Industries Board of their need for an increase in the Government price for the metal. It is true that the Government's proposal to continue the price at 23½ cents a pound for three months is as yet tentative, and it may become necessary to establish a differential for the mines laboring under heavy production costs. It is asserted in the trade that only the larger companies can continue to operate at the fixed price and make a profit. It has been suggested that for the less economically situated properties the Government may decide to allow a price fixed by the cost plus a percentage for profit and depreciation. The war is now taking practically all of the copper produced, and it is essential that the output should not be curtailed by the retention of a price too low for many of the companies. It is probable that the principal producers can continue to sell their copper at 23½ cents and make a fair profit on it, but even in their case it is expected that some readjustment may be made to cover higher costs at the smelters.

Wall Street has learned to fear Congress at work on new revenue measures, and trading has followed an uncertain trend since it became known that there was a fair likelihood of new taxation measures being introduced at this session. The outstanding lesson of the discussions and conferences in committee which preceded enactment of the present income and excess profits tax laws was that in future the work of drafting new legislation should await the recommendations of experts given every opportunity to determine a scientific basis for new levies.

Wilson & Co., Allis-Chalmers, American Linseed, Sumatra, American Telephone, Colorado Fuel and Iron, Lackawanna Steel, and Virginia-Carolina Chemical were all strong in yesterday's market, but most other issues lost ground. The copper shares were fractionally weaker, except Utah, which lost a full 2 points, and the rails showed further losses, as people had more time to think over the effect of the changes which the Director General is making. The new Government bonds were fairly active at the levels established earlier in the week. Call money loaned for the most part at 5 per cent., with some offerings at 4 per cent., while time money was practically unobtainable, though quoted nominally at the old rate.

## LONDON MARKET CHEERFUL.

### Far Eastern Stocks Supported on Chino-Japanese Agreement.

LONDON, May 23.—Money was in fair demand today, but discounts were quiet. Trading on the Stock Exchange was cheerful.

War loans were firm while the Far Eastern stocks were supported on news of the Chino-Japanese understanding. Central American bonds were firmer on the bondholders' offer to purchase bonds.

Shipping securities were higher and were bought by investors.

### Trading Calm on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, May 23.—Trading on the Bourse was calm today. Three per cent. Rentes were quoted at 59 francs 75 centimes for cash. Exchange on London, 27 francs 15½ centimes: Five per cent loan, 87 francs 80 centimes.

## MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

### Although Call Loans Are Renewed at 5%, New Borrowings Effected at 4%.

The opening rate for call money was 5 per cent., at which figure loans were renewed, but later in the day the rate moved down to 4 per cent., which was also the closing quotation. There was a good demand for time money, but only a small quantity was available, the rate for all maturities now being 6 per cent.

**Call Loans.**

| MIXED COLLATERAL | | ALL INDUSTRIALS. | |
|---|---|---|---|
| High | 5 | High | 5½ |
| Low | 4 | Low | 5½ |
| Renewals | 5 | Renewals | 5½ |
| Last | 5 | Last | 4½ |

**Time Loans.**

| MIXED COLLATERAL | | ALL INDUSTRIALS. | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Sixty days | 5%@6 | Sixty days | 6 |
| Ninety days | 6 | Ninety days | 6 |
| Four months | 6 | Four months | 6 |
| Five months | 6 | Five months | 6 |
| Six months | 6 | Six months | 6 |

**Bank Acceptances.**

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days ..... 4¼@4⅜
Non-member and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days ..... 4¼@4⅜
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days ..... 5¼@5⅝

**Commercial Paper.**

Best-Known Names.

30 to 60 days ..... 5⅝
4 to 6 months ..... 6
4 to 6 months, Other Names ..... 6

**FOREIGN EXCHANGE.**

**Range of Rates.**

| Sterling— | High. | Low. | Last. | Ch'ge. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Demand | 4.75¾ | 4.75½ | 4.75½ | .. |
| Cables | 4.76¼ | 4.76 | 4.76¼ | .. |
| Francs— | | | | |
| Demand | 5.71¾ | 5.71¼ | 5.71¾ | .. |
| Cables | 5.69⅞ | 5.69⅝ | 5.69⅞ | .. |

**Closing Rates.**

| Normal Rates of Exch. | Yesterday's Close—Demand | Cables. |
|---|---|---|
| 4.8665 London | 4.75¾ | 4.76¼ |
| 5.1826 Paris | 5.71¼ | 5.69⅞ |
| China— | | |
| Hongkong | 78.00 | 78.25 |
| Peking | 116.50 | 116.75 |
| Shanghai | 109.50 | 109.75 |
| 19.30 Greece | 19.45 | 19.50 |
| 40.20 Holland | 48.50 | 48.75 |
| 32.44 India— | | |
| Bombay | 37.75 | 38.75 |
| Calcutta | 37.75 | 38.25 |
| 5.1826 Italy— | 9.07 | 9.05¼ |
| Japan— | | |
| Kobe | 52.25 | 52.35 |
| Yokohama | 52.25 | 52.35 |
| 50.00 Philippine Islands— | | |
| Manila | 49.875 | 50.00 |
| 26.80 Scandinavia— | | |
| Stockholm | 34.125 | 34.625 |
| Copenhagen | 31.00 | 31.50 |
| Christiania | 31.125 | 31.625 |
| 19.30 Spain | 27.95 | 28.10 |
| South America— | | |
| 38.42 Rio | 25.28 | 25.88 |
| 42.64 Buenos Aires | 45.60 | 45.75 |
| 5.1826 Switzerland | 4.08 | 4.03 |
| 51.43 Russia— | Bid. | Asked. |
| 100 rubles | 14.85 | 14.70 |
| 500 rubles | 14.25 | 14.50 |

**TIME BILLS ON LONDON.**

| Bankers. | | Commercial. | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 60 Days. | 90 Days. | 60 Days. | 90 Days. |
| $4.72⅜ | $4.71 | $4.72 | $4.70⅛ |

**Clearing House Exchanges.**

Clearing House exchanges, $564,238,872; balance, $47,520,509; United States Treasury debit balance, $2,069,398; Federal Reserve credit balance, $29,570,933.

**Domestic Exchanges.**

Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 5c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, $11.875 premium.

**Silver.**

Bar silver in London, 48¼d, unchanged; in New York, 90½c, unchanged; Mexican dollars, 77@80c.

# NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

THURSDAY, MAY 23, 1918.

| | 1918. | 1917. | 1916. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Day's sales | 898,880 | 1,120,190 | 697,554 |
| Year to date | 57,146,041 | 76,441,208 | 71,013,938 |

| Closing Bid. | Ask. | Sales. | | First. | High. | Low. | Last. | Net Chge. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1⅛ | 1⅜ | 200 | Alaska Juneau | 1⅛ | 1⅜ | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | −⅛ |
| 33⅞ | 35¼ | 8,500 | Allis-Chalmers Mfg | 34 | 35¼ | 33½ | 35¼ | +1⅝ |
| 84 | 86 | 100 | Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf | 86 | 86 | 86 | 86 | .. |
| 85¼ | 88 | 100 | Am. Agricul. Chem | 85¼ | 85¼ | 85¼ | 85¼ | −1⅜ |
| 73 | 78½ | 200 | Am. Beet Sugar | 78 | 78 | 73 | 78 | .. |
| 40¾ | 47⅛ | 10,800 | Am. Can | 47 | 47 | 43¾ | 47 | +⅛ |
| 78¼ | 78½ | 2,900 | Am. Car & Fdry | 78½ | 78½ | 77⅞ | 78¼ | −⅛ |
| 41⅜ | 42¼ | 7,700 | Am. Cotton Oil | 41⅛ | 43¼ | 41 | 41⅝ | +⅜ |
| 13¼ | 13½ | 900 | Am. H. & Leather | 13 | 13⅝ | 13 | 13½ | +⅜ |
| 69⅜ | 69 | 200 | Am. H. & L. pf | 65½ | 69⅝ | 65 | 68½ | +⅞ |
| 31 | 32¼ | 100 | Am. Ice | 31 | 31 | 31 | 31 | −½ |
| 54½ | 55 | 1,400 | Am. International | 55 | 55 | 54⅜ | 55 | −½ |
| 40¾ | 40¾ | 6,000 | Am. Linseed | 39½ | 40¾ | 39 | 40¾ | −⅛ |
| 78⅞ | 80¼ | 4,800 | Am. Linseed pf | 78½ | 80¾ | 78⅝ | 80 | +1⅛ |
| 66½ | 67⅞ | 2,000 | Am. Locomotive | 66¾ | 68⅜ | 66¾ | 68⅛ | +1⅝ |
| 98 | 99 | 200 | Am. Locomotive pf | 98 | 98 | 98 | 98 | −¼ |
| 98 | 99 | 10 | Do., odd lot | 98 | 98 | 98 | 98 | .. |
| 8¼ | 8½ | 600 | Am. Malting | 8¼ | 8¼ | 8¼ | 8¼ | −1 |
| 45½ | 48 | 100 | Am. Malting 1st pf | 47 | 47 | 47 | 47 | −1 |
| 50⅞ | 51¾ | 8,800 | Am. Smelt. & Ref | 48 | 48 | 48 | 48 | −1 |
| 105¼ | 106 | 100 | Am. Smelt. & R. pf | 81⅝ | 81¼ | 80¾ | 81 | .. |
| 66¾ | 67 | 600 | Am. Steel F'dries | 105¾ | 105¾ | 105½ | 105¾ | +⅞ |
| 112⅜ | 113 | 700 | Am. Sugar Ref | 66¾ | 67 | 66½ | 66⅞ | +⅞ |
| 110 | 112½ | 100 | Am. Sugar Ref. pf | 112⅞ | 112⅞ | 112⅜ | 112⅜ | −¾ |
| 133 | 133½ | 15,200 | Am. Sumatra Tob | 110 | 110 | 110 | 110 | −1½ |
| 99½ | 99⅝ | 2,800 | Am. Tel. & Tel | 130 | 134 | 129½ | 133 | +3¾ |
| 57¼ | 57½ | 1,500 | Am. Woolen | 97 | 99½ | 97 | 99½ | +2½ |
| 16 | 16¾ | 400 | Am. Zinc, L. & S | 57½ | 57⅝ | 56⅞ | 57⅝ | +⅝ |
| 69¾ | 69⅞ | 24,100 | Anaconda Copper | 16¼ | 16⅞ | 16 | 16 | −⅜ |
| 84½ | 85½ | 900 | Atch., Top. & S. F | 67 | 67¼ | 65⅝ | 66¾ | −1⅛ |
| 103½ | 110¼ | 2,000 | At. Gulf & West I | 85 | 85 | 84⅝ | 85 | −⅞ |
| 93¼ | 93½ | 88,600 | Baldwin Loco | 110 | 110 | 108¼ | 109½ | −⅝ |
| 53⅜ | 54 | 2,400 | Baltimore & Ohio | 94 | 94 | 93¾ | 94 | −⅞ |
| 56 | 57⅝ | 100 | Baltimore & O. pf | 54½ | 54⅝ | 53⅝ | 54 | −⅞ |
| 1 | 1⅛ | 100 | Batopilas Mining | 57 | 57 | 57 | 57 | .. |
| 86⅛ | 86⅞ | 33,100 | Butte & Superior | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | .. |
| 106 | 106¼ | 100 | Beth. Steel, class B | 86⅝ | 86⅝ | 84⅜ | 86½ | −⅛ |
| 23 | 23½ | 100 | Beth. Steel 8 p.c. pf | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | −⅛ |
| 42½ | 48½ | 300 | Booth Fisheries | 23½ | 23½ | 23½ | 23½ | .. |
| 7⅞ | 8¼ | 100 | Brklyn Rapid Tran | 43 | 43 | 43 | 43 | −⅜ |
| 129 | 130 | 200 | Bruns. Ter. & Ry.S | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | −¼ |
| 10 | 10¼ | 400 | Burns Brothers | 130 | 130 | 130 | 130 | .. |
| 23½ | 24 | 1,300 | Butte Cop. & Zinc | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | −¼ |
| 41⅞ | 42¼ | 500 | Butte & Superior | 24¼ | 24¼ | 23¼ | 24 | −⅞ |
| 17⅜ | 18 | 100 | California Packing | 41 | 42 | 41 | 42 | +1 |
| 53 | 54 | 100 | California Petrol | 18 | 18 | 18 | 18 | .. |
| 145 | 146 | 1,900 | California Pet. pf | 53 | 53 | 52¾ | 53 | −¼ |
| 37½ | 39½ | 100 | Canadian Pacific | 144½ | 145 | 144 | 145 | .. |
| 46¾ | 50 | 200 | Central Foundry | 38¾ | 38¾ | 38¾ | 38¾ | −⅞ |
| 28½ | 30 | 1,300 | Central Foundry pf | 47 | 47 | 47 | 47 | −1 |
| 32½ | 33 | 400 | Central Leather | 68¼ | 69⅜ | 68¼ | 68½ | −⅛ |
| 57½ | 58¼ | 600 | Cerro de Pasco Cop | 33 | 33 | 32½ | 32½ | −1⅛ |
| 7½ | 10 | 800 | Chesapeake & Ohio | 57¼ | 57½ | 57¼ | 57⅜ | −¼ |
| 7¼ | 7⅝ | 700 | Chicago & Alton | 7½ | 7½ | 7½ | 7½ | .. |
| 22 | 23 | 400 | Chi. Great Western | 7¼ | 7¼ | 7¼ | 7¼ | .. |
| 42 | 43 | 4,300 | Chi. Great West. pf | 22½ | 23¼ | 22 | 22 | −¾ |
| 74¼ | 74¾ | 2,630 | Chi., Mil. & St. P | 43½ | 43½ | 41⅜ | 43¾ | −¼ |
| 21⅞ | 22 | 3,100 | Chi., M. & St. P. pf | 75 | 75 | 73½ | 74¼ | −¾ |
| 69 | 69½ | 400 | Chi., Rock Isl. & P | 22 | 22 | 21⅝ | 21⅝ | −⅜ |
| 59 | 60 | 900 | C., R. I. & P. 7 p.c. pf | 68½ | 68½ | 68⅝ | 68⅝ | −⅛ |
| 16⅜ | 16½ | 200 | C., R. I. & P. 6 p.c. pf | 58⅞ | 58⅞ | 58⅝ | 58⅝ | −⅛ |
| 43¾ | 43⅞ | 1,400 | Chile Copper | 16⅞ | 16⅞ | 16⅝ | 16⅝ | −⅛ |
| 51¼ | 51½ | 16,200 | China Copper | 44 | 44 | 43 | 43⅞ | −1⅛ |
| 22½ | 22⅝ | 200 | Col. Fuel & Iron | 48 | 51¼ | 47 | 51¼ | +3½ |
| 33¼ | 33¾ | 600 | Colorado & South | 22 | 22 | 22 | 22 | .. |
| 8⅞ | 9 | 300 | Columbia Gas & El | 33 | 33½ | 33 | 33½ | .. |
| 70¾ | 71⅝ | 300 | Con. Int. Cal. Min | 8¾ | 9 | 8¾ | 9 | +⅛ |
| 48 | 55 | 300 | Continental Can | 71 | 71 | 71 | 71 | −⅝ |
| 42 | 42¼ | 15,800 | Continental Insur | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | +2 |
| 99 | 100 | 300 | Corn Products Ref | 41¼ | 42⅜ | 41¼ | 42 | +⅞ |
| 67⅜ | 68 | 9,900 | Corn Prod. Ref. pf | 99¾ | 99⅞ | 99¼ | 99¼ | .. |
| 31⅜ | 31⅝ | 1,100 | Crucible Steel | 67¾ | 68⅜ | 66½ | 68⅛ | +⅝ |
| 80¾ | 81 | 100 | Cuba Cane Sugar | 31½ | 32 | 31⅝ | 31⅝ | −⅜ |
| 162 | Last | 900 | Cuba Cane Sugar pf | 80¾ | 80¾ | 80¾ | 80¾ | −⅛ |
| 61¼ | 61¾ | 16,100 | Del., Lack. & West | 165 | 165 | 165 | 165 | .. |
| 23½ | 24⅜ | 200 | Distillers' Secur | 61¼ | 62 | 60½ | 61½ | .. |
| 15½ | 15⅝ | 1,500 | Elk Horn Coal | 26 | 26 | 26 | 26 | +⅛ |
| 31½ | 32 | 2,000 | Erie | 16 | 16 | 15½ | 15½ | −1 |
| 100 | 12 | 100 | Erie 1st pf | 32¼ | 32¼ | 31⅞ | 31⅞ | −1⅛ |
| 148 | 149½ | 200 | Federal Min. & S | 10¾ | 10¾ | 10¾ | 10¾ | −⅛ |
| 123½ | 124 | 2,200 | Gaston, W. & W | 34½ | 34½ | 34½ | 35 | .. |
| 80¾ | 81¾ | 300 | General Electric | 149 | 149 | 149 | 149 | +1½ |
| 76 | 78½ | 100 | General Motors pf | 122¾ | 123⅞ | 122¾ | 123⅝ | .. |
| 89¼ | 89¾ | 1,100 | Granby Consol | 81 | 81 | 81 | 81 | .. |
| 32 | 32½ | 1,600 | Great Northern pf | 77 | 77 | 77 | 77 | −1 |
| 41 | 42⅞ | 200 | G. N. ctfs. for O. P | 89 | 89 | 88 | 88½ | −¾ |
| 42 | 42½ | 2,100 | Greene-Cananea | 31¾ | 32 | 30¾ | 31½ | +1 |
| 55⅜ | 56 | 6,800 | Haskell & Barker | 42¾ | 43 | 42¾ | 43 | −⅝ |
| 8 | 8½ | 300 | Inspiration Copper | 42¼ | 42¼ | 41½ | 42½ | +1 |
| 41⅜ | 42½ | 300 | Interboro Consol | 53½ | 54 | 52½ | 53⅝ | −½ |
| 16 | 16¼ | 300 | Interboro Con. pf | 8¾ | 8¾ | 8 | 8 | −½ |
| 54½ | 55 | 600 | Int. Agricultural | 42 | 42 | 41½ | 41½ | −1¼ |
| 127 | 128 | 500 | Int. Agricultural pf | 16¼ | 16¼ | 16 | 16 | −⅜ |
| 28¾ | 28¾ | 8,500 | Int. Harvester, N.J | 72⅝ | 74⅜ | 72⅝ | 73⅞ | +⅝ |
| 101 | 101⅛ | 34,000 | Int. Mer. Marine | 127 | 127½ | 127 | 127 | −1 |
| 28⅜ | 28¾ | 700 | Int. Mer. Marine pf | 27¾ | 28 | 27¾ | 28 | −½ |
| 40 | 40¾ | 1,400 | Int. Nickel | 102¾ | 103⅜ | 102¾ | 103 | +⅛ |
| 17⅛ | 18¼ | 900 | Int. Paper | 28¾ | 28¾ | 28¼ | 28¾ | −⅛ |
| 40 | 40¾ | 1,900 | Kansas City South | 40¼ | 40¾ | 39¾ | 40¾ | −⅛ |
| 17⅜ | 17¾ | 100 | Kennecott Copper | 17¾ | 17¾ | 17¾ | 17¾ | −⅜ |
| 32⅝ | 33¼ | 5,800 | Kresge (S. S.) Co | 33¾ | 33¾ | 32⅝ | 33¼ | −⅝ |
| 85 | 86⅞ | 5,800 | Lackawannaa Steel | 85 | 86 | 85 | 85 | −1 |
| 89 | 89¼ | 100 | Lake Erie & W. pf | 89 | 89 | 89 | 89 | +1½ |
| 20 | 20 | 100 | Lehigh Valley | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | −⅛ |
| 59½ | 59½ | 200 | Ligget & Myers pf | 59½ | 59½ | 59½ | 59½ | −¼ |
| 102 | 102 | 100 | Louis. & Nash | 102 | 102 | 102 | 102 | −⅜ |
| 116½ | 116½ | 100 | Max. Motors 1st. pf | 116½ | 116½ | 116½ | 116½ | .. |
| 54⅞ | 54⅞ | 8,900 | Mexican Petroleum | 54⅞ | 54⅞ | 54⅞ | 54⅞ | −⅜ |
| 97 | 97 | 500 | Miami Copper | 97 | 97 | 95½ | 96½ | −⅝ |
| 29 | 29½ | 10,700 | Midvale Steel | 29 | 29½ | 29 | 29 | −⅛ |
| 53⅜ | 53⅝ | 300 | Mo., Kan. & Texas | 53⅝ | 53⅝ | 52⅝ | 53½ | −⅛ |
| 5¼ | 5¾ | 3,500 | Missouri Pacific | 5 | 5¼ | 5 | 5 | −⅛ |
| 22 | 23 | 100 | Missouri Pacific pf | 22 | 23 | 22 | 23 | −¼ |
| 53½ | 53½ | 100 | Montana Power | 53½ | 53½ | 53½ | 53½ | −¼ |
| 67 | 67 | 100 | Nat. Cond. & Cable | 67 | 67 | 67 | 67 | −½ |
| 16 | 16 | 1,000 | Nat. Enam. & St | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | −½ |
| 51⅜ | 51⅝ | 2,000 | Nat. Lead | 51⅜ | 51⅝ | 51⅜ | 51⅝ | −⅝ |
| 58 | 58 | 2,000 | Nevada Con. Cop | 58 | 58 | 58 | 58 | −¼ |
| 21 | 21 | 1,300 | N. Y. Air Brake | 21 | 21 | 20¾ | 20¾ | −⅞ |
| 136 | 137 | 1,200 | N. Y. Central | 134 | 137 | 134 | 135 | −1 |
| 72¼ | 72¾ | 100 | N. Y. Dock | 24¾ | 24¾ | 24¾ | 24¾ | −⅛ |
| 24¾ | 24¾ | 18,600 | N. Y., N. H. & H | 41¾ | 41¾ | 40¾ | 41¾ | −⅝ |
| 41¾ | 41¾ | 400 | N. Y., Ont. & West | 20½ | 20½ | 20½ | 20½ | −⅛ |
| 20½ | 20½ | 800 | Norfolk & Western | 106¾ | 106¾ | 104 | 104 | −1½ |
| 106¾ | 106¾ | 200 | North American | 41¾ | 41¾ | 41¾ | 41¾ | −1¼ |
| 41¾ | 41¾ | 700 | Northern Pacific | 85⅝ | 85⅞ | 85¼ | 85¼ | −⅛ |
| 85⅝ | 85⅞ | 2,400 | Ohio Cities Gas | 39½ | 39½ | 38½ | 39 | +⅛ |
| 39½ | 39½ | 600 | Ontario Mining | 10¾ | 10¾ | 10¾ | 10⅝ | +⅛ |
| 10¾ | 10¾ | 100 | Owens Bottle M. pf | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | −1 |
| 107 | 107 | 3,800 | Penn. R. R | 43¾ | 43¾ | 43¾ | 43¾ | −¼ |
| 43¾ | 43¾ | 100 | People's Gas, Chi | 46¾ | 46¾ | 46¾ | 46¾ | −1⅛ |
| 46¾ | 46¾ | 900 | Pere Marquette | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | −½ |
| 12 | 12 | 100 | Philadelphia Co | 27¾ | 28½ | 27¾ | 28½ | +½ |
| 27¾ | 28½ | 100 | Pierce-Arrow | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 | +½ |
| 40 | 40 | 1,500 | Pittsburgh Coal | 52 | 52½ | 52 | 52½ | −⅛ |
| 52 | 52½ | 800 | Pressed Steel Car | 60½ | 60½ | 60 | 60½ | −1⅜ |
| 60½ | 60½ | 40 | Pressed Steel C. pf | 94½ | 94½ | 94½ | 94½ | .. |
| 94½ | 94½ | 400 | Public Service N. J | 103½ | 103½ | 103 | 103 | −⅛ |
| 103½ | 103½ | 500 | Railway Steel Sp | 53 | 53 | 53 | 53 | −1¼ |
| 53 | 53 | 1,500 | Ray Con. Copper | 26 | 26 | 25⅝ | 25⅝ | −⅜ |
| 26 | 26 | 38,500 | Reading | 87⅝ | 87⅝ | 86⅝ | 87⅛ | −⅛ |
| 87⅝ | 88¼ | 6,700 | Rep. Iron & Steel | 87½ | 88¼ | 86¾ | 87¾ | −¼ |
| 90 | 90 | 900 | Royal Dutch N. Y | 89½ | 89½ | 88½ | 88½ | +⅜ |
| 12 | 12½ | 1,000 | St. Louis-San Fran | 12¼ | 12¼ | 12¼ | 12¼ | −1 |
| 27 | 27 | 500 | St. L.-San Fran. pf | 27 | 27 | 26 | 27 | −⅛ |
| 80 | 80 | 100 | Savage Arms | 79 | 79 | 79 | 79 | −½ |
| 7⅞ | 8 | 100 | Saxon Motor | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | .. |
| 141 | 141 | 100 | Sears, Roeb. & Co | 140 | 140 | 140 | 140 | −¼ |
| 28¼ | 28¾ | 800 | Sinclair Oil Refin | 28¼ | 28⅞ | 28¼ | 28¾ | −⅛ |
| 69 | 69½ | 700 | Sloss-S. Steel & I | 67½ | 69 | 67½ | 68½ | +⅝ |
| 83½ | 84 | 4,100 | Southern Pacific | 83¾ | 84 | 83 | 84 | +⅝ |
| 150 | 180 | 100 | So. Porto Rico Sug | 160 | 160 | 160 | 160 | .. |
| 29¼ | 29¾ | 600 | Southern Railway | 23¼ | 23¾ | 23¼ | 23¾ | −⅛ |
| 60 | 62 | 100 | Southern Ry. pf | 61 | 61 | 61 | 61 | −1 |
| 42¼ | 42¾ | 8,000 | Studebaker Co | 42¼ | 42¾ | 42⅜ | 42⅝ | +⅛ |
| 17¾ | 18 | 900 | Tenn. C. & C | 18¼ | 18¼ | 18 | 18 | .. |
| 151½ | 152 | 8,200 | Texas Co | 151 | 151⅝ | 149½ | 151⅜ | −⅜ |
| 59¼ | 59¾ | 5,700 | Tobacco Products | 59¾ | 60¼ | 59¾ | 59⅝ | −⅛ |
| 9 | 12 | 200 | T.,St.L.& W. pf. ctfs | 10¼ | 10¼ | 10¼ | 10¼ | +⅛ |
| 39 | 39¾ | 100 | Transue & Wms | 39¾ | 39¾ | 39¾ | 39¾ | −2¼ |
| 121½ | 121¾ | 11,200 | Union Pacific | 122¼ | 122¾ | 120¾ | 121 | −2 |
| 90¼ | 90¾ | 700 | United Cigar Stores | 91½ | 91½ | 90¼ | 90¼ | −1½ |
| 17½ | 18 | 200 | United Rys. Inv. pf | 17½ | 17½ | 17½ | 17½ | −1½ |
| 132½ | 133 | 5,700 | U. S. Indus. Alco | 143¾ | 143¾ | 143¾ | 143¾ | −1½ |
| 97 | 97 | 100 | U. S. Ind. Alco. pf | 132 | 133 | 131¾ | 132¼ | −1¾ |
| 57 | 57½ | 200 | U. S. Rubber | 97 | 97 | 97 | 97 | .. |
| 56½ | 57 | 500 | U. S. Sm., R. & M | 56½ | 57 | 56½ | 57 | .. |
| 41½ | 42¼ | 330,200 | U. S. Steel | 41½ | 42¼ | 41½ | 41⅞ | −⅛ |
| 107⅜ | 108½ | 200 | U. S. Steel pf | 107⅜ | 109½ | 106⅝ | 107⅝ | −1⅝ |
| 110¼ | 111 | 3,000 | Utah Copper | 110¼ | 110¾ | 110¼ | 110⅝ | +⅞ |
| 47⅜ | 48 | 700 | Va.-Car. Chemical | 82½ | 82½ | 81 | 81½ | −1½ |
| 106¾ | 108½ | 100 | Va.-Car. Chem. pf | 47⅜ | 48 | 47⅜ | 48 | +1⅜ |
| 88 | 89 | 100 | Wabash | 107¾ | 107¾ | 107¾ | 107⅞ | −⅛ |
| 41 | 42 | 100 | Wabash pf. A | 88 | 88 | 88 | 88 | −1 |
| 23¼ | 24 | 200 | Wabash pf. B | 41 | 41 | 41 | 41 | −⅝ |
| 54½ | 56 | 400 | Western Pacific pf | 23¼ | 23¼ | 23¼ | 23¼ | −1 |
| 90 | 92 | 200 | Western Union Tel | 55 | 55 | 55 | 55 | −½ |
| 63½ | 64 | 3,700 | Westingh. E. & M | 91 | 91 | 91 | 91 | +½ |
| 64½ | 64¾ | 6,900 | Wilson & Co | 42¾ | 44 | 42⅝ | 43½ | +⅜ |
| 20⅞ | 20¾ | 5,900 | Willys-Overland | 61¼ | 63 | 61 | 63½ | +2⅝ |
| 114 | 115 | 100 | Woolw., (F.W.) Co | 19¾ | 20¾ | 19¾ | 20¼ | +⅝ |
| 40½ | 40¾ | 100 | Worthington Pump | 114¾ | 114¾ | 114¾ | 114¾ | −¾ |
| | | | | 49¼ | 49¼ | 46½ | 46¾ | −2¼ |

# SHORT TERM NOTES

**Government and Municipal Loans.**

| Security. | Rate. | Due. | Bid. | Ask. | Yield. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Am. For. Sec. | | Aug., 1919 | 96⅝ | 97 | 7.70 |
| Argen. Gov...6 | | May 15,'20 | 96¾ | 98 | 7.10 |
| City of Que...5 | | Apr., 1923 | 94 | 97 | 6.65 |
| Dom. of Can...5 | | Aug., 1919 | 96¼ | 96⅜ | 8.00 |
| Fr'chGov.con.5½ | | Apr., 1919 | 97¾ | 98 | 7.50 |
| Gov. of N. S...5 | | July, 1919 | 95 | 97 | 8.10 |
| Norweg. Gov...4 | | Feb., 1923 | 102 | 103 | 5.50 |
| Russian Gov..6½ | | June, 1919 | 39 | 41 | .. |
| Russian Gov..5½ | | Dec., 1921 | 38 | 40 | .. |
| Prov. of Que.5 | | Apr., 1920 | 94 | 97 | 6.60 |
| Swiss Gov....5 | | Mar., 1920 | 101 | 102 | 3.90 |

**Company Issues.**

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Am. Cot. Oil.5 | | Sep., 1918 | 99¼ | 99⅝ | 5.75 |
| Am. Cot. Oil..5 | | Sep., 1919 | 97½ | 97⅞ | 7.05 |
| Am. T. & T...6 | | Aug., 1921 | 90 | 95 | 7.50 |
| Am. Thread..4 | | Jan., 1919 | 99¼ | 99⅝ | 6.10 |
| Ark. Val. Ry., L. & P | | | 98¼ | 98⅝ | 6.10 |
| B. & O. R. R.5 | | July, 1918 | 95 | 97⅛ | 8.00 |
| B. & O. R. R.5 | | July, 1918 | 99⅜ | 100 | 5.00 |
| Beth. St. Corp.5 | | Feb. 15,'19 | 98¼ | 99 | 6.05 |
| B. R. & P...5 | | July, 1918 | 98¼ | 98⅜ | 12.50 |
| C., B. & Q...5 | | July, 1918 | 97½ | 97⅝ | 18.50 |
| C. & W. Ind...6 | | July, 1921 | 93⅝ | 94 | 6.15 |
| Can. North...6 | | Sep., 1918 | 99½ | 99⅝ | 7.25 |
| Can. Pac. Ry.6 | | Sep., 1918 | 99½ | 99⅝ | 6.75 |
| Cub.-Am.Sug.6 | | Mar. 2,'24 | 98½ | 99 | 6.25 |
| Cub.-Am.Sug.6 | | Jan., 1919 | 99½ | 100 | 6.00 |
| Cub.-Am.Sug.6 | | Jan., 1920 | 98¼ | 99¼ | 8.30 |
| Del. & Hud..5 | | Jan., 1921 | 98¼ | 99 | 6.50 |
| Erie R. R....5 | | Aug., 1920 | 97¼ | 97½ | 6.90 |
| Fed. Sug. Ref.6 | | Aug., 1919 | 99⅞ | 99⅞ | 8.00 |
| Gen. Elec. Co.6 | | Jan., 1920 | 95 | 96⅜ | 7.00 |
| Gen. Elec. Co.6 | | July, 1919 | 100¼ | 100⅜ | 5.30 |
| Gen. Rubber..5 | | July, 1920 | 100¼ | 100⅜ | 5.45 |
| G. A. & P...6 | | Dec., 1918 | 99¼ | 99¾ | 6.00 |
| G. T. of Can.5 | | June, 1921 | 93 | 99 | 6.00 |
| Gt. Nor. Ry..5 | | Aug., 1913 | 98½ | 100 | 5.00 |
| Hocking Val..6 | | Sep., 1920 | 97¾ | 97⅞ | 6.10 |
| Kan. C. Ry..5½ | | Nov., 1918 | 99¼ | 100 | 6.00 |
| K.C. Ter. Ry.4½ | | July, 1918 | 97¼ | 99 | 7.50 |
| K.C. Ter. Ry.4½ | | Nov.15,'18 | 98⅝ | 99¼ | 6.00 |
| Louis.G. & E.5 | | July 19,'21 | 93½ | 94½ | 6.25 |
| Mich. C. R.R.5 | | Sep., 1920 | 98⅜ | 97⅞ | 8.00 |
| Miss.V.G.& E.5 | | May, 1918 | 99¾ | 100 | 5.00 |
| Mont. T. & P.6 | | May, 1922 | 74 | 80 | 9.00 |
| | | Apr., 1919 | 91¼ | 94 | 13.00 |

| Security. | Rate. | Due. | Bid. | Ask. | Yield. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Morgan & W.5 | | Dec., 1918 | 99 | 100 | 5.00 |
| N. Y. C. R.R.5 | | Sep., 1918 | 98 | 98⅜ | 6.25 |
| Okla. G. & E.6 | | June, 1919 | 95 | 98 | 7.75 |
| Penn. Co...4½ | | June16,'21 | 85⅜ | 86¼ | 5.90 |
| P. S. C. N. J.5 | | Mar., 1919 | 98¼ | 98⅜ | 7.70 |
| Phil. El. Co..6 | | Feb., 1920 | 99¾ | 99⅞ | 6.25 |
| Proc. & Gam.7 | | Mar., 1919 | 100⅜ | 100⅝ | 6.50 |
| Proc. & Gam.7 | | Mar., 1920 | 100⅜ | 101 | 6.50 |
|

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and
Treasury Bills
*of European Countries*

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# LOAN TOTAL HERE WAS $1,114,930,700

## Twenty-three New York City Banks Filed Subscriptions in Excess of $10,000,000 Each.

## BIG INCREASE IN BUYERS

### Number of Subscriptions in This Federal District Under $10,000 Was 3,336,980.

The Federal Reserve Bank of New York gave out yesterday final figures for subscriptions to the Third Liberty Loan received in this district. The bank also made public a list of banks in Manhattan, Brooklyn, and the Bronx showing the totals of subscriptions turned in by them for their own account and for their customers.

Subscriptions in the New York district totaled $1,114,930,700, and were divided as follows:

| New York City— | Quota. | Subscriptions. |
|---|---|---|
| Manhattan | $618,794,000 | $702,577,750 |
| Brooklyn | 89,616,900 | 52,427,699 |
| Bronx | 3,317,100 | 5,112,350 |
| Queens | 4,364,400 | 10,137,350 |
| Richmond | 1,082,900 | 3,386,900 |
| Total for N. Y. C. | $667,125,300 | $773,641,850 |
| Remainder of N. Y. State | 151,939,500 | 211,645,050 |
| 12 Northern Counties of New Jersey | 71,925,000 | 114,888,200 |
| Fairfield County, Conn. | 9,010,200 | 14,755,600 |
| Total for district | $900,000,000 | $1,114,930,700 |

**Four Boroughs Increased.**

A comparison of the above figures with those for the Second Liberty Loan shows that while the Boroughs of Brooklyn, the Bronx, Queens, and Richmond recorded much larger totals for the Third Loan than for the Second, the other subdivisions of the district, notably Manhattan, furnished a smaller volume. The quota for the Second Loan, fixed by local bankers, was $1,500,000,000 instead of $900,000,000, the figure determined by the Treasury Department. Following is a summary of the record for the Second Loan:

| New York City. | Quota. | Subscriptions. |
|---|---|---|
| Manhattan | $1,012,813,300 | $1,095,189,000 |
| Brooklyn | 54,148,500 | 44,424,200 |
| Bronx | 2,511,000 | 1,015,500 |
| Queens | 5,487,000 | 4,136,150 |
| Richmond | 901,500 | 1,373,700 |
| Total | $1,075,861,500 | $1,146,139,150 |
| Balance of New York State | 271,036,500 | 266,968,050 |
| 12 Northern Counties of N. Jersey. | 139,702,500 | 121,571,150 |
| Fairfield County, Conn. | 13,890,500 | 15,773,150 |
| Total for district | $1,500,000,000 | $1,550,453,500 |

For the Third Liberty Loan twenty-three banks and trust companies in this city filed subscriptions for themselves and customers in amounts in excess of $10,000,000. In the previous campaign the list of institutions supplying applications in excess of $10,000,000 numbered twenty-five. Following is a record of the twenty-three banks, with comparisons for the Second Loan:

| | Third Liberty Loan. | Second Liberty Loan. |
|---|---|---|
| Guaranty Trust Co. | $35,328,600 | $111,000,000 |
| National City Bank | 50,071,000 | 102,000,000 |
| First National Bank | 45,062,000 | 85,840,000 |
| Bankers' Trust Co. | 36,931,000 | 67,214,300 |
| Nat'l Bank of Com. | 36,053,150 | 68,921,950 |
| CChase National Bank | 31,706,250 | 50,766,250 |
| Farmers' Loan & Trust | 27,648,000 | 26,036,750 |
| Corn Exchange Bank | 24,835,450 | 35,455,100 |
| Equitable Trust Co. | 21,397,000 | 30,110,450 |
| National Park Bank | 21,067,000 | 26,971,500 |
| Mechanics' & Metals | 19,926,000 | 33,784,150 |
| New York Trust Co. | 18,936,050 | 23,407,650 |
| American Ex. Nat. Bk. | 18,005,650 | 22,556,100 |
| Central Trust Co. | 16,421,000 | 40,027,500 |
| Columbia Trust Co. | 14,976,950 | 15,049,450 |
| Hanover Nat'l Bank | 13,951,500 | 29,529,100 |
| Bank of Manhattan Co. | 11,971,350 | 11,781,000 |
| Chatam & Phenix N. B. | 11,702,900 | 15,885,000 |
| Irving National Bank | 11,519,450 | 18,314,600 |
| Metropolitan Bank | 11,206,750 | 13,052,750 |
| U.S. Mortgage & Trust | 10,778,750 | 16,297,700 |
| Citizens' Nat'l Bank | 10,451,100 | 9,841,950 |
| Union Trust Co. | 10,264,500 | 20,106,000 |

**More Individual Buyers.**

The totals for subscriptions of the large banks was smaller for the Third Loan than for the second by reason of the fact that a much better and wider distribution of the loan was obtained in the case of the later loan, the number of subscriptions filed totaling 3,343,123, compared with 2,182,017. This large increase consisted principally of small subscriptions, which naturally were not filed through the big banks. The number of subscriptions for bonds from $50 to $10,000 was 3,336,980 for the Third Loan, compared with 2,173,884 in the case of the Second Loan.

Another reason why the totals of the larger banks was smaller in the case of the Third Loan was that the Secretary of the Treasury had announced that applications for bonds would be allotted in full, while in offering the bonds of the Second Liberty Loan he agreed to allot only 50 per cent. of the oevrsubscription.

Following is an alphabetical list of New York City banks and trust companies, not including the institutions named in the above tabulation:

**Manhattan.**

| | |
|---|---|
| American Savings Bank | $122,200 |
| Atlantic National Bank | 2,617,000 |
| Bank of America | 5,552,400 |
| Bank of Cuba | 2,702,500 |
| Bank of Europe | 667,800 |
| Bank of Montreal | 636,150 |
| Banco di Napoli | 181,650 |
| Bank of New York | 6,654,150 |
| Bank of United States | 1,250,000 |
| Bank of Washington Heights | 228,450 |
| Battery Park National Bank | 1,745,700 |
| M. Berardini State Bank | 11,900 |
| Bowery Bank | 377,800 |
| Bowery Savings Bank | 400,000 |
| Broadway Central Bank | 186,800 |
| Broadway Savings Institution | 10,000 |
| Bryant Park Bank | 613,750 |
| Canadian Bank of Commerce | 6,500 |
| Central Mercantile Bank | 150,800 |
| Chelsea Exchange Bank | 941,600 |
| Chemical National Bank | 7,896,900 |
| Citizens Savings Bank | 278,000 |
| Coal and Iron National Bank | 2,469,800 |
| Colonial Bank | 1,775,650 |
| Columbia Bank | 2,310,800 |
| Commercial Bank of Spanish Am. | 850 |
| Commercial Exchange Bank | 774,600 |
| Commercial Trust Co. | 841,000 |
| Commonwealth Bank | 1,077,000 |
| Commonwealth Savings Bank | 94,000 |
| Corporation Trust Co. | 60,000 |
| Credit Lyonnais | 1,300 |
| Dry Dock Savings Institution | 91,400 |
| East River National Bank | 625,950 |
| East River Savings Institution | 750,000 |
| Empire City Savings Bank | 286,200 |
| Empire Trust Company | 4,715,000 |
| Fidelity Trust Company | 2,395,000 |
| Fifth Avenue Bank | 2,221,350 |
| Fifth National Bank | 1,234,200 |
| Franklin Trust Company | 1,521,400 |
| Fulton Trust Company | 1,262,900 |
| Garfield National Bank | 2,472,000 |
| German-American Bank | 1,615,750 |
| German Savings Bank | 140,000 |
| Gotham National Bank | 1,674,800 |
| W. R. Grace & Co.'s Bank | 1,248,750 |
| Greenwich Bank | 2,561,450 |
| Guaranteed Mortgage Company | 12,200 |
| Harriman National Bank | 3,941,900 |
| Hong Kong & Shanghai Bank's Corp. | 8,050 |
| Hudson Trust Co. | 869,150 |
| Importers & Traders National Bank | 5,158,050 |
| International Bank | 1,751,750 |
| Irving Savings Institution | 67,800 |
| Irving Trust Co. | 8,795,100 |
| Italian Savings Bank | 300,000 |
| Lawyers Title and Trust Co. | 1,674,400 |
| Liberty National Bank | 8,109,000 |
| Lincoln National Bank | 4,450,350 |
| Lincoln Trust Co. | 3,566,400 |
| Malden Lane Savings Bank | 11,000 |
| Manhattan Savings Institution | 20,000 |
| Mercantile Bank of America | 47,150 |
| Mercantile Trust and Deposit Co. | 1,580,850 |
| Merchants Bank of Canada | 3,150 |
| Merchants National Bank | 4,849,050 |
| Metropolitan Savings Bank | 380,400 |
| Metropolitan Trust Co. | 8,054,500 |
| Mutual Bank | 1,957,950 |
| National Bank of South Africa, Ltd. | 100 |
| National Butchers and Drovers Bank | 489,000 |
| John Nemeth State Bank | 41,300 |
| New Netherland Bank | 868,600 |
| New York County National Bank | 1,451,000 |
| New York Life Insurance and Trust Company | 2,094,100 |
| New York Produce Exchange Bank | 4,406,350 |
| New York Savings Bank | 305,500 |
| Pacific Bank | 2,143,450 |
| Peoples Bank | 35,000 |
| Philippine National Bank | 4,638,900 |
| Public National Bank | 2,858,950 |
| Royal Bank of Canada | 3,000 |
| Salvatore Vitas | 1,500 |
| Scandinavian Trust Company | 1,575,250 |
| H. J. Schnitzer State Bank | 5,450 |
| Seaboard National Bank | 5,494,200 |
| Second National Bank | 8,393,600 |
| Sherman National Bank | 1,239,100 |
| State Bank | 300,250 |
| Title Guarantee and Trust Co. | 3,232,100 |
| Transatlantic Trust Company | 336,500 |
| Union Bank of Canada | 1,400 |
| Union Dime Savings Bank | 115,000 |
| Union Exchange National Bank | 2,754,800 |
| United States Savings Bank | 300,000 |
| United States Trust Company | 7,019,900 |
| Universal Savings Bank | 1,900 |
| West Side Bank | 488,650 |
| West Side Savings Bank | 180,550 |
| Yokohama Specie Bank | 400,000 |
| Yorkville Bank | 1,170,050 |
| Enrico Viggiinone | 1,400 |
| Federal Reserve Bank | 5,386,200 |

**Bronx.**

| | |
|---|---|
| Bronx Borough Bank | 261,800 |
| Bronx National Bank | 394,800 |
| Cosmopolitan Bank | 320,000 |
| Dollar Savings Bank | 290,000 |
| North Side Savings Bank | 309,900 |
| Twenty-third Ward Bank | 709,500 |
| Westchester Avenue Bank | 705,000 |
| State Bank | 677,100 |

**Brooklyn.**

| | |
|---|---|
| Bank of Coney Island | $210,250 |
| Bank of Flatbush | 288,000 |
| Brooklyn Savings Bank | 100,000 |
| Brooklyn Trust Company | 7,176,750 |
| Bushwick Savings Bank | 82,750 |
| City Savings Bank | 281,000 |
| East New York Savings Bank | 25,000 |
| First National Bank of Brooklyn | 1,725,150 |
| Franklin Trust Company | 2,818,300 |
| Greater New York Savings Bank | 10,000 |
| Greenpoint National Bank | 569,500 |
| Hamilton Trust Company | 3,430,150 |
| Homestead Bank | 183,000 |
| Kings County Trust Company | 4,226,350 |
| Lawyers Title and Trust Company | 539,850 |
| Manufacturers Trust Company | 4,143,000 |
| Mechanics Bank | 6,043,850 |
| Montauk Bank | 230,250 |
| Nassau National Bank | 3,482,000 |
| National City Bank of Brooklyn | 1,493,750 |
| North Side Bank | 3,282,900 |
| Peoples National Bank | 626,350 |
| Peoples Trust Company | 5,364,850 |
| Prudential Savings Bank | 610,800 |
| Ridgewood National Bank | 410,100 |
| South Brooklyn Savings Institution | 75,000 |
| State Bank | 1,383,550 |
| The Thrift | 113,200 |
| Title Guarantee and Trust Company | 1,766,350 |
| Williamsburg Savings Bank | 100 |

The following table gives the totals for subscriptions to the Third Liberty Loan for the Boroughs of Queens and Richmond:

**Queens.**

| | |
|---|---|
| Seaside | $255,550 |
| Bayside | 325,700 |
| College Point | 351,300 |
| Far Rockaway | 2,000,100 |
| Corona | 800,350 |
| Elmhurst | 319,700 |
| Flushing | 935,050 |
| Jamaica | 1,725,900 |
| Long Island City | 2,318,850 |
| Ozone Park | 119,000 |
| Richmond Hill | 486,750 |
| Whitestone | 349,000 |
| Woodhaven | 212,050 |
| Ridgewood | 227,400 |
| Rockaway Beach | 139,600 |

**Richmond.**

| | |
|---|---|
| Mariners Harbor | $180,450 |
| Fort Richmond | 1,218,200 |
| Stapleton | 585,750 |
| Tottenville | 168,500 |
| New Brighton | 933,900 |

The Reserve Bank also issued a statement yesterday showing the number of subscriptions filed in each subdivision of this district. The figures credited the State of New York with 2,756,349, the twelve northern counties of New Jersey with 494,041, and Fairfield County, Conn., with 92,733.

# SEES FEDERALIZING OF ALL BANK RESOURCES

## *Philadelphia Trust Company Head Warns Against Narrow Wartime Policy.*

*Special to The New York Times.*

ATLANTIC, N. J., May 23.—Federalization of the banking resources of the nation along lines similar to the seizure of the railroads, to make them give the largest possible service to the country, was predicted by John H. Mason, President of the Commercial Trust Company of Philadelphia, in an address before the Trust Company Section of the Pennsylvania State Bankers' Association here today.

He prophesied that it would come about soon and that it should be anticipated. "If I am not greatly mistaken, there is a very pronounced trend toward the Federalization of our banking system," Mr. Mason said. "We can best meet it by looking it straight in the face and helping to guide it into the channels in which it should move. We must face these problems openly and squarely and with no view but the interest of the nation. The time for viewing these problems of finance in a selfish way has gone.

"I can figure that if the Liberty Loan had failed we, as bankers, would soon find ourselves occupying virtually the same position as the railroad men. The Federal Government practically would conscript us because we had not cooperated. We know that the railroad men strove to keep their separate interests paramount to the interests of the Governmeht, and if the bankers should evince any tendency to move in that direction we may know exactly what to expect."

Former Lieutenant Governor John M. Reynolds of Beaver created a sensation with his declaration that the Pennsylvania Legislature for years had been openly violating the spirit of the State Constitution by granting special banking acts and privileges.

Patriotism was the keynote of the meeting. Every delegate wears a knot of red, white, and blue ribbon, and the convention souvenir is a book, "Our Boys With the Colors." It is printed in the national colors and contains the names of 1,753 banking men from Pennsylvania who have answered the nation's call.

Local bankers were uncertain as to the form of Federal control of the banks which Mr. Mason had in mind as a possibility in his address. To all intents and purposes the majority of the country's national banks and many of the State banks and trust companies are already closely affiliated with the Government through membership in the Federal Reserve system. It could not be learned here that any sort of action similar to the Government's management of the railroads was considered at Washington, or that such a step was looked upon as a remote possibility.

# NOTE ISSUE SELLS FAST.

## $2,000,000 Timken-Detroit Axle 7s Taken in Less Than Hour.

The National City Company sold yesterday in less than an hour a $2,000,000 issue of one, two, and three year 7 per cent. notes of the Timken-Detroit Axle Company at prices yielding investors from 7 to 7¼ per cent. The managers of the various offices of the company were advised of the terms of the issue in advance, but were not permitted to make an offering until 9 A. M. yesterday morning. Before 10 o'clock orders were telegraphed in from all parts of the country, the sum total being in excess of the issue.

The Timken-Detroit Axle Company is the largest manufacturer in the world of axles for motor vehicles, and 117 makers of automobiles in this country use its axles. The notes issued are the direct obligations of the company and will constitute its only obligations outstanding in the hands of the public. The proceeds of the issue will be used to fund notes payable and to provide additional working capital to take care of increased production. A considerable part of the work on hand is for the Government.

The company was organized in June, 1909. It has outstanding $1,850,000 of 7 per cent. cumulative preferred stock and $2,900,000 of common stock.

The company's balance sheet as of March 31 shows over $6,800,000 of fixed assets and $11,257,000 of current assets, against which the company had outstanding no obligations other than current liabilities of only $4,452,000. Fixed and net current assets together amounted to more than $18,000,000, or 6½ times the note issue. Net income for the three years ended Dec. 31, 1917, average $2,697,730 per annum, or more than nineteen times the entire annual interest on the notes.

# WOMEN ENROLL TOMORROW.

**Women who wish to vote in the primaries next September must enroll tomorrow. Enrollment places will be open from 8 A. M. to 10 P. M. A list of all these places was printed in The Times last Sunday.**

# WESTINGHOUSE CO. EARNS $16,834,732

## New High Records for Bookings and Deliveries, but Greater Costs Cut Profit.

## GROSS SALES $95,735,406

### Report Tells of Loss of $5,000,000 by Cancellation of Order for Rifles by Russia.

The Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company established a new high record for bookings and deliveries in the fiscal year ended March 31 last, but higher costs and the application of the Federal war taxes reduced the profit below the return in the preceding year. The annual statement issued yesterday showed that $147,857,580 worth of orders were on the books at the end of the year, an increase of more than $37,600,000 over the total reported twelve months before. A substantial part was contracts for turbine engines to be placed in the ships of the new merchant marine.

The gross sales amounted to $95,735,406, an increase of $6,195,964. These included the proceeds of output from the Westinghouse Machine Company from June 15 onward, and also $4,536,000 worth of munitions. The net earnings for the year were $16,834,732, against $18,848,287 in 1917. The Machine Company was absorbed by the major Westinghouse organization. The report lumped together operating expenses, depreciation, extension, taxes, &c., in a single item of $80,225,936 costs, an increase of more than $8,000,000. The final balance available for common stock dividends was equal to 21.3 per cent. on the outstanding issue, against 25.13 per cent. the year before. The principal items of the income account are presented here:

| | 1918. | 1917. |
|---|---|---|
| Bookings, April 1 | $147,857,580 | $110,185,007 |
| Gross sales | 95,735,406 | 89,539,442 |
| Costs, taxes, &c. | 80,225,936 | 72,077,752 |
| Operating profit | 15,509,469 | 17,461,690 |
| Outside income | 1,325,263 | 1,386,547 |
| Balance for dividend | 15,405,680 | 18,079,889 |
| Per cent. for com. stk. | 21.3 | 25.13 |

"The property and plant accounts," the report said in discussing the assets, "includes expenditures during the year in connection with the new plant known as the Essington Works, located near Philadelphia, to which reference was made in the report for last year. The plant, which is now completed and nearly equipped, is operating with a force of about 3,000 men, which it is expected will be increased to approximately 5,000 during the year. Contracts with the United States Government for equipment for cargo ships will occupy the capacity of the plant for approximately two years."

The company recorded the cancellation of the Russian rifle order a few months back. "The cancellation resulted in the company sustaining the full loss of $5,000,000, against which a reserve in that amount was set aside last year," the report stated. Almost simultaneously with the receipt of the notice of cancellation, inquiries were received from the United States Government as to the manufacture by the New England Westinghouse Company of heavy Browning machine guns. Orders were taken and deliveries began in April, the statement said, and were now in advance of the schedule fixed by the contract.

The merger with the machine company and the construction of the Essington plant aided in expanding the property account by $18,466,760 during the year to a total of $41,167,874. The need of large inventories caused an increase in the amount of notes outstanding of $12,282,301 net, the aggregate of indebtedness of this class being $30,186,051 at the end of the year. The year's surplus was $8,299,396, and the full profit and loss surplus on March 31 amounted to $26,404,694.

# DIVIDENDS DECLARED.

| Company. | Rate. | Period. | Payable. | Holders of Record. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Alloues Mining | $1.00 | Q | June 26 | June 12 |
| American P. & L. | 1 | Q | June 1 | May 24 |
| Baldwin Loco. pf. | 1¼ | SA | July 1 | June 8 |
| Childs Co. | 1½ | Q | June 10 | May 29 |
| Do pf | 1¾ | Q | June 10 | May 29 |
| Galena Signal | $3 | Q | July 31 | May 31 |
| Do pf | $2 | .. | July 31 | May 31 |
| General Electric | $2 | Q | July 15 | June 8 |
| Do | 1 | stock | July 15 | June 8 |
| Gulf States Steel | 2½ | Q | July 1 | June 15 |
| Haskell & Barker | $1 | .. | July 1 | June 15 |
| Indian Refining | $3 | Q | June 15 | June 1 |
| Do pf | $1.75 | Q | June 15 | June 1 |
| Lackawanna Steel | 12 | Q | June 29 | June 14 |
| Do | 2½ | Ex | June 29 | June 15 |
| Lancaster Mills | $3 | SA | June 1 | May 18 |
| Do | $2 | Ex | June 1 | May 18 |
| Mackay Cos. | 1¼ | Q | July 1 | June 8 |
| Do pf | 1¼ | Q | July 1 | June 8 |
| Magma Copper | 50c | Q | June 29 | June 17 |
| National Lead | 1¼ | Q | June 29 | June 14 |
| Do | *1 | Ex | July 25 | July 5 |
| N. Y. Air Brake | 5 | Q | June 20 | June 2 |

*In favor of Red Cross.

## BOSTON CURB.

| | Bid. | Ask. | | Bid. | Ask. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Amer. Oil | 7 | 8 | Iron Blossom | 38 | 40 |
| Bay S. Gas | 7 | 11 | Iron Cap | 18⅝ | 19¼ |
| Begole | 50 | 75 | La Rose | 40 | 45 |
| Black Hawk | 1 | 1⅛ | Majestic | 26 | 30 |
| Bohemia | 90 | 1 | Mex. Metals | 35 | 37 |
| Boston Ely | 85 | 95 | Mojave Tung. | 6 | 8 |
| Bost. & Mont. | 54 | 56 | New Baltic | 88 | 90 |
| Butte & Lon. | 22 | 24 | Nat. Z. & L. | 24 | 26 |
| Bost. & Ariz. | 1 | 2 | New Corn | 18¼ | 19 |
| Calaveras | 1 | 2 | Nev. Doug. | 75 | 77 |
| Crown Res. | 15 | 25 | Nixon Nev. | 70 | 74 |
| Cons. Arizona | 1⅞ | 2⅛ | Oneco | 20 | 25 |
| Cortez | 5 | 15 | Onodaga | 20 | 25 |
| Champ. old | 7 | 8 | S. W. Miami, part paid | 75 | 1 |
| Chief Cons. | 2¼ | 2⅝ | S. W. Miami, full paid | 1 | 1¼ |
| Eagle & B. B. | 2¾ | 2⅞ | Ver. Ext. | 35¾ | 40 |
| Earl-Eagle | 3 | 3½ | Victoria Min. | 76 | 80 |
| Fortuna | 5 | 6 | Yukon Gold | 1 | 1¼ |
| Houghton | 50 | 75 | | | |
| Homa Oil | 65 | 67 | | | |

## British Bank Statement.

LONDON, May 23.—The weekly statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes:

| | |
|---|---|
| Total reserve increased | £655,000 |
| Circulation increased | 270,000 |
| Bullion increased | 924,859 |
| Other securities increased | 3,218,000 |
| Public deposits decreased | 3,023,000 |
| Other deposits decreased | 6,220,000 |
| Notes reserve increased | 648,000 |
| Government securities decreased | 756,000 |

The proportion of the bank's reserve to liability this week is 18.57 per cent.; last week it was 18.18 per cent.

# FINANCIAL NOTES.

The Bankers Trust Company has been appointed transfer agent for the preferred and common stock of the International Paper Company.

W. G. Avery, Assistant Manager of the Foreign Department, has been made an Assistant Treasurer of the Guaranty Trust Company. Harold F. Greene, Harold D. Bentley, Alden S. Blodget, Charles F. Batchelder, George L. Burr, and Gilbert E. Jones were made Assistant Managers of the bond department; R. N. Whittlesey, Chief Statistician, and Hamilton Candee, New York City Sales Manager of the bond department.

William Clifford Fay, formerly receiving teller of the Fifth Avenue Branch of the Union Trust Company, has been appointed assistant manager of that branch.

# THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, May 23.—Receipts and expenditures:

| | This Month. | Fiscal Year. |
|---|---|---|
| Custom | $14,624,808 | $157,098,800 |
| Income and excess profits tax | 284,889,808 | 470,068,418 |
| Miscellaneous | 110,658,787 | 746,547,707 |
| Miscel. revenues | 94,238,787 | 266,664,856 |
| Total receipts | $504,341,842 | $1,627,404,418 |
| Exc. of ord disburse. over ord. receipts | 250,840,900 | 4,669,846,610 |
| Exc. of total receipts over total disburse. | 581,832,555 | 473,811,506 |
| Expenditures | 764,682,853 | 6,296,951,225 |

# FINANCIAL OPERATIONS OF THE CITY.

**Controller's Statement, May 18, 1918.**

| | Corporate Stock and Tax Notes. | Revenue Bonds and Bills. | Special Revenue Bonds. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Cash Action. | | | |
| Outstanding May 11 | $28,921,000.00 | $88,736,363.96 | $8,635,000.00 |
| Net increase | | 4,626,000.00 | |
| Outstanding May 18 | $28,921,000.00 | $93,361,363.96 | $8,635,000.00 |
| Cash balance | | 4,321,999.16 | |
| Net obligation | $24,629,000.84 | | |

# MAY KEEP COPPER AT 23½.

## War Board So Recommends to President—Producers Disappointed.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—Recommendation that the maximum price of copper fixed by the Government at 23½ cents a pound at Eastern refineries be continued for seventy-five days, beginning June 1, was made to President Wilson today by the Price-Fixing Committee of the War Industries Board. Final decision rests with the President, who is expected to issue a proclamation in a few days fixing the price for the next period. The present price expires May 31.

The recommendation by the War Industries Board that the price of copper be continued at 23½ cents a pound until Aug. 15 was a distinct disappointment to copper producers here. Before the conference was held on Wednesday between copper men and representatives of the board it had been expected that an increase from one-half to a full cent a pound would be permitted, part of it to be designated as an offset to producers for increased charges by refiners for handling their smelter output.

Copper men were inclined to believe that some adjustments would be made within the specified seventy-five days in behalf of the producers, whose costs have been running particularly high and are going higher. It was suggested that the Government might decide, as a measure for keeping output at a maximum level to satisfy the war demand, to put into operation a form of sliding scale prices for the mines which prove that an adequate profit cannot be made at 23½ cents a pound. Calculations have been made that from 250,000,000 to 300,000,000 pounds now being produced in this country per year cost the producers 20 cents a pound or more.

The chief subject of the conference, it was said, was the position of the refiners. Most of them handle copper "concentrates" on a long-term contract, and the plea has been advanced by some of the larger concerns that without higher compensation than the contracts call for they will receive so meagre a profit as to make the business hardly worth while.

The mining companies, whose bills for labor, material, fuel, &c., have been advancing steadily, contend that they cannot afford to pay increased refining charges without equivalent compensation in the price of their product.

## MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

**SAN FRANCISCO.**

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Alpha | .08 | Jacket | .07 |
| Alta | .02 | Julia | .01 |
| Andes | .08 | Justice | .01 |
| Best & Belcher | .02 | Mexican | .46 |
| Bullion | .02 | Ophir | .10 |
| Caledonia | .05 | Overman | .01 |
| Challenge Con. | .04 | Potosi | .05 |
| Chollar | .05 | Seg. Belcher | .02 |
| Confidence | .04 | Sierra Nevada | .06 |
| Con. Virginia | .39 | Union Con. | .85 |
| Gould & Curry | .01 | Utah | .01 |
| Hale & Norcross | .04 | Mexican dollars | .76½ |

**TONOPAH.**

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Belmont | 3.15 | Florence | .11 |
| Cash Boy | .07 | Goldfield Con. | .25 |
| Halifax | .13 | Goldfield Merger. | .01 |
| Jim Butler | .74 | Great Bend | .02 |
| McNamara | .19 | Jumbo Extension | .09 |
| Midway | .07 | Kewanas | .03 |
| Mispah | .06 | Silver Pick | .03 |
| Monarch Pitts. | .04 | **MANHATTAN.** | |
| Montana | .11 | Big Four | .03 |
| North Star | .12 | Consolidated | .05 |
| Rescue | .09 | Union Amal. | .01 |
| Tonopah Divide | 1.50 | White Caps | .34 |
| Tonopah Ext. | 1.55 | **OTHER DISTRICTS.** | |
| West End | .87 | Nevada Hills | .03 |
| West Tonopah | .15 | Packard | .24 |
| **GOLDFIELD.** | | Rochester | .50 |
| Atlanta | .06 | Round Mountain | .29 |
| Booth | .08 | United Eastern | 3.50 |

| | Bid. | Asked. | | Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **COLORADO SPRINGS.** | | | | | |
| Cresson | 4⅝ | 4¾ | Isabella | 4⅝ | 7 |
| Dr. Jackpot | 5¼ | 6 | McKinney | 7½ | 8 |
| Elkton | 4 | 4⅛ | Portland | 88 | 92 |
| El Paso | 10 | 15 | U. Gold M. | 15⅝ | 16 |
| Golden C. | 171 | 175 | Vindicator | 30 | 35 |
| Granite | 25 | 36 | Rose Nicola | 8 | 10½ |


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TO THE HOLDERS OF
**Certificates of Deposit for First and Refunding Mortgage Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds**
OF
# The Denver & Rio Grande Railroad Co.

**issued by Bankers Trust Company as Depositary of the Bondholders' Committee constituted by the agreement dated May 28, 1917:**

Your Committee announces that, after protracted negotiations and after hearings before the United States District Court at which your Committee was represented by counsel, and with the co-operation of the Director General of Railroads and the Receiver, arrangements have been made for the payment of the interest due February 1, 1918, on the bonds above mentioned.

**Holders of Certificates of Deposit will receive payment of their interest upon presentation thereof at the office of the Depositary or Sub-Depositaries on or after the 24th day of MAY, 1918, accompanied by proper ownership certificates under the Federal Income Tax law in respect of such interest.**

**Had it not been for the Committee's ability to act for a large number of bonds, the February coupon would still be in default. The more bonds that are deposited with the Committee, the easier will it be for the Committee to secure payment of the next maturing coupon and the coupons falling due thereafter.**

All deposited bonds, whether registered or coupon, must be in negotiable form, and coupon bonds must bear the coupon of August 1, 1918, and all subsequent coupons. Upon such deposit, Certificates of Deposit will be issued as provided in the Deposit Agreement dated May 28, 1917.

Copies of the Deposit Agreement may be obtained upon application to the Depositary or Sub-

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# THE COTTON MARKET

## Futures Show Further Signs of Weakness Here—Net Loss from 18 to 36 Points.

Cotton futures continued to show signs of weakness on the local market yesterday, despite the demonstration afforded by Wednesday's sale of the strength of the market for spot delivery of even low-grade cotton. At times the selling, particularly in July and October, was very active and general, and at its lowest point the market was off from 50 to 65 points net, with the active new crop months making new low records for the current season. There was some trade buying at the soft spots, however, and enough covering at the close to cause a fairly strong reaction, with the close very steady, off from 18 to 36 points net.

It was very largely a trading market, and this condition was reflected in the comparatively rapid and irregular fluctuations. The opening was irregular, with May contracts once more in demand by the short interest, up 15 points over Wednesday's close, and later months off various amounts. As soon as this early demand was supplied, offerings were made in sufficient volume to carry prices down some 50 points on the average. Most of this business appeared to be the liquidation of old long contracts by disappointed purchasers who had hoped for a sharp upward reaction some weeks ago.

There was another covering rally early in the afternoon, but it did not bring prices back more than 20 points, and only accelerated the liquidation, which brought the lowest prices of the day in the late afternoon. These prices were attractive to some trade buyers, however, and there was a substantial rally at the close.

A flurry in May contracts on the New Orleans Exchange attracted considerable attention and helped strengthen prices here. All reports on the spot situation, especially as regards the amount of low-grade cotton available, compared with the better grades, are extraordinarily confusing. This is attributed by some well-informed men to the remarkably large amount of "bollies" sent to the gins last Fall because of the enormous prices being paid then for anything that could be called cotton. Much of this stuff is supposed to have got into the statistics, although it is not spinnable and fit only for powder manufacture. The slump rise in New Orleans, combined with the enormous differences being paid here and the unprecedented premiums for July over October, are the subject of much comment by local cotton men, as indicating the difficulty of securing salable cotton to fill orders, despite new-crop prices. Trading in the May contract ceases at noon today.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

| | Open. | High. | Low. | Close. | Prev. Close. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| May | ...23.75 | 23.80 | 23.12 | 23.35 Bid. | 23.60 |
| June | ..... | ..... | ..... | 23.44 Bid. | 23.70 |
| July | ...23.50 | 23.72 | 23.05 | 23.44@23.48 | 23.70 |
| August | ...23.05 | 23.05 | 23.05 | 23.14 Bid. | 23.40 |
| Sept. | ..... | ..... | ..... | 23.04 Bid. | 23.30 |
| October | ...22.95 | 23.10 | 22.61 | 22.86@22.89 | 23.05 |
| Nov. | ..... | ..... | ..... | 22.81 Bid. | 23.03 |
| Dec. | ...23.00 | 23.04 | 22.44 | 22.76@22.79 | 22.98 |
| Jan. | ...22.93 | 22.93 | 22.36 | 22.66@22.69 | 22.86 |
| Feb. | ..... | ..... | ..... | 22.60 Bid. | 22.80 |
| March | ...22.90 | 22.90 | 22.53 | 22.62 Bid. | 22.80 |

The local market for spot cotton was 75 points higher, at 26.45c for middling uplands; sales nil.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 27.70c; New Orleans, 28.75c; Savannah, 30c; Augusta, 27.50c; Memphis, 30c; Houston, 26.65c; Little Rock, 29.50c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

| | Thursday. | Week. | Last Year. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Port receipts .... | 6,140 | 8,943 | 4,590 |
| Exports ..... | ..... | ..... | 17,084 |
| Exports, season | 3,429,840 | 3,334,427 | 4,814,678 |
| New York stocks. | 175,657 | 181,061 | 73,276 |
| Port stocks | 1,335,182 | 1,383,818 | 903,040 |
| Interior receipts | 12,671 | 8,046 | 9,461 |
| Interior shipments | 18,817 | 12,931 | 12,757 |
| New York arrivals | 6,397 | 4,395 | 811 |

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton, quiet and unchanged; middling, old contract, 20.88d; good middling, new contract, 20.39. Sales, 2,000 bales; American, 1,000. Imports, 22,000, all American. Futures opened quiet, at 3 to 10 points decline. Closed quiet, 14 to 34 points lower. May, 20.94d; June, 20.44d; July, 19.57d; August, 18.88d; September, 18.45d. Manchester: Yarns and cloths—Holiday.

### Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, May 23.—Forecast:
N. C.—Cloudy Fri.; showers Sat.
Ga. and S. C.—Thunder showers Fri.; fair Sat.
Fla., Ala., and Miss.—Fair Fri. and Sat.
Tenn.—Fair and warmer Fri.; fair Sat.
Ky.—Cloudy Fri.; showers Sat.
Ind.—Showers Fri. and Sat.
Mich. and Ohio—Cloudy and warmer Fri.; showers Sat.
La., Okla., Ark., and Tex.—Cloudy Fri. and Sat.

### FINANCIAL NOTICES.

**CHILE COPPER COMPANY.**
120 Broadway, New York, April 1st, 1918.
**Collateral Trust Six Per Cent. Gold Bonds, Series A.**

To the Holders of Instalment Receipts:

Notice is hereby given that the holders of Half-Paid Receipts are offered the privilege of extending the date of payment of the final instalment on account of the purchase of this Company's Collateral Trust Gold Bonds Series A, from May 29, 1918 (the date fixed in the Receipt), to November 29, 1918.

Receipt-holders electing to extend the time of payment will surrender their Receipts at the office of Guaranty Trust Company of New York, 140 Broadway, New York City, on or before May 29, 1918, and receive in exchange therefor EXTENDED INSTALMENT RECEIPTS.

The Company will continue to allow interest to the holders of EXTENDED RECEIPTS at the rate of 6% per annum on the first instalment of the purchase price of the Bonds.

The respective rights and obligations of the Company and of the holders of EXTENDED RECEIPTS shall be as stated in the Receipts now outstanding except as necessarily modified by the extension of the date for payment of the final instalment due thereon.

Receipt-holders electing to pay the final instalment on May 29, 1918, will receive the Bonds called for by their Receipts.

The Federal Committee on Capital Issues has advised the Company that it "would look with favor" upon any action taken by the Company by way of offering Receipt-holders the privilege of extending the time of payment of the second instalment, and has authorized the Company so to advise the Receipt-holders.

DANIEL GUGGENHEIM, President.

**The Undersigned, Successor to Knickerbocker Trust Company as Trustee under the mortgage of the BEECH CREEK COAL & COKE COMPANY,** dated June 1, 1904, holds the sum of Seventy-six Thousand Ninety-six dollars and fifteen cents ($76,096.15) in the Sinking Fund, provided for under the terms of article 6 of said mortgage which is applicable to the purchase of the 1st mortgage 5 per cent. 50-year Sinking Fund Gold Bonds of the BEECH CREEK COAL & COKE COMPANY due June 1, 1944.

Offers of said bonds at not exceeding par and interest will be received at the office of the undersigned Trust Company, 60 Broadway, New York City, on or before **May 29, 1918.** Bonds accepted will be paid for on June 1, 1918, and must be delivered on that date or security furnished, if required, that delivery will be made within ten days. The right is reserved by the undersigned to reject any and all offers.

COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY,
Successor-Trustee.
By GEORGE E. WARREN,
Vice President.

Dated, New York, May 15, 1918.

TO THE HOLDERS OF
**JEFFERSON & CLEARFIELD COAL & IRON CO.**
**First Mortgage 5% 80-Year Gold Bonds due June 1st, 1926.**
REDEMPTION NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given as provided in Article III. of the Indenture dated June 15, 1896, made by the Jefferson & Clearfield Coal & Iron Company to Guaranty Trust Company of New York, as Trustee, that all of the outstanding 5% Gold Mortage Bonds have been called for redemption and will be paid on and after June 1, 1918, at 105 and accrued interest to June 1, 1918, upon presentation at the COUPON DEPARTMENT of the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, 140 Broadway, New York City. After June 1, 1918, interest on the above bonds will cease. The coupon due June 1, 1918, should be attached to the bond.

JEFFERSON & CLEARFIELD COAL & IRON COMPANY,
By L. W. ROBINSON, President.

New York, May 10, 1918.

FOR SALE—Five hundred shares or any part, English Marconi Bearer Warrants, $16 per share.
BATCHELLER & ADEE,
38 Broad St. New York City.

# COMMODITIES MARKETS

### WHEAT.

Reports from the Northwestern Spring wheat States indicated a very favorable outlook for Spring wheat, some authorities predicting that unless some unforeseen damage occurs the chances are very favorable for a bumper yield. An authority on plant diseases in Iowa seems to think that the chances are in favor of the development of black rust in the wheat and oats in that State, as it was said that samples had been discovered on some of the plants.

### RYE.

Market steady. No. 2 Western, $2.12, cost and freight, New York.

### CORN.

After showing a certain amount of firmness early the corn market experienced a very sharp break toward the close, and final quotations were 1⅛@3¼c net lower. The local cash market was unsettled. Kiln dried No. 3 yellow quoted at $1.80¾, ten days' shipment, and No. 4 yellow, $1.70¾, cost and freight, New York.

CHICAGO PRICES.

| | High. | Low. | Close. | Prev. Close. | Last Year. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| June | 1.40¼ | 1.36⅛ | 1.37 | 1.40¼ | ..... |
| July | 1.42⅛ | 1.39¾ | 1.40 | 1.41⅛ | 1.52¼ |

### OATS.

The congestion in the May position in the Chicago oats market has apparently been relieved by large deliveries, and in consequence the whole market was weaker, closing with net losses of ⅞c to 2c. The local cash market was weak and lower; standard quoted at 81¼c to 82c; No. 2 white, 82½c; No. 3 white, 81c to 81½c; No. 4 white, 80c to 81c; fancy clipped white, 83c to 86c; ordinary clipped white, 82c to 83c, all elevator.

CHICAGO PRICES.

| | High. | Low. | Close. | Prev. Close. | Last Year. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| May | 76¾ | 74¾ | 75 | 76⅝ | .. |
| June | 73¼ | 71 | 71⅛ | 73⅛ | .. |
| July | 67⅞ | 66 | 66⅛ | 67 | 62 |

### PROVISIONS.

The provision market was easier under increased selling pressure, prompted largely by a decline in the price of live hogs and in sympathy with the weakness in grain. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 33,000; estimated for Friday, 18,000. Kansas City received 5,000 and Omaha 17,000 hogs.

CHICAGO PRICES.

| Lard— | High. | Low. | Close. | Prev. Close. | Last Year. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| July | 24.70 | 24.50 | 24.50 | 24.65 | 22.37 |
| September | 24.97 | 24.82 | 24.82 | 24.96 | 22.50 |
| Ribs— | | | | | |
| July | 22.72 | 22.50 | 22.50 | 22.75 | 20.52 |
| September | 23.22 | 23.05 | 23.05 | 23.30 | 20.72 |
| Pork— | | | | | |
| May | 41.87 | 41.50 | 41.50 | 41.95 | ... |
| July | 42.15 | 41.70 | 41.70 | 42.25 | 38.00 |

### COFFEE.

Business on the Coffee Exchange yesterday was again quiet and confined mostly to the evening up of outstanding contracts. The opening was at declines of 3 to 6 points, with a leading Wall Street house taking the selling side, believed to be liquidation of outside interests. Values hold within a narrow range, final prices showing net declines of 1 to 6 points. The Rio spot market was unchanged, while Santos spots and futures were not quoted. Receipts at the two ports were 40,000 bags, against 13,000 bags a year ago. Range of prices:

| | High. | Low. | Close. | Prev. Close. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| May | .. | .. | 7.98@8.02 | 8.01 |
| June | .. | .. | 8.02@8.14 | 8.06 |
| July | .. | .. | 8.05@8.07 | 8.11 |
| August | .. | .. | 8.14@8.15 | 8.18 |
| September | 8.23 | 8.21 | 8.23@8.24 | 8.26 |

### SUGAR.

The three Eastern ports showed heavy gains in receipts and meltings for the week ending May 19. There was again in receipts of about 8,000 tons and meltings were practically 10,500 tons over the preceding week. New York refineries participated to no little extent in the gains. The International Sugar Committee reported purchases of 7,000 bags Cuban raws, June shipment, at 4.985c, cost and freight, and 12,500 tons Porto Rices, June shipment, at 6.005c, cost, insurance, and freight.

### WOMEN ENROLL TOMORROW.

**Women who wish to vote in the primaries next September must enroll tomorrow. Enrollment places will be open from 8 A. M. to 10 P. M. A list of all these places was printed in The Times last Sunday.**

# UNITED STATES GOVT. BONDS

Inasmuch as most of the trading in the older issues of United States Government bonds is done over the counter, and not on the Stock Exchange, THE TIMES gives the following quotations, obtained from bond dealers:

| | Bid. | Ask. | | Bid. | Ask. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 2s, registered, 1930 | 97½ | 98 | 3s, conversion, 1947 | 84 | 88 |
| 2s, coupon, 1930 | 97½ | 98 | 4s, registered, 1925 | 105½ | 106 |
| 2s, coupon, '38, reg | 97¼ | 97¾ | 4s, coupon, 1925 | 105½ | 106 |
| 3s, registered, 1918 | 99½ | 100 | 4s, Panama, '38, coupon | 97¼ | 97¾ |
| 3s, coupon, 1918 | 99½ | 100 | 3s, Panama, '61, reg | 84 | 87 |
| 3s, registered, 1946 | 84 | 88 | 3s, Panama, '61, coupon | 84 | 87 |
| 3s, coupon, 1946 | 84 | 88 | | | |

# NEW YORK CITY BONDS

| | | Yesterday. Bid. | Yesterday. Ask. | | | Yesterday. Bid. | Yesterday. Ask. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 4½s July, | 1967 | 88⅝ | 99¼ | 3½s Nov., | 1955 | .... 80 | .... |
| 4½s June, | 1965 | 98⅜ | 99¼ | 3½s Nov., | 1954 | 78¾ | 79½ |
| 4½s Mar., | 1963 | 98⅜ | 99½ | 3½s May, | 1954 | 77½ | 80 77¼ |
| 4½s Nov., | 1957 | 98⅝ | 99½ | The following are quoted on a percentage basis: | | | |
| 4½s May, | 1957 | 98⅝ | 99¼ | | | | |
| 4½s Mar., | 1960-80 | 92¼ | 93 | 4½s | 1924-1931 | ....4.80 | 4.60 4.90 |
| 4½s April, | 1966 | 92¼ | 93¼ | 4½s | 1921-1923 | ....4.80 | 4.60 4.80 |
| 4½s Mar., | 1964 | 92¼ | 93 | 4½s | 1919-1920 | ....4.80 | 4.60 4.90 |
| 4½s Mar., | 1962 | 92¼ | 93 | 4½s | 1918-1923 | ....4.75 | 4.50 4.85 |
| 4½s Sept., | 1960 | 92¼ | 93 | 4½s | 1924-1932 | ....4.75 | 4.50 4.85 |
| 4s May, | 1959 | 88¼ | 89 | 4s | 1940-1953 | ....4.80 | 4.65 4.90 |
| 4s Nov., | 1958 | 88¼ | 89 | 4s | 1930-1939 | ....4.80 | 4.65 4.90 |
| 4s May, | 1957 | 88¼ | 89 | 4s | 1922-1929 | ....4.80 | 4.65 4.90 |
| 4s Nov., | 1956 | 87 | 88 | 4s | 1918 | ....5.00 | .. 5.00 |
| 4s Nov., | 1955 | 87 | 88 | 3½s | 1940-1953 | ....4.85 | 4.70 4.95 |
| 4s Nov., | 1936 | 88 | .. | 3s | 1926-1936 | ....4.85 | 4.70 4.95 |
| 4s May, | 1919 | 99 | .. | 3s | 1918-1926 | ....4.85 | 4.70 4.95 |
| 4s Nov., | 1918 | 99½ | .. | | | | |

# CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

Stocks closed strong in an active market yesterday on the Consolidated Stock Exchange. Buying orders in great volume made their appearance in the final hour, and the rally, which was particularly pronounced in Steel common, affected the entire list and continued to the close. Heavy losses, which had been registered earlier in the afternoon session, causing many issues to make new low levels for the day, were recovered and not a few stocks made net gains.

| Sales. | | High. | Low. | Last. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 350 | Allis-Chalm... | 35½ | 33⅜ | 35 |
| 150 | Am. Can | 47 | 45¾ | 47 |
| 170 | Am. C. & F. | 78¼ | 77¾ | 78¼ |
| 40 | Am. Cot. Oil | 43 | 42¾ | 42½ |
| 20 | Am. H. & L. | 13¼ | 12¾ | 12¾ |
| 1,100 | Am. Loco | 65⅝ | 65⅜ | 65⅝ |
| 440 | Am. Linseed | 40⅝ | 39 | 39¾ |
| 150 | Am. Loco | 66¾ | 66¼ | 66¼ |
| 500 | Am. S. & R. | 81⅜ | 80¾ | 80⅞ |
| 650 | Am. Su. Tob. | 133⅜ | 132¼ | 133½ |
| 10 | Am. T. & T. | 98¾ | 98¾ | 98¾ |
| 2,980 | Anac. Cop | 67⅜ | 65¾ | 66¼ |
| 70 | A. T. & S. F | 85 | 84⅝ | 84⅝ |
| 10 | A. G. & W. I. | 109¾ | 109¾ | 109¾ |
| 6,940 | Balt. Loco | 94⅜ | 92¾ | 93 |
| 190 | Balt. & Ohio | 54¼ | 53⅞ | 54¼ |
| 2,130 | Beth. Stl. B | 86⅝ | 84⅜ | 86⅝ |
| 30 | Butte & Sup. | 23¾ | 23 | 23 |
| 170 | Cent. Leather | 69¼ | 68 | 69 |
| 140 | Chic. & Ohio | 57½ | 57¼ | 57¼ |
| 150 | C. M. & St. P. | 43⅝ | 42 | 42½ |
| 100 | C. R. I. & P. | 21⅞ | 21⅜ | 21⅞ |
| 120 | Chile Copper | 16½ | 16⅛ | 16⅜ |
| 10 | Chino Copper | 42¾ | 42¾ | 42¾ |
| 550 | Col. F. & I. | 50½ | 49⅜ | 50¼ |
| 930 | Corn Prod | 42¼ | 41 | 42 |
| 1,150 | Crucible St'l | 68 | 66¾ | 67⅝ |
| 270 | Cuba Cane | 32¼ | 31¼ | 31⅝ |
| 980 | Dist. Secur | 62 | 60¼ | 61⅛ |
| 270 | Erie | 16¼ | 15⅞ | 15⅞ |
| 50 | Do 1st pf | 31⅜ | 31¼ | 31¼ |
| 90 | Gt. Nor. pf | 80½ | 88⅜ | 88½ |
| 300 | Inspir. Cop | 53⅞ | 52¾ | 52¾ |
| 575 | Int. Mer. M | 28¾ | 27¾ | 28⅛ |
| 2,260 | Do pf | 102¾ | 99¼ | 101¼ |
| 80 | Int. Nickel | 28¼ | 28¼ | 28½ |
| 260 | Int. Paper | 40¼ | 39¾ | 40¼ |
| 10 | Kan. Cy. So. | 17¼ | 17¼ | 17¼ |
| 140 | Kenne. Cop. | 33¼ | 33 | 33 |
| 290 | Lack. Steel | 88 | 86⅝ | 88 |
| 990 | Mex. Petrol. | 96⅜ | 95½ | 96⅛ |
| 10 | Miami Cop. | 29¼ | 29¼ | 29¼ |
| 610 | Midvale Steel | 53¾ | 53¾ | 53¾ |
| 100 | Mo. Pacific | 22⅜ | 22⅜ | 22½ |
| 40 | Nat. Enam. | 52 | 52 | 52 |
| 20 | Nev. Cons. | 20¼ | 20¼ | 20⅜ |
| 250 | N. Y. Cent. | 72¼ | 71½ | 72 |
| 1,460 | N. Y., N. H. & H. | 42 | 40⅝ | 41⅜ |
| 70 | North. Pac. | 85⅜ | 85½ | 85⅝ |
| 50 | Ohio C. Gas | 38⅜ | 38¼ | 38¼ |
| 20 | Pres. St'l Car | 60¾ | 60¾ | 60¾ |
| 110 | Tenn. Copper | 25¾ | 25¼ | 25¾ |
| 10 | Third Av | 19¾ | 19¾ | 19¾ |
| 350 | Tob. Prod. | 60¾ | 59 | 60 |
| 660 | Union Pac. | 122⅝ | 120⅝ | 121¾ |
| 45,300 | U. S. Ind. A. | 135¼ | 131¼ | 132⅝ |
| 767 | United Fruit | 109¼ | 106¾ | 108½ |
| 180 | Utah Copper | 82¼ | 81 | 81 |
| 50 | Westing. El. | 43¼ | 43¼ | 43¼ |
| 350 | Willys-Over. | 20¼ | 19⅝ | 20¼ |

BONDS.

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| $5,350 | Liberty 3½s | 98.98 | 98.98 | 98.98 | 98.98 | | |
| 1,150 | Do 1st 4s | 94.82 | 94.82 | 94.82 | 94.82 | | |
| 3,050 | Do 2d 4s | 94.78 | 94.68 | 94.68 | 94.68 | | |
| 2,000 | C. & O. 5s | 81¼ | 81¼ | 106¾ | 106¾ | | |
| 2,000 | U.S. Rub. 5s | 80⅝ | 80⅝ | 80⅝ | 80⅝ | | |
| 1,000 | Int. R. T. 5s | 84 | 84 | 84 | 84 | | |
| $3,800 | Lib. 2d 4s | 94.80 | 94.50 | 94.60 | | | |
| 4,700 | Do 4½s | 97.70 | 97.60 | 97.60 | | | |
| 4,000 | Ph. El. 1st 5s | 89¾ | 93 | 93 | | | |
| 2,000 | Reading 4s | 84½ | 84¼ | 84¼ | | | |

# STANDARD OIL STOCKS

| | Yesterday. Bid. | Yesterday. Ask. | Wed'sday. Bid. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Anglo-Am. Oil | 11⅜ | 12¼ | 11⅜ |
| Atlantic Refining | 910 | 925 | 920 |
| Borne-Scrymser | 440 | 465 | 440 |
| Buckeye Pipe Line | 95 | 97 | 95 |
| Chesebrough Mfg | 315 | 330 | 315 |
| Colonial Oil | 10 | 40 | 10 |
| Continental Oil | 425 | 450 | 425 |
| Crescent Pipe Line | 35 | 38 | 35 |
| Cumberland P. L. | 155 | 165 | 155 |
| Eureka Pipe Line | 205 | 216 | 205 |
| Galena Signal Oil | 130 | 135 | 130 |
| Galena Sig. Oil pf | 124 | 128 | 124 |
| Illinois Pipe Line | 183 | 187 | 185 |
| Indiana Pipe Line | 95 | 100 | 97 |
| Int. Pet. Co., Ltd. | 13 | 13½ | 13 |
| National Transit | 13¼ | 14⅛ | 13¾ |
| N. Y. Transit | 210 | 220 | 210 |
| Northern Pipe Line | 110 | 115 | 110 |
| Ohio Oil | 330 | 335 | 330 |

| | Yesterday. Bid. | Yesterday. Ask. | Wed'sday. Bid. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Penn.-Mex. Fuel | 32 | 36 | 32 |
| Prairie Oil & Gas | 510 | 520 | 500 |
| Prairie Pipe Line | 270 | 275 | 270 |
| Solar Refining | 305 | 315 | 305 |
| Southern Pipe Line | 188 | 193 | 188 |
| South Penn. Oil | 280 | 285 | 280 |
| S. W. Penn. | 92 | 95 | 92 |
| Stand. Oil of Cal. | 217 | 220 | 217 |
| Stand. Oil of Ind. | 625 | 635 | 630 |
| Stand. Oil of Kan. | 450 | 475 | 450 |
| Stand. Oil of Ky. | 330 | 340 | 330 |
| Stand. Oil of Neb. | 460 | 480 | 480 |
| Stand. Oil of N. J. | 545 | 550 | 545 |
| Stand. Oil of N. Y. | 275 | 278 | 275 |
| Stand. Oil of Ohio | 400 | 410 | 400 |
| Swan & Finch | 90 | 95 | 90 |
| Union Tank | 98 | 101 | 98 |
| Vacuum Oil | 345 | 355 | 345 |
| Washington Oil | 27 | 32 | 27 |

### Railroads.

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 10 | Bos. & Alb. | 133 | 133 | 133 | 2,000 | Mass El | 6¼ | 6 | 6½ |
| 6,680 | Boston El | 72 | 69¾ | 71⅝ | 3,305 | Do pf | 29¼ | 25 | 29 |
| 75 | Bos. & Me. | 32¼ | 32 | 32 | 880 | New Haven | 42 | 40¾ | 41¾ |
| 20 | C. J. & S. Y. pf. | 83½ | 83½ | 83½ | 542 | West End | 48½ | 46½ | 48 |
| 6 | Fitchburg pf. | 63 | 63 | 63 | 50 | Do pf | 55 | 54 | 55 |

### Miscellaneous.

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 24 | Am. Ag. Ch. p. | 95¼ | 94½ | 94½ | 25 | Low's Th | 9¼ | 9¼ | 9½ |
| 10 | Am. Pneu | 2½ | 2½ | 2½ | 49 | Mass Gas pf. | 65 | 64½ | 64½ |
| 10 | Do pf | 14 | 13¾ | 14 | 41 | N. Y. Tel | 88¾ | 88 | 88¾ |
| 146 | Amoskeag | 76 | 76 | 76 | 10 | Nova Sc. St. | 61 | 61 | 61 |
| 2 | Am. Sugar | 113 | 113 | 113 | 5 | Plant pf | 93 | 93 | 93 |
| 41 | Do pf | 110¼ | 110 | 110 | 35 | Pac. Mills | 143 | 143 | 143 |
| 810 | A. T. & T. | 99 | 98½ | 98½ | 9 | Reece But | 13¾ | 13¾ | 13¾ |
| 95 | Am. Wool pf. | 94½ | 94 | 94 | 172 | Swift | 100 | 107 | 100 |
| 40 | A. G. & W. I. | 110½ | 108 | 108 | 3,872 | Do rights | 1⅞ | 1½ | 1½ |
| 50 | Cuban Cem | 16 | 16 | 16 | 20 | Torrington | 49¼ | 49¼ | 49¼ |
| 1,880 | Century St'l | 11 | 10½ | 11 | 73 | United Fruit | 127 | 126 | 127 |
| 117 | Edison Elec. | 140 | 138 | 138 | 767 | United Shoe | 47 | 47 | 47 |
| 21 | Gen. Elec. | 150 | 149¼ | 150 | 12 | Do pf | 25½ | 25½ | 25½ |
| 10 | Int. P. C. pf | 14 | 14 | 14 | 450 | Ventura Oil | 8¼ | 7¾ | 7¾ |

### Bonds.

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| $2,000 | A. T. & T. 4s | 82½ | 82½ | 82½ | 2,000 | West. Tel. 5s | 86 | 86 | 86 |
| 1,000 | C. J. & S. Y. 5s | 91 | 91 | 91 | 2,100 | Lib. 3½s | 99.00 | 98.74 | 98.84 |
| 3,000 | C. & O. c. v. 5s | 74 | 74 | 74 | 6,700 | Do cv. 4s | 94.64 | 94.54 | 94.54 |
| 6,000 | Pond Cr. 6s | 90½ | 90½ | 90½ | 1,750 | Do 2d 4s | 94.74 | 94.54 | 94.54 |
| 5,000 | Swift 5s | 95 | 95 | 95 | 20,500 | do 4½s | 97.76 | 97.54 | 97.60 |

### CHICAGO.

### Stocks.

| Sales. | | High. | Low. | Last. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 110 | Am. Ship | 137 | 136 | 136 |
| 25 | Do pf | 91¼ | 91¼ | 91¼ |
| 135 | Booth Fish | 23¼ | 23 | 23¼ |
| 50 | C. C. & C. R. pf | 15¾ | 15¾ | 15¾ |
| 150 | Chi. Pn. T | 69 | 69 | 69 |
| 10 | Dia. Match | 111¼ | 111¼ | 111¼ |
| 175 | M. Ward pf | 102½ | 102½ | 102½ |
| 60 | People's Gas | 46½ | 46½ | 46¾ |

### Bonds.

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| $1,000 | Ch. Rys. 5s, F. | 83 | 83 | 83 | $3,000 | Ogden Gas 5s | 75½ | 75½ | 75½ |
| 1,000 | Met. Ry. 4s | 57 | 57 | 57 | | | | | |

### PHILADELPHIA.

### Stocks.

| Sales. | | High. | Low. | Last. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 20 | Brill | 25 | 25 | 25 |
| 21 | Elec. Stor | 50 | 40½ | 40½ |
| 125 | L. Sup. Stor. | 16¾ | 16¾ | 16¾ |
| 216 | Lehigh Nav. | 67¾ | 67¼ | 67¼ |
| 5 | Lehigh Val. | 60 | 60 | 60 |
| 13 | Phila. Elec. | 25¾ | 25½ | 25½ |

### Bonds.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| $5,600 | A. G. & E. 5s | 79 | 79 | 79 |
| 1,000 | L. Sup. Inc. 5s | 54 | 54 | 54 |
| 1,000 | L. V. con. 4½s | 90 | 90 | 90 |
| $1,700 | Liberty 3½s | 98.90 | 98.90 | 98.90 |

# PUBLIC UTILITIES

### Stocks.

| Sales. | | High. | Low. | Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 134 | Cities Service | 212 | 211½ | 211 | 213 |
| 456 | Cities Service pf | 75¾ | 75½ | 75½ | 76 |

| | Bid. | Ask. | | Bid. | Ask. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Adiron. Elec. Power | 14 | 15 | Int.-M. Ry., L. & P. pf. | 94½ | 98 |
| Adiron. Elec. Power pf. | 71 | 75 | Miss. River Power | 15 | 18 |
| Am. Gas & Electric | 86 | 89 | Miss. River Power pf. | 39 | 43 |
| Am. Gas & Elec. pf | 41 | 42 | Northern Ohio Electric | .. | 25 |
| Am. Light & Traction | 194 | 198 | Northern Ohio Elec. pf. | .. | 65 |
| Am. Light & Trac. pf. | 96 | 98 | North. Ont. Lt. & Pow. | 15 | 18 |
| Am. Power & Light | 38 | 42½ | North. Ont. Lt. & P. pf. | 53 | 56 |
| Am. Power & Light pf. | 68 | 72 | Northern States Power | 44 | 46 |
| Am. Public Utilities | .. | 25 | Nor. States Power pf | 84½ | 86 |
| Am. Public Utilities pf. | .. | 85 | Northern Texas Electric | 53 | 60 |
| Amer. W. Elec. pf. | 4½ | 6 | Northern W. Elec. pf. | 70 | 75 |
| Am. W. W. & E. 1st pf | 56 | 58 | Pacific Gas & Electric | 33 | 35 |
| Am. W. W. & E. partic. | 13 | 14 | Pacific Gas & Elec. pf. | 80 | 83 |
| Carolina Power & Light | 25 | 30 | Puget Sd. Tr., L. & P. | 15 | 20 |
| Carolina Pr. & Lt. pf. | 82 | 88 | Puget Sd. Tr., L. & P. pf. | 39½ | 45 |
| Colorado Power | 24 | 26 | Rep. Light Secur. pf. | 80 | 85 |
| Colorado Power pf. | 97 | 100 | Republic Ry. & Light | 22½ | 24 |
| Columbus Electric pf. | 70 | 77 | Republic Ry. & Lt. pf. | 59 | 61 |
| Com. Pow., Ry. & L. | 20 | 23 | Southern Cal. Edison | 80 | 82 |
| Com. Pow., Ry. & L. pf | 80 | 90 | South. Cal. Edison pf. | 90 | 92 |
| Conn. Power pf. | 80 | 84 | Standard Gas & Elec. | 4 | 6 |
| Consumers' Power pf. | 80 | 85 | Stand. Gas & Elec. pf. | 25 | 27 |
| Dayton Power & L. pf. | 80 | 81 | Tampa Electric | 100 | .. |
| Eastern Texas Elec. | 54 | 59 | Tenn. Ry., Lt. & Power | 3 | 3½ |
| Eastern Texas Elec. pf. | 73 | 76 | Tenn. Ry., Lt. & P. pf. | 10 | 12 |
| El Paso Electric | 81 | 90 | Texas Pow. & Lt. pf. | 86 | 91 |
| El Paso Electric pf. | 82 | 87 | Tri-City Ry. & Lt. pf. | 86 | 90 |
| Electric B. & S. pf. | 93 | 95 | United Light & Rys. | 30 | 32 |
| Empire Dist. Elec. pf. | 70 | 75 | United Lt. & Rys. pf. | 64 | 66 |
| Federal Light & Trac. | 6 | 10 | Wash. Ry. & L. & P. pf. | 81 | 84 |
| Federal Lt. & Trac. pf. | 27 | 33 | Western Power | 12 | 13 |
| Galveston-Hous. Elec. | 19 | .. | Western Power pf. | 49 | 51 |
| Galveston-Hous. El. pf. | 89 | 95 | West., Church & Kerr. | 65 | 70 |
| Gas & Elec. Securities | 200 | .. | West., Church & K. pf. | 77 | .. |
| Gas & Elec. Secur. pf. | 80 | 85 | Yadkin Riv. Power pf. | 98 | 100 |
| Idaho Power 7%

# THE BUSINESS WORLD

## Buyers' Wants

*30 Cents per agate line each insertion.*

BEACH CLOTH Wanted.—28 and 32 inch, tan color; large quantities. General Merchandise Exchange, 11 West 19th, Export Department.

BELTINGS Wanted for skirts; open for large quantities. White, Albert Skirt, 110 W. 26th.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Serges, velours, silvertones, tricots, gabardines, and oxfords. Telephone Mad. Sq. 4620.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Botany 815, oxfords and velours; spot cash. Farragut 9839.

CAMBRICS and Nainsooks Wanted. U. S. Textile Co., 200 5th Av: Gramercy 4356.

CHINCHILLAS Wanted. — Open for large quantity white chinchilla coats, sports, striped. Chelsea 8005. J. Schlessinger.

CLOAKING Wanted. — Open to buy cotton plushes, Mianis and Stroocks Zibilenes and interlinings; any quantities; spot cash. D. Pankin & Son, 37 West 20th. 9920 Chelsea.

CLOTH BLANKETS Wanted. — Rejects in any quality, length and quantity. J. A. Workman, 38 West 17th St.

COATS, Suits, and Dresses Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on snappy styles. Call, with samples, 48 West 33d, fifth floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber placing order on high-class Fall coats. Rosing & Cohn, 1,333 Broadway.

COATS Wanted.—Cloth; jobber placing orders. Call with samples, 137 West 25th, 4th floor.

COATINGS Wanted — Newhouse; McKenney's Flagiers. Bender & Snyder, 1,123 Broadway. Farragut 2575.

COATS Wanted.—Looking at coats and suits. 36 West 34st, 7th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber placing stock orders. Fourth floor, 38 West 33d, mornings only.

CORDUROYS Wanted.—Two-tone, wide wale, green and burgundy; also cheviots, velours, and heavy coatings. Irving Finkelstein, Mad. Square 2844.

CORDUROY Wanted.—All dark colors, any width or quality; submit samples. 28 West 23d, 10th floor.

CORDUROY Wanted.—Fifty jumps, narrow wale; cash. Lewis & Maisel, 110 Grand St. Canal 9510.

COTTON PLUSH Wanted, in burgundy, brown green; also in medium-wale corduroy. Samuel Sternberg, 88 University Place. Stuyvesant 3039.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—Nainsooks, all counts. Call Franklin 1174.

COTTON WARP SERGES Wanted.—Three-quarter goods of any kind; also thibets. Wm. Berrah Mills, 45 East 17th.

CREPE Wanted.—Black crepe, immediate delivery, 34 to 50 inch, all wool, half wool, all cotton. Call with samples, Room 1539, 17 Battery Place.

CREPES Wanted.—Japanese cotton, cotton and wool, and wool crepe; can use large quantities. General Merchandise Exchange, 11 West 19th, Export Department.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted.—Stewart's 2386, in ivory, navy and black. Telephone Gramercy 1060.

DELHI Wanted.—A. W. Co., Spring shades; will pay cash; price must be reasonable. Gramercy 1661.

DRESSES Wanted.—We are now placing large orders for Fall dresses; bring own samples; we furnish material. H. Ar R., 22 West 32d, third floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Children's white dresses; will pay cash for jobs children's, juniors' white dresses, any quantity. Reiner, 54 West 21st St., New York City.

DRESSES Wanted. — Large jobber placing stock orders on crepe de chine, georgettes, and jersey dresses for quick delivery. Wiener, 53 West 36th.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on Fall serges and satins. Fifth floor, 131 West 23th.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing big orders taffeta, Georgette satin; show snappy samples. Wolfert, 1,133 Broadway.

DRESSES Wanted.—Open for 500 taffeta and georgette dresses; also Fall styles. Leon Marx & Son, 461 Broadway.

DRESSES Wanted.—Large jobber will buy for cash jobs any quantity wash or silk dresses; samples morning. Wiener, 53 W. 36th.

DRESSES Wanted.—Looking at satin dresses; bring samples. 11 East 33d st.

F. AND H. Wanted 8252, will buy for spot cash, all colors; also H. and L. crystal cord 611, all colors. Telephone Chelsea 3467.

GABARDINES Wanted.—For cash; gabardines, Poiret twills, poplins, tricotines; Fall and Spring shades. Rosing & Cohn, Greeley 2812.

GEORGETTES AND SATIN wanted at a price. Royal Wear Manufacturing, 1,133 Broadway.

JERSEY CLOTH Wanted.—Heather mixtures and plain colors. Jonas Finger, 141 West 28th St.

JERSEY CLOTH Wanted.—Heather mixtures. Platt & Kolber, 20 West 17th St.

JERSEYS Wanted.—Will buy lightweights, any quantity. Biltmore Dress, 6 West 20th.

KHAKI, Jersey Cloth Wanted.—16-ounce, for cash. R 162 Times.

KHAKI Wanted.—Also ducks, drills, and 64-60. Room 20, 2 West 15th St.

ORGANDIE Wanted.—In colors and white; any quantity. Tremont 1481.

PEAU DE CYGNE and Messaline Wanted.—Open for three hundred (300) pieces, all colors. Call Friday, May 24, L. H. Teller & Co., 1,182 Broadway, room 503, between 1 and 3 o'clock.

PANNETTE Wanted.—Chase, all shades; will pay cash. Harry Kitzinger & Co., 1,333 Broadway. Greeley 2030.

PEAU DE CYGNES Wanted.—Chase, all colors; open for quantity up to 95c. 244 5th Av., 3d floor.

PLUSHES Wanted.—H. & H. 40, 40 Blumenthal; also Chase's beaver. Alper-Schultz-Hirshfield, 1,140 Broadway.

PLUSHES Wanted.—Peerless T 10, Esquimette, Peco, 1410, Karami, also cabinet files; spot cash. Gramercy 1807.

POPLIN Wanted.—American or Stephens, for cash. Hast, Farragut 9752.

RATINE Wanted.—Can use a quantity of white ratine, also fancy chiffon plushes. G. Mehringer & Co., 352 4th Av.

SATIN Wanted.—Can use quantity of Dutchess satin at a price. I. Rabinowitz Apparel Co., 3905 Farragut.

SERGE Wanted.—W. F. X. 54289, 11483, 528, 9056. Farragut 9088.

SERGES Wanted.—500 cotton-warp 36-inch, all makes. Madison Square 2945.

SERGES Wanted—0936, 104, navy only; any quantity; net cash. Farragut 254.

SERGE Wanted.—Storm serge 6002, Whitman 87. Stuyvesant 1648.

SHIRTINGS Wanted.—64 and 68-72 percales, also Waverly and Arkwright chambrays, 36-inch, khaki, &c.; submit samples; will pay cash., T 108 Times.

SILKS Wanted.—10 pieces coral color; crepe de chine; will pay cash. Crown Waist Co., 45 Lispenard St. Franklin 3418.

SILKS Wanted.—Any kind, small or large lots. Pressman & Oppenheimer, 428 4th Av. Madison Square 8367.

SILKS Wanted.—All kinds, stripes, for cash. M. Rabinowitz, 127 West, 22d.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Open to buy large quantity; will pay cash. Call, with samples, Henlein & Greentree, 1,333 Broadway, 36th St. entrance.

SILVERTONE Wanted.—Will pay cash for all Fall shades. Gottlieb & Laikind, 38 West 21st.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—All shades. Louis Baumann, 12 East 32d. Madison Sq. 1124.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Will pay cash for Fall shades. Chelsea 590.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—All shades. Madison Square 1350.

STRIPS Wanted.—Open to buy quantity from 3 to 6 inches wide in fancy or plain cotton materials; also silk, satins, nets; submit samples; quote price; state quantities. R 186 Times.

SUITINGS Wanted. — Daytona or similar; large quantities. General Merchandise Exchange, 11 West 19th, Export Department.

SUITS, COATS, WAISTS, DRESSES Wanted. —Cash; better grade. National. Franklin 2412.

SUITS, COATS, DRESSES Wanted.—Highest grade; for cash. Gottdiener. Franklin 4138.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Will buy large quantity of tricotine and Poiret twills for cash; price must be reasonable; bring stock list and swatches. 1,270 Broadway, Room 618. Madison Square 9429.

TRICOTINES Wanted. — Wm. F. Read's, Forstmann & Huffmann's, Botany's, Garfield's tan tricotines; state price and quantity. R 176 Times.

VELVETEENS Wanted.—27-inch, twill back, black and brown only. Phone price, Mad. Square 3313.

VELVETEENS Wanted.—Open for close-out in velveteens and corduroys of all kinds; mail samples. Clejan, 640 Broadway.

VELOURS AND OXFORDS Wanted.—All wool. Chelsea 8290.

VENETIANS Wanted.—36-inch, in black and colors. Louis Livingston, 20 West 21st. Chelsea 5376.

## Offerings to Buyers

*50 Cents per agate line each insertion.*

BOLIVIA, Pom Pom, Silvertone, Velours, and Serges.—Below market price. Jefferson Worsted Mills, 440 4th Av.

BROADCLOTH.—F. & H. Columbia Botany 815, all colors; will sell cheap for cash. Forster. Stuyvesant 819.

BROADCLOTH, Velours, Kerseys.—Large assortment; off price. 118 West 27th, top floor.

BROADCLOTHS, Velours, Kerseys, % thibets, poplins, serges, all leading makes; quantities; cheap. Greeley 4376.

BROADCLOTH AND TRICOTINES.—Botany 315 black, Garfield 4718, Fall colors. Farragut 2616.

BROADCLOTH.—Madison & Stephen black, 8 pieces; reasonable. Farragut 4942.

BROADCLOTH and SERGES.—Wonderful values. Call Room 1003, 225 5th Av.

BUTTONS.—Broken lots, cheap. 151 West 26th St., 11th floor.

CELLULOID SHEET MATERIAL, all kinds, D. B. L. Products. Barclay 1007.

CHEVIOTS.—¾ Newhouse, Golden, Kennedy; also mercerised plushes, kerseys. Telephone 9810 Farragut.

CLOAKINGS.—¾ Thibets and meltons. Kaplan, 20 West 22d St. Gramercy 1515.

CLOTH.—Men's wear serges, velour, and poplin, reasonable for cash. 109 West 26th, 7th floor.

CLOAKS AND SUITS. — Notice to out-of-town buyers — Perelmuter, auctioneer, 11 Lispenard St., sells Friday new Fall models.

COATEES and Stoles.—Plush, beaver, kersami, and also fur effects; we are headquarters. Michael Bros., 115 West 29th St.

COATS AND SUITS.—Showing strongest line of our career this coming Fall season. Klar Bros., 36 West 20th.

COATS, SUITS. — Closing out all Spring goods; now at our new home. Talbot Co., 39-41 West 32d.

COATS.—Velours and Kersey, half and fully lined; exceptional style and values, for jobbers only. Glantz & Schreiber, 9 West 20th St.

COATS.—100 black and navy, 48-inch, silk taffeta coats to close out at a sacrifice. D. Rubin, 34 West 17th St.

COATS.—300 very fine lot of Spring coats, velours, serges, and poplin to close out. J. Lesser, 47 West 34th.

COATS AND SUITS.—100 new, high-grade, Fall models, to close out. J. Lesser, 47 West 34th.

COATS.—300 cotton plush, with beaver collar and cuffs, to close out very reasonably. Progress Garment Co., 1,133 Broadway.

COATS.—Close out of ladies' Spring coats, suits, and dresses. Williams-Belmont Co., 23 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

COATS.—1,000, all wool, velours, 6-14 years, $3.50. Nivel, 151 West 36th.

CORDUROY.—Fancy silk lining; plain silk and taffeta. Greeley 3142.

CORDUROYS.—Boyd's, 32 inches, rose and green. I. Arbus & Sons. Farragut 3334.

CORDUROYS.—36-inch, narrow and wide wale, white. Call Orchard 327.

COTTON CREPE.—2,000 yards of blue imported Jap cotton crepe at 27½c yard. Weinstein Dress Co., 38 West 32d. Madison Square 9695.

CREPE DE CHINE.—Juilliard 3480, 36 inches wide, 80 ticks, 92½c. Madison Square 9658.

CREPE DE CHINE.—Good quality, all shades. Madison Square 2540.

CREPE DE METEOR.—Eagle 851, all colors. Republic Novelty Works, 244 5th Av.

DELHI.—037, American taupe, burgundy, reindeer, poilu, pekin, navy, 165 pieces, cheap. Greeley 4376.

DRESSES.—400 taffetas on hand at a price, first-class assortment of large sizes in all materials always on hand. Princess Dress, 19 West 24th.

DRESSES.—500 voile, attractive styles, $2.85; ginghams, linens at sacrifice; call early to secure choice. Emanuel, 43 West 27th St.

DRESSES.—Wonderful value; taffetas, crepe de chines, ginghams, $3.75, $7.50; jobs to close out. Lodi Dress Institute, 31 West 26th.

DRESSES.—Georgettes, Anderson, gingham, voile; immediate delivery. Glockner, 40 West 27th St.

DRESSES.—1,000 taffeta, Georgette, and satin; snappy styles. Kirschner & Bosniak, 20 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Stout, white, colored, and plaid voile at half price. Stout Dress Co., 9 West 20th.

DRESSES.—100 taffeta, satin, and crepe to close out at a price. J. Lesser, 47 West 34th.

DRESSES.—Samples, at reductions. 15 East 20th, 5th floor.

DRESSES.—300 high-class wash dresses in jobs. Supreme Dress Co., 14 West 27th St.

DRESSES.—Silk and cotton foulards, at sacrifice. Queen, 149 West 36th.

FLAGS.—American flags to close out now at a reasonable price; 3-ft. flags made of cotton bunting, embroidered stars, sizes 3 ft. by 5 ft., 4 ft. by 6 ft., 5 ft. by 8 ft., 6 ft. by 10 ft. Address 20 West 20th St., 7th floor. Phone Chelsea 2290.

FLAGS.—900 wool bunting flags; large sizes. D. C. Humphreys, 609 Filbert St., Phila., Pa.

FLANNELS.—33-in. pajama flannel, 33c. per yard, net cash; 8 cases for immediate delivery F. O. B. Springfield, Mass. Address S. D. G. E., 15 Harrison Av., Springfield, Mass.

GABARDINES, all wool, black, very cheap; Bachman's cotton-warp serge, reasonable. Farragut 2924.

GABARDINE 4603, navy, black, taupe, rookie, burgundy, mouse, 100 pieces cheap. Greeley 4376.

GABARDINES.—Garfield 10074 serges and poplins below market price. Farragut 554.

GABARDINE.—Garfield 4606, all colors; will sell cheap for cash. Forster. Stuy. 819.

GEORGETTES, 40-inch, $1.15; all colors; immed. del. M. Marks Co., Mad. Sq. 9380.

GEORGETTE plush, white; close for cash. A. Orently, 7 West 22d St. 1600 Gramercy.

GINGHAMS in stock for immediate delivery, plaids, good assortment. Room 1514, 114- 5th Av.

HOSIERY.—We have wool, cotton, and fibre silk hosiery to offer at cheap prices. Globe-Exporters Exchange, (Worth 248,) 309 Broadway.

JERSEY.—Remnants; suitable for gloves, booties, underwear, overgaiters, or caps; cheap. Lefkowitz, 38 West 18th.

KERSEYS.—American 15020, green and navy, $4.10, net cash. Farragut 2616.

KHAKI KOOL, silk; Mallinson at sacrifice price, Chelsea 3110.

LINENS.—Damie and dress linens at reasonable prices. M. & J., 147 West 25th. Farragut 5072.

LINENS.—Natural linens and French piques to close out. Superior, 114 West 27th St.

MACHINES.—Union special, double needles; Singer buttonhole, Singer and Merrow overlock; bargain prices. W. K., 9 East 12th St.

MESSALINES, Eagles, 321 white and flesh, for immediate delivery, $1.05. Greeley 1397.

NEEDLES for Singer machine; stock immediate delivery. Phone 6534 Rector.

OVERALLS.—Ladies', Sweet-Orr khaki, cheap for cash; 22 dozen. Lenox 5561.

PANAMA.—Cotton warp, 54 inches, navy, 85c. Gramercy 881.

PEAU DE CYGNE.—Shepard checks, silver-blooms; will sell cheap. Chelsea 9423.

PIECE GOODS. — Burellas, Delhi cloth, serges, gabardines, and poplins at a sacrifice. Madison Square 5992.

PIECE GOODS, woolen ends, to close out; suitable for any purpose. Lefkowitz, 38 West 18th.

PIECE.—Five cases thirty-six inch narrow Voile, 37½c. Madison Square 6774.

PLUSH, Cotton, Timme, 54-inch, in all shades. Einhorn, 112 Madison Av. Madison Square 4152.

PLUSHES.—Raritan, beaver, and heavy kerseys. Farragut 5028.

POPLINS.—Silk, 40-inch, for cloak, suit, and skirt trade; all colors; immediate delivery. M. Marks Co., 9380 Mad Sq., 854 4th Av.

POPLINS.—American, taupe, brown, navy, and black, $2.82½ net cash. Call S. H. Cohen, 1,181 Broadway.

POPLIN.—Silk and wool, 40 inches; reasonable. Gramercy 1114.

POPLINS.—90010, navy, $2.87½; 707, $2.40; 104, $2.82½; 11433, 5850. Gramercy 845.

POPLINS for sale. Telephone Farragut 5678.

PUTTEE. — Wolfe improved spiral puttee; limited quantity at $25 dozen. Room 410, 280-4 West Broadway.

RADIUM TAFFETA.—40-in., all colors, $1.25; immediate del. M. Marks Co., 854 4th Av.

SATINS.—Stripes and plaids; immediate delivery. Republic Novelty Works, 244 5th Av.

SATIN.—Yarn dye construction, 36 inches wide; all colors. Republic Novelty Works, 244 5th Av.

SECO.—For sale, 40 pieces white, 28½ cents for cash or 10 days. Gramercy 8300.

SERGE, broadcloths, Velours. — $1,000,000 worth, fancies, plushes; original tickets; lowest prices in market; write for prices. Piece Goods Exchange, R. Smith & Co., Props., 20 East 23d St.

SERGES.—0936, 528, 519, 6234, U. S. 848, 4608, 764, 9056, 54289, 54292, 7120; also velours and broadcloths; will sell at reasonable prices on terms. M. Salmowitz & Co., 19 East 24th St. Madison Square 10027.

SERGES.—528, 504, 764, 3850, Selden; 1037, 7512, 1364, Newport serge, lightweight velour; original tickets; cash. Shapiro, M. Sq. 3564.

SERGES, velours, broadcloths, poplins, &c., to the cutting-up trade; all leading numbers. Evans Bros., 404 4th Av. Madison Square 292.

SERGES.—12 pieces American 6234, 8 pieces Amoskeag 7812, to cash buyer. Schneider, 1, 686 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn. East New York 148.

SERGE.—11438, 1464, 54289, 7120, 6120, 9056, 41-1, 9240, Amer. velours, cheap for cash. J. Blumenthal & Co., 221 4th Av. Stuyvesant 3828.

SERGE.—Navy, black, 11433, $2.85; navy, 54289, $2.70; 504, 838, navy, $3.10, net cash. Madison Square 4620, extension 8, 9 to 11.

SERGES.—780, 48 pieces, $2.70; 224, 84 pieces, $2; 787 and 774, 52 pieces, $2.40. L. Levy, 707 Arch St., Philadelphia.

SERGES.—A quantity lot of leading numbers at reasonable prices. Federal Woolen Mills, 786 Washington St., Boston, Mass.

## Offerings to Buyers

*50 Cents per agate line each insertion.*

SERGES.—54289, 54292, 528, 519, 3850, 6234, etc.; no telephone calls answered. Touraine Woolen Co., 44 East 23d, Room 309.

SERGES.—4040, 519, 104, 7120, 3850, 3678, F. S. G., 54280; also broadcloths; reasonable. Gramercy 1114.

SERGES.—Will sell reasonably 30 pieces 54289, 5 pieces 7120. Lehman, 2,477 Broadway.

SERGES.—54289, 99, 609, 54274, 925, 528, 519, 8060, others; quick action required. 116 West 29th, 8th floor.

SERGES.—American 6234 and 0936. Also Gera Mills 9050. Phone Mr. Paul, Mad. Square 8102.

SERGES.—American Burl, gabardines, tricolines, Delhi, Jersey, burella, poplins, silvertones, and other cloths. Greeley 3142.

SERGES.—0936, 838, 94, 774, 767, 0540, 4X, 81; Hillsboro, 1600, zibelines, cotton plush. Chelsea 6018.

SERGE.—Whitman, 1210, cotton warp, navy, single and double cuts. B. Leibel, 145 Greene St. Spring 3941.

SERGES.—1210, 3050, C. S. G., and C. S., immediate delivery, net 60 days. T. J. Gillen, Gramercy 6663, 315 4th Av.

SERGES.—54289 navy; will sell for the best cash price by manufacturer. 5th floor, 39 West 32d.

SERGES.—American 0936; reasonable. Stuyvesant 4130.

SERGES.—40 pieces navy serge 54289. Gramercy 718.

SERGES.—Forty pieces, 54289, all navy, $2.65 net cash. Gramercy 717.

SERGES.—4608, 99 Panamas Whitman, $2.80; poplin 774, cheap, cash. Mad. Sq. 9016.

SERGES.—11488 navy, 100 pieces, $2.95; 54292 navy, $2.90. Phone Franklin 3888.

SERGE 11438, $2.97½; 285, $3.25; 849, $2.95; 60 inches, 99, 93; terms. Gramercy 2066.

SERGE.—Andrew, 1464, navy and black, 50 pieces. Madison Square 7938.

SERGES.—519, 1464, 4632, all colors; will sell cheap for cash. Forster. Stuy. 819.

SERGES.—Close out for cash 11483, 1464, 104, 519. Madison Square 1520.

SERGES—54280, $2.70; 1210, 62½ cents; 4040, $1.87½; 6122, $2.40. Farragut 3525.

SERGES.—11438, navy; $3.00 net, 30 days. Madison Square 2540.

SERGE, 519 navy, 11433 navy. Phone Greeley 1397.

SERGES.—Large assortments, in all makes. Phone Hydol, 4254 Madison Square.

SERGES.—Juilliard, 54289, short lengths, 65 pieces. Eagle Textile Co., Farragut 2491.

SERGES.—Whitman 99, $2.95, net. Chelsea 6814.

SERGES.—3850, 100 pieces navy, 60 cents. Gramercy 5510.

SERGES.—54289, cheap. Gramercy 4205.

SERGES.—0936, 838; sponged; reasonable. Franklin 1856.

SERGES.—54280, 25 pieces, $2.67½, spot cash. Gramercy 5409.

SERGE.—American 0936, black and navy, $3.20 net cash. Madison Square 8444.

SERGES.—900 Garfield velours, heavy and light weight poplins. Gramercy 1074.

SERGES.—7120, sponged; reasonable price. Phone Mr. Frank, Spring 7796.

SERGES, WOOL.—Madison Square 5464.

SILK SKIRTS, $2.75 to close out, cheap, Nivel, 151 West 36th.

SILKS for outer wear, to close out. Madison Square 7950.

SILKS, WASH SATINS, and CREPES to close out. Keyport Silk Mills, 416 4th Av.

SKIRTS.—Ladies' white corduroy, white linen, and gabardine silk, poplin, serges, and fancy; close out at a price, cheap. American Children's Dress, 29 West Houston St.

SKIRTS.—1,000 all-wool American poplins, $3.25, in quantities. Ford, 149 West 36th.

SKIRTS, discarded wool samples, to close at large reduction. Ford, 149 West 36th.

SUITS and COATS.—Attractive styles and prices; closing out; real good value; "our slogan," no camouflage. Shapiro & Davis, 29-33 West 35th. We are closed on Saturdays.

SUITS.—Taffetta, pongee, and Regalia, newest styles, to close out at greatly reduced prices. Louis L. Ginsberg Co., 28 West 27th.

SUITS AND COATS of the better grade for Fall, ready for inspection. Gittelson & Steinhaus, 19 West 34th.

SUITS.—100 velvet sleeveless coats 50. L. Baumann & Co., 12 East 32d.

SUITS.—75 fine taffetas to close out at a low price. J. Lesser, 47 West 34th.

SUITS to close out. W. Phillips & Co., 145 West 28th St.

TALCUM PRODUCTS, standard oval, assorted odors; 4 cents per can; large assortment. Herman Chemical Co., 230 Adams St., Brooklyn.

TAFFETA.—All colors; immediate delivery. Republic Novelty Works, 244 5th Av.

TRICOTINES, all shades. Call or phone Branson Bros., 48 West 25th St. Farragut 6264.

TRICOTINES.—Fine quality tricotines, 16 pieces navy, 1 piece reindeer, 1 piece taupe. Plaza 7406.

VELVETEENS.—5 yards to 20 yards, black and colors; 32 to 36 inches, about 10,000 yards. Call Orchard 327.

VELOUR.—Saxonia 9054, heavyweight; Botany 5861; poiret twill, 5 pieces black; Panama, 100 pieces navy, $1.15; net cash. Farragut 254.

VELOURS. — American Woolen Co., 11050, 544, 13040. Gottlieb & Laikind, 38 West 21st St.

VELOUR DU NORD.—Blumenthal's; sacrifice for cash now; you will save $1 a yard. Phone now Chelsea 2295.

VELOUR.—Fifty-four-inch cotton warp and three-quarter width; also mercerized three-inch strips and millinery plush. Chelsea 6018.

VELOURS. — Close out Fall shades; 0360 American, also Silvertones. Madison Square 1520.

VELOURS.—American 0360, Fall shades; also serges, American and Gera Mills. Phone Mr. Paul, Madison Square 8102.

VELOURS.—Heavyweight, $3.60; lightweight, $3.10; broadcloth, serges cheap. Puritan Woolens, 1,123 Broadway.

VELOURS.—High grade, 13 to 15 ounces, all shades, for $4.85 net cash. P. O. Box 14, Bowne St. Station, Boston, Mass.

VELOUR.—To close out, 300 yards plaid wool velour. Lehman, 2,477 Broadway.

VELOURS. — K544 and other makes; very reasonable. Farragut 2924.

VELOURS.—6 quarters all wool, $3.75. Madison Square 1557.

VELOUR AND BROADCLOTH.—Fall bargain. Call in person, Elias, 7 West 3d St.

VELOUR, ¾ Melton thibet, heavy and lightweight. Stuyvesant 7359.

VOILE.—For sale, 5 cases white, good quality, at 21½ cents, cash basis. Gramercy 8360.

VOILE.—White, colored, and plaid to close out. Stout Dress Co., 9 West 20th.

WASH DRESSES, 5,000 ginghams and voile, to close out in quantities only; jobbers and department stores. Queen, 149 West 36th.

WASH SATINS, 36-in., ivory, flesh, $1.07½; immed. del. M. Marks Co., Mad. Sq. 9380.

WASH SKIRTS, immediate delivery, $9-$36 per dozen. Nivel, 151 West 36th.

WASH SKIRTS from $9 to $24 a dozen. Fishman & Bros., 12 West 17th St.

### Contracts Offered.

SKIRTS.—Contractors with own samples who can make first-class work with own material or material furnished. Call at once with samples. Hogg, 868 6th Av.

DRESS CONTRACTORS.—To those that have serge we can place large orders on a style that is selling in the thousands. E 70 Times.

### Help Wanted.

SALESMAN.—Representative man covering Canada to handle novelty lines sparts, take coatees in pile fabric and fur effect; must be good man and have outlet for whole Canada; 7½ per cent. commission. P 182 Times.

PRACTICAL MAN on canvas gloves by established concern; attractive proposition to one understanding manufacturing end from A to Z. Phone for interview Spring 3529.

SALESMAN wanted with established trade to sell line of ladies' and misses' coats from $18.50 to $50; on strictly commission basis. R 170 Times.

SALESLADY, first class, for gown and suit shop; only those with exceptional ability to sell need apply. Herman Husch, 48 E. 34th.

### Situations Wanted.

SALESMAN with established trade wants line, coats, suits, dresses; exclusive representation Middle West; commission basis. H 167 Times.

### COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday .....6 p. c. for the best names
Wednesday .....6 " " " "
The quotations are for six months' paper.

### Raw Silk Prices Are Firm.

Recent cables from Yokohama report the raw silk market there to be well sustained at the prices reached in the recent decline, which was sharp, and similar situations as to steadiness are reported from the other leading markets. A fairly good demand has been evident for Japanese raws at the prices touched in the decline, and visible supplies are now estimated at 9,500 bales. The Canton market reports a moderate demand from this country, with European buying less active than it was. New steam filatures have been active at Shanghai, at slightly revised prices. Tussahs are in renewed demand. The best old tsatlees there are gone, and the new ones are offered at prices rather above the parity of the local market. Milan reports nothing new. Locally some contracts running to the end of the year are told of. Spot sales also are larger as a result of the drop in Japanese silks.

### Argentina Wants Phonographs.

The demand for phonographs in Argentina is reported by local exporters to be very active. Though many high-priced instruments are wanted, the bulk of the trade seems to be in those lines made to retail for from $5 to $10 each. Business of the latter kind is said to have increased materially during the last few years since communication with Germany was cut. It is said also that the American machines are gaining such a solid hold on the market in that country that the probabilities are they will hold the trade they have gained, even after Germany is again able to enter the South American field.

### The Paper Market.

Buying in the local paper market is continuing on a large scale, according to reports from authorities in this trade. Prices are holding firm at about the high levels established several weeks ago. Bond paper is selling around 12 cents a pound, and Manila wrapping rules between 6 and 6¼ cents a pound. While there are some mills which will accept orders at present prices, many are still insisting on orders being placed subject to price at time of shipment. Few of them, however, are in a position to accept much more business for delivery sooner than from two to four months hence.

### They Are Making Money Easily.

Commenting yesterday on the numerous offerings of serges contained in the "Offerings to Buyers" section of the Buyers' Wants in THE TIMES lately, a local manufacturer said that this was visible proof that many concerns were endeavoring to turn an extra penny by buying up odd lots of serges and other staple woolen dress fabrics and selling them over the counter. He knew personally of a case, he said, in which a certain other manufacturer had one day sold a portion of his serge holdings to a buyer at 80 cents a yard more than he paid for them. The next day the same buyer returned and bought a larger lot, of a somewhat better quality, at an advance of $1 a yard over the original price. In each case the buyer virtually fought for the goods, which; it is expected, he will try to sell to some one else at still higher prices later in the year.

### Bay Rum Supplies Low.

Importers in this city of West Indian bay rum are said to be experiencing considerable difficulty in getting their supplies to this country due to the fact that shipments of rum from the West Indies are taking up practically all of the available tonnage. Stocks of bay rum on hand are said to be very near the vanishing point. Demand is reported to have been very active for some time, and the market is strong with a tendency toward higher prices. Present quotations range from $3.55 to $3.65 a gallon as compared with $3.25 to $3.35 ten days or two weeks ago. But even these new high prices seem to have failed to bring out any large quantity offerings.

### Clothing Sales Bulk Large.

Salesmen who are now returning from their Fall trips, especially those representing the larger manufacturers of men's overcoats and suits, tell of the biggest advance business they have ever done from a dollars and cents point of view. In some cases it is also asserted that the actual sales were larger, and at least one large concern is known to have written as much advance business for the coming season alone as it wrote during all of last year. Reports from the smaller manufacturers are much less rosy, quite the reverse, it is said, to the fact that the retailer have been so thoroughly imbued with the idea of a fabric shortage that they will buy merchandise only from houses that can guarantee full deliveries. Many of the smaller clothiers, unable to do this, are said to be hard put for business.

### Sees Big Summer Hat Business.

The biggest Summer hat season that has been seen in this country in years is predicted for June and July by a well-known member of the millinery trade, and he holds the trimmed hat responsible for it in a very large way. Women of all classes, he said yesterday, are becoming more and more individual in their dress, and they are finding that one of the easiest things in which to be distinctive is in their hats. The result is apparent in the sales of trimmings, especially flowers and feathers. One jobber of these goods recently has done business in them that shows a daily gain of 50 to 100 per cent. over the corresponding days of last year. A view favoring trimmed hats is that their garishness, if it is not overdone, lends a cheerful note that is valuable during war times. Another thing, which is cited as a reason why women are going to buy more hats this year than usual, is that millinery has advanced, relatively, less than any other kind of wearing apparel.

### Now Comes the Semi-Made Suit.

The semi-made suit has made its appearance. Some of the first ones seen here consisted of an unfinished jacket and skirt of novelty crepe, as well as of braided and embroidered ratine, and could be retailed at about $12 and $15. They resembled, according to the bulletin of the National Garment Retailers' Association, the Russian blouse dress, except that the jacket, which is unlined, could be worn separately. The skirt was simply a length of the material, which had only to be seamed and sewed on a belting before being worn. The jacket had the sleeves and collar already sewed on, but had to have the seams finished off and the seam binding adjusted. The buttons, cuffs, and belt were already on. It is expected to do very well.

### Gray Goods Still Lag.

There was again little snap evident in trading in the local gray goods market yesterday. Additional sales of 38½-inch 64-60s were reported at 18½ cents for June and July shipment, with a growing disposition on the part of mills to hold these goods at 19 cents and to ask 19¼ to 19½ cents for real spots. For June-July lots of 38½-inch 60-48s 16 cents was again paid, but aside from this there was not much of interest told of. In the sheetings, buyers were reported to be bidding, without success, 15½ cents for July-August deliveries of 5.70 sheetings. The mills, however, were said to be asking 15¾ cents for those months and 16 cents for any delivery this side of July, the goods being very scarce for nearby shipments. Closing prices on spot print-cloths were:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 39-inch, 80-80s | 25c | 38½-inch, 64-60s | 19c |
| 39-inch, 72-76s | 22½c | 38½-inch, 64-56s | 18c |
| 39-inch, 68-72s | 20½c | 38½-inch, 60-52s | 16½c |
| 39-inch, 56-44s | 15c | 38½-inch, 60-48s | 16c |
| 38½-inch, 64-64s | 19¼c | 27-inch, 64-60s | 13¾c |

### Which One Was Right?

"The opinions of buyers sometimes differ very radically," said a local manufacturer of women's coats and suits. Yesterday morning I was showing an old customer one of our early suits for next Fall. I shan't tell you what he said about it, but it was not flattering, rather felt discouraged because I knew this man's judgment to be good. In the afternoon another of our old customers came in in whose judgment I have equal confidence. When he saw this same suit he raved about it and placed a very substantial order. Now, which one was right?"

### BUSINESS NOTES.

I. Friend, who has for a number of years been manager of the local office of the Boston Store of Chicago, at 44 East Twenty-third Street, has been made merchandise manager of that store. His successor as head of the local office had not been decided on up to yesterday, according to inquiries made there.

The Mohr Garment Company of St. Louis, makers of children's dresses, has opened a local office in Room 710 of the Wilson Building, 1,270 Broadway. It is in charge of Fred White.

J. P. Slater & Co., makers of coats and suits, have taken new quarters in the building at 11 West Thirty-second Street.

## ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

BALTIMORE—M. Stein & Co.; M. Stein, mfrs. clothing; Imperial.
BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.; Mrs. M. Lannon, waists, muslin underwear, negligees, infants' wear; 2 West 37th.
BALTIMORE—Miss M. Campbell, laces; Holland House.
BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; G. Freundlich, jewelry, watches, clocks, optical goods; 354 4th Av.
BALTIMORE—Greenberg & I. Greenberg, silk and cotton dresses; 37 West 26th.
BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—Pisits D. G. Co.; L. Pisits, dry goods; 3 West 20th.
BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—Markstein Millinery Co.; D. Y. Markstein, millinery flowers, untrimmed hats; 884 Broadway.
BOSTON—E. T. Slattery Co.; Miss F. R. Schlager, gowns; 23 West 33d.
BOSTON—J. Reiner, jobs children's, juniors' white, colored dresses; 54 West 21st.
BOSTON—E. T. Slattery Co.; Miss F. A. Hahn, Miss Casey, waists; 25 West 33d.
BOSTON—Queen Cloak Co.; T. Berman, cloaks, suits; Broadway Central.
BOSTON—Tim Sheehan Skirt Co.; E. Friedman, mfrs. skirts; Latham.
BOSTON—Sudbury Mfg. Co.; M. Lewis, mfrs. waists; Long Acre.
BOSTON—W. Filene's Sons Co.; Miss B. Thulin, ruffings; Miss L. Whitbeck, misses' dresses, cretonnes; 116 West 32d.
BRIDGEPORT—Dorsen D. G. Co.; H. Bach, domestics, linens, curtains, upholstery goods, art embroideries, blankets, comfortables; Miss Murphy, muslin underwear, infants' wear, dressing sacques, bungalow aprons; Room 723, 1,133 Broadway.
BRISTOL, Tenn.—Cox Hat Co.; W. H. Cox, hats; Imperial.
BUFFALO, N. Y.—Wm. Hengerer Co.; Miss D. Scholl, hosiery, merino underwear, knit goods, gloves; 2 West 37th.
BUFFALO, N. Y.—William Hengerer Co.; D. Scholl, hosiery, merino underwear, knit goods, gloves; 2 West 37th.
CHICAGO—Sears, Roebuck & Co.; A. Strauss, women's misses' suits; 115 5th Av.
CHICAGO—Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co.; J. C. Rogers, furs; 404 4th Av.
CHICAGO—Hillman's; H. Gartinkle, corsets, brassieres, accessories; 404 4th Av.
CHICAGO—Sachs & Sons; Sachs, Mr. Levee, ready-to-wear; 1,133 Broadway.
CHICAGO—Sears Roebuck & Co.; W. Shenton, sporting goods; 115 5th Av.
CHICAGO—Chicago Clothing Co.; F. D. Smith, clothing, furn

# REAL ESTATE FIELD

In addition to the announcement of the selection of a site for the proposed Hotel Commonwealth, to comprise the block bounded by Broadway, Fifty-fifth Street, Seventh Avenue and Fifty-sixth Street, interest in the real estate market yesterday centred upon the sale of a West Thirteenth Street commercial building to an investor.

The Dimick estate sold to a client of L. B. Wakeman, the eleven-story mercantile building at 8 to 10 West Thirteenth Street, covering a plot 40 by 103.3, adjoining the southwest corner of Fifth Avenue. The property has been held at $200,000.

**Investors Buying Tenements.**

James H. Cruikshank has sold to an investor, the two five-story single flats at 6 and 8 Bradhurst Avenue, between 142d and 143rd Streets, on a plot 45.5 by 55.

James P. Eadie and John B. Robinson sold to Lena Weissberg, 210 West Sixty-second Street, a five-story tenement, on a lot 25 by 100.5.

The 40 Avenue B. Corporation, Herman Frankel, President, sold 40 Avenue B, a five-story tenement, on a lot 24 by 80, adjoining the northwest corner of Third Street.

**The Private Dwelling Market.**

Catherine Gallagher sold to Gertrude S. Davis, 206 West 142d Street, a three-story dwelling on a lot 16.9 by 99.11.

Harry Sugarman sold for Gertrude Rubin, 36 West 120th Street, a three-story and basement dwelling on a lot 18.4 by 100.11, facing Mount Morris Park.

**Buying in the Bronx.**

J. Clarence Davies sold for Catherine C. Giles the vacant plot, 26 by 114, on the north side of Giles Place, about 200 feet west of Sedgwick Avenue. The purchaser is M. S. Eyler, owner of the property adjoining on the south.

John C. Mead sold to a client of Kurz & Uren, the two three-story two-family dwellings at 2,872 and 2,890 Bailey Avenue, each on a lot 25 by 101, between 229th and 230th Streets.

Elise B. McNutt sold to the De Forest Telephone and Telegraph Company a lot 25 by 95 on the west side of Sedgwick Avenue, 100 feet south of 171st Street.

Frederick Brown resold to Joseph Thomas the four-story flat, 45 by 100, at the northwest corner of Anthony Avenue and 175th Street.

Joseph de Stefano purchased from G. Boncia, 1,050 Stebbins Avenue, a two-story frame on a lot 25 by 145.10.

**Brooklyn.**

The Mechanics' National Bank sold to an investing client of E. J. Hollahan, the two-story two-family house at 157 Bay Ridge Avenue.

Tutino & Cerny sold for Thomas P. Hayes to Mrs. Matilda Johnson, for occupancy, the two-story brownstone dwelling at 441 Fifty-first Street.

**Queens Borough Sales.**

The St. Albans Heights Realty Company sold to J. H. Boeschen a plot 100 by 240 feet on the west side of Decatur Street 150 feet north of St. Mark's Avenue, St. Albans.

The Thrift sold to T. F. Woods the dwelling and plot 40 by 100 feet on the southeast corner of Delaware Street and Murray Street, Flushing.

The Bond and Mortgage Guarantee Company sold to the Julius Strauss Realty Corporation the plot 125 by 178 feet on the northeast corner of Ocean Avenue and Meredith Avenue, Arverne.

The Harnden Realty Corporation sold to N. H. White a plot 70 by 151 feet on the east side of Ninth Street 125 feet south of Lawrence Boulevard, Bayside.

**Long Island.**

The John M. Clark estate, on Spinney Hill, Great Neck, Long Island, has been sold through Baker Crowell, Inc., and C. Smith Stanton. The estate comprises 52½ acres, with over one-half mile road frontage on the North Hempstead Turnpike, and adjoins the properties of W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr., and Payne Whitney. The buyer, who is an investor, is reported to have paid $125,000 for the property.

J. E. Breuer sold the Ella S. Wilkenson property in Great Neck Hills to C. E. Harty, who was represented by I. T. McKnight. The same broker also sold for Sarah E. Evans her property at the corner of Linden and Seventh Streets to John C. Sahm.

**Westchester County.**

The Robert E. Farley organization sold for the estates of Pappas Zee two plots on Farrington Avenue, in the Philipse Manor section of Tarrytown, N. Y., to J. Bauman of Maspeth, L. I.

The Red Roof Realty Company has sold, at Mount Vernon, to John C. Wallace Company nineteen lots on the west side of South Seventh Avenue, north of the Kingsbridge Road, Mount Vernon, upon which are erected eight new one and two-family houses; also sold to the Mount Vernon Homes, Inc., twenty-one lots on the east side of South Seventh Avenue, near Kingsbridge Road, upon which they will erect ten seven-room houses, with garages, and to A. Mitchel, for occupancy, a new seven-room house with garage, at 669 South Seventh Avenue.

**New Jersey.**

Pearl L. Bergoff sold 29, 33, and 37 Seaview Avenue, Jersey City, three one-family dwellings, to Conrad W. Stier, Louis A. Heichelheim, and Lewis H. O'Donnell.

City Collector James Ratigan of Jersey City bought the two-story frame dwelling, 25 by 125, at 619 Pavonia Avenue, Jersey City, from Charles Heywood.

Charles Hershenstein bought, from Mrs. Catharine Bergen, 308 Arlington Avenue, Jersey City, a dwelling on a plot 20 by 102.

E. Heller & Bros., Inc., purchased as the site for improvement with a four-story brick factory building, which is to cost $70,000, a plot 100 by 98 at the northwest corner of the Boulevard and Lincoln Street, in the Hudson City section of Jersey City.

**Commercial Leases.**

The Duross Company leased for the Charles H. Van Aken Company the garage 3 Vandam Street, corner of Thompson Street, to Camica Brothers, for a term of years.

Charles B. Walker leased to the Wheelwright Paper Company of Boston the store and basement at 174 Wooster Street, for M. Hayes et al.

White-Goodman leased the store and basement at 33 to 37 East Thirteenth Street to Abraham Abramson.

**Active in Red Cross Campaign.**

The Real Estate Board of New York is now in the midst of its drive for the American Red Cross. In the few days allotted to this campaign the committee has set $50,000 as its mark. The board intends to make a canvass of the principals and employes in real estate offices and in buildings in charge of agents. The committee chairman is William L. De Bost, and Francis Bancroft is Vice Chairman. Working with them are two Divisional Chairmen. W. M. Shackford is Divisional Chairman for the canvass of buildings and Francis Guerrilch for the canvass of real estate offices.

Mr. Guerrilch's committee consists of F. M. Perry, William S. Dennison, T. Foster Gaines, L. P. Wood, J. L. Tonnele, Jr., H. G. Derby, Hugh H. Rainey, F. G. Sherrill, C. B. Best, Guy P. Murray, Fred Stuart, Edward M. Livingston, W. G. Steinkampp, George C. Ponter, Benjamin Strydecal, W. C. Speers and E. Bert Brady.

Mr. Shackford's committee includes Frank Lord, A. C. Mitchell, Chester Byrnes, J. S. Maxwell, W. C. Lusher, A. E. Ashley, W. H. Class, R. D. Whiting, H. A. Frey, J. Irving Walsh, W. S. Badelsheimer, C. Schliess, C. Edwin Pittel, J. W. Hahner, C. F. Coley and E. C. Ohl.

## RESULTS AT AUCTION.

By Bryan L. Kennelly.

**Arden St**, 16, w s, 169.6 ft n of Nagle Av, 40x180, five-story brick tenement; Cora B. Rutherford against Brown Bros., Inc., et al.; Clarence A. Sparks, attorney; William H. Ford, referee; due, $39,456.43; taxes, &c., $648.40; adjourned to June 3.

**Arden St**, 12, w s, 136.6 ft n of Nagle Av, 40x180, five-story brick tenement; Cora B. Rutherford against Brown Bros., Inc., et al.; Clarence A. Sparks, attorney; William H. Ford, referee; due, $39,457; taxes, &c., $648.40; adjourned to June 3.

By Samuel Marx.

**Stuyvesant St**, 33, n s, 94.10 ft w of 10th St, 32x16x irregular, five-story brick tenement; also, Stuyvesant Av., 35, n s, 62.10 ft w of 10th St., 32x16; five-story tenement; also, 10th St., 126 East, s s, 301.4 ft e of 3d Av., 23x87.7.x irregular; Annie R. Greenberg against Charlotte S. Istel et al.; Kurzman & Frank, attorneys; William Allen, referee; partition; to Samuel H. Stone for $25,000.

By Joseph P. Day.

**108th St.**, East, 302-4, s s, 100 ft e of 2d Av., 39.3x125; six-story tenement and stores; George E. Chisholm et al., trustees, &c., against Winifred A. Fletcher et al.; Stewart & Shearer, attorneys; Lucille Pugh, referee; due, $31,237.46; taxes, &c., $1,845.20; to the plaintiff for $30,000.

By J. Clarence Davies.

**14th St**, 501 ft w of 10th Av., 61x71; 15th St., 500-12, and 11th Av., whole block, 79.8x206.6 x159.5x221.4; two-story tenement and stores, two-story stables, and vacant; Margaret L. Aldrich et al. against Winthrop A. Chanler et al.; Morris & McVey, attorneys; Charles F. Brown, referee; partition; to certain parties in interest for $100,000.

## THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

**Alterations.**

Items under $5,000 omitted.

11th St, 18 and 19 East, to a seven and nine story hotel; Prudential Traders' Co., 90 West St., owner; I. N. P. Stokes, 100 William St., architect; cost, $5,000.

Tinton Av, 883, to a two-story brick garage, 27x100; Charles Hiawatsch, owner; William Koppe, 830 Westchester Av., architect; cost, $5,000.

## REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

THURSDAY, MAY 23.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

**Manhattan.**

AVENUE B, n w s, Lot 109, part of Leandert farm; 40 Avenue B Corporation to Sam Berkowitz, 29 Avenue B, mtg $26,500, all liens, May 23; attorney, Moses Goodman, 287 Broadway.

BROADWAY, n e corner Reade St, 60.1x180.1 to Manhattan Place x59.8x180.1; George Douglass et al., trustees, to Robert D. and Benjamin Douglass, Jr., Orange, N. J.; William A. Douglass, Oak Park, Ill.; Lucy J. Dun, Catonsville, Md.; Jane J. Cook, 1,001 St. Paul St, Baltimore, Md., and Lucy J. Wilson, 1,808 K St, Washington, D. C., 1-10 part, July 1, 1912; attorneys, Douglas & M., 290 Broadway ..$1

BROADWAY, 650, e s, 116.3 ft s of Bond St, 29x130 to w s of cross lane or alley; Henry W. Berg to Bergen Corporation, 10 East 73d St, mtg $30,000, all liens, May 22; attorney, Jacob Landy, 42 Broadway.....$1,500

CHERRY ST, 140, n s, 289.10 ft e of Catherine St, 108.6 x 24.0 x irregular; Caspar Trumpy et al., heirs of Benjamin F. Trumpy, to Augustus E. Kissam, Salem Centre, N. Y., and Philip H. Many, 131 Park St, Westfield, N. J., executors, &c., mtg $25,500, March 7; attorneys, King & Smith, 32 Liberty St .....$1

COLUMBUS AV, n w corner of 79th St, 112.2 x120.11x102.2x117.9; Edw. C. Van Derlip to Jas. T. Romaine, 290 West End Av., mtg $160,000, all liens, Jan. 9, 1914.....$1

READE ST, 32, n s, 25 ft e of Manhattan Place, 20x39.7; Reade St, 34, n e corner Manhattan Place, 25x78.1 to s s Manhattan Place x25.8x78.5; George Douglass et al., trustees, to Robert D. and Benjamin Douglass, Jr., at Orange, N. J., et al., 1-10 part; attorneys, Douglas & Minton, 290 Broadway .....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Lena Messenkopf to John P. Messenkopf, 782 Home St, mtg $16,000, May 22; attorney, same.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; John P. Messenkopf to Philipp, 782 Home St, mtg $16,000, May 22; attorney, same .....$1

159TH ST, 467 East, n s, 16.11x102x23.6x100; George Graff, Jr., to George Lodes, 360 East 140th St., May 11; attorney, Carrie Graff, 467 East 159th St.; $1

SAME PROPERTY; George Lodes to George Graff, Jr., 467 East 159th St., May 11; attorney, same.....$1

241ST ST, s s, 150 ft e of Martha Av, runs s 100x e 15 to centre line of creek x n e - s n w to the beginning; Joseph Feldmann to Bank of Europe, 1,429 1st Av., March 16; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$1

**RECORDED MORTGAGES.**

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

**Manhattan.**

BROADWAY, 650, e s, 16.3 ft s of Bond St, 29x130 to cross lane or alley, P. M., May 22; the Bergen Corp. to Hy. W. Berg, 245 East 7th St, 1 year, 6 p. c., prior mtg $30,000; attorney, Jacob Landy, 42 Broadway, $41,000

10TH ST, 116 East, s s, 211.4 ft e of 3d Av, 18x50.6, May 23; Robert W. Schobel to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, due and interest as per bond.....$2,000

11TH AV, n e corner 54th St, 225x100.5x irregular, B. L., May 22; 233 West 25th Street Co. to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, 3 years, 6 p. c. until final advance, and then 5½ p. c.....$75,000

19TH ST, 334 West, s s, 23.5x92, P. M., May 22; Frederic Poffat to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, due and int. as per bond.....$7,000

SAME PROPERTY; P. M., May 22; same to Ethel B. Angell, Carnegie Hall, 57th St. and 7th Av., due Sept. 16, 1918, 6 p. c., prior mtg $7,000; attorneys, Humphreys & Sumner, Paterson, N. J.....$1,000

22D ST, 322 West, s s, 25x98.6, P. M., May 22; Julia S. Wallberg to Nathan M. Eisenberg, 500 West 175th St, 5 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 185 Broadway.....$10,000

38TH ST, n s, 131.3 ft e of 3d Av, 18.9x98.9, Aug. 3, 1908; Elizabeth Neumann to Theresa and Emma Drissel, 28 West 89th St, due and interest as per bond; attorneys, Deyo & R., 111 Broadway.....$7,500

62D ST, 210 West, s s, 175 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 25x100.5, P. M., March 18; Lena Weissberg to John B. Robinson, 89 Boulevard Hausmann, Paris, France, and another, due May 22, 1924, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway .....$10,000

131ST ST, 327-29 West, leasehold, April 29; Midwood Auto Service to Margaret G. O'Connel, 65 Mayflower Av, New Rochelle, N. Y., due March 23, 1928, 6 p. c.; attorney, John J. O'Grady, 277 Broadway.....$6,000

143D ST, n s, 260 ft e of Lenox Av, 100x 99.11, May 21; Non-Column Garage Co. to Thomas J. Johnson, 10 Montgomery Place, Brooklyn, 5 years, 6 p. c., prior mtg $10,000; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$12,500

146TH ST, 163-65 West, n s, 100 ft e of 7th Av, 40x99.11, P. M., May 23; Nellie and William Reilly to Samuel Luria, 1,110 2d Av, due Jan. 1, 1921, 6 p. c., prior mtg $42,000; attorney, Julius Miller, 291 Chambers St.....$4,000

146TH ST, n s, 100 ft w of St. Nicholas Av, 25x74.11, May 22; Emil Schwoerer to Helene Riehl, 116 10th Av, Belmar, N. J., demand, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Phillips & Avery, 41 Park Row .....$693.43

**Bronx.**

ANDERSON AV, w s, 200 ft s of 164th, 37.6x100; Nina H. Petrie and another, trustee, to Home for the Aged at Hudson, N. Y.; attorneys, Ver Planck & P., 149 Broadway .....$1,000

BAILEY AV, 3,430, e s, 50x77.3x48.3x65.9; Michael P. Knowles to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, May 23, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1,000

BLACKROCK AV, n e corner of Castlehill Av, 105x85; Frank Gass to Martin Stepper, 2,248 Powell Av; attorney, Martin Stepper, 2,248 Powell Av.....$1,000

CLAY AV, e s, 34.6 ft. s of 163th St, 32x 80; American Mortgage Co. to John M. Bowers, 45 East 65th St; attorneys, Middlebrook & B., 46 Cedar St.....$21,014.58

EAGLE AV, 703; Amelia M. Christie to Charles Hecker, 408 East Tremont Av; attorney, John Davis, 68 William St..$5,000

HULL AV, w s, 111.7 ft n of 207th St, 50x100; Annie Klingenschmitt to Frederick A. Klingenschmitt, 1,550 St. Nicholas Av; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway .....$1

LOTS 22 and 23, map 116 lots, in partition, Woolf vs. Woolf; James R. Deering to Eugene T. Woolf, at Woolf's Inn, Chappaqua, N. Y.; attorney, J. R. Deering, 135 Broadway .....$2,892.50

LOTS 437, 438, and 470, map of Haight estate; George Schemehl and another to Andrew Tilden, 2,062 Crotona Av (additional mtg.,) May 17, due as per bond; attorney, W. T. Matthies, 506 East 175th St...$5,000

OGDEN AV, w s, 190 ft. n of 165th St, 50x 190 to Summit Av; Nina H. Petrie and another, trustees, to Home for the Aged, Hudson, N. Y.; attorneys, Ver Planck & P., 149 Broadway .....$5,000

PERRY AV, w s, 85 ft s of Mosholu Parkway, 81.3x120; New York Title and Mortgage Co. to Bertha Goldschmid, 1,368 Brook Av; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway.....$2,000

PROSPECT AV, n w corner of 166th St, 40x100; Anna A. Bradford, trustee, to New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway.....$40,000

WEST HALF GORE LOT G-12 on map Wakefield; Thomas Foy to Josephine Dunn, 233 East 55th St; attorney, Grant Squires, 209 Broadway .....$3,000

140TH ST, 618 East; Malex Realty Co. to Jacob Rosenthal, 530 West End Av; attorneys, Marks & M., 61 Park Row....$100

220TH ST, 826 East; New York Title and Mortgage Co. to Henrietta Fibel, 1,871 7th Av, and another; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway.....$2,500

**ASSIGNMENTS OF MORTGAGES.**

**Manhattan.**

ST. MARK'S PLACE, 118; 2d Av. w s, 42.8 ft s of 7th St; 137th St, 110-112 West; Halene Heydt to Herman A. Heydt, 301 West 91st St, and another; attorneys, H. A. & C. E. Heydt, 2 Rector St; total of mtgs $67,500, 3 assignments, each.....$1

ST. NICHOLAS AV, n e corner of 175th St, ½ of mtg $70,000; David Zipkstr to Emanuel Arnstein, 600 West End Av, and another; attorneys, Arnstein & L., 128 Broadway .....$35,000

3D AV, 1,999, mtg $9,000; Fernciiffe Realty Co. to Regina Hyman, 12 North Wavecrest Av, Arverne, L. I.; attorneys, Strasbourger & S., 74 Broadway .....$1

8TH AV, s w corner of 147th St, mtg $35,000; Julius J. Dukas, trustee in bankruptcy of Harry and Louis Jarmulowsky, individ., and S. Jarmulowsky, bankrupts, to Simon Shapiro, 720 Riverside Drive, and another; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway .....$6,712

14TH ST, 231 West, mtg $12,000; Amsterdam Av, 1,421, mtg $27,000; Anna M. Warren, trustee and ex'r; Susan H. Geismer to F. W. Guantlett, Fishkill, N. J., and Anna M. Warren, 326 West 89th St., individ.; attorneys, Miller & B., 53 Liberty St, 2 assignments, each.....$1

51ST ST, 247 East, mtg $3,000; Julius Mantner et al., ex'rs, &c., to Eugene Reilly, 533 Lexington Av; attorney, Philip Reilly, 533 Lexington Av.....$1

**RECORDED LEASES.**

With name and address of lessee.

**Manhattan.**

AVENUE A, 43; 3d St, 143 East, 2 buildings, all; Adelina Glaser et al., heirs of George Arend of West Hoboken, N. J., to Morris and Philip Wildfeuer, 89 Avenue B, 5 years from May 1, 1918; attorney, Jacob Marx, 10 Wall St.....$4,140

LENOX AV, 475, s store and rooms; United Leasing Corp. to Louis Dreasen, on the premises, 5 years from May 1, 1918; attorney, Jacob M. Friedman, 309 Broadway.....$1,209

PARK ROW, 97, s and rear half of cellar; Joseph Mazzeo to Philip M. Kleinfeld, 1,338 52d St., Brooklyn, 4 years from May 1, 1920; address, P. M. Kleinfeld, 97 Park Row..$3,000

WEST ST, 348, s s, 25 ft w of Bank; Bonbury G. Langdon Co. to Lena and Samuel Miller, 348 West St, 5 years from May 1, 1918; address S. Miller, 348 West St.....$2,400

7TH ST, 200 and 211 East; all; William L. Juhring to Morris Schutzer, 148 Norfolk St, 5 years from May 1, 1918; attorney, George W. Simpson, 51 Chambers St.....$4,800

7TH ST, 200 and 211 East, surrender of lease dated May 28, 1914; from Irving Trust; William L. Juhring, 56 Hudson St, May 17; attorney, same .....$1

**Bronx.**

CROTONA AV, 2,386, apartment on top floor; Giovanni Cacessi to Salvatore Mayletta, 2,386 Crotona Av, 5 years, from June 1, 1918; attorney, Arthur Bell, 391 East 149th St.....$360

WHITE PLAINS ROAD, 3,509, n e corner of Gun Hill Road; Ida B. McTurck to Nicholas Illich, 715 Tilden St, 5 years, from May 1, 1918; attorney, Nicholas Illich, 715 Tilden St.....$240 and $300

174TH ST, 481 East, delicatessen store and 4 rooms on 4th floor; 481 East 174th St Corporation to Ernest Cooperamith, 481 East 174th St, 3 years, from June 15, 1918; attorney, M. Rosenthal, 489 East Tremont Av.....$852

**LIS PENDENS.**

**Manhattan.**

85TH ST, 332 and 334 West; Henry Parsons against Aldebaran Co., Inc., et al.; foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, W. E. Godfrey.

12TH ST, s s, 191.8 ft w of Lenox Av, 16.8 x90.11; N. Y. Savings Bank against Edward Nicholson et al.; amended foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, J. A. Dutton.

134TH ST, s s, 125 ft e of 12th Av, 50x99.11; John J. Hopper against Charlotte A. Hopper et al., amended action to register title, &c.; attorney, W. Fairchild.

**Bronx.**

CAMBRELING AV, n w s, 201 ft n e of 181st St, 49x100; Frieda Ruckhoff against Louis W. Reinisch et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Rabe & Keller.

CRESCENT AV, n s, 209.7 ft e of Arthur Av, 86.1x107.1; Stephen H. Olin against Maria Martinucci et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Carrington & Pierce.

LOT NO. 6-A, Map No. 2 of Olinville, Williamsbridge Depot; Sebastiano Tronto et al. against Juliane Meyer et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, D. M. Neuberger.

LOT NO. 384, Map of Unionport; Dollar Savings Bank of the City of New York against Katharina Schmitz et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Mackellar & Gerbracht.

STEBBINS AV, e s, 238.7 ft s of 165th St, 25x80; also strip of land, being the rear parts of Lots No. 6 to 20, inclusive, and Lots Nos. 50 to 75, inclusive, Block 513, map of subdivision of property of Charlotte Fox Trowbridge; Interborough Rapid Transit Co. against Frederick Johnson et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, J. L. Quackenbush.

137TH ST, n s, 225 ft e of Lincoln Av, 75x 100; Christina F. Bode against Latham Realty Co. et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Holm, Whitlock & Scarff.

3D AV, 4,431; Sanford S. Bettma against Jacob Ecker et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, L. Spiegel.

**MECHANICS' LIENS.**

**Manhattan.**

JOHN ST, 15; J. & F. Holler against John V. Cockroft, owner, renewal.....$984.75

WATER ST, 273; Morris Spergel against James Zibel, owner and contractor; Extensive Building Co., Inc., contractor.....$420

WEST END AV, 590; Empire Carting Co. against 590 West End Av., Inc., and McMorrow Bros., Inc., owners, renewal.....$585.75

83D ST, 39 and 41 West; Empire Carting Co. against Joseph and Loewy Polstein, owners, renewal .....$372.25

WEST END AV, 869; James F. Kelly Co., Inc., against William J. and Harriet W. Beauly, owners and contractors.....$139.57

**SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.**

**Manhattan.**

ELIZABETH ST, 49 and 51; McGraw Engineering Co., Inc., against Lorence Realty Co., Inc., et al.; April 16, 1918.....$262

HUDSON ST, w s, whole block front between Vandam and Spring Sts; Wm. R. Young, Jr., Inc. against Henry Helde, Inc., et al.; June 5, 1917.....$2,400

63D ST, 108 West; Charles Kurzon against William H. Wheeler et al.; Dec. 20, 1917, by bond .....$47.86

63D ST, 106 and 108 West; Dowd Lumber Co. against same; Dec. 31, 1917, by bond .....$109.90

SAME PROPERTY; Pietrowski & Konop, Inc., against same; March 21, 1918, by bond .....$741

SAME PROPERTY; Colonial Sand and Stone Co. against same; Feb. 1, 1918, by bond .....$142.20

SAME PROPERTY; North Side Lumber Co., Inc., against same; Dec. 19, 1917, by bond .....$812.61

**BUILDING LOAN CONTRACTS.**

**Manhattan.**

11TH AV, n e corner 54th St, 225x100.5; Title Guarantee and Trust Co. loans 233 West 25th St. Co., Inc., to erect a two-story concrete business building.....$75,000

143D ST, n s, 260 ft. e of Lenox Av, 100x 99.11; Thomas J. Johnson loans Non-Column Garage Co., Inc., to erect a one-story brick garage .....$12,500

**REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.**

Saturday, May 25th, 1918.

**AUCTION SALE OF LOCUST LODGE FARM VAN ARSDALE**

77 acres, old Colonial dwelling, outbuildings, Lackawanna R. R.; hour out; Bernardsville, N. J., section, at Lyons Station. By auto via Summit to Basking Ridge, turning in at Lyons Station, N. J.

**James W. Lent**, Auctioneer, Bernardsville.

**MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.**

HESS INC. *Business Property*

# 270 PARK AVE

HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS

**14 to 17 Rooms—5 to 6 Baths, $7,500 to $15,000**

Under the Management of

**Douglas L. Elliman & Co.**

*At 48th St.* — *Specialists in Residential Properties, 414 MADISON AVE.* — *5600 Murray Hill*

# JACKSON HEIGHTS GARDEN APARTMENTS

**3 & 4 Rooms & Bath $36 to $50 6 Rooms 2 Baths, $64**

Only 19 minutes from Grand Central Station, via Queensboro Subway.
Parked Street Fronts and Large Parks in rear of Buildings.
Beautiful outlook from EVERY window, and sunshine in every room.
Playgrounds, Gardens, Tennis Courts, Basketball Courts, Bowling Alleys, etc.

**QUEENSBORO CORPORATION**

Renting Office at Jackson Heights—Opposite 25th St. Subway Station.
Telephone Newtown—703.

**TAKE THE SUBWAY** and transfer (free) at Grand Central Station to Queensboro Subway. Take a Corona train direct to 25th St. Station.

**REAL ESTATE.**

Our Experience in Property Management covers a period of sixty-two years.

It is at the service of owners who desire better returns.

**J. Romaine Brown Co.**
299 Madison Av., Cor. 41st St.
Telephone Murray Hill 1481.

**BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.**

# Beautiful Brick Houses

**$5,000—For Sale—$7,000**

With or Without Garage—Easy Terms.
Let us send you information and photos.
We have something to tell you in booklet D.

ALCO BUILDING CO.,
217 Broadway. Barclay 4585.
Property Office, 22d Avenue Station of the Sea Beach Subway.

**RICHMOND BOROUGH—SALE OR LET.**

# Fine Home Near Water

**ON STATEN ISLAND,**

**ONE HOUR FROM NEW YORK.**

Artistic 8-room residence, with hot water heating system and latest improvements, near the ocean, 2 minutes to trolley; fare 5c; short walk to R. R.; quick commutation $5.25 to New York; magnificent ocean view from balcony. Safe, invigorating bathing, good fishing; beautiful hedges and fragrant shrubs, plenty of roses, peaches, apricots, plums, apples, Bartlett and Sickle pears, 3 kinds of delicious Winter pears, cherries, strawberries, raspberries, gooseberries, and currants. Splendid grape arbor, asparagus bed and vegetable garden. A few thousand dollars cash expected, balance mortgage. This attractive residence can be acquired with less land if desired. Brokers protected. Write Owner, Room 611 World Building, N. Y.

**WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.**

# To Rent Furnished.

ON account of death in family will rent by the year beautifully furnished private stucco house and two car garage, located in private park in New Rochelle, within ten minutes' walking distance of train; 11 rooms, two master's baths, hot water heat; large screened-in veranda; acre of ground; stately shade trees, shrubbery and vegetable gardens.

**Reasonable rent to right party.**

Apply to my agent.
**JAMES D. McCANN,**
11-13 North Av. Tel. 451—New Rochelle, N. Y.

**SPECIALISTS IN WESTCHESTER AND NEARBY CONNECTICUT PROPERTIES. INSURANCE.**

**Fish & Marvin** 527 5th Av.

**FURNISHED HOUSES.**

8 rooms, 1 bath, garden, chickens, $100
9 rooms, 2 baths, 2 sleeping porches, $135
12 rooms, 2 baths, tennis court, $200
10 rooms, 3 baths, Hartsdale, $225

EDWARD M. WEST, Inc.,
Opposite Station, White Plains, N. Y.
'Phone 413.

**LARCHMONT BARGAIN**

**HOUSE, 8 large rooms, all improvements; near school, churches and station; good neighborhood. Price $7,500.**

H. M. OLCOTT 51 E. 42d St., N. Y. Tel. Murray Hill 3326.

**NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.**

**EVERYBODY**

interested in Bergen Co. automobile roads, trolley lines and railroads should have our new map. It delineates every road and highway, and is invaluable to those having occasion to visit any part of this county. Sent to any address on receipt of 25 cents. We specialize in real estate title insurance in Bergen and Rockland Counties, and are equipped to render every service in that field. Write for booklet.

**NORTH JERSEY TITLE INSURANCE CO., Hackensack, N. J.**
N. Y. Rep., Glenn K. Carver, 60 Wall St.

**THREE FACTORIES** LOUIS SCHLESINGER INC. NEWARK, N. J.

50,000 sq. ft. Modern Building. 5 Stories. Concrete floors. Central location. sprinkled, $10,000.
160,000 sq. ft. Railroad siding. Sale or rent. Possession at once.
25,000 sq. ft. One story, heavy construction. Siding. Good labor market.

# JERSEY COAST

Furnished Summer Homes

**JOHN D. MINER,**
SPRING LAKE, New Jersey.
New York Office, 165 Broadway.
Telephone: Cortlandt 327.

**BEAUTIFUL BUNGALOW**

Sudden change of business necessitates the selling of this artistic home, also two fine building lots; nine rooms, two halls, two baths, two fireplaces; beautifully decorated walls; heated; over 100 feet waterfront on New Jersey's finest lake; garden, fruit, garage, stable, beautiful shrubs, roses, &c.; easy commuting distance New York. Only some one meaning business need apply; exclusive agency. 2 800 Times Anpex.

**LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.**

**QUOGUE AND VICINITY. FURNISHED COTTAGES, SUMMER HOMES.**

**A. A. TUTHILL, Quogue, L. I.**

**CONNECTICUT—FOR SALE OR TO LET.**

## Stamford, Connecticut.

For sale, Strawberry Hill Section, 20-room house, 4 baths, high elevation, ten acres land, 2 cottages, garage; all in excellent condition; 50 minutes' train trip, 8 minutes' auto trip; beautiful lawns, abundance flowers and vegetables. Telephone 3247 Murray Hill, New York, or Owner, 128 Strawberry Hill Ave., Stamford, Conn.

## Stamford, Conn.

For rent furnished for Summer Season or your lease, 10 acres, high land, 20-room house, completely furnished, four baths, garage, two cottages, convenient to station; flowers and vegetables in abundance. Gardener on property. For complete details telephone Murray Hill 8247, or write Owner, 128 Strawberry Hill Av., Stamford, Conn.

**COUNTRY HOUSES TO LET—Furnished.**

## Tarrytown-on-Hudson

FOR RENT, FURNISHED, for the season or yearly, modern houses with garage; large grounds and fine river. Also small cottages, furnished and unfurnished. Several small properties for quick sale at a bargain.

CARL C. LOH,
9 ORCHARD STREET, TARRYTOWN, N. Y.

**SUMMER HOUSES TO LET—Furnished.**

**ALLENHURST** New Jersey
**DEAL** Summer Homes.
**ASBURY PARK** Complete List.
All sizes, $350 up; send for Booklet "T."

FERGUSON & SON,
713 Mattison Av. (Ph. 392), Asbury Park.

# SPRING LAKE N. J.

SEND FOR BOOK "T" OF SUMMER HOMES FOR RENT.
E. V. Patterson & Son
SPRING LAKE BEACH, N. J.

**Furnished Cottages FOR RENT.**
Let me send you Booklet "T."
P. C. BROWN SPRING LAKE BEACH, NEW JERSEY.

**SUMMER HOMES.**

**SALTAIRE** Bungalows, Fire Island Beach, L. I.: 4 rooms, $280; 6 room cottage, $375; two ocean front cottages, $400 and $500, all improvements, nicely furnished; sleeping porches, open fireplaces. O. F. LOUCKS, 47 West 34th St., N. Y.

**TO LET FOR BUSINESS.**

1426 BEDFORD AVE.
HEART OF AUTO SECTION
TO RENT
CORNER STORE
SUITABLE FOR
Automobile Showroom or Accessories.
Apply for particulars.
Fred'k Brown Tel. 4923 Barclay. 217 Broadway, N. Y.

**CENTURIAN BUILDING**
1182 BROADWAY
**FOR RENT**
Large and Small Offices
HORACE S. ELY & COMPANY
21 Liberty Street, or Supt. on Premises.

**APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished. MANHATTAN—West Side.**

## Washington Square

NEW ELEVATOR APARTMENT
125 West 12th St.
POSSESSION MAY 20TH.
3 Rooms & Bath ..$780 to $1000
4 Rooms & Bath.... 840 to 1200
J. IRVING WALSH,
73 West 11th Street.

**ATTRACTIVE,**
Bright, Cheerful Apartments of
1 and 2 Rooms & Bath
Apply on Premises,
15 West 96th Street.

**2 ROOMS** and Bath | Modern Apts. | **57th, 327 W.**
Heat, electricity; exceptionally large living and bath rooms, $50 up.
J. K. MOORS 301 West 57th St. Cor. 8th Av. Col. 8888.

**310 WEST 94TH ST.**
Bet. Riverside Drive and West End Av.
8 Large Rooms and 7 Two Baths $1,600 $1,150

**GREAT VALUE.**
500 W. 178th St., corner Amsterdam Av.
4, 5, 6 Rooms, $35 to $55.
Elevator, every improvement. Apply Supt.

**BRONX.**

**3-4-5 ROOM SUITES**

Large, spacious, airy apartments; all modern improvements; excellent location; rents $30, $40, $50. Apply on premises.

**2136 Harrison Ave.**

## HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

**Manhattan.**

68TH ST., 221 EAST, Schermerhorn Estate. —3-story dwelling, tastefully decorated, hardwood floors, electric lighting; Lexington Av. subway station at 68th St. soon opened. Rent $1,200. Possession.
FIRM L. J. CARPENTER,
25 Liberty St. and cor. 8d Av. and 68th St.

**Brooklyn.**

Seven-room brick home for sale, on parked street; every modern improvement, and numerous little comforts added; inclosed porch; awnings and screens throughout; like new; thirty minutes from Union Square, three to subway station; fully equipped dark room for amateur photographer; ample room for garage; price, $7,000—$1,750 cash, balance as rent if desired; no agents. Phone Bath Beach 4631 or call 1,830 65th St.

For Rent—Party will sublease to reliable family a one-family detached dwelling, seven rooms and two baths, steam heating plant, electric light, hardwood floors, open fireplace, garage, house in spotless condition, located in restricted residential park near Ocean Parkway, Flatbush. Rent $35 per month. 1,037 East 7th St.

**Queens.**

Must sell at once, 7-room cottage, all improvements; needs few repairs; large garden plot; 5 cents fare to city; $400 cash all that is needed; very easy terms to responsible party. B. Bargain, 161 West 34th St. Greeley 4365.

**Bronx.

## APARTMENTS TO LET.

**Furnished—East Side.**

FACING PARK; WONDERFUL STUDIO 85x50 FEET, 17 FOOT CEILING; DRAWING ROOM, DINING ROOM, 3 MASTER BEDROOMS, 3 BATHS; 12TH FLOOR; SUNSHINE IN EVERY ROOM; IMMEDIATE POSSESSION. HERBERT GULICK CO., INC., 402 MADISON AVE.

GRAMERCY PARK. — Smart, cool, large rooms, $125 month. Telephone 723 Gram.

HOTEL RUTLEDGE, 163 Lexington Av., (30th St.)—For refined women. Why not live at a hotel if you can do so at lower cost than boarding or keeping house? Outside rooms; telephone, elevator; complete service; homelike; including meals, $13 weekly up. Tel. Madison Square 6160.

LEXINGTON AV., 809, (62d.) — Well-furnished apartment; two bedrooms, bath, kitchen, large living room; extremely convenient; for rent Summer months, $60; references, Plaza 740.

MADISON AV., (66th St.) 780.—Two rooms, bath; finely furnished; exceptionally light and cool apartment; near park; modern conveniences, elevator service; moderate priced restaurant service in building; sublet $60 per month from June 1 to Oct. 1. Apt. 5-C.

MADISON AV., 926.—June 1-Oct. 1 or less, furnished apartment, 2 rooms and bath; cool, convenient; rent moderate; references required.

MADISON AV., 518.—Beautifully furnished apartment, 3 rooms and bath; inquire of janitor.

MADISON AV., 780.—Two rooms and bath. Mrs. O'Kane's apartment, Plaza 6958.

PARK AV., 953.—7-room apartment, 3 baths, for Summer; 11th floor; very light and cool; reasonable rent to desirable party. For particulars write H. W. Jackson.

PARK AV., (near 82d St.)—Attractive apartment of 10 rooms and 4 baths to rent for the Summer; reasonable rent. Lenox 3848.

TO RENT, furnished, June to October, very comfortable eight rooms; Bronx section; no children; very moderate rental. For information apply Suite 17, 616 Madison Av., 10:30-11:30 A. M. Plaza 1470.

TO SUBLET FOR THE SUMMER
Room and bath. Southern exposure. Also a suite of parlor, bedrooms and bath. Very attractive rate. HOTEL LORRAINE. 2 East 45th St.

**Furnished—West Side.**

11TH ST., WEST.—Nice, light, furnished apartment; moderate rent. Particulars telephone Chelsea 9215.

11TH, 45 WEST.—To sublet till Oct. 1, attractively furnished four-room apartment; elevator. Phone Chelsea 4160. Ferguson.

11TH, 64 WEST.—Elegantly furnished two rooms, bath, bachelor apartment; modern improvements. Inquire.

12TH ST., 24 WEST.—Two rooms, kitchenette. Whitney.

21ST ST., 234 WEST.—Will sublet Summer months, four-room apartment; elevator, electric light. Telephone Chelsea 4782. Andrews.

21ST, 210 WEST.—Furnished apartments; 6 light rooms, elevator, shower bath, piano; private. Phone Intervale 547. Morrison.

26TH ST., 29 West.—Suites, one, two, and three rooms; moderate rental. Von Hoffman Apts.

40TH, 4 WEST.—Decorator's studio apartment, 4 rooms and bath; unusually attractive furnishings; immediate occupancy; can be seen daily, 10 to 3. Phone Vanderbilt 2242.

44TH, 40 WEST.—Beautifully furnished three-room apartment with bath; excellent closet room, maid service, electricity, and piano; light and airy all outside rooms. Mrs. Riley, Iroquois Hotel.

45TH, 341 WEST, (just off Broadway.)—New elevator building; 1-2-3 rooms, bath, kitchens or kitchenettes; $50 up monthly; references indispensable. Tel. Bryant 9255.

47TH, 8 WEST.—Attractively furnished 2d floor, bath, kitchenette, if desired; large spacious rooms; ideal for bachelor, couple, or professionals; electric current free.

50TH ST., (near 5th Av.)—Beautifully furnished two rooms, bath, kitchenette, electric light, $90. Telephone Circle 5202.

51ST ST., 245 WEST, ADJACENT BROADWAY.—Elaborately furnished 2, 3, 4 rooms, bath; high-class fireproof elevator building.

52D, 43 WEST.—Exclusive apartment, large room and bathroom; also single room.

55TH, 55 WEST.
3-room furnished apartment; till October; references required. Apply Supt.

55TH, 240 WEST.—$75 monthly, June-October; two airy rooms, bath, kitchenette.

56TH ST., 40 WEST.—Interior decorator wishes to let, furnished or unfurnished, magnificent floor; two very large rooms, kitchenette, and bath; rent, unfurnished, $1,800; suitable for bachelor or lady alone. Bacon, 3066 Circle.

56TH, 208 WEST, (Thorndyke Apartment Hotel.)—Attractive suite, two rooms and bath; full hotel service; low weekly, monthly rates.

57TH, 200 WEST.—A desirable cool, comfortably furnished four-room apartment; grand piano; new apartment house; icelass refrigerator; rent $175 monthly. 81.

57TH, 150 WEST.—Charming four-room apartment, 10th floor; southern exposure. Manigault.

58TH, 12 WEST.—Three rooms and bath, partially furnished, $65; completely furnished, $80.

58TH, 152 WEST.—Four rooms; high-class apartment; June until September. Ostertag. 6th floor. Circle 2608. Near Park.

59TH.—Handsomely furnished 8 rooms, 2 baths; overlooking park; $200. Vanderbilt 1450.

68TH ST., 1 WEST.—Elegantly furnished apartment, 7 rooms; can give possession immediately to lease up to Oct. 15. F. G. Wilson, Canal 9171.

69TH, 22 WEST.—Two apartments, newly furnished, kitchenette, $110, $125 per month; references.

69TH, 243 WEST.—$50-$80; 2-3 room apartments, kitchenette, completely furnished, latest improvements; references necessary.

72D, 58 WEST.—Newly furnished six-room apartment to sublet for three or four months. Apartment 1, 318 Columbus.

72D, 128 WEST.—Most delightful four-room apartment, charmingly furnished; private roof garden. Apt. 8. Col. 3395. Mason.

72D STUDWAY.—5 rooms, new building, exquisitely furnished; sacrifice. Columbus 3974.

74TH, 103 WEST.—Suites $8 to $25; artist studio, 18 feet skylight, north; private bath, steam, electricity; $100 month.

74TH, 104 WEST. — One-room kitchenette apartment, second floor, private house; desirable.

76TH, 55 WEST.—Attractively furnished suite, 2 large rooms, bath, kitchen, electricity, telephone; suitable bachelors; $100 monthly.

77TH, 128 WEST.—Newly furnished, non-housekeeping apartment, consisting of sitting room, bedroom, dressing room and bath. In refined, private family; also single and double rooms.

77TH, 103 WEST.—Six rooms, completely furnished and equipped; cool, convenient, shower, electricity; until October; $90 monthly. Apply Janitor.

78TH, 250 WEST.—Three bright rooms, kitchen, and bath; piano, Victrola, maid service; every convenience; June-October; references. Lee.

78TH, 208 WEST.—Handsome, large, airy room, dressing room attached; electricity; telephone; near subway.

80S, (West End.)—4 rooms, 2 baths, 2 bedrooms; bargain. Columbus 3974.

84TH, 40 WEST.—5 beautiful outside rooms, complete housekeeping, piano. See Superintendent. Schuyler 6377, Apt. 7B.

84TH 255 WEST, (6D.)—Five rooms, foyer, two baths; highest class, new building.

85TH, 1 WEST.—Four-room apartment; low rental. Schuyler 8500, Apt. F3.

86TH, 340 WEST.—Must leave city, sacrifice $250 apartment for $115; five large, light, cool rooms; select. Perham.

86TH, 340 WEST.—Must leave city, sacrifice $250 apartment for $115; five large, light, cool rooms; select. Perham.

87TH, 107 WEST.—Apartment, 2 large furnished rooms, private bath, electric light, phone, maid service; rent, $45.

87TH, 59 WEST.—Completely furnished seven large, light rooms, June 15 to Sept. 15; exceptional references; rent $60. Baldwin.

90TH-WEST END.—8 rooms, 8 baths; handsomely furnished; $125. Vanderbilt 1450.

91ST, 27 WEST.—One, two room apartments; high-class; furnished; latest improvements; maid service; $35-$75; references necessary.

92D ST., (Broadway.)—First-class, nicely furnished room apartment to let during Summer months; ready for occupancy June 1; references required. Particulars, Room 514, 115 Broadway. Telephone Rector 4014.

92D, 294 WEST.—Exceptionally handsome six, seven-room apartment; beautifully equipped; block river; reasonable. Merton.

93D ST., 816 WEST.—Handsomely furnished apartment, five rooms and bath; modern; next door to Riverside Drive; $100 per month; June 1 to Oct. 1. Apartment 12 or Broughton, 100 Broadway. Phone Rector 6971.

94TH, 204 WEST.—Attractively furnished 4-room apartment; Summer rates; close to subway, elevated, and two surface lines.

94TH, 205 WEST.—Five rooms, bath; simple, easy housekeeping; $50. Miss North.

95TH AND BROADWAY.—Sacrifice 6 rooms, completely furnished; pianola, Victrola, linen, silver, less unfurnished rental. October, 9210 Riverside.

95TH, 206 WEST.—Artistically furnished, 5 sunny rooms, piano, elevator; cars convenient. 8B.

96TH, 35 WEST.—Seven outside rooms; southwest exposure; concession. Malnek, Apt. 12; Riverside 4068.

98TH ST., 315 WEST.—Very desirable four-room and bath apartment, nicely furnished, from June 1 to Oct. 1, $75 per month; exceptionally cool in Summer; private telephone connection in apartment as well as house phone. Apartment 2 R. W. Telephone Riverside 237.

106TH, 107 WEST.—"Capitol," 1611 Academy; 2 and 3 room apartments, bath, kitchenette; restaurant in building; near subway, "L"; $30 to $55 monthly; weekly rates; references essential; inspection Sunday and evenings.

## APARTMENTS TO LET.

**Furnished—West Side.**

104TH, 304 WEST.—Two rooms and bath, high-class furnished apartment; sublet very reasonable. Apply premises, or office, 215 Manhattan Av., or Academy 1647.

110TH, 220 WEST, (near Broadway.)—Attractively furnished five rooms, all front; now till Oct. 1. Apt. 82. Academy 137.

112TH ST., 601 WEST.—6 large, light, cool rooms and bath; completely furnished; must sacrifice; rent $90; June 1 to Oct. 1; can be seen mornings only. A. L. Cook.

116TH, 562 WEST. , (Broadway.)—Comfortably furnished 8 rooms, 2 baths; first-class apartment house. Phone for appointment. Fisher, Morningside 8443.

123TH, 530 WEST.—5 large, light rooms; Steinway grand. Apt. 3B.

115TH, 610 WEST.—8-room kitchenette, southwest, between Broadway and River; delightful for 3 persons; $75. Morningside 8885.

122D ST., 526, (Apt. 5A.)—Artistically furnished three rooms, kitchen and bath; light, airy, three exposures; excellent service, telephone, electric light; $46 monthly.

126TH, 508 WEST.—Near subway; elegantly furnished 5-room apartment, $50, including linen and silver. Phone or call evenings, 6:30 to 9 P. M., Sunday all day, Morningside 2642. Apartment 11.

140TH ST., (corner.) 280 Convent Av.—Five outside rooms and bath; attractively furnished, elevator service; rent $95 per month; immediate occupancy to Oct. 1. Apt. 52. Tel. Audubon 3341.

140TH ST., 500 WEST, (Apt. 5A.)—Four rooms, handsomely furnished; living room 17x21.

148D ST., 519 WEST.—Six-room elevator apartment, all conveniences, May to October. Apply Superintendent.

144TH, 560 WEST.—Beautifully furnished elevator apartment; piano, Victrola; sublet for Summer months. Apartment 47.

150TH, 589 WEST.—Four rooms, bath. June 1, season or year; completely furnished; daily, 9 to 6, or appointment. Apt. 4S. Audubon 9162.

164TH, 601 WEST.—4 rooms; available June 1. Telephone 4720 Audubon.

168TH, 601 WEST, (Broadway.)—Five rooms and bath; overlooking Hudson; subway. Ellsworth.

180TH, 719 WEST.—Neatly furnished four-room apartment, June 1 to Oct. 1. Apartment 5A. Telephone St. Nicholas 9846.

APARTMENTS handsomely FURNISHED. Special Reductions for Summer months—May, June, July, and August.
2 Rooms and bath.....$55.00 monthly
3 Rooms, bath..... 75.00 monthly
4 & 5 Rooms, bath, kitchen.. 100 monthly
WITH OR WITHOUT KITCHENS.
Complete Hotel Service. No additional charges for maid, gas, or electric lighting service. Restaurant, Best Food, ½ regular Hotel Prices. Near Riverside Drive and Central Park; ½ block from bus lines, near 96th sub.
HOTEL SCHUYLER ARMS,
305 West 98th St., Near Broadway.
Telephone Riverside 6100.

APARTMENT, sublet for Summer; immediate possession; West 124 St., near Broadway; five rooms, two baths, completely furnished, linen, silverware, piano, Victrola; seen by appointment. Stadler, 785 5th Av. Phone Plaza 6543.

APARTMENT facing Bryant Park South; entire floor; large room, furnished; suitable for family or light business; rent $150 per month; satisfactory references required. Address by mail T 99 Times.

APARTMENT HUNTING UNNECESSARY. Attractive Summer offerings. Consult Mrs. Dinglesman, Renting Specialist, 154 West 72d. Columbus 836.

APARTMENT OPPORTUNITIES.
Handsomely furnished sublet apartments. Wickliffe Gray, agent, 269 West 73d. Columbus 3974.

APARTMENTS FURNISHED. Miss Martin, 17 West 42d. Murray Hill 7775.

ATTRACTIVE Apartments, Hotel Conveniences. Apartment Rates. Inspection invited.
CATHEDRAL PLAZA,
100 CATHEDRAL PARKWAY,
110TH ST. AND COLUMBUS AV.
We have 1, 2, 3, 4 room apartments, $38, $40, $55, $65 UP MONTHLY.
Fully furnished, dishes, silver, cooking utensils; maid service optional; each apartment has private bath and kitchenette; concessions, lease, or unfurnished; near subway and "L"; references to appreciate. Phone Academy 613 5th Av. bus stops at door.

BROADWAY AND 157TH ST.—Sublet my attractively furnished 5-room front elevator apartment from June 1 to Sept. 15; reasonable responsible party. Tel. Cortlandt 7080.

BROADWAY, (n. w. corner 146th.)—High-class building; 4 rooms; sublet October, 1919; $55. Evans, Apt. 2D.

BROADWAY, 2,754.—Suite, with kitchen privileges; phone and electricity. Hegemer, Academy 2183.

BROADWAY AND 86TH St.—To sublet beautifully furnished 3-room apartment, June 1st to October; rent $100. Phone River 7216.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 302.—Apartment hotel, two rooms, bath, exquisitely furnished; piano, silver, linen; living room 32x18; for Summer or longer; immediate possession; maid service included in rent. Apply mornings, Housekeeper, 5K.

CENTRAL PARK, (1 West 92d.)—9 rooms, cool, quiet, sacrifice $125 below rental. Call or phone 942 Riverside.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 383.—Handsomely furnished five rooms; piano; sublet; $85 monthly. Coyle.

CHARLES ST., 9.—Attractively furnished apartment; 3 rooms, bath, completely equipped for light housekeeping; Steinway piano, fireplace; cool in Summer; $35 a month.

CLAREMONT AV., 25, (Near 116th Broadway Subway.)—Sacrifice seven or eight rooms; three rooms overlooking Columbia; delightfully cool; completely furnished; piano. 4834 Morn. Ernst.

CLAREMONT AV., 25, (Near 116th Broadway Subway.)—Sacrifice seven or eight rooms; three rooms overlooking Columbia; delightfully cool; completely furnished; piano. 4834 Morn. Ernst.

CLAREMONT AV., 15.—Two large, outside rooms and bath, with windows facing east and south; $75; also four rooms on front, $80. Apt. 62.

CONVENT AV., 25.—3 rooms, furnished; $35. Inquire Superintendent. Birlen.

FOR RENT, beautifully furnished five-room apartment; piano; rent $100, June 1st to Oct. 1st. Phone Riverside 7216.

FURNISHED apartment, new, four rooms, to sublet for six months. Chelsea 0600, Extension 285.

Furnished Apartments a Specialty.
Tenement Property Renting Agency,
200 West 72d. Col. 5565.

FORT WASHINGTON AV., 455, (Apt. 6A.)—Exceptional opportunity, finely furnished, cool, all light rooms; elevator apartment; bargain. Phone Sherwood, St. Nicholas 9711.

FORT WASHINGTON AV., 35.—Attractive, well-furnished, three-room apartment; June-October. Apt. 6F. Phone 6070 Audubon.

Magnificent 8-room furnished apartment to rent for 10 weeks, beginning June 15; very fine cook included; reasonable rental. Belnord; 86th St. and Broadway. Phone Schuyler 6820.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 112, (83D ST.)—SIXTH FLOOR; ALL OUTSIDE ROOMS; WINDOWS SCREENED; VERY COOL; WONDERFUL VIEW; SOUTHERN EXPOSURE; VERY HANDSOMELY FURNISHED; REMODELED AND DECORATED BY TENANT; $150 MONTH TO OCTOBER; IMMEDIATE POSSESSION. TELEPHONE DE FLOREZ, 2890 MURRAY HILL.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE.—To sublet, a desirable furnished apartment, until Sept. 30, seven rooms, two baths; commanding view of Hudson, Riverside Drive, and Columbia College; all outside rooms; exceptionally low rent; may be seen by appointment. Telephone Morningside 6645. Apartment 83.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 7.—Large, handsomely furnished rooms, den, foyer, facing Drive; grand piano, Victrola; all conveniences; $125. Telephone 8423 Morningside up to 3 o'clock. Write Room 701, 19 Liberty St.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 110TH.—June 1 to Oct. 1, seven rooms, including piano and phonograph; southeasterly exposure, Riverside view. For appointment phone Morningside 2389.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 227, (86th.)—Exquisitely furnished five outside rooms; piano, Victrola; immediate possession; sublet reasonable. Coyle. Phone 1176 Vanderbilt.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 280.—Elegantly furnished six-room apartment; piano, Victrola; complete in every detail; adults only; $175 a month. Apartment 4S.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 454.—To rent for the Summer, the six-room Colonial apartment; furnished in old mahogany. Apt. 6B; rent $225 per month.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 790.—Handsomely furnished four-room apartment to sublet for three or four months. Mrs. J. Cobb.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 884, (Corner 160th.)—Will sublet or sell 8-room furnished apartment. Apt. 4B.

THREE or four rooms and bath, furnished or unfurnished, until Oct. 1 at sacrifice; apartment hotel in West 70s; lease obtainable from Oct. 1. Phone 8175 Schuyler.

WAVERLEY PLACE, 160.—To Oct. 1, four rooms, kitchen, bath, piano; cool, homelike; reasonable. Write or phone Byard, Spring 5309.

WEST END AV.—Very desirable corner 7-room apartment, all outside rooms; rent, furnished for Summer months, $125, less than actual rental; exclusive, convenient location; unquestionable references given and required; seen by appointment only. R 110 Times.

WEST END AV., 420, Corner 80th St.—Cozily furnished apartment; 4 rooms, with hot water, bath, and kitchen; very reasonable.

WILKINSIA, 8 WEST 65TH.—Overlooking Park; 6 light, cool rooms, furnished, $50.

**Brooklyn.**

PROSPECT PARK WEST, 186, (NEAR 9TH ST.)—CHOICE ELEVATOR APARTMENT, OVERLOOKING PARK AND CITY; EIGHT ROOMS, TWO BATHS; $75. JUDSON R. SWIFT, TELEPHONE PROSPECT 8477.

## APARTMENTS TO LET.

**Unfurnished—East Side.**

12TH-ST., 5 EAST.—Two large and 4 small rooms; modern improvements.

22D, 144 EAST.—Five rooms and bath, elevator, from June 1; $56; most accessible and near Gramercy Park; shown mornings or by appointment. Pratt.

26TH, 137 EAST.—Beautifully furnished mahogany Sheraton; three rooms and bath; June 1 to Oct. 1; $30; privilege of renewal later, unfurnished. C. Ferguson.

30TH, 218 EAST. — Five rooms, bath; newly decorated; private; good neighborhood; $28.

49TH, 47 EAST.—Unfurnished apartment, 4 large rooms, kitchenette, bath. Plaza 1034. Moderate.

56TH, 109-111 EAST, (Near Park Av.)—Select studio apartment, 1 and 2 rooms and bath, elevator, hall, and maid service; $60-$85. Supt., on premises, or Hall & Bloodgood, 542 5th Av. Phone 1732 Vanderbilt.

142D, 618 WEST.—Beautiful five rooms, overlooking Hudson, one door from Riverside Drive. Tel. Audubon 8076. Superintendent.

150TH, 301 West.—3, 4 rooms, elevator, telephone, near "L" station; $25.

164TH, 601 WEST. — Beautiful four-room apartment to sublet; river view.

185TH, 600 WEST.—Beautiful eight-room apartment to sublet; modern building.

204TH ST., 608 WEST.—Four-five rooms; all improvements; $30-$40. Premises.

2,128 BROADWAY.
Two and three rooms with bath. Maid service; references required.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, (in 60s.)—To sublet, unfurnished 7-room apartment; exceptionally large rooms; all outside. Telephone Columbus 2177.

CONVENT AV., 41, (Apt. 4D.)—Attractive six-room apartment to sublet; large, airy rooms; all conveniences; elevator; rent $55. Call any day from 10 to 2.

CONVENT AV., 41.—5 sunny rooms. Call any morning. Apt. 5G.

EDGECOMBE AV., 409, (near 155th St.)—Two rooms, bath, and kitchenette, $47.50.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE AND 150TH ST.—Beautiful seven-room apartment to sublet unfurnished for three months from July 1; two baths; to be leased to continue from Oct. 1 if desired; may be seen forenoons. Telephone 8682 Audubon.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 900, (corner 161st.)—Sublet 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 rooms, 2 baths; elevator house; Hudson views; inquire office.

VERMILYEA AV., 72, (Near Dyckman St., Upper Broadway.)—Four to rooms, ground floor, to sublet, $32. Horwath.

## APARTMENTS WANTED.

**Furnished.**

Six-room, comfortably furnished, elevator apartment, desirable location, June 1 or 15 to Sept. 1; by responsible, Christian family of five, one child 8 years; best care of property assured; rent $50 per month paid in advance for period; references. T 92 Times.

Facing Central Park or Riverside Drive; Swiss gentleman wants well furnished bedroom, studio, and bath for Summer months, with room service provided. Write Knickerbocker Hotel, Room 1039.

**Unfurnished.**

Six or seven room apartment with two baths wanted for term of years in first-class elevator house equipped with modern conveniences; location, 50th and 60th Sts., near 5th or Park Av. Address Y 339 Times Annex.

TWO-ROOM and bath apartment, between 77th and 116th Sts.; convenient to subway. Phone 2003 Riverside, all day.

THREE-ROOM and bath apartment, location between 77th and 116th; convenient subway; rent $30. Phone Riverside 2003 all day.

TWO-ROOM and bath apartment, between 77th and 116th Sts.; convenient to subway. Phone 2003 Riverside all day.

Wanted, five-room apartment; location near Central Park, East or West, between 60th and 80th Sts. Telephone 5384 Greeley.

THREE-ROOM and bath apartment, location between 77th and 116th; convenient subway; rent $30. Phone Riverside 2003 all day.

CLAREMONT AV., 182.—5, 6 rooms; electricity, telephone; near Drive; $37-$45.

## FURNISHED ROOMS.

**East Side.**

30TH, (163 Lexington Av.)—Room, sunny, telephone, elevator, well-furnished; excellent service; $6 weekly up; including elegant meals $12 weekly; front room with running water $14 weekly; with bath $17 weekly; refined women only. Hotel Rutledge.

30TH, 125 EAST.—Large room; also small room; private family; gentlemen preferred; references.

35TH, 20 EAST.—Desirable room; all conveniences; electricity; gentleman.

36TH, 14 EAST.—Desirable double and single rooms, private baths; references.

45TH, 16 EAST.—Room with piano; cozy room, running water; single room.

62D, 24 EAST.—Large front room and bath in high-class private residence; bachelors only.

64TH ST., (735 Madison Av.)—Large rooms, private bath; excellent location; telephone; $8; small rooms, $3-$3.50.

IRVING PL., 14.—Front rooms; box-spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,348, (69th.)—Sunny, large front room, 2 private baths; running water.

MADISON AV., 174, (33d.)—Resident, non-resident studios; exceptional rooms; references.

MADISON AV., 220, (36th.)—Large, small rooms; running water; musical studios by hour.

**West Side.**

97H, 41 WEST.—Large, cool room, with private bath; also single rooms; references; telephone.

127H, 206 WEST.—Parlor, bedroom, light; independent, piano, phone; hot water; bath; $2.50 up; clean; one flight. Bogen.

167H, 125 WEST.—Very attractive room in private apartment; business woman; telephone service; elevator; kitchen privilege; call evenings; $7.

47TH, 8 WEST.—Large, spacious front room and bath, attractively furnished; electric elevator, private house.

47TH, 31-41 WEST.—Large two-room apartment; other rooms; electricity, baths; select.

48TH ST., 10 WEST.—Elegant, large, second story front room, with complete bath, kitchenette, telephone; other rooms, $10, $11, $12.

48TH, 32 WEST.—Attractive large rooms in quiet home.

49TH, 68 WEST.—Large rooms, private bath; telephone; Summer rates, $7-$8-$9; small rooms, $2-$3.50.

49TH, 60 WEST.—Large, sunny room, all conveniences.

50TH, 44 WEST.—Large room, with bath, kitchenette; reasonable; reference; electricity; single rooms.

50TH, 14 WEST.—Large bedroom, private bath; also suite; gentlemen; references.

56TH, 48 WEST.—Comfortable room for gentlemen; electric light; runnink water; reasonable.

57TH ST., 40 WEST.—Rooms and suite, attractively furnished; cool, light.

## New Closing Hour For Want Advertisements

Owing to increased volume of Want Advertisements, those intended for the Sunday edition of The New York Times cannot be accepted if received in The Times Building after 4 P. M. Saturday. Those for the daily edition must be received before 8 o'clock on the evening previous to publication.

## FURNISHED ROOMS.

**West Side.**

58TH, 124 WEST.—Attractive, large rooms; private bath. Circle 3899.

62D, 24 EAST.—Large front room and bath in high-class private residence; bachelors only.

68TH, 68 WEST.—Front basement for light housekeeping, and other rooms. Columbus 8625.

69TH, 72 WEST.—Unusual opportunity for one or two bachelors in refined home, newly furnished; front suite, consisting of large living room, bedroom and bath; electricity; telephone; separate entrance; reference. Telephone 6458 Columbus, Apartment 2.

69TH, 22 WEST.—Large and small sunny rooms; newly furnished; refined surroundings; references.

70TH ST., 200 WEST.—Two attractive, breezy, corner connecting rooms; overlooking Broadway; elevator. Verplanck.

70TH, 278 WEST.—Homelike; single, double rooms, suites; reasonable; gentleman, business couple; references.

70TH, 154 WEST.—Large, four-window room; private bath; all conveniences; also small room.

3T, 10 WEST.—Two large, magnificently furnished rooms, private bath; fireplace, electricity, telephone; exceptional residence; breakfast optional; maid service.

71ST, 38 WEST.—Cool, clean, comfortable, cozy; convenient subway and "L" nearby; prices moderate; references.

71ST, 70 WEST.—3 windows front, second floor, $8; single room, running water, $3. Telephone 233 Columbus.

71ST, 130 WEST.—LARGE ROOM, PRIVATE BATH; OTHER ROOMS.

71ST, 29 WEST, (near Park.)—Newly furnished residence; large rooms; electricity, telephone; $8.

71ST, 147 WEST.—Cool, single room; southern exposure; awnings; bath adjacent.

72D, (Central Park West.)—Small, comfortable room, near bath; electricity, private house; gentleman preferred; reference; 1,242 Columbus.

73D, 135 WEST.—Exceptionally nice, newly furnished room; near subway, elevated; reasonable.

73D, 115 WEST.—Large rooms, beautifully furnished; electricity, running water, telephone; also basement.

72D, 302 WEST.—Pleasant, quiet room; running water, electricity; phone; private residence. Clark.

72D, Central Park West.)—Single room, near bath; electricity; reasonable. Columbus 1242.

72D, 266 WEST.—Attractive rooms; fine location; excellent Southern cooking; meals optional.

72D, 122 WEST.—Desirable rooms, private baths; also parlor, suite; breakfast optional.

72D, 242 WEST.—Attractive rooms, private baths; breakfast; references.

73D, 110 WEST.—ENTIRE SECOND FLOOR, MAGNIFICENTLY FURNISHED; PRIVATE BATH, LAVATORY, KITCHENETTE; OTHER DESIRABLE ROOMS; REASONABLE.

73D, 136 WEST.—Attractive, medium and small rooms; electricity, subway, "El." Telephone Col. 4135.

73D, 242 WEST.—Large rooms with and without private bath; one small.

73D, 111 WEST.—Newly furnished house; bright, large, small rooms; bath; maid service.

74TH ST., 170 WEST.—One room and bath, Hotel Berkeley, to sublet June to October; very reasonable. Call Mrs. Sanford, Columbus 9800.

74TH, 57 WEST.—Newly furnished house; electricity; rooms with baths, $10; single, $4.

75TH, 138 WEST.—Alcove parlor, running water, electricity; medium, adjoining bath; reasonable; exclusive.

75TH, 138 WEST.—Alcove parlor, running water, electricity; medium, adjoining bath; reasonable; exclusive.

75TH, 181 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, connecting, southern exposure, running water, electricity. Ross.

75TH, 158 WEST.—Splendid large rooms, with bath; reasonable for permanent persons; references.

75TH, 142 WEST.—Large, attractive parlor room; well furnished; parlor suite; exclusive house.

75TH, 159 WEST.—Attractively furnished large room, adjoining bath; also small one; electricity.

75TH ST., N. E. cor. West End Av.—Several large and small rooms; elegantly furnished.

75TH, 46 WEST.—Comfortable single, double rooms, $4-$10; private bath, $14; electricity.

75TH, 54 WEST.—Two, three rooms, single or en suite; private bath; service; exclusive.

76TH, 147 WEST.—Desirable room, private bath, also bath adjoining; electricity, parquetry; reasonable.

76TH, 147 WEST.—Desirable room, private bath, also medium adjoining; electricity, parquetry; reasonable.

76TH, 100 WEST.—Two-room suite; electricity, elevator; $6 upward weekly. Savage.

76TH, 180 WEST.—Room, private bath; electric light; parquet floor; references.

76TH, 149 WEST.—Elegant large, small rooms; private bath, telephone. 7372 Schuyler.

76TH, 188 WEST.—Immaculately clean rooms, private baths, electricity, kitchenette privileges; small rooms.

76TH, 119 WEST.—Beautiful, homelike, large, small rooms; all conveniences; phone; Summer rates.

76TH, (344 West End Av.)—Select house; beautiful, large, cool rooms; private baths, electricity.

76TH, 248 WEST.—Large, light rooms, newly furnished; convenient all car lines.

77TH, 111 WEST.—Desirable small front room; reference; reasonable; gentleman.

77TH, 313 WEST.—Attractive room, with balcony overlooking river; reasonable. other rooms.

77TH, 131 WEST.—Two large rooms; suite; cool; bath; kitchenette; other rooms.

78TH, 303 WEST.—Attractive large room, $5; private house; references; basement room; $2.50.

78TH, 108 WEST.—New annex to Norece Hall; kitchenette privileges if desired.

78TH, 142 WEST.—Large and single rooms; $2.50 to $10; telephone; reception room.

79TH ST., 307 WEST.—Large room, with connecting living room if desired, tenth floor, overlooking Hudson; absolutely first class. Apartment 10 West.

79TH ST., 131 WEST.—Large room, dressing room; running water; $10; suitable one or two gentlemen; also small room for $5.

80TH, 103 WEST.—Two large, attractive connecting rooms, with private bath; suitable 4 or 5 gentlemen; electricity; maid service.

80TH ST., 108 WEST.—Attractive 1-2 room suites, private baths; maid service, electricity.

80TH, 116 WEST.—Attractive, large room, adjoining bath electricity; gentlemen, business people.

80TH, 114 WEST. — Parlor bedroom, bath, $12; large room, private bath, kitchenette.

80TH, 144 WEST.—Attractive rooms, running water; one single; electricity, telephone; references.

80TH, 124-128 WEST.—Attractive, well-furnished, large, small rooms; excellent location.

81ST, 27 WEST.—Elegant room, porch, 4 windows, facing park; electricity; private bath; mirrored alcove dressing room; maid service, private home; subway, "L"; reasonable. Schuyler 1826.

81ST, 27 WEST.—Front, facing park; bath, closet, electricity; $6; private home; gentlemen. Schuyler 1826.

82D, 20 WEST. — IN UNIVERSITY PROFESSOR'S HOME: EXCEPTIONAL ROOMS; ABUNDANT HOT WATER; REFERENCES.

82D, 52 WEST, (Central Park.)—Clean furnished rooms, private baths; reasonable rates.

82D, 24 WEST.—Parlor floor suite, private bath; other rooms; refined, private house.

82D, 24 WEST.—Parlor floor suite, private bath; other rooms; refined, private house.

82D, 310 WEST.—Large, furnished room; every convenience, Telephone Schuyler 1566.

84TH, 37 WEST.—Desirable single, double rooms; convenient elevated, subway; private house; references.

84TH, 352 WEST.—Beautiful light, airy room, running water, adjoining bath; for gentleman or couple.

85TH, 122 WEST.—Attractive single room; unusual parlor floor, back parlor, private bath, kitchenette.

85TH, 134 WEST.—Large, cool room; 3 windows; private bath; small room.

85TH, 58 WEST.—Large front room, kitchenette; electricity, telephone; $9; select house.

85TH, 120 WEST.—Medium or double room; running water. Telephone 3469 Schuyler.

85TH, 308 WEST.—Large, handsomely furnished room. Call 1 to 3. Ross.

85TH, 150 WEST.
Back parlor; private bath; telephone.

## FURNISHED ROOMS.

**West Side.**

86TH ST., (533 West End Av.)—Attractive, large room; private bath; electricity; phone; subway; "L."

86TH, 341 WEST.—Large, elegant room; private bath; near drive and subway.

86TH, 206 WEST.—Large, airy room, convenient to bath; elevator; references. King.

86TH, 276 WEST.—Large southern room, private bath; also rooms, bath adjoining.

87TH ST., 153 WEST.—Medium-sized, newly furnished room; running water; all conveniences; private house; Summer rate.

88TH, 307 WEST.—Uniquely furnished room, with porch, in Christian house; references essential.

91ST, 88 WEST, (near Park.)—Newly furnished large room; electricity; $9. Also single.

93D, 283 WEST.—Private family, comfortable room, bath adjoining, continuous hot water; references.

93D, 259 WEST. — Beautiful floor, private house; will separate; modern conveniences.

94TH, 172 WEST.—Attractive room, private house; private family; all conveniences; moderate; gentleman.

94TH, 35 WEST.—Large room and bath; quiet home surroundings.

94TH, 66 WEST.—Pleasant room for gentleman; reference; "L" next block.

94TH, 34 WEST.—Large desirable room, private bath; electric light; owner; reference.

95TH, 251 WEST.—Large single room for rent, all conveniences; gentleman. Apt. 4W.

96TH, 22 WEST.—Elegantly furnished, cool rooms; closet and adjoining bath; electricity; constant hot water; exclusive; private house.

97TH, 251 WEST.—Large, light, front rooms and alcove; elevator; subway. Sutton.

102D ST., 249 WEST.—One or two elegant rooms, bath; meals optional; near Drive; Summer rates. Hamburger, Riverside 6343.

104TH, 115 WEST, (Apt. 44.)—Large, sunny, double room; private family; suit business couple; also smaller room; convenient to all car lines; electricity; elevator.

104TH, 242 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms, suite or single; breakfast optional. Academy 1227.

105TH, 248 WEST.—Outside room, private lavatory, telephone, elevator; gentleman; references. Clark.

107TH, 237 WEST.—Large, light room, electricity, elevator, telephone, $5; references. Howley.

108TH ST., 301 WEST, (near Riverside.)—Attractive room, furnished as combination sitting room and bedroom; private bath. Apartment 6B.

109TH, 812 WEST.—Attractive front room; river view; convenient to subway station.

111TH, 507 WEST.—2-room suite, exclusive, ideal for Summer. Apartment 44.

113TH, 536 WEST.—Furnished or unfurnished five large rooms; $65. Apartment 44.

114TH ST., 124 WEST.—Furnished room; all accommodations. Apartment 23.

118TH, 414 WEST.—Pleasant rooms, near Columbia; all improvements; $3.50, $4.25. Apartment 3.

112TH ST., (2,880 Broadway.)—Exceptional rooms, suitable for gentleman; seen to appreciate; best reference. Apartment 11.

113TH, 600 WEST.—Attractively furnished outside room, opposite bath; superior apartment. Johnston.

113TH, 565 WEST.—Bright, cheery rooms; bachelors' club; convenient; reasonable; references required.

118TH, 419 WEST.—Large, light rooms; running water; elevator apartment; $5. Brookway.

121ST ST., 501 WEST, (Morningside Heights.)—Cool, attractive Summer location, near dining rooms, restaurants, tennis courts, Riverside Park and Columbia University; artistically furnished rooms, all exposures, one to five windows, some suitable for three persons, some with kitchen, $4 to $12 weekly; showers; sitting rooms; attractive social life; dancing; Broadway subway,

## SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

YOUNG MAN, 21, experienced in dress line, desires connection with dress house. Write S. T., 14 Avenue A.

YOUNG MAN, capable, any line; six years' experience shirt line. V 388 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 19, wishes position, $15, at anything. N 565 Times Harlem.

### Instruction.

LESSONS in tennis and bridge given by expert young man. E 64 Times.

## HELP WANTED—Female.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER wanted for large office. Address, stating age, references, experience, salary desired, O. C., 292 Grand St., (advertising office.)

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER and stenographer; moderate salary to start, with opportunity for advancement. X 227 Times Annex.

BILLING CLERK.
High school graduate preferred; one capable of making detailed cost analysis.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE STREET,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th.

BILL CLERKS.—Work evenings from 4 to 11:30 P. M.; salary $14 per week; state age, experience, and telephone number. X 250 Times Annex.

BILLING CLERK, with knowledge of bookkeeping; experienced, accurate; state salary. R 156 Times.

BOOKKEEPERS. — TWO YOUNG WOMEN FAMILIAR WITH FACTORY ACCOUNTS; ONE FOR A POSITION IN THE BRONX, THE OTHER IN BROOKLYN; MUST BE SERIOUS, ENERGETIC YOUNG WOMEN 20 TO 25 YEARS OF AGE; KNOWLEDGE OF TYPEWRITING ESSENTIAL. A. K., 237 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOOKKEEPER.—Excellent opportunity for thoroughly experienced bookkeeper in clothing line to take complete charge of office, controlling accounts, monthly trial balance, balance sheet. Apply in own handwriting, giving reference, experience, and salary desired. Applications without detail will not be entertained. R 169 Times.

BOOKKEEPER experienced in double entry ledger, accounts, &c., is desired by large exporting and importing house; salary varying from $65 to $100 month; state full details, education, experience, and references. B 231 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Double entry, one who can operate Elliott-Fisher machine and take off trial balances. Address, stating age, experience, references, and salary desired. Box B 248 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER accustomed to handling an active "accounts receivable" ledger, monthly trial balance; state age, nationality, and salary desired. Penman, P. O. Box 1884, New York City.

BOOKKEEPER, to take charge of full set of books, trial balance, balance sheet, controlling accounts. Apply in own handwriting, giving reference, experience, and salary desired. O 347 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER.
Experience in advertising agency an advantage, but not essential; splendid opportunity for a worker who thinks fast. Apply Sterling Adv. Service, 110 West 40th St.

BOOKKEEPER wanted in large uptown wholesale house; experienced double entry; must understand controlling accounts, balance sheets; apply in own handwriting, giving references. N 564 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, (Christian firm,) in office of large manufacturing plant in N. Y. C.; state nationality, experience, and salary expected; references required. R 191 Times.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced, capable of taking full charge of books, dictation, and typewriting; state salary and experience. R 193 Times.

BOOKKEEPER to take charge of full set of books. Apply in own handwriting, giving reference, experience, and salary desired. R 183 Times.

BOOKKEEPER wanted; must be experienced in double entry and proficient in stenography; state age, previous experience, and salary desired. R 182 Times.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER; hotel experience necessary; salary $20 a week and lunch. Hotel Holley, Washington Square.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, in large mercantile house; must be experienced; state salary desired and references; good chance for advancement. B. A., 202 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER wanted; must have had previous experience on full set of books. Write in own handwriting to Lincoln Dye Works, 249 Huron St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, competent to take trial balances and take general charge of office. Genereux & Co., 5 East Houston St.

BOOKKEEPER, (Assistant.) — Experienced, with good handwriting; must have references. G. W., 218 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—At least one year's experience; large printing house. Write details. R 190 Times.

BOOKKEEPER ASSISTANT, permanent; state age, nationality, experience, and salary expected. V 366 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, manufacturing concern, knowledge of typewriting; salary $20; state experience and references. R 104 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced double entry; quick and accurate at figures; state salary. R 179 Times.

BOOKKEEPER and typist, double entry, experienced. B. T. 286 Times Downtown.

BUSINESS SCHOOL wants experienced teacher of Gregg shorthand and touch type writing; good salary. Z 251 Times Annex.

CHAMBERMAID and waitress; all year country place; ½ hour from New York; reliable references required. P. O. Box 777, Tenafly, N. J.

CASHIER WANTED FOR RESTAURANT; REFERENCE. 4 WEST 28TH ST.

CASHIER wanted; young lady; good salary. 64 West 38d.

CIRCULAR WORKERS wanted in subscription department of large national weekly; only those with experience need apply. Call at once, Miss Kearney, 119 West 40th St., 8th floor.

CLERICAL WORK.

GIRLS WANTED BY A LARGE DOWNTOWN BANK FOR GENERAL CLERICAL WORK; ALSO BURROUGHS ADDING MACHINE OPERATORS; GOOD CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT; APPLY IN OWN HANDWRITING, STATING AGE, EDUCATION, AND EXPERIENCE.
A 206 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

CLERKS familiar with stencils wanted in subscription department of large publication; short hours and good salary. Call at once, Miss Kearney, 119 West 40th St., 8th floor.

CLERICAL.—Experienced young girl for checking invoices, &c.; give full particulars, age, salary, and experience. F. B., 300 Times Downtown.

CORRESPONDENT SUPERVISOR.
A young man or young woman of good education, capable of supervising business correspondence and of training the members of a small correspondence department to secure more effective results; a thorough training in English and some teaching experience are desirable; applicants must state age and nationality and give full details as to their education and experience. R 188 Times.

DRAFTSWOMEN
experienced on mechanical drawing, preferably with knowledge of electrical work; high pay, short hours; fine working conditions.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St. Six blocks south of 14th.

DRAFTING DEPARTMENT CLERK, to take entire charge of filing drawings, keeping indexes, and assigning titles; must be experienced; give full particulars. L 186 Times.

ELLIOTT-FISHER OPERATOR, BILLING. SAMUEL H. MOSS, 36 EAST 23D ST.

EXPERIENCED TEACHER of bookkeeping and Isaac Pitman shorthand for business school; state salary desired. Z 250 Times Annex.

FORELADY.—Woman of tact and ability as forelady to take charge of sewing room in an institution; resident position. Apply today, between 3:30 and 8 P. M., Mayron, Amsterdam Av. and 137th.

GIRLS.
THIS IS YOUR CHANCE TO DO YOUR COUNTRY A PATRIOTIC SERVICE.
We need girls who have a knowledge of chemistry or physics (high school graduates preferred) to work in shop making scientific apparatus for Government use. Good pay for beginners; higher pay as soon as experienced; 48 hours per week, half day Saturday.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE STREET,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th.

## HELP WANTED—Female.

GIRLS,
17 to 25 years; one of the largest downtown banks has good opportunities for several neat, capable girls, who can operate adding machine; $40 to $55 a month, lunches and other benefits; permanent position and advancement for right girls; state age, schooling, and experience. O 373 Times Downtown.

GIRLS
to do light messenger work in offices; must be 16 years of age; $8 start.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE STREET,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th.

GIRLS.
SALARY $8 START.
NO EXPERIENCE NECESSARY.
EASY WORK.
STEADY EMPLOYMENT.
THOMAS J. LIPTON,
149 FRANKLIN STREET.

GIRL experienced in manufacturing stationery office; must have printing office experience and cost and other records; resident of Greenwich Village section preferred; state experience and salary expected. O 341 Times Downtown.

GIRLS to wait on trade in high-class confectionery store; good position. Allegretti, 15 West 58th.

GIRL to make samples, one familiar with envelopes preferred; this is an office position. Tension Envelope Co., 87 34th St., Brooklyn.

GIRL wanted, about 16 years, for clerical position; salary $7.50 to start. Address M. K., B 232 Times Downtown.

GIRL, bright, to run Neostyle and do filing; $9 to start. Room 1218, 105 West 40th St.

HOUSEKEEPER. — Working housekeeper wanted; no objection to couple; good salary, with 3-room apartment; education, refinement essential. Apply Manager, Vanderbilt Studios, 174 Madison Av., at 33d.

HOUSEWORKER. — White girl; general housework, small family; $35. Lillenthal, 740 Riverside Drive, (151st.)

HOUSEKEEPER.—Institution; $45 a month with advancement; room and board. X 214 Times Annex.

HOUSEHOLD ASSISTANT. — Middle-aged white woman, for light housework and assist with baby. A. M. Wolfe, 600 West 61st.

JEWISH ORPHANAGE, on cottage plan, needs women for social work with children; ability to run cottage household essential; good salary; day and half off each week. Write Orphanage, Pleasantville, N. Y.

MAID, general housework, apartment business woman; good home and $35 month; must be of good address and in early 30s; call after 8 P. M. Daley, 30 West 59th.

MANAGER, experienced, for tea room, serving pastry, candy and fountain drinks, to the finest trade; the business is conducted in unique surroundings and is well patronized; applicant must be of refined and pleasing personality and thoroughly competent to handle a proposition of this kind. R 195 Times.

MODEL, well dressed, thoroughly experienced, perfect size 16, for misses' suit house. R 163 Times.

NECKWEAR.
Experienced forelady on men's neckwear to take entire charge of factory; only those with long experience with large houses need apply; personal interview required.
I. ISAAC & CO.,
880 BROADWAY, CORNER 19TH.

NURSE wanted for sixteen-months-old baby; experienced, settled woman; country; salary $40-$45. T. B. Lewis, Freehold, N. J.

NURSE, experienced, for child 3 years old; references. Call 9 to 12. 215 West 98th St., Apt. 9D.

OFFICE GENERAL ASSISTANT for clerical duties; stenography an advantage, but not essential; state qualifications and salary required. W. J., 310 Times Downtown.

OFFICE CLERK.—Good at figuring; knowledge of typewriting desirable; state age, nationality, religion, and salary expected. Write Clerk, 200 East 23d St.

OFFICE CLERK accustomed to ledger posting and filing; salary $12 to start. Address W 204 Times Downtown.

PRIVATE SECRETARY wanted by head of advertising business; must be proficient in shorthand. Address in own handwriting, giving age, experience, and salary expected, X 215 Times Annex.

SALESWOMEN.
We require the services of thoroughly experienced
SALESWOMEN
FOR SHOES.
Apply superintendent's office, fifth floor.
GIMBEL BROTHERS,
NEW YORK.

SALESWOMAN, experienced, wanted for our Victrola department. Apply in person between 10 and 12 A. M. or by letter, stating age, experience, references, and salary expected. Wissner Piano, 55-57 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

SALESLADY.—Refined girl or woman; high-class personality; exceptional opportunity; experience unnecessary; $35-$50 week commission; salary second week; permanent; suite 2338, 15 Park Row.

SALESWOMEN, experienced; also demonstrators, to represent high-class toilet line; out of town; highest salary paid; references required. Call between 11-1, Aubry Sisters, Inc., 104 East 25th.

SALESLADY, experienced, in bakery; good position, hours, and pay for right party; references. H. B. Cushman & Co., 49 Church St.

SALESLADIES to demonstrate new invention used by United States Government; salary and commission; experienced preferred. 608 Times Building.

SALESLADY, first-class, for gown and suit shop; only those with exceptional ability to sell need apply. Herman Husch, 48 East 34th St.

SALESLADY, experienced, for music, Victrola shop, upper Broadway; reference required. V 400 Times Downtown.

STEINBACH COMPANY,
Asbury Park, N. J.,
require the services of experienced saleswomen in the following departments:
Sweaters.
Muslin Underwear,
Infants' Wear,
Upholstery,
House Furnishings.
Apply today at office of C. K. Fox, Room 632, Marbridge Bldg., Broadway and 34th St., between 10 and 1:30.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY. — YOUNG WOMAN ABOUT 25, FOR POSITION PAYING GOOD SALARY, BUT REQUIRING UNUSUAL ABILITY, BOTH MECHANICAL AND MENTAL; TYPEWRITTEN APPLICATION IS DESIRED, WITH FULL DETAILS PREVIOUS EMPLOYMENT, SALARY RECEIVED, EDUCATION, NATIONALITY, RELIGION, ETC. W 207 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER and Typewriter, thoroughly expert, on highly technical work; good salary if able to make good. Write, giving full details as to age, qualifications, and previous experience, stating how long employed with each concern, B 237 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER wanted; competent, experienced; general office work in purchasing department of large manufacturing concern; state experience and salary desired; good opportunity. P. D., W 224 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and Tabulator.—Beginner preferred; must be very bright, quick, accurate, and a high school graduate who has made a record in school while learning stenography and typewriting. B 239 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER IN PURCHASE DEPARTMENT OF LARGE WHOLESALE HOUSE; ONE WHO IS ALSO GOOD AT FIGURES; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE, RELIGION, AND SALARY EXPECTED. R 184 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER of several years' experience, must be thoroughly competent; high school education; Protestant. Apply Bedford Branch Y. M. C. A., 1,121 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, energetic, and intelligent for large and progressive import and export house; closed Saturday, open Sunday; state experience, salary expected. H 150 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, knowledge of bookkeeping and general office detail; one who has initiative and confidence; salary $15 to $20, depending on ability. Hollander Machinery Co., 3 Howard St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Large wholesale house requires the services of a competent stenographer. Write, stating age, experience, religion, and salary expected, R 161 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young lady in small office; excellent opportunity; state age, experience, and salary desired by letter only. Consolidated Engine Stop Co., 132 West 19th.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, for secretarial position; state age, give in detail education, experience, and salary desired. T 76 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, Typist. — Experienced; good pay. Address own handwriting, state references, salary expected, telephone number, W 225 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, with knowledge of switchboard; good salary; quick advancement. Tension Envelope Co., 87 34th St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young lady with year or more experience, contracting engineering firm; state age, experience, nationality, and salary expected. B 204 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced; large publishing house; moderate salary start; with advancement. McCall, 256 West 37th St.

STENOGRAPHER AND CORRESPONDENT. Spanish; must be able to translate correctly. W 205 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Neat, intelligent young lady. Write, stating salary, Room 1613, 215 4th Av.

STENOGRAPHERS.—One $15, one $18; give experience, phone, and religion. O 866 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and Typist. — Intelligent, neat in work and appearance. Daisy Waist Co., 28 West 19th.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced. B. S., 383 Times Downtown.

## HELP WANTED—Female.

STENOGRAPHERS.
GENERAL OFFICE EXPERIENCE,
AT WANAMAKER'S.
APPLY EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.

STENOGRAPHER. — Intelligent young lady wanted; best of references required; excellent opportunity. H 146 Times.

TELEPHONE OPERATORS, experienced in central office work; a few not now employed in telephone companies' offices who are willing to leave the city during the war; good salary and all expenses, including carfare, laundry, good board with pleasant, refined home surroundings; give full particulars as to telephone experience, family conditions, and present employment. V 384 Times Downtown.

TELEPHONE SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR wanted; one who can use typewriter preferred. Call with hand-written application, A. Simonson, 506 5th Av., near 42d St.

TYPISTS
we have a number of vacancies for rapid and accurate typists; advancement.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St. Six blocks south of 14th.

TYPISTS, with at least one year's experience, wanted by large publishing house; short hours and good salary; pleasant surroundings; call at once. Miss Kearney, 119 West 40th St., 8th floor.

TYPISTS.—To operate Remington, Wahl billing machines. Call at Great Atlantic and Pacific Tea Co., 825 East 141st St.

TYPIST.—Experienced tabulator, manifold work; Oliver machine. Room 17, 13 Astor Place.

TYPIST and billing clerk. Samuel H. Moss, 36 East 23d St.

WAITRESS, colored, in first-class boarding house. Apply 114 West 123d.

WOMAN, sensible, for care of elderly lady; housework of two rooms week days only; references required. N 562 Times Harlem.

WOMAN for chamber and general housework for private family; spending Summer in the Adirondacks. Address, giving experience and references, Miss E. Grant, 12 West 40th.

YOUNG WOMAN in the advertising department of a daily newspaper; one who has had experience in advertising department of a newspaper or advertising agency; steady, position; good opportunity for bright woman, possessing initiative; hours 5 to 12:30 evenings; salary $20 per week; state age, experience, and telephone number. X 228 Times Annex.

YOUNG LADY wanted; thorough bookkeeper and some knowledge of stenography and typewriting. Apply 25 Broad St., Room 436, between 10 and 3 o'clock.

YOUNG LADY, knowledge bookkeeping, office assistant; must have high school education; state age and salary expected. E 60 Times.

YOUNG WOMAN wanted, experienced in designing and making colored sketches for interior decoration; give telephone number. T 97 Times.

YOUNG GIRL for general work in export office; salary $7 to commence. Call Room 1210, 11 Broadway.

YOUNG WOMAN to assist semi-invalid mornings, afternoons. Call Friday, 2 to 4, Mrs. Dailey, Hotel Belleclaire.

YOUNG LADY, experienced in office details; must be neat and accurate. Call after 10 A. M., Room 912, 1,150 Broadway.

YOUNG WOMAN, between 25 and 30; must be quick and accurate with figures; one capable of assuming responsibility; salary $15. Manifold Supply Co., 183 3d Av., Brooklyn.

YOUNG LADY WITH OFFICE EXPERIENCE CAPABLE OF KEEPING STOCK LEDGER. ATLANTIC COMB WORKS, 365 HARMAN ST., BROOKLYN.

YOUNG GIRL to attend store; no experience necessary. Goldblatt, 836 7th Av.

TABULATORS, expert; shorthand unnecessary; must be neat, bright, extremely quick and accurate; good chance to learn accounting and obtain general business experience in large certified public accountants' office doing important work. B 288 Times Downtown.

TYPIST WANTED FOR MACHINE POSTING AND GENERAL CLERICAL WORK; ACCURATE OPERATOR, WITH EXPERIENCE PREFERRED. WRITE, STATING SALARY EXPECTED. O 370 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

### Instruction.

PRIVATE SECRETARIAL TRAINING.
Registered by the Board of Regents of the University of the State of N. Y.; individual instruction; reservations must be made in advance; references required; open all Summer.
NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.
SPECIAL COURSE.
Three months individual instruction.
Summer terms.
35 West 42d St. V. M. Wheat, Director.

ARE YOU INTERESTED
in a profession paying $3,000 to $15,000 yearly? We graduate experts. Day or night sessions. Class now forming. Write for Booklet E. Naturopathic Institute, 254 West 34th St., New York.

THE U. S. SECRETARIAL SCHOOL, 542-544 5th Av. (45th St.,) the oldest and preeminently the most successful, prepares for and obtains excellent secretarial positions; day, evening, and correspondence courses; catalogue. Prof. Meagher, M. A., Director.

GENUINE PRIVATE INSTRUCTION Secretarial, shorthand, typewriting, bookkeeping, &c., for private and Government positions; don't waste time in large classes; save time and money. A. Fancell Private Instructor, 280 Madison Av., (40th St.)

ATTENTION GIRLS, LADIES.
Learn telephone switchboard operating, typewriting, stenography, filing, dictaphone bookkeeping, billing. Capt. O'Brien, 112 East 23d; 137 Decatur, Brooklyn.

ATTENTION—FILING COURSE.
Filing course, $10. Why pay more?
Capt. O'Brien School, 112 East 23d.

### Employment Agencies.

AMERICAN
EMPLOYMENT
EXCHANGE,
115 BROADWAY.
If you have had experience in Bookkeeping, Stenography, or Clerical work, we have a number of good openings which will no doubt interest you. We also find an unusual demand for girls just starting in business.
A visit to our Mrs. Spier, Room 705, may prove to be the turning point of your career. A few representative positions which must be filled at once are listed below.
BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER preferably with Insurance experience, $1,300.
BOOKKEEPER; must be under 30 years of age; $1,300.
BOOKKEEPER for manufacturing concern in Gramercy section, $1,800.
STATISTICIAN; a knowledge of bookkeeping or comptometer machines preferable; $20.
STENOGRAPHER, $17-$18; Brooklyn position; neat, refined personality essential; Christian firm. Call Herbert L. Furman, Private Agency, 31 East 27th St.
F. X. GOGGIN AGENCY, 200 Broadway.—Register free; steno-typists, stenographers, stenographer and file clerks, clerks, comptometer operators.
STENOGRAPHER, downtown, immediately, $20; also typists-office assistants, switchboard operators; registration free. Gahagan Agency, 256 Broadway.
STENOGRAPHERS, $18-$25; publishing, $22; typists, $12; filing, $14; switchboard, uptown, $12. Business Opportunities Co., Agency, 203 Broadway.

## HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT SENIOR.—Responsible position on permanent staff of firm of C. P. A.'s is open for qualified senior accusttomed to take charge of large engagements and write reports. Salary commensurate. Application held in strict confidence. W 219 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, senior, required by firm of public accountants; must be able to undertake audits and investigations without supervision; give full particulars of experience and state salary required. O 362 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT TO TAKE CHARGE OF GENERAL LEDGER FOR MANUFACTURING PLANT LOCATED SHORT DISTANCE UP HUDSON RIVER; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE, AND SALARY DESIRED. T 87 TIMES.

ACCOUNTANT, experienced, with department store experience, to take entire charge of office in specialty store; address, stating salary desired and details of experience. Frank R. Jelleff, Inc., Washington, D. C.

ACCOUNTANT, senior, qualified by extensive and varied experience, wanted by growing firm of accountants, who pay according to merit; applications treated confidentially. A 379 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT with experience in manufacturing cost; permanent position; good opportunities; state age, nationality, salary. O 367 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING.—One of the leading publications in New York has opening which affords splendid opportunity to learn the business for young man, between 18 and 19, preferably high school graduate who thinks he has tendency toward selling; applicant must possess initiative, be an earnest worker, and come well recommended. Address, stating references, salary expected, and telephone number, Z 374 Times Annex.

## New Closing Hour For Want Advertisements

Owing to increased volume of Want Advertisements, those intended for the Sunday edition of The New York Times cannot be accepted if received in The Times Building after 4 P. M. Saturday. Those for the daily edition must be received before 8 o'clock on the evening previous to publication.

## HELP WANTED—Male.

ADVERTISING CLERK for evening work, from 5 to 12:30; one who has had experience in an advertising department or business department of a daily newspaper; exceptional opportunity and steady position for a thoroughly dependable man; state salary desired, age, and experience. X 229 Times Annex.

ADVERTISING department assistant, Brooklyn metal manufacturing company; preference to applicants who are draft exempt and have some knowledge of printing; salary $18-$20 week start; state age, nationality, qualifications in detail. Z 391 Times Annex.

ASSISTANT in advertising office downtown; must be exempt from draft, and have had some experience with systems for filing cuts, drawings, &c.; be able to keep accurate records and costs of advertisements, literature, dealer helps; salary will be moderate to start, with chance for advancement in near future; give details of experience, salaries received, age, education, nationality, &c., in application; only letters incorporating above will be given attention. B 241 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT in office; bright young man with high school education or some college; must be interested in Christian work and have a capacity for growth into position of responsibility and leadership. Apply West Side Y. M. C. A., 318 West 57th St. See Mr. Nyhan.

ASSISTANT STOCK CLERK, one with knowledge of Ford parts. Hayes-Diesenderfer Co., 1,872 Broadway.

AUTOMATIC SCREW
MACHINE OPERATORS
on
Browne & Sharpe & Gridley.
If you want a steady job at highest rate or wages in a 48-hour a week shop, pay time and a half for overtime, and where you will be treated like a man—apply immediately.
SIMMS MAGNETO CO.,
BLOOMFIELD, N. J.

AUTOMOBILE MECHANICS wanted; only first-class, experienced men need apply; also automobile electricians, experienced on starter and generator. Apply Superintendent, 42 West 62d St.

AUTOMOBILE INSTRUCTOR. — High-grade man only need answer. Apply by mail West Side Y. M. C. A. Automobile School, 40 West 66th St., New York.

AUTOMOBILE INSTRUCTOR. — High-grade men only need answer. Apply by mail West Side Y. M. C. A. Automobile School, 40 West 66th St., New York.

BANK CLERKS.
Young men wanted by a New York bank; high school graduates or experienced clerks preferred; excellent opportunities offered to competent men; monthly bonus paid and dinner furnished; reply in detail as to experience, religion, and salary expected. A 390 Times Downtown.

BANK CLERKS Wanted.—A large downtown bank is in need of several clerks, familiar with the rack and thoroughly experienced in bank work; only men between the ages of 18 and 25 and who are draft exempt will be considered. Apply in own handwriting, giving age, education, and experience. A 209 Times Downtown.

BANK CLERK.—Young man, ledger work, assistant in teller's cage. Bank Washington Heights, 155th St. and Amsterdam Av.

BILL CLERK.—Wanted, competent bill clerk for large export house; one familiar with duplicator preferred. Apply, by letter, stating salary, Truscon Steel Co., 2 Rector St.

BOOKKEEPER.—First-class man wanted for shipbuilding concern, Elizabethport, N. J.; must be quick and accurate at figures, have perfect knowledge of double entry bookkeeping; state exact age, experience, salary, and references by mail. Address P. O. Box 3, Station Y, New York City.

BOOKKEEPER, double entry; one who can operate Elliott-Fisher machine and take off trial balances; address, stating age, experience, references, and salary desired, B 249 Times Downtown.

BOOKBINDERS wanted for all-around job work; steady work; union shop; state experience and wages wanted. Apply G. F. Schwenker & Co., 226 Wyoming Av., Scranton, Penn.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced in export business; able to attend all shipments; state nationality, age, references, and experience; salary, $18-$20. Write Room 1812, 27 William St.

BOOKKEEPER wanted by a Jersey City company; a young man with good education and accounting ability; excellent opportunity for advancement. Address M 388 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER and typist, aged 18 to 20. Write, stating experience and salary, William Schwenn Iron Works, 830 Lexington Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, understanding controlling accounts; give age, experience, and salary expected. V 343 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Accounts payable ledger; experienced; draft exempt. Mitchell, 419 West 55th.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, with Stock Exchange experience, best of references. B 229 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, experienced, with good handwriting; must have references. B. G., 280 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Double entry, thoroughly experienced in clothing line. R 63 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Double entry, thoroughly experienced in clothing line. R 63 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced double entry; 10 hours day; salary $25. Call 401 West St.

BLOTTER CLERK WANTED, BY STOCK EXCHANGE HOUSE; GOOD POSITION FOR ONE WHO THOROUGHLY UNDERSTANDS THE BUSINESS. ADDRESS, STATING AGE AND REFERENCES. W 216 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BUYER.—Automobile accessory and hardware buyer wanted for mail order house; live wire wanted; splendid opportunity for advancement to the right party. Apply daily, 1-4 P. M., Williams, Belmont & Co., 28 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

BOYS! BOYS! BOYS!
SEVERAL BRIGHT BOYS,
16 TO 18 YEARS,
FOR OFFICE AND MESSENGER WORK AROUND PLANT;
STEADY POSITION WITH ADVANCEMENT
R. HOE & CO.,
2 SHERIFF ST., CORNER GRAND.

BOY WANTED
by large wholesale shoe house; excellent chance for ambitious boys; good salary.
McELWAIN, MORSE & ROGERS,
21-29 Hudson St., N. Y.

BOYS,
Must be 16 years or over, for messenger and mail service; minimum salary $9; good opportunity for advancement in electrical business.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th.

BOYS wanted, between 16 and 19 years of age, to start with old-established house offering commercial training in the steel line; experience not necessary, but must be ambitious and quick to learn; high school graduates preferred; moderate salary to start, but early advancement and excellent future; state age, education, salary expected. O 260 Times Downtown.

BOYS.—Large insurance corporation has several permanent positions open to public school graduates; some high school education preferred; unusual opportunity for advancement and to learn business; experience not necessary, but must be of good address, bright, and quick to learn; give age, nationality, education, and experience, if any. O 339 Times Downtown.

BOYS,
14 to 19 years; one of the largest downtown banks has good openings for several capable, ambitious boys; experience not necessary; good pay, lunches and other benefits; permanent position and rapid promotion for those making good; state age, schooling and experience. O 372 Times Downtown.

BOY.—Bright and ambitious for light work in color department of varnish concern; rapid advancement; good salary to start. Apply after 9 A. M., National Color and Chemical Co., 85th St. and 11th Av.

## HELP WANTED—Male.

BOYS in advertising department of daily newspaper; good opportunity for bright boys desiring to learn the advertising business; salary $8 per week. Arnold Sanchez, 229 West 43d Street.

BOYS TO PICK UP AND DELIVER PACKAGES. A GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO LEARN THE HARDWARE BUSINESS WITH A GROWING CONCERN. APPLY W. & WILSON CORP., 155 CHAMBERS ST.

BOYS Wanted.—Large American fire insurance company has vacancies for a few bright boys with high school educations; salary, $45. Write, stating age, experience, W 221 Times Downtown.

BOY of good education, willing to learn import and export business. Excellent opportunities for advancement. State full details in letter. B 280 Times Downtown.

BOYS.—$8 A WEEK TO START. APPLY TO THE WALL STREET JOURNAL, 44 BROAD ST.

BOY, by New York Stock Exchange house; one just out of school preferred; good chance for advancement for bright young man; state religion. V 328 Times Downtown.

BOY.—An excellent chance for bright, willing boy in concern offering many opportunities for advancement. Call at 192 Diamond St., Brooklyn.

BOY, bright, who wishes a permanent position with opportunity to learn in chemical business; salary to start $8. Call, 11 Cliff St., Room 1004.

BOYS.—Small, neat appearance; experience unnecessary; salary to start, $8. Call Manhattan Storage and Warehouse Co., 42d St. and Lexington Av.

BOYS.—$35 PER MONTH, EIGHT-HOUR DAY. OFFICE AND ERRANDS; 15 YEARS OR OVER. WORKING PAPERS; STATE AGE. O 356 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOY wanted in New York office of manufacturing concern; 17 to 20 years age; neat in appearance; well recommended; salary to start, $10 per week. B 234 Times Downtown.

BOY, about 15, wanted as mail clerk and for general office work. Call or write, The Dauchy Co., 15 Murray St.

BOY, 15, for stock work; advancement. William Rosenfeld, 254 4th Av.

BOY in wholesale woolen house; state age, reference, and salary expected. A 325 Times Downtown.

BOY, 16 to 17, by large import house; good opportunity. P. O. Box 3, Station A, New York City.

BOY for drawing office; good chance for advancement; state age, salary, education. Permanent, L 188 Times.

BOY wanted in office; hours, 9 to 5, Saturdays, 1 o'clock; salary to begin, $7. W 212 Times Downtown.

BOY WANTED,
bright, for real estate office; references. Mark Rafalsky & Co., 21 East 40th St.

BOY WANTED, NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE BROKERS OFFICE. APPLY P. O. BOX 1228, NEW YORK CITY.

BOY wanted for general office work and mailing department. C. E. Sheppard Co., 311 Hudson St.

BOY to run errands; splendid opportunity for advancement. Andrew H. Kellogg Co., 141 East 25th.

BOY wanted; good chance for advancement. Room 1606, 170 Broadway.

BOY.—Working papers, $9. Samuel H. Moss, 36 East 23d St.

CABINET MAKERS.
High wages.
GOOD WORKING CONDITIONS;
ON GOVERNMENT WORK.
MUST BE CITIZENS.
STANDARD AIRCRAFT CORP.,
Brunswick Av., Elizabeth, N. J.

CALLERS.—Experienced in fancy goods and notions. New York Merchandise Co., 119 5th Av.

CASHIER AND ACCOUNTANT, an experienced man, must be above draft age and of good address; excellent opening for right person; answer in writing, giving experience and references. New Rochelle Water Company, P. O. Box 1007, New Rochelle, N. Y.

CABINET MAKER.—First-class man experienced setting up and polishing furniture; steady position. George Fennell Co., 2,031 3d Av.

CARPENTERS,
OUT OF TOWN,
GOOD WAGES,
FREE TRANSPORTATION,
NO FEE,
STEADY WORK.
APPLY DU PONT COMPANY,
244 WEST 23D STREET.

CASHIER for bar; must be bright and able to see things. Answer, giving address of last employer and salary expected, H. S., W 220 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR wanted; chauffeur understand Cadillac car, to care for small garden and generally useful in country; board out; wages, $100 per month. T 81 Times.

CHAUFFEUR wanted, young man, to drive a Dodge car; short hours. Call between 9-12, Friday, 425 East 105th.

CHAUFFEUR wishes position, private or commercial. John L. Prime, 813 Amsterdam Av.

CHAUFFEUR, city, country; $100. D. J. F., T 88 Times.

CHECKERS.—Experienced in fancy goods and notions. New York Merchandise Co., 119 5th Av.

CHEF, first-class, wanted for private family; expert in French or Hungarian cooking; state age, experience, and salary desired. R 180 Times.

CLERK,
experienced in checking freight and express bills; also have knowledge of routing, tracing, &c.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th.

CLERKS wanted by large downtown bank; bank experience not essential, but must be good at figures and rapid Burroughs Adding Machine operators; draft exempt men between the ages of 18 and 30 are desired. A 208 Times Downtown.

CLERK in export department of large manufacturing concern, downtown; knowledge of Spanish essential; give age, experience, salary desired, &c. Address W 223 Times Downtown.

CLERK, drafting department, to take entire charge of filing drawings, keeping indexes, and assigning titles; must be experienced; give full particulars. L 185 Times.

CLERK.—Efficient in large mercantile house; knowledge of typewriting preferred; state salary and experience. B 244 Times Downtown.

CLERK for receiving and shipping office of a manufacturing company; state experience, salary, and age. X 203 Times Annex.

CLERK AND TIMEKEEPER
for manufacturing department. Call Astonia Clock Co., 7th Av. and 12th St., Brooklyn.

CLERK.—Excellent opportunity for young man as call clerk. Apply to Mr. McGahan, Mills & Gibb Corp., 4th Av. and 22d St., city.

CLERK, shipping and stock; experienced on sweaters preferred. Peerless, 1 East 28th.

COLLECTOR of rents, tenement property, age about 40; experienced preferred; wages, $15. B. J. Fogg, 405 9th Av., city.

## HELP WANTED—Male.

COLLECTORS wanted, men familiar with Jersey City preferred; must be able to furnish best of references, be beyond draft age, have good personality and personal appearance; experience preferred, but not necessary. Address M 397 Times Downtown.

COLLECTOR.—Young man for large furniture house; salary $14 weekly; steady position. Address, giving age and references, T 3,013 3d Av.

CORRESPONDENT, SUPERVISER.
A young man or a young woman of good education, capable of supervising business correspondence and of training members of a small correspondence department to secure more effective results; a thorough training in English and some teaching experience is desirable; applicants must state age and nationality and give full details as to their education and experience. R 187 Times.

COST ACCOUNTANT experienced in factory routine and shop practice, understanding production, order, and perpetual inventory control; accounting office located in New York City; state draft status, experience in last three positions, and salary expected; excellent opportunity and permanent position for high-class man. Z 397 Times Annex.

COUPLE Wanted:—Man and wife as gardener and cook. I have a three-acre farm out in the Jersey Hills, suburbs of Newark; I want a middle-aged man and wife, man as gardener, wife as cook; there are three in my family, two adults and twelve-year-old boy; the position is an easy one and the family considerate; I want a couple who will regard the position as a home rather than just a job; references must be good, although references don't count for everything. R 99 Times.

COUPLE to take charge of bachelor apartment house; must understand steam and catering for breakfasts; references. Apply at 153 West 57th St., between 12 and 2.

DOWNTOWN BANK
MESSENGERS.
YOUNG MEN, 18 TO 20 YEARS OF AGE; EXCELL

## HELP WANTED—Male.

SALESMEN.—Young men with energy and personality have an excellent opportunity to connect with old-established paper house; salary basis. Apply by letter, advising if draft exempt, experience, and salary desired. O 368 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.

We are opening 11 new stores, best sections, and require salesmen to take charge of them. Provided you have A1 references, some selling experience, and at least a high school education, apply at once; drawing account and commission. Encyclopaedia Britannica, 288 4th Av.

SALESMEN.—Americans; we have good positions in our stores for men with records, good appearance, and education; selling experience desirable but not essential; we supply the necessary training; if you believe you can sell, call at once; drawing account and commission. Encyclopaedia Britannica, 288 4th Av., near 22d St. Mr. Wagner.

SALESMEN.—Two salesmen of good personality, accustomed to interviewing business men; big opportunity for right party; to represent the National Society of Real Americans; no hooks to sell; liberal commission. L. E. Stearns, 56 West 45th St., sixth floor.

SHIPPING CLERK'S ASSISTANT wanted; one experienced in paper line preferred. Apply by mail, stating age, experience, salary wanted, O 361 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING CLERK.—Large coffee import house; one experienced in warehouse records and exempt from draft. O 365 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING CLERK'S ASSISTANT wanted in wholesale paper warehouse. Apply George W. Miller & Co., 284 Lafayette St.

SHIPPING CLERK.—Mercantile house; thoroughly acquainted shipping duties; good marker. B 213 Times Downtown.

SHOP HELPERS ON STRUCTURAL AND TANK WORK; ALSO SEVERAL SKILLED MECHANICS; STEADY EMPLOYMENT; ADVANCEMENT. EARL C. MAXWELL CO., 119 13TH ST., BROOKLYN.

SODA DISPENSER.—References required, Galpin's Drug Store, 57th St. and 6th Av.

SOLICITORS.—Auto freight, for Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington; commission basis. Call Room 703, 140 Nassau St., mornings.

STRUCTURAL DRAFTSMEN OF SEVERAL YEARS' EXPERIENCE, FAMILIAR WITH MILL BUILDING AND POWER PLANT CONSTRUCTION; LOCATION NEW YORK; STATE AGE, SALARY, AND EXPERIENCE IN FULL. B 228 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHERS.
BIG PLANT.
GOOD WAGES, ADVANCEMENT.
FREE TRANSPORTATION.
NO FEE.
APPLY DU PONT COMPANY,
244 WEST 23D ST.

STENOGRAPHERS. — LARGE AND LONG ESTABLISHED CURB HOUSE WANTS TWO STENOGRAPHERS WITH WALL ST. EXPERIENCE; MUST BE DRAFT EXEMPT AND COME WELL RECOMMENDED; LIBERAL SALARY TO COMPETENT MEN. ADDRESS W 215 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER

To assist purchasing agent in large wholesale and manufacturing concern, one with slight knowledge of bookkeeping preferred; good opportunity for bright young man; state age, experience, salary. B. M., 178 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, able to translate into Spanish, French, and Italian, to take charge of export office and meet foreign buyers; man of good address and references needed. Write S. S. Frank, Hotel Netherland.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST.—COMPETENT; DRAFT EXEMPT; SALARY $18. WITH CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT. CALL BETWEEN 9 AND 1, ADAMS & CO., 220 FRONT ST.

STENOGRAPHER wanted by oil corporation, exempt from draft, with experience in purchasing department; good chance for advancement; answer, stating age, experience, &c., in full. O 315 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER wanted, young man, 18-20; one experienced in export business preferred; state references, salary desired. Address Maurice O'Meara Co., 450 Pearl St., New York.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, competent and experienced, for accountant office; state age, experience, and salary desired. T 93 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced; must be very rapid and accurate. Apply H. Kamber & Co., 708 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER and correspondent; Spanish; must be able to translate correctly. W 206 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant; hours 8 to 6. 52A Cedar, 401 West St.

STEINBACH COMPANY,
Asbury Park, N. J.,

Require the services of experienced salesmen in the following departments:
Housefurnishings,
Photographic,
Men's furnishings,
Furniture.
Apply today at office of C. K. Fox, Room 682, Marbridge Building, Broadway and 34th St., between 10 and 1:30.

STEINBACH COMPANY,
Asbury Park, N. J.,

Require experienced shade and drapery hangers. Apply today at office of C. K. Fox, Room 682, Marbridge Building, Broadway and 34th St., between 10 and 1:30.

STEINBACH COMPANY,
ASBURY PARK, N. J.,

Require experienced floormen and aisle managers. Apply today at office of C. K. Fox, Room 682, Marbridge Bldg., Broadway and 34th St., between 10 and 1:30.

STOCKMEN.
FOR
RUGS,
CARPETS,
LINOLEUMS.
Apply Superintendent's Office, Fifth Floor, GIMBEL BROTHERS,
NEW YORK.

STOCK CLERK for restaurant to take care of stock room; chance for advancement; state age, experience, and salary expected. X 204 Times Annex.

STOCK BOY as assistant in storeroom; experienced in hardware or electrical line; good pay; weekly bonus. Sprague Electric, 528 West 35th.

STOCK CLERK for silk and ribbon house; exempt from draft; state salary desired. R 180 Times.

STOCK CLERK, age 30 to 40, for retail store; good opportunity for advancement; best references. Apply in person, ask for Mr. Ditz, E. B. Mayrowitz, Inc., 620 6th Av.

STRUCTURAL DESIGNERS.
Experienced designers in structural steel, concrete and wood wanted for work in vicinity of Philadelphia, write, stating age, experience, salary expected and when available; give references. Mr. Bryant, 40 Globe Bldg., Boston, Mass.

SUPERINTENDENT in soap factory wanted; permanent position; communications confidential. Z 300 Times Annex.

SWITCHBOARD ASSEMBLERS on copper bus bars and small wiring; able to read blue prints; good pay; weekly bonus. Sprague Electric, 528 W. 35th.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR, night work. Pinehurst Garage, 184 East 70th St.

TOOL SETTERS ON POTTER & JOHNSTONS and HAND SCREW MACHINES.

To men who are CAPABLE of looking after a battery of machines and GETTING PRODUCTION we have a VERY ATTRACTIVE OFFER:

Eight-hour shop; no labor trouble; Government work in FINEST CITY IN NEW ENGLAND. Health and living conditions IDEAL.

CALL SUNDAY, May 26, at 9 A. M., at Wire Wheel Service Station, No. 835 11th Av., New York, or write same address, giving full information, which will be held confidential.

TOOLMAKERS.

First-class, experienced men, with at least 10 years' experience.

We work 48 hours per week.
Pay time and half for overtime.

If you desire a steady position and highest rate of wages in first-class, up-to-date shop, apply immediately.

SIMMS MAGNETO CO.,

BLOOMFIELD, N. J.

TOOLMAKERS.

First-class men only; high rates; good location; 48-hour week.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th.

TOOL AND DIE MAKERS.—First class. Robidoux Machine Co., 20 Fulton St., New York City.

## HELP WANTED—Male.

TRAFFIC MAN, experienced in rates, routing, correspondence, tracers, and export shipping regulations. Apply to Fox Bros. & Co., 126 Lafayette St.

TRACKMEN.—Wanted at once, 100 track laborers and 10 good track foremen; laborers, 45c. per hour; foremen, 60c. per hour; time and half for overtime, double time for Sundays. Apply to Arthur Jackson, General Superintendent of Construction, Groton Iron Works, Groton, Conn.

V. R. Browning Co.,
3d Av. and 22d St.
College Point, Long Island.

WE WANT
A
COMPETENT MAN

to act as manager of a department operated along mail order line. A liberal salary will be paid to start, and the future possibilities are unlimited. The successful applicant must be an executive, a systematizer, exact, and fluent correspondent, with ability to establish and maintain suitable stock records. While manufacturing experience is desirable, a real, successful mail order man could qualify.

He must take up his residence in this vicinity—a large resort town in pleasant surroundings, about one and one-half hours from New York; daily commuting, however, is impracticable.

Your reply must give in detail a definite outline of your past experience, salary wanted to start, and your own reason for believing yourself qualified to fulfill our requirements. All answers to this advertisement will be held in strict confidence. Address

S. C., 200 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

YOUNG MAN of good education, enthusiasm and natural ability wanted by large publishing house to prepare advertising, letters and circulars; one preferred who has had some selling experience in the technical field, electrical or mining; must know how to write convincing letters; must be a rapid producer and a deep digger; fine opportunity for the right man, but it is no position for one who has not the sales instinct or who has had no experience in writing advertising literature; state age, position in the draft, experience in full and salary expectation. R 144 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 18-19, preferably high school graduate, must be quick and accurate in carrying out detail, for clerkship which offers advantage of unusual training in advertising business; hours 8:30 A. M. to 5:30 P. M. Address, stating references, salary expected, and telephone number, Z 375 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN WANTED WHO CAN TYPEWRITE ACCURATELY AND BE GENERAL ALL-ROUND OFFICE ASSISTANT. STENOGRAPHY UNNECESSARY. O 371 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

YOUNG MAN, between 25 and 30; exempt or Class 4; technical training an asset; prefer one having had experience in foreign trade branch of large banking institution; knowledge exporting absolutely essential. Reply promptly if interested, giving in first letter all qualifications and references, if any. O 368 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN assist in laboratory of varnish manufacturer; knowledge of chemistry desirable but not necessary; excellent future for ambitious party. Apply after 9 A. M., at National Gum & Mica Co., 59th St. and 11th Av.

YOUNG MAN wanted who is ambitious and would appreciate rare opportunity to quickly learn exceptionally profitable advertising business; give age, salary, experience, and phone number. B 354 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN for warehouse work; must be fair penman; one familiar with shipping preferred, although not essential; salary $12. Apply Friday morning. Diehl Manufacturing Company, 149 Broadway, New York.

YOUNG MAN, shipping room experience, mechanically inclined. Opportunity for advancement. Must be good penman. Ritter Dental Manufacturing Co., 200 5th Av.

YOUNG MAN WITH OFFICE EXPERIENCE CAPABLE OF KEEPING STOCK LEDGER. ATLANTIC COMB WORKS, 365 HARMAN ST., BROOKLYN.

YOUNG MAN, 18 to 19, for midtown real estate office to collect rents; preferably with experience; should be able furnish bond; state qualifications and salary expected. B 50 Times.

YOUNG MEN wanted as lamp trimmers for gas company; fair pay for beginners. Apply in own handwriting, J. D., 130 East 15th St., Room 214.

YOUNG MAN wanted to assist hosiery and underwear buyer in resident buyer's office; must have knowledge of the above line. R 194 Times.

YOUNG MAN wanted between 18 and 20 years old for Custom House work. V 385 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, about 17, to start as messenger in downtown trust company; references required. B 242 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, take care stationery stock room; age, salary, experience. B 243 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN sell dry goods; salary basis; no commissions; state salary expected. B 211 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN wanted, 16-18 years, in executive office of large coal company; best references required. H 148 Times.

YOUNG MAN learn dry goods line, beginning care stock; good chance. Advancement. B 212 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, assistant helper shipping department wholesale house. B 215 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN for work in shipping department. M. W., 288 Times Downtown.

### Instruction.

BOOKKEEPER.—Get out of the rut; become a certified public or cost accountant; get into business for yourself. Experts in accountants exceeds the supply; our graduates earn over $5,000 yearly; learn at home in spare time by our easy system; send for booklet and special offer. Universal Business Inst., 100 Pullman Bldg., New York.

BIG DEMAND—RADIO OPERATORS.
Short concentrated course.
Specially adapted for drafted men.
Best radio course in city.
Write, call today for booklet.
Radio School, 157 East 86th St.

THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.
SPECIAL COURSES.
Three months' individual instruction;
Summer terms.
35 West 42d St. V. M. Wheat, Director.

AIRPLANE MECHANICS.—Instruction day or evening; qualifying for Government or factory work. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th St.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR.—Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes. Send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

### Employment Agencies.

F. X. GOGGIN AGENCY, 200 Broadway; register free; office and technical positions.

## AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

AUSTRIAN DAIMLER TOURING.
LATEST MODEL; FOUR-PASS.
18-35 H. P.; ELECTRIC STARTER.
GEORGE WALLACE COPLEY,
665 5TH AV. PLAZA 4837.

BUICK 1916 seven passenger, 6 cylinder; perfect condition; bargain. Behrman Corp., 1,746 Broadway. Phone Circle 3727. Open evenings.

BUICK 1918 7-passenger touring; run about 4,000 miles. Morton W. Smith Co., 19 West 44th St. Murray Hill 1138.

BUICK 1917-1916 TOURINGS,
roadsters. Flack, 1,700 Broadway, 3d floor.

CADILLAC "8" ROADSTER, NEW.
Special tires, seat covers, extra new tire, skid chains, &c.; new car guarantee; rare opportunity. Rippath, 1,778 Broadway.

CADILLAC 1917 PHAETON.
Thoroughly overhauled; like new; must be seen to be appreciated. W. A. TROCK, 411 West 55th.

CADILLAC 7-passenger limousine; A1 condition, $600. Chas. E. Riess & Co., Inc., 226 West 56th St., 4th floor.

CADILLAC 1917 Touring; 1917 Cabriolet; 1917 Roadster; bargains. Cook Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

CADILLAC 1917 Touring, like new throughout; make offer. Harry Brenner, 1,778 Broadway.

CADILLAC 1916 touring; good condition. McGill, Opera House Garage, 146 West 39th.

CADILLAC 1917 Victoria; beautiful. Opera Garage, 146 West 39th St.

CADILLAC.—New 1918 touring car; $2,800. J. W., Broadway and 62d St., garage.

CHALMERS.—Sedan, late 1917; all new tires; good mechanical condition; $900; big bargain. Decatur 4636. 1,203 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

CHALMERS TOURING, $265.
Seven-passenger, first-class running order; electric lights, extra tires; bargain. John Moore & Co., 2,004 Broadway.

CHALMERS, "Master 6" roadster; good condition; extras; worth investigating; private owner; $350. W. S. Woods, 156 5th Av. Farragut 2360.

CHANDLER, 1917, limousine; dark gray upholstery; small mileage; good condition, price right. Detroit-Cadillac Motor Car Co., 886 Broad St., Newark, N. J. Tel. Mulberry 3240.

CHANDLER 1917 four-passenger Chummy Roadster; exceptional bargain. Behrman Motor Corp., 1,746 Broadway. Circle 3727. Open evenings.

## AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

CHEVROLET USED CARS.
Slightly used Baby Grand and 490 models; cheap. John Moore & Co., 2,004 Broadway, near 63th St.

CHEVROLET touring, 1916, self-starter, electric light, in first-class condition. Phone 4636 Decatur, 1,203 Bedford Av., Brooklyn; open evenings and Sunday.

COLE 1918 4-passenger sedan, practically new. Wallace, 236 West 59th St.

DODGE 1917 touring, $650; Reo 1917 runabout $625; Maxwell 1917 touring, $495; Buick 6-cylinder, 7-passenger, $875. Reo Agency, Bronx, 2,235 Grand Concourse, (182d St.) Open evenings and Sundays.

FORD 1917 coupelet; like new; must sell; make cash offer. 1,930 Broadway.

FRANKLIN 1917 five-passenger touring, series 9. Behrman Motor Corp., 1,746 Broadway. Phone Circle 3727. Open evenings.

FRANKLIN 1916 touring, fine condition, excellent tires. Ireland, 1,651 Broadway. Circle 3249.

FRANKLIN four-passenger Chummy roadster, 1918. Behrman Motors Corp., 1,746 Broadway. Phone Circle 3727. Open evenings.

GRAND CENTRAL GARAGE,
Lexington Av. at 47th St.
Under new management; accommodations for 1,000 cars; two elevators, all conveniences; satisfactory service; reasonable.

HUDSON 1917 four-passenger speedster; condition excellent; bargain. Cook Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

HUDSON four-passenger speedster, practically new; make offer. Telephone Owner, 348 Rector.

HUDSON 1917 Super 6, touring; condition perfect. Owner, 1,790 Broadway, Room 402.

HUDSON 1917 four-passenger sport model; like new. Harry Brenner, 1,778 Broadway.

HUPMOBILE Seven-Passenger Touring; Very Exceptional;
REFINISHED; OVERHAULED,
BRIGHTON, 1,077 ATLANTIC AV., B'klyn.

HUPMOBILE sedans, roadsters, 5 and 7 passenger touring cars; overhauled, repainted and fully equipped, guaranteed. Chas. E. Riess & Co., Inc., 226 West 56th St., 4th floor.

LANCIA 1917 SPECIAL ROADSTER.
LANCIA LATE MODEL TOURING.
WALLACE, 236 WEST 59TH.

LANCIA CABRIOLET 1917.
MILEAGE 5,000.
GEORGE WALLACE COPLEY,
665 5TH AV. PLAZA 4837.

LANCIA four passenger, Portholme (English) body; beautiful car in exceptionally fine condition; bargain. Ireland, 1,651 Broadway. Circle 3249.

LANCIA 30 touring, electric starter, lights, completely overhauled by company; sacrifice. Doctor, 2080 Broadway.

LIBERTY.—1918 new chummy Sedan; $1,300; no dealers. Phone Morningside 7543, Friday evening, between 6-8. Owner.

LOZIER for sale, 1916, special built; just overhauled; Brewster Boulevard body, full equipment, including power pump, spot light, robes, &c.; $700 for immediate sale. W. L. Graves, 458 Centre St., South Orange, N. J. Telephone 342-R.

MAXWELL, 1917, TOURING CAR, OVERHAULED; REFINISHED; APPEARANCE LIKE NEW.
BRIGHTON, 1,077 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn.

MERCER 1916, seven-passenger; like new. Behrman Motors Corp., 1,746 Broadway. Phone Circle 3727. Open evenings.

MERCER late 1917, four passenger. Wallace, 236 West 59th St.

MERCER 22-72, almost new, Touring. See Owner, Room 402, 1,790 Broadway.

MOLINE KNIGHT, 1917, 7 passenger touring car; splendid condition; new car; guarantee. Silent Knight Motor Repair Shop, 549 West 53d.

MOON 1917, 6-43, five passenger touring; Spanish leather upholstery; excellent condition; reasonable. Call Bryant 6084.

NATIONAL speedster, very fast, perfect condition; $475 to quick buyer. Behrman Corp., 1,746 Broadway. Circle 3727. Open evenings.

OAKLAND SPECIAL RACEABOUT, ELECTRIC STARTER, WIRE WHEELS, FIVE NEW SHOES.
Brighton, 1,077 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn.

OLDSMOBILE 1916 "8-cyl." limousine, perfect condition; will sell to quick buyer, $675. Behrman Motor Corp., 1,746 Broadway. Phone Circle 3727. Open evenings.

OLDSMOBILE 1916 8-cylinder touring car; make cash offer. 1,930 Broadway.

OVERLANDS.—Remarkable values in reconditioned and guaranteed tourings, roadsters, and closed models. Willys-Overland, Inc., Broadway and 50th St.

OWEN MAGNETIC; must dispose of my hardly used 1917 car; condition absolutely perfect throughout; no time for triflers or dealers. Owner, Box 78 Times.

OWEN MAGNETIC 1917 4-passenger sport type; mechanically guaranteed; original paint; wire wheels; extra wheels; tires, Columbus 5063.

PACKARD PHAETON No. 125, 1916 model; recently overhauled at the Packard plant; in perfect condition, fully guaranteed; two new tires on rear and four extras; complete with tools and extra inner tubes $1,800. Phone owner, Worth 4536.

PACKARD 1917 touring, just from Packard service shop; condition guaranteed; fitted with latest type cylinder and pistons, new tires, two extras; please make offer. Mrs. Randolph, Hotel Manhattan, Room 375.

PACKARD 1914 six-cylinder touring; mechanically perfect; owner just spent $100 repainting car; bargain; $750. 1,930 Broadway.

PACKARD 1917 seven-passenger, 2x35, touring car; like new; can be bought direct from owner. Garage, 256 West 36th St., 3d floor.

PACKARD 1916 "1-35" Touring car, seating five; bargain. Cook Matconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

PACKARD 1917 touring car, 2-35; almost new; fully equipped; condition perfect. Doty-Demos Co., 222 West 65th.

PACKARD 1917 Touring, seven passenger; very fine. Wallace, 236 West 59th St.

PEERLESS TOURING 7-PASSENGER.
Like new; cost $5,000, accept $875 cash. Garage, 305 West 48th.

PEUGOT Sedan, like new in every way; cost $7,500; will sacrifice for cash. Ireland, 1,651 Broadway. Circle 3249.

PIERCE-ARROWS.
ALL PRESENT SERIES.
B-4 "48" LIMOUSINE.
B-4 "48" BREWSTER TOURING.
C-4 "38" LANDAULET.
C-4 "38" 4-PASS. ROADSTER.
SCHOONMAKER & JACOD, 1,700 Broadway.

PIERCE-ARROW (1915) limousine; 38 H. P.; PIERCE-ARROW (1913) collaps. tour., "38." F. Turner, 20 Broad. Phone 4473 Rector.

PIERCE-ARROW 6-38 car; in A1 condition. Telephone Astoria 402. No dealers.

SIMPLEX touring, one of the latest models; for further particulars phone Mr. Russell, 5470 Columbus.

SIMPLEX, 5-passenger, Victoria top, self-starter, absolutely good; $1,000. Ducharme, 1,896 Broadway. Columbus 8763.

STANLEY STEAMER FOR SALE.
Practically new Stanley Steamer runabout, 3-passenger; built to order; 2 boilers, special condenser; wheel base 135 inches; 37x5 tires; price $3,200. Telephone Barclay 6084.

STEARNS KNIGHTS.
The famous Knight motor in a handsome body at a very moderate price. It will pay you to investigate. These overhauled and newly painted cars ready for delivery; 1917 8-cylinder touring with Victoria top; 1916 light 4 touring; 1915 light 4 touring, and 1915 light limousine. Stearns Co., 417 West 55th St. (Columbus 7600.)

STEVENS DURYEA, model DD6, seven passenger; wire wheels, cord tires; first class condition; cost $5,300; will sell for $2,000; no dealers. Inquire Collins, phone Rector 3112.

STEARNS KNIGHT light four touring; shipped from factory October, 1916; driven less than 5,000 miles; completely overhauled October, 1917, with new car guarantee; $750. Pilphams, 5,498 Riverside.

STEARNS-KNIGHT late 1917 seven-passenger; like new; fully guaranteed; sacrifice. Karp, Columbus 5822.

STUTZ six-passenger touring; fine condition. Evergreen 5079-R. 20 Lafayette St., Glendale, L. I.

STUTZ 1916 runabout; first-class condition; no reasonable offer refused. 1,930 Broadway.

STUTZ speedster, 1917, wire wheels; many extras; like new; bargain. Behrman Corp., 1,746 Broadway. Circle 3727. Open evenings.

TOURING CAR, 1917 MODEL CADILLAC. Like new; fine condition; fully equipped; extras. W. A. TROCK, 411 West 55th.

"WHITE" UNUSUAL BARGAINS.
"White" Town Car.
5 and 7 Passenger Touring Car.
Rebuilt ¾, 2, 3, 5 ton Trucks.
Also White Taxicabs.
White Co., Park Av. and 57th St.
Used Car Dept., M. R. Greene, Mgr.

WILLYS-KNIGHTS. — Several reconditioned and guaranteed cars at prices that are right. Willys-Overland, Inc., Broadway and 50th.

WINTON, model 33, "light six" touring car; overhauled and repainted; fully guaranteed. The Winton Company, Broadway, at 70th.

### Motor Trucks.

PIERCE-ARROWS, new five-ton for hire; short or long haul; daily Philadelphia trip both directions; Baltimore, Ireland, 1,651 Broadway. Phone Circle 3249.

AUTOCAR. — TWO TONS; QUICK SALE; BARGAIN. LAWRENCE MOTOR SALES CORP., 136 WEST 52D ST. CIRCLE 190.

TRUCK. — 3-ton capacity truck, absolutely new; easy terms; steady work for same to reliable purchaser. Room 902, 1,457 Broadway.

PIERCE, PACKARD, WHITE, VIM. 20th Century Auto Co., 1,700 Broadway.

### Automobile Repairing.

OVERHAULING and Repairing.—Expert mechanics; guaranteed work; reasonable. Washington Heights Machine Shop, 528 West 162d. Audubon 5201-8686.

ELECTRICAL repairs on automobiles of all makes, by experts, reasonable. General Auto Electric Co., 207 West 44th. Bryant 8552.

## New Closing Hour For Want Advertisements

Owing to increased volume of Want Advertisements, those intended for the Sunday edition of The New York Times cannot be accepted if received in The Times Building after 4 P. M. Saturday. Those for the daily edition must be received before 8 o'clock on the evening previous to publication.

## AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

### Miscellaneous.

BARGAINS IN SELECT USED CARS.
1918 CADILLAC touring.
1917 CADILLAC Chummy roadster.
CHALMERS landaulet, brand new; big discount.
1917 PACKARD touring.
1917 CADILLAC touring; like new.
1917 MITCHELL touring.
1916 REO touring; excellent condition.
1917 CHALMERS town car, little "6"; almost new.
1917 CHALMERS touring.
1917 ROSS "8" touring; excellent condition.
1917 SCRIPPS-BOOTH roadster.
1917 BRISCOE Chummy roadster.
1916 MERCER roadster; like new.
HUPMOBILE touring, excellent condition.
1916 MERCER, sport model 22-72.
1916 STUTZ roadster; practically new.
BABY STUTZ speedster.
MERCER speedster; very taking and fast.
1916 CADILLAC touring.
1917 CHEVROLET touring.
1917 STUDEBAKER touring.
TIME PAYMENTS ARRANGED.
TRADES CONSIDERED.
NEW YORK MOTOR CAR EXCHANGE,
237 WEST 55TH ST.,
TWO DOORS FROM BROADWAY.
Open Sundays and Evenings.
Phone 667-668 Circle.

BUY NOW.

1918 CADILLAC Roadster.
1918 COLE "8" Touring.
1918 COLE "8" Suburban Sedan.
1917 NATIONAL Touring.
1917 CADILLAC Touring.
1917 HUDSON Sporting 4 Pass.
1917 HUDSON Brougham.
1917 HUDSON Sedan.
1917 HUDSON Cabriolet.
1917 WILLYS-KNIGHT Limousine.
1917 STUDEBAKER Cabriolet.
1917 ABBOTT "8" Speedster.
1916 OVERLAND Coupe.
1914 PEERLESS "48" Touring; $650.
ROLLS-BOYCE Sedan, Late Model.
LANCIA "30" Limousine Town Car.
S. G. V. Toy Tonneau, electric equipment.
S. G. V. Speedster, new tires.
MERCER Speedster, yellow, black.
ALL CARS GUARANTEED.
TIME PAYMENTS IF DESIRED.
OPEN SUNDAYS AND EVENINGS.

THE BENJ. R. RIPPETH CO.,
(Cole Used Car Dept.)
1,778 BROADWAY, AT 57TH ST.
(One Flight Up.)

ALEXANDER G. HARRIS,
1,700 Broadway.
Compare My Prices with Others.
H. A. L. "12" 1918, BRAND NEW 4 pass. Special Show Car.....$4,000
FIAT "30" 1915 Touring; like new..... 2,750
MERCEDES 90 H. P. 1917 Speedster.. 2,000
CADILLAC 1917 Touring..... 1,800
STUTZ 1916 4-passenger; like new..... 1,650
STUTZ 1916 Roadster, wire wheels..... 1,450
CHANDLER 1918 Chummy; like new.. 1,350
S. G. V. 1915 Touring; like new..... 825
CHANDLER 1917 Chummy Roadster.. 1,050
KISSEL 1917 Touring; like new..... 825
OLDSMOBILE 4-pass. Rdstr.; like new 725
All of the above cars look like brand new, have been thoroughly overhauled, and are guaranteed for 90 days. You are cordially invited to inspect my Service Station. My overhead is by far the smallest of any high-class dealer on Broadway, enabling me to pay more for your car if you wish to sell, or save you money if you wish to buy. An inspection of my salesroom will convince you.
ALEXANDER G. HARRIS, 1,700 Broadway.
"Be Sure It's Harris."

BURRELLE.
Largest and Best Selection of New and Rebuilt Cars in the World.
LATEST MODELS ONLY.
PIERCE ARROWS—
Tourings, Limousines, Broughams.
CADILLACS—
Tourings, Chummys, Coupes, Sedans.
STUTZES—
Speedsters, Runabouts, Tourings.
MERCERS—
Tourings and Runabouts.
HUDSONS, LOCOMOBILES, MARMONS, OWEN MAGNETICS, PACKARDS.
LATEST IMPORTATIONS—
ROLLS-ROYCE, ISOTTA FRASCHINI, DE DIONS, FIAT, OTHERS.
1,680 BROADWAY.
Bet. 52d-53d Sts. Entire Building.
Open Evenings Until 9.

AUTOS SELLING QUICKLY.
Bring your cash and secure reliable, ready for the road, cars.
PRICES THE LOWEST IN N. Y.
Pioneer Used Car House. Established 1899.
Demonstration; easy payments arranged; Automobiles Traded.
Cadillacs—1917, 1915, 1914, 1913, $300 to $2,500. (All style bodies.) Mitchell, (1918,) $1,050. Packards, 1916, $1,800. Nationals, "Sixes" and "Twin-Sixes," (Sedans, Coupes, Touring,) attractive prices. Peerless "Eight," (Town Cars, Limousines,) $1,100-$1,400. Hudsons, "Six 40" and Super Six," $800 up. Stutzes, four and six passenger, also Runabouts, $450 to $1,750. Oldsmobiles—"Fours," "Eights," Touring, Town Cars, Chummies, ("Prices Right"); Locomobiles, ("38" to "48") $450 to $850. Chandler, 18 Series, $1,050; Chevrolets, ("Baby Grands,") $350, $375; Stevens, (Berlin,) $750. Many others.
New Arrivals Daily. Everything As Represented.
JANDORF AUTOMOBILE CO.,
"The Reliable Economy House,"
1,763 Broadway, near 57th St.

CHANDLER,
rebuilt, 90-day Guaranty.
USED CARS.
Model 17, 7-pass. Touring.
Model 17, 7-pass. Sedan.
Model 17, 7-pass. Limousine.
In elegant condition.
Model 17, 4-pass. Chummy Roadster.
Model 17, Special Sport Runabout.
Like new; wire wheels.
Model 17, 4-pass. Coupe.
Model 16, 7-pass. Touring.
COMPETITION MAKES.
1916 Maxwell Town Car.
1913 Pierce-Arrow 38 Limousine.
1914 5-pass. Buick Touring.
BRADY-MURRAY MOTORS CORPORATION,
1,884 Broadway,
New York City.

EMPIRE MOTOR CAR EXCHANGE,
1,800 Broadway. One flight up.
$2,000 Daniels Sedan.
1,900 1917 Stutz Bulldog.
1,750 Hudson Sport Model, wire wheels.
1,750 Late 1917 Hudson Super 6; Sedan.
1,500 Daniels Touring.
1,450 Franklin Roadster.
1,350 Cadillac 1916 Touring.
1,350 1917 Hupmobile Sedan.
1,850 1917 Hudson Super 6 Tour.
1,250 Stearns 8-cylinder Roadster, drop head seats, new tires.
1,000 1917 Chandler.
1,000 Late Cadillac.
900 1917 Buick Roadster.
850 1917 Buick Touring.
EMPIRE MOTOR CAR EXCHANGE,
1,700 Broadway. One flight up.
PACKARD 1917 "2-25" Touring.
PACKARD 1916 "1-35" Touring.
CADILLAC 1916 Brougham. (Westinghouse.)
STUTZ 1916 Runabout.
SIMPLEX 1914 Holbrook Landaulet.
PACKARD AUTO EXCHANGE, 10 W. 60th.

FOR SALE.—1917 Chandler, Cloverleaf model; first class condition; price $900. Write Owner, N 538 Times Harlem. Phone Morningside 8483.

### Automobiles Wanted.

MARMON wanted; will pay CASH for 1917 or 1918 Marmon chummy or 7-passenger used car; prefer privately owned car; must be in first-class condition; give mileage and describe mechanical condition and condition of tires; state color; give rockbottom price; only interested in a GENUINE BARGAIN. Address Box 103, East Aurora, N. Y.

Wanted to rent, a car by the month, probably till October or later; prefer Sedan or Limousine; owner driver preferred; must be in first-class condition. Address with full particulars, price, &c. B 201 Times Downtown.

MARMON.—Will purchase either 1916 or 1917 Marmon 34; give lowest cash price, color, condition, and mileage. Write W. E. B., 125, Room 1201, 220 West 42d St.

GENTLEMAN wants touring car or chummy roadster; late model only; no dealers. Write Apartment 5, 65 West 54th St.

Wanted.—4 or 6 passenger late model; must be in perfect condition and a bargain. Mad. Sq. 2294.

Four-passenger touring, roadster, slightly used; high-grade sport car; write particulars and price. T 107 Times.

WILL pay highest price, latest model cars. Karp, 1,790 Broadway. Columbus 5822.

HIGHEST PRICES paid for cars. Telephone before you sell. Burns, 738 Fordham.

STUTZ, 1917 or 1918; state particulars, price; spot cash. Berger, 206 West 42d St.

LATE MODEL, 5-passenger, $450 cash; no dealers. Phone Richmond Hill 4923.

## PUBLIC NOTICES.

INFORMATION IS SOUGHT CONCERNing the whereabouts of UNA BIRD, otherwise known as UNA DANZINGER, and TILLIE DARLINGTON, otherwise known as TILLIE DANZINGER, daughters of Maurice Dansinger, now deceased. Last heard of in New York City twenty-five years ago. Communicate with HENRY M. DUBBS and HERMAN H. MATTMANN, Attorneys, 1,539 Land Title Building, Philadelphia, Penn.

## AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

### Automobiles for Rent.

PACKARD limousines, beautifully equipped; latest model cars by day, week, or (preferably) month; special rate for shopping, $2.50 per hour. Broadway Packard Auto Renting, 2,823 Broadway. Phone Riverside 1448-5242.

PACKARD sixes and twin sixes to hire; hour, day, week, trip; superior service; sensible rates. C. M. & G. V. Williamson, 204 West 43d St. Phone 4219-3530 Bryant.

ATTRACTIVE, small, comfortable, ideal town cars for monthly service; moderate. Columbus 398.

MOTOR TRUCKS. (NEW.) TO RENT ON CONTRACT, SIX MONTHS OR LONGER; CAPACITY TO SUIT. LAWRENCE MOTOR SALES CORP., 136 WEST 52D. CIRCLE 190.

PIERCE-ARROW.—For hire, Pierce-Arrow limousine; hour, day, or week; moderate. Kierstead, 250 West 52d. Tel. Circle 2226.

PACKARD touring, 7-passenger; equipped; French chauffeur; season; reasonable. Alberge, Plaza 9368.

PACKARD twin sixes; beautiful landaulets and touring; hour, month. Wilmarth, 8030 Columbus.

NATIONAL.—Admirable 4-passenger roadster, private aspect. Phone mornings 8040 Morningside, Apt. 41.

### Automobile Storage.

LIVE STORAGE; light cars stored, $4 month; limousine bodies, $5 month. A. Rousseau, 612 East 83d. Phone Lenox 9004.

### Automobile Instruction.

STEWART AUTO SCHOOL, 225 W. 57th St. at Broadway.
20 REASONS 20
Why our system of automobile instruction for men and women is the best in N. Y. Write today for Catalogue L.

West Side Y. M. C. A. 302 W. 57th St.
Largest and best school in the U.S. Send for booklet and pass to school. Telephone Columbus 7920. Special classes for ladies.

ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL, 225 West 50th St.
Superior instructors guarantee you expert knowledge. Inspect equipment or write for booklet. Ladies' classes.

## BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

MACHINE SHOP FOR SALE.
Fully equipped with
MODERN MACHINE TOOLS.
Operating Forty Men.
Planers, Lathes, Milling Machines, Drill Presses, Motors, and all accessories found in an up-to-date shop.
LOCATED IN NEW YORK CITY.
About 6,000 square feet of light factory space; own power plant.
Owners retiring. For particulars see MODERN MACHINERY EXCHANGE,
Liquidating Agents,
54 Walker Street, N. Y. City.

GARAGE BUSINESS AND PROPERTY FOR SALE.
NET PROFIT 1917, $34,000.
Still growing; situated on main thoroughfare of prominent New York City suburb; three-story building; highest class patronage; doing general automobile business; value of property and plant, $140,000.
$75,000 TO $100,000 NECESSARY.
For further particulars write (letter only) R., Room 401, 1,780 Broadway, city.

EARNING OPPORTUNITY, $30,000 YEARLY
Wanted, a high-class, clean-cut man of real ability as salesman to close prospects in the capital stock of a manufacturing company whose Directors are of national reputation and whose product is new and revolutionary; newspapers are filled with the vital need for a superior article of the type this company

# LAYS SUBWAY DELAY UPON SERVICE BOARD

## Controller Craig Writes That Interborough Has Failed to Install Power Cables.

## CITES MODIFIED CONTRACTS

### Says $300,000 Demanded of Estimate Board Was a Friendship Gift to Transit Company.

A statement was sent to the Board of Estimate yesterday by Controller Craig in which he laid the blame for the delay in completing the Seventh Avenue and Lexington Avenue subways on the Public Service Commission, and practically accused the commission of being leagued with the Interborough Rapid Transit Company in covering up the shortcomings of the latter and in permitting it to dally with the important subway work for the sake of profits.

The statement was the answer of the Controller to the recent letter of the commission to the board asking that haste be made in appropriating $300,000 to pay for track connections at Times Square and in Brooklyn. The commission intimated that if the operation of the two subway trunk lines should be delayed beyond June 15 it would be because of the failure of the Board of Estimate to appropriate the necessary money for the connections.

Mr. Craig says the commission for two years has permitted the Interborough Company to disregard its obligations to the city and to injure the traveling public because the delay was worth $200,000 a month to the company, and that an attempt was now being made by the commission to conceal its friendship for the Interborough by accusing the board of unwarranted delay.

"The reason," Mr. Craig's statement says, "that the operation of the Seventh Avenue and Lexington Avenue lines has been delayed is that the Interborough has not yet completed the conduits and cables connecting the Fifty-ninth Street powerhouse with the lines or the substation work connecting the conduits and cables in question. A sifting of all the facts makes it quite obvious that it is not the Times Square connection, but the conduit lines through Fifty-seventh Street to be laid by the Interborough, that is delaying the operation of the two subway lines. In this delay the Public Service Commission must share the responsibility with the Interborough."

Mr. Craig says the conduit lines could have been built as early as Oct. 31, 1916, if the commission had done its duty. He stated that the failure of the commission and the Interborough to make the track connections at Times Square served to divert public attention from that the two subway trunk lines were the duct line and the substations, and ready last October for the installation of the signal system. To prove the alleged strong friendship between the commission and the Interborough, Mr. Craig says:

"A controversy was created by the Interborough when it lost the contract for the construction of the Seventh Avenue line, which was awarded to Holbrook, Cabot & Rollins, Inc., upon a bid substantially lower than that submitted for the Interborough. On half a dozen occasions when the Public Service Commission desired to permit the Interborough to do construction work and receive payment therefor it has proposed a modification of the original contract. The only purpose of such modification is to permit the Interborough to do the work without competitive bidding."

He says the Interborough had agreed to pay for making the track connections out of its contribution of $58,000,000 toward constructing and equipping the new lines, but that later the commission asked for a modification of the contract so that the track connections at Times Square and in Brooklyn should be done by the Interborough at cost with allowances for overhead, administration, and legal expenses to the amount of $300,000 which the city should pay. This is the $300,000, Mr. Craig says, which the commission is now asking for.

Mr. Craig points out that the commission in its letter to the Board of Estimate, made no reference to this previous agreement, but that it made the unfounded charge that the Board of Estimate was responsible for delaying the operation of the two trunk lines. He states that the delay was for the purpose of giving the Interborough time to lay its conduits, and that the claim is now made that the accumulation of interest charges has helped to absorb the $58,000,000 contributed by the Interborough. In concluding his statement Mr. Craig says:

"In view of the serious consequences to the city and the very grave losses that will ensue if this matter goes unchallenged, it is submitted that the Public Service Commission should be requested immediately to furnish a full and detailed explanation to the Board of Estimate and that the matter should be referred to the Corporation Counsel with instructions to advise your board what rights and remedies the city has in the premises."

The statement will be considered at the meeting of the Board of Estimate today.

# 6,000 SCHOOLGIRLS DANCE IN THE PARK

## Military Touch to Public Schools Athletic League's Annual Fete Day.

More than 6,000 little girls danced about Maypoles decked with red, white, and blue streamers in Central Park yesterday afternoon at the eleventh annual park fête of the Public Schools Athletic League. The band of the S. S. Recruit played for the little girls, who were from fifty of the elementary schools of the city. The fête was to have been held on Tuesday, but was postponed because of rain.

It looked at one time yesterday as if another postponment was inevitable. There was a sharp shower of rain. The children ran for the trees at the edge of the sheep pasture, where the fête was held, and were back again in a minute, for the shower was over. But it was time enough to damage the paraphernalia of the show. The streamers of the Maypoles got wet and a few hair ribbons were destroyed, especially where these were of crêpe paper.

Most effective in these war days was the opening of the fête. A roll of drums gave the signal to clear the field, and all the children, some of whom had been on hand several hours in advance of the time for the opening, massd themselves around the sheep pasture. The bugle called "Attention!" and a white flag waved from the bandstand in the centre of the field to give the signal to advance. The children came forward, keeping time to a march played by the sailor band. As the bugle called "To the Colors!" a large flag was pulled up the flagstaff, the children standing at attention in silence, and then, as with one voice, the 6,000 little girls recited a pledge of allegiance to the flag.

# $4,000,000 SITE BOUGHT FOR GREAT NEW HOTEL

## The Commonwealth to be Built on Block at Broadway and Fifty-fifth Street.

Conditional contracts were entered into yesterday for the acquisition of a site for the proposed Hotel Commonwealth. The location selected, according to the announcement made by the Commonwealth Hotel Construction Company, of which Jason Rogers is President, comprises the entire block bounded by Broadway, Fifty-fifth Street, Seventh Avenue, and Fifty-sixth Street, valued at $4,000,000.

There are about thirty city lots in the plot, which is now occupied by the group of apartment hotels known as the Rockingham, the Sonoma, the Frederick, and the Van Corlear, at the top of the slight hill extending to Times Square. Franklin Pettit and Robert E. Dowling were the brokers in the transaction. It was learned last night that a substantial amount had been paid on the contract, but that no actual construction work would be undertaken until an additional sum of $2,500,000 had been raised.

Plans prepared by Starrett & Van Vleck and King & Campbell call for the erection of a thirty-four-tsory hotel structure to contain 2,500 rooms and to involve an outlay of about $15,000,000.

# ELECT STEPHEN C. MASON.

### New President of National Association of Manufacturers.

Stephen C. Mason of the McConway & Torley Company, Pittsburgh, was yesterday chosen President of the National Association of Manufacturers at a meeting of the Board of Directors held at the Waldorf-Astoria, following the three-day convention which ended Wednesday. Mr. Mason is the seventh President of the association, the offices of which are at 30 Church Street, this city. He succeeds as President Colonel George Pope, who died April 19 last.

All of the other officers were re-elected as follows: General Manager and Assistant Treasurer, J. Phillip Bird; Treasurer, Henry Abbott; Secretary, George S. Boudinot.

Announcement was made that the association was opposed to the introduction into this country of the metric system of weights and measures. The British Committee on Commercial and Industrial Policy After the War recently voted against the adoption of the metric system for Great Britain, and the National Association's special committee decided that a change in standards in the United States was inadvisable at this time.

Frederick A. Halsey, Commissioner of the American Institute of Weights and Measures, 20 Vesey Street, who has conducted a countrywide campaign against the adoption here of the metric system, expressed gratification over the action taken by the association, whose membership aggregates 4,000.

# WOMEN ENROLL TOMORROW.

**Women who wish to vote in the primaries next September must enroll tomorrow. Enrollment places will be open from 8 A. M. to 10 P. M. A list of all these places was printed in The Times last Sunday.**

# LOST AND FOUND.

*Fifty cents an agate line.*

LOST—Wednesday, May 22, about 4:30 o'clock in ladies' parlor, B. Altman & Co., gold mesh purse containing automobile key, about $7 in money, partially used trip ticket, receipt bearing owner's name and address; liberal reward. Notify R. R. Hunter, 37 Wall St. Telephone Hanover 5100.

LOST—Wallet with sum of money; Canadian soldier just returned from France lost his wallet, with all his money, in vicinity of Madison Av. and 37th St., on Wednesday midnight. Return to G. M. Wilkins, Advt. Dept., New York Times, 229 West 43d St.; reward.

LOST—Thursday, on the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western R. R., between Hoboken and Mountain Lake, a gold box, the size of a silver dollar; liberal reward offered. Address Mrs. Coleman-Bigelow, Mountain Lake, N. J.

LOST.—Wednesday, between 89th and 92d Sts., Broadway, or Amsterdam Av., imitation pearl and rose diamond pin; valuable for sentiment only; liberal reward. O 359 Times Downtown.

LOST—Beaded bag, containing diamond clasp, pearl necklace, money, checkbook, bankbook, weekly payment Liberty Bond, keys, and other valuables; reward. Sherman Square Hotel, Room 502.

LOST — Beaded bag, containing diamond clasp, pearl necklace, money, checkbook, bankbook, weekly payment Liberty Bond, keys, and other valuables; reward. Sherman Square Hotel, Room 502.

LOST—Will the person who took the black fox fur from Box 21 after the concert, Tuesday afternoon, May 21, at Carnegie Hall, please return it to Mr. Otto at C. G. Gunther's Sons, 391 6th Av.

LOST—Friday night, (May 3,) pair of tortoise shell spectacles, made by B. M. Levey, West 42d St.. Reward if returned to W. H. Collins, Times Annex, 229 West 43d St., city.

LOST—Lady's octagon gold Elgin watch, Woodside (L. I.) Station, Sunday evening; gift of soldier; reward. H. Flanagan, 277 5th Av.

LOST—Ladies' silk hand bag, silver top, in taxi, Washington Square to 136th St. Liberal reward. Alexander, Morningside 4501.

LOST—Sunday, May 19, near Tumble Inn, silver mesh bag. Finder may keep contents; return bag to Linter, 201 West 109th St.

LOST—Mourning pin marked inside Egerton Leigh Winthrop, 1834, Alexandria; liberal reward. Write 178 East 70th St., Mrs. Mostyn, Rhinelander 1224.

LOST—May 20, on 46th St., diamond bow knot brooch; reward. Locke, phone Rhinelander 3523.

LOST—Sable neckpiece in taxi, evening May 22; reward if returned. A. E. Vaughan, 1,195 Union St., Brooklyn.

LOST—Eye glasses and case, Standard Theatre Thursday; reward. Armstrong, 608 West 146th.

LOST—Brown fox scarf; label "A Winner, 5 East 56th"; finder will receive reward. 230 West 105th St., Apt. 8-E.

LOST—Gold wrist watch, between McCreery's and 33d St. subway Thursday afternoon; reward. Phone Flatbush 4453-W.

LOST.—Saturday, black fox scarf, Pelham Road to Lenox Av.; reward. Flatbush 3025-R.

LOST—On New Canaan express, New Haven Railroad, May 20, box of jewelry; sentimental value; reward. R 64 Times.

LOST—Boston terrier, white, brindle spots, license 11,544; liberal reward. Goldsmith, 786 Riverside Drive.

LOST—Umbrella, Monday, black silk, gentleman's, yellow, crooked handle. Schuyler 2375; reward.

LOST—Bundle carpet samples, Pennsylvania train; liberal reward. 114 West 79th St. Schuyler 7140.

LOST—Saturday, in taxi, blue fox scarf; liberal reward. Williams, 509 West 142d St.

LOST—Diamond and emerald purple pin; liberal reward. Pinies, 655 West 160th St.

LOST—Pocketbook, Riverside Drive; reward. Clara Melland, Y. W. C. A., 14 East 16th.

LOST—Pin, circle sapphire and pearls. Return Thornton, 173 West 81st St. Reward.

LOST—Blood stone fob and gold locket; reward. Return W. J. O'C., 7 West 44th St.

$100 REWARD—Return platinum octagon shaped watch, one row of diamonds on face; lost May 8, between East 61st and 75th Sts.; no questions asked. Charlton & Co., 634 Fifth Av.

$100 REWARD
for oval diamond brooch with two sapphires, lost May 20, on 5th Av., between 44th and 50th Sts., or in taxi to 79th St. Tiffany & Co., 5th Av. and 37th St.

**Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs.**

LOST — Sunday afternoon, Pekingese dog, Central Park West and 33d. Communicate with E. A. Harrington, phone Rye 704, or F. Watson, Schuyler 8240.

LOST—Wednesday evening, seal brown and white Boston bull terrier; reward. Return 504 West 156th, tel. Schuyler 6417.

# PALMER SEIZES MILLIONS IN COTTON

## Alien Property Custodian Takes Over Three Great Groups of German-Owned Corporations.

## SECRET STORES ARE FOUND

### Complete Surrender of Property Is Announced, and Warning Is Issued Against Concealment by Other Firms

A. Mitchell Palmer, Alien Property Custodian, announced yesterday through his New York offices that three more groups of corporations involved in the program of supplying cotton to Germany had been taken over as the result of inquiry made earlier in the year by the Bureau of Investigation. Five of the companies, in one group have aggregate assets of $4,000,000. The seizure comprises many millions of dollars worth of cotton in storage in various parts of the country, all of which, the announcement said, had been traced and was at the disposal of the Government.

Of the corporations brought under the ban, according to Mr. Palmer's statement, the New England Waste Company, the American Linters Company, the American Products Company, the Overseas Trading Company, and Wolf & Sons, dealers in spinnable cotton and cotton waste, with offices and mills for the most part in Massachusetts, are owned by Wolf & Soehne. This manufacturing firm is described as one of the largest cotton houses in the world, with branches in England, Switzerland, Italy, China, and other countries.

"The other two groups," the statement continued, "are the Anglo-American Cotton Company and the Richard Mayer Company, also located in Massachusetts, dealers in spinnable cotton and cotton waste. They are owned by Reis & Co. of Heidelberg, Germany, whose holdings in this country approximate $1,000,000.

"For Wolf & Soehne the management of the American companies was vested in one group of officers, as follows: Adolf Leve of Boston, Mass., President, and Lewis P. Sladen of Melrose, Mass., Clerk, who, together with George E. Lund of Melrose, Mass., constituted the Board of Directors.

"For Reis & Co. the American control in the Anglo-American Cotton Company was vested in the following officers: J. E. McIntyre, President; Julius Laible, Treasurer; S. A. Noether, Clerk; all of Boston, who together constituted the Board of Directors. The Reis & Co. officers in the Richard Mayer Company were Richard Mayer, President and Treasurer; Charles E. Hicks, Clerk, both of Boston; they, together with Jacob Flatau of New York, forming the Board of Directors.

"When the war broke out in Europe both Adolph Leve and Richard Mayer were in Germany, and returned to America late in the Fall of 1914. Both told, for practical purposes, identically the same story: that they had rearranged the business of the American companies, severed their connection with the parent concern in Germany, and had taken the American business as their share in the profits.

"They immediately began to buy high-class cotton and ship it to Germany through neutral countries. After the English embargo stiffened and this country entered the war, they continued to buy up cotton, but instead of shipping it overseas they stored it in small lots in warehouses in the United States, ready to be rushed into Germany the moment peace was declared. At the present time they have millions of dollars' worth of cotton in storage, all of which has been located and which will be taken over by the Alien Property Custodian.

"The New England Waste and affiliated companies made reports in which only small enemy holdings were shown. The Richard Mayer Company and the Anglo-American Cotton made no report at all. Since then Adolph Leve has admitted that the reports of his company were incorrect, and Richard Mayer has now, as a result of this present investigation, made report of large German holdings in his company. It further appears that in at least one instance the attempt to cover the enemy-owned property was made upon the advice of American counsel.

"The collection of evidence on the operation of these representatives of the German Government has culminated in a complete surrender of the control of all this property, which, together with other assets of the corporations concerned, will eventually be sold to American citizens.

"Earlier in the year fair warning was given to all holders or custodians of enemy property, such as this, to come forward and make a full and complete report. The continued failure of all those included in this class to do so may result in their holdings being forfeited to the United States, as provided in the Trading with the Enemy act, as well as the prosecution of those concerned in the concealment of enemy-owned property or those who make false reports thereon."

Francis P. Garvan had been appointed Managing Director of the New York office, Mr. Palmer announced, and, in addition, would continue to direct the work of the Bureau of Investigation, whose function it is to discover fraud and to make all examinations in reference to reports on enemy property.


Special—
Pajamas
$1.65

*Friday and Saturday Only*

Soft white Nainsook Pajamas—plain white, white on white, some in fancy effects.

Purchase a summer's supply at the special $1.65 price and you'll appreciate it more and more as the nights grow warmer.

Wallach Bros.

Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 29th
246-248 West 125th } Open
3d Ave., cor. 122d } Evenings

Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes



Our Pledge
to the Red Cross

Ten per cent (10%) of our Gross Sales from opening time to closing time Friday, May 24th, We Pledge to the Red Cross

We do this that we, as well as our Customers, may be of the greatest possible assistance to this noblest of war-work.

Next to placing food and guns in the hands of our boys at the front, the greatest, kindest, most patriotic thing we all can do is help the Red Cross—the Great Mother who holds out mercy and comfort to those who are offering their lives.

If in addition to your own contribution, you are looking for some other way to help the great cause, this is your opportunity to make your clothes money, your hat money, and your haberdashery money do double duty—by serving the Red Cross as well as your own immediate needs.

We know you will not misunderstand our invitation to help us make today's business exceed every past record.

Wallach Bros.

Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 29th
246-248 West 125th } Open
3d Ave., cor. 122d } Evenings

Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes

*Decoration Day—and Going Away*

Seem to suggest Blue and——: (we almost said Gray) Suits, and other warm weather needfuls that are just as necessary to stay-at-home comfort.

What's more, we have them—everything! For the man who is going to "shake" dull care for a few days in the country—and for the man who considers a holiday merely an interruption.

Particularly we have Blue Suits, handsome Blue Serge Suits—that take you back a year or more when you look at their prices. The Values are truly astonishing, in the face of the present Blue Serge Famine.

Prices $30, $32.50, $35, and up to $50.

Then, there are Sport Suits, Golf Suits, smart Varsity Fifty-Five Suits in the season's newest colorings and fabrics—and other Suits. Also, the inevitable Spring Topcoat, in many pleasing versions; a mighty handy garment for evenings that are cool.

Hart Schaffner & Marx
Good Clothes

*Many fine Suits and Topcoats at $25 that will surprise and please you. No end of exceptional values at $30, $32.50 and $35. The Suits range to $65 for the season's finest fabrics—the Topcoats to $40.*

**Straw Hats**
This year we are particularly proud of our very extensive assortment of Straw Hats and Panamas. You'll understand better when you see the values.
*Straw Hats, $2 to $5*
*Panamas, $3 to $15*

**White Flannels**
A pair of white flannels is a mighty handy thing to have this time of year. It makes any suit of clothes practically two suits, because it goes with any coat and vest.
*Prices, $6, $8 and $10*

**Golf Suits**
Rich 2-piece homespuns. Great for business wear with regular trousers; extra knickerbockers in your locker give you another suit to play in.
*Golf Suits, $25*
*Extra Knickers, $5*

Wallach Bros.

Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 29th
246-248 West 125th } Open
3d Ave., cor. 122d } Evenings

Hart Schaffner & Marx Army Officers' Uniforms, $35

Only at Broadway, corner 29th St., in New York, and our Branch Stores at Camp Dix and Camp Upton.

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ZELWOOD

A NEW THINTEX COLLAR

Until you've put it to the heavy test of everyday wear it seems hardly possible that so light a collar can have so long a life. 20 cents each.

E&W
EARL & WILSON



*To Father the Ambition of the Greatest Mother in the World*

We Will Give Today to The Red Cross 10% of Our Gross Receipts

Today we will keep shop for charity—for the greatest, most efficient charity that the mind of man ever conceived. You can contribute.

Satisfy your needs—Shirts, Underwear, Neckwear, Hosiery, any and every dress requisite. Both shops.

I will hand 10% of today's gross receipts to the Greatest Mother. It will be *your* contribution—*your* charity, and *my* privilege.

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William G. White (himself)
President
WHITE & WHITE SHIRTS

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The modern business woman

Your stenographer is your right hand—

Don't handicap her by making her waste your time and hers taking shorthand dictation—time she could be devoting to work that counts for you and for her.

Give her your dictation the direct way. Then she can put all that "shorthand time" in on jobs that count—to say nothing about attending to the details you expect her to look after.

**Your calendar says "vacations" are due. You won't have a better chance to find out *why* The Ediphone always should be on the job—how it will concentrate and speed up your whole office.**

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BUILT BY EDISON FOR BETTER LETTERS

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Building a *Kolb* House, whether it be a Bungalow, Garage or Tent House, consists merely of bolting numbered sections together.

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We will erect at cost within 50 miles of New York City. If no stock model suits, we will make a Kolb House from your plans.

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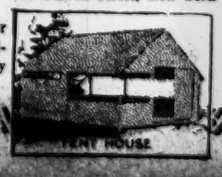
30 Church Street, New York

Permanent or Portable Buildings for every purpose.




Warehouses, workmen's houses, schools, churches, etc.
Write or call.